

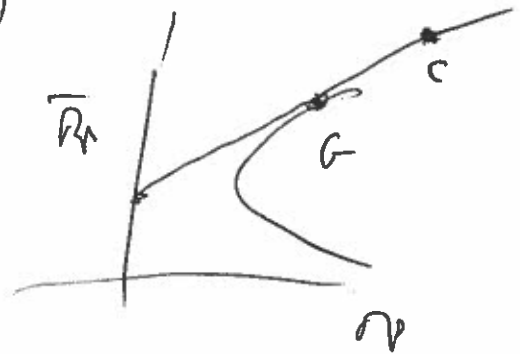
③ (a) $A: 0.30, B: 0.50, C: 0.20$

$$b_p = \sum X_i b_i = 0.30 (1.08) + 0.50 (0.80) + 0.20 (1.22)$$

$$b_p = 0.968$$

(b) $X = \frac{8}{5}, 1-X = -\frac{3}{5}$

PROPORTION IN PORTFOLIO G



$$\bar{R}_G = 0.3 \bar{R}_A + 0.50 \bar{R}_B + 0.20 \bar{R}_C = \dots$$

$$\bar{R}_C = \frac{8}{5} \bar{R}_G - \frac{3}{5} R_F = \dots$$

$$\sigma_G^2 = X_A^2 \sigma_A^2 + X_B^2 \sigma_B^2 + X_C^2 \sigma_C^2 + 2 X_A X_B \sigma_{AB} + 2 X_A X_C \sigma_{AC} + 2 X_B X_C \sigma_{BC}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_G = \sqrt{\dots}$$

$$\sigma_C^2 = \left(\frac{8}{5}\right)^2 \sigma_G^2 + \frac{3^2}{5} \sigma_F^2 + 2 \frac{8}{5} \frac{3}{5} \sigma_{GF}$$

$$\sigma_C = \frac{8}{5} \sigma_G$$

WHERE:

$$\bar{R}_A = \alpha_A + b_A \bar{R}_M$$

$$\sigma_A^2 = b_A^2 \sigma_M^2 + \sigma_{\epsilon A}^2$$

$$\sigma_{AB} = b_A b_B \sigma_M^2$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = b_B^2 \sigma_M^2 + \sigma_{\epsilon B}^2$$

$$(c) \text{Cov}(\underline{0.3 R_A + 0.5 R_B + 0.2 R_C}, \underline{R_M}) = 0.3 \sigma_{AM} + 0.5 \sigma_{BM} + 0.2 \sigma_{CM}$$

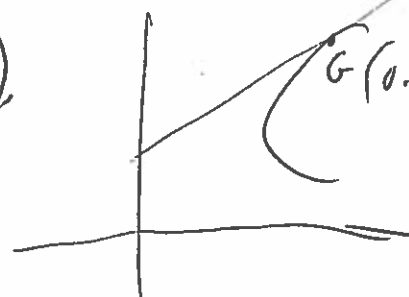
$$\sigma_{AM} = \text{Cov}(\alpha + b_A R_M + \epsilon, R_M) = b_A \sigma_M^2, \sigma_{BM} = b_B \sigma_M^2, \sigma_{CM} = b_C \sigma_M^2$$

$$\text{Cov}(R_p, R_M) = \left[0.3 (1.08) + 0.5 (0.80) + 0.2 (1.22) \right] \sigma_M^2 = 0.968 \sigma_M^2$$

$$\text{Var}(R_p, R_M) = b_p \sigma_M^2$$

$$= 0.00193$$

17) (a) $\frac{1}{2}^2 0.16 + \frac{1}{2}^2 0.25 + 2 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} (\sigma_{AB}) = 0.0525$
Solve for σ_{AB}

(b)  $G(0.6A, 0.4B)$ $R_G = 0.6(0.14) + 0.4(0.10) = 0.124$

we want
 $x R_G + (1-x) R_F = 0.11$
 $x (0.124) + (1-x) 0.05 = 0.11$
 $x (0.124 - 0.05) = 0.11 - 0.05$
 $x = 0.06 / 0.074 = 0.81$

81% in G
 19% in R_F

(c) $x (0.124) + (1-x) 0.05 = 0.10$

$x = \frac{0.05}{0.074} = 0.68$

$1-x = 0.32$

$0.68 (0.8) = 0.544$

$0.32 (0.4) = 0.128$

A: 40.8%

B: 27.2%

R_G = 32%

(d) $X_B = 1 = \frac{\sigma_A^2 - \sigma_{AB}}{\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_B^2 - 2\sigma_{AB}}$

$\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_B^2 - 2\sigma_{AB}$

$\Rightarrow 1 = \frac{\sigma_A^2 - \rho \sigma_A \sigma_B}{\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_B^2 - 2\rho \sigma_A \sigma_B}$

$\rho = \frac{0.07}{0.06} = \frac{1}{2}$

(e) $X_A = -0.33$, $X_B = 1.33$