Computer Lab: Quantile Regression

Convex analysis, monotone operators and optimization Olivier Fercoq olivier.fercoq@telecom-paristech.fr 14 December 2017

This computer lab is in three parts.

- 1. Before 14 December, you should download the data, check that you are able to run the attached code using Spark and answer a few preliminary questions. This first part is to be done at home. You may work in groups as large as you wish and share your results between groups.
- 2. On 14 December 13:00-16:15, we will have the actual computer lab. We booked room C130 of Telecom ParisTech. For this second part, you will be in groups of 1 or 2 persons.
- 3. Before 17 December, you should:
 - send to olivier.fercoq@telecom-paristech.fr your code in a ipython notebook
 - send a pdf file with the answers to the theoretical questions.

1 Data

We will be using the Gas sensor ethylene_methane dataset for this computer lab. Please download the dataset on

https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Gas+sensor+array+under+dynamic+gas+mixtures There are two files. We will only work on ethylene_methane.txt.

We will consider the first half of the observations as training set and the second half as testing set. We shall discard column 0 which is only a time stamp. We will consider columns 1 and 2 as observations. These are the gas concentrations. The features are columns 3 to 18.

As the dataset is large, we would like to compute the estimators using parallel computations. We will base on Spark to perform the parallelization. When developing the algorithms, it may be useful to firstly use only a subset of the training set.

2 Spark

1. If you are using a computer of Télécom ParisTech, check that you can access /cal/softs/spark/. Otherwise, install Spark from http://spark.apache.org/downloads.html.

2. To launch a jupyter notebook that allows pyspark commands and uses 4 processors, type

PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON_OPTS=notebook PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON=ipython MASTER=local[4] path/to/spark/bin/pyspark

3. Read the Spark programming guide on

http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/quick-start.html

Question 2.1

Comment the Preparation section of the joint Jupyter notebook. Explain in particular what the Spark functions filter, map and reduce are doing.

3 Distributed least squares

We consider the the least squares problem

$$\min_{w \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 2}} \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{ethylene}} - y_{:,\text{ethylene}}\|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{methane}} - y_{:,\text{methane}}\|^2. \tag{1}$$

Question 3.1

Show that the solution to the least squares problem is the solution to a linear system of equations of a moderate size.

Question 3.2

Solve the least squares problem

$$\min_{w \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 2}} \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{ethylene}} - y_{:,\text{ethylene}}\|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{methane}} - y_{:,\text{methane}}\|^2.$$

 $where \ X \ is the \ reduced-size \ training \ data, \ stored \ as \ an \ array \ in \ the \ variable \ {\tt trainData_NotDistributed}.$

Question 3.3

Solve with parallel computations the least squares problem

$$\min_{w \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 2}} \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{ethylene}} - y_{:,\text{ethylene}}\|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \|Xw_{:,\text{methane}} - y_{:,\text{methane}}\|^2.$$

You should compute every sum over the observations using Spark's reduce function.

Run the algorithm on the reduced-size data and on the full training data.

4 Quantile regression with linear kernels: serial algorithm

For $\tau \in (0,1)$, let us consider the pinball loss defined as $L_{\tau}(v) = \max\{-(1-\tau)v, \tau v\}$ and the function f_2 such that $f_2(v) = L_{\tau}(y-v)$.

Question 4.1

Calculate $\operatorname{prox}_{\gamma f_2}(v)$ for $\gamma > 0$.