ST/02 Week 9

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & a \le x \le b \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$F(X) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < a \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a} & a \leq x \leq b \end{cases}$$

$$I & x > b$$

$$E(X) = \frac{a+b}{2} = median$$

$$Var(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{a+b}{2} = median$$

$$Var(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

Def. (Exponential)
$$X \sim E \times p(\lambda)$$
 ($\lambda > 0$)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} & x \ge 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-\lambda x} & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda}, \quad Var(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$Mx(t) = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t} \quad for \quad t < \lambda$$

PK. If "# events / unit time" follows Poisson (2),
then the "waiting time between 2 successive events" follows Exp (2).

Def. (Normal) $X \sim N(\mu, o^2)$ ($o^2 > 0$)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right]$$

XER

$$E(X) = \mu \qquad Var(X) = o^{2}$$

$$Mx(t) = exp\left(\mu t + \frac{o^{2}t^{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$Mx(t) = \exp \left\{ ut + \frac{\sigma^2 t^2}{2} \right\}$$

 $t\in \mathbb{R}$

RK. (Standard Normal)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{x^2}{2}\right\} \qquad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\overline{\Phi}(x) := F(Z \leq x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(x) dx$$

Statistical table

© Tao Ma All Rights Reserved