

University of California, Los Angeles  
Department of Statistics

Statistics C183/C283

Instructor: Nicolas Christou

Final exam  
07 June 2013

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem 1 (20 points)**

Answer the following questions:

- a. Suppose the variable  $X$  follows the generalized Wiener process with drift rate  $\mu_X$  and variance  $\sigma_X^2$ , and the variable  $Y$  follows the generalized Wiener process with drift rate  $\mu_Y$  and variance  $\sigma_Y^2$ . Initially the variable  $X$  has the value  $\alpha$  and the variable  $Y$  the value  $\beta$ . What is the distribution of  $X + Y$  after time  $\Delta t$  if:
  1. The changes in  $X$  and  $Y$  in any short time interval  $\Delta t$  are uncorrelated?
  2. There is a correlation  $\rho$  between the changes in  $X$  and  $Y$  in any short time interval  $\Delta t$ ?
- b. Consider a variable  $S$  that follows the process  $dS = \mu dt + \sigma dz$ . For the first three years,  $\mu = 2$  and  $\sigma = 3$ . For the the next three years,  $\mu = 3$  and  $\sigma = 4$ . If the initial value of the variable  $S$  is 5, what is the probability distribution of the variable at the end of year 6?

Part A:

a. Construct a table that shows the *payoff* of the puts and the total. Please do not use numbers. Use  $E, S_T$ , etc.

**Part B:**

a. Construct a table that shows the *payoff* of the put, the call, and the total. Please do not use numbers. Use  $E$ ,  $S_T$ , etc.

b. Draw the diagram that shows the *profit* of the put, the call, and the total. Again, no numbers!

Answer the following questions:

Answer the following questions:

- a. The price of a stock at time  $t = 0$  is \$40. Over each of the next two 3-month periods it is expected to increase by 10% or decrease by 10%. The risk-free continuous interest rate is 12% per year. What is the value of a 6-month European put option with exercise price of \$42? Show all your work and place all the values on a 2-step binomial tree.
- b. Suppose the return of the underlying stock of a European call is equal to the risk-free interest rate. Show that the probability that a European call option will be exercised at time  $T$  is equal to  $\Phi(d_2)$ . Assume lognormal property of stock prices. Also, time now is 0, therefore  $\Delta t = T$ .
- c. Refer to part (b): Again, the underlying stock earns the risk-free interest rate. Give an expression of the value of the European call that pays off \$100 if the price of the stock at time  $T$  is greater than  $E$ .

Answer the following questions:

c. Assume that the price  $C$

- a. Assume that the price  $S$  of stock  $A$  follows the lognormal distribution. Its current value is \$50, with expected return and volatility 12% and 30% respectively per year. What is the probability that the stock price will be larger than \$80 in two years?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- b. Refer to question (a). A European put is written on stock  $A$  with expiration date 6 months from now and with exercise price \$60. What is the probability that this put option will not be exercised?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- c. Suppose a call option is currently priced at \$110. You want to estimate volatility by trial and error using the Black-Scholes formula for  $c$ . You start with an initial guess of  $\sigma = 0.30$  that gives  $c = \$115$ . What should be your next guess for  $\sigma$ ? Explain!
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- d. Consider the binomial option pricing model for a European put, with exercise price \$52, current stock price \$50,  $u = 1.2$ ,  $d = 0.8$  for a 30-period binomial tree. Find the maximum number of up movements so that the put will be in the money at expiration.

Answer the following questions:

[illegible]

Appendix B: Tables A

Cumulative Normal Distribution—Values of  $P$  Corresponding to  $z_p$  for the Normal Curve

[illegible]