

模版·链表的实现

```
class Node{
    int val;
    Node next;

    public Node(int val){
        this.val=val;
        this.next=null;
    }
}

class LinkedList{
    private Node head;

    public LinkedList(){
        this.head=null;
    }

    //插入操作：在第一个值为x的结点之前插入y
    public void insert(int x,int y){
        Node prev=null;
        Node curr=head;

        while(curr!=null&&curr.data!=x){
            prev=curr;
            curr=curr.next;
        }

        if(curr!=null){//找到值为x的结点
            Node newNode=new Node(y);
            newNode.next=curr;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        if(prev==null){//x是第一个结点
            head=newNode;
        }else{
            prev.next=newNode;
        }
    }else{//链表中不存在值为x的结点，插入在末尾
        insertAtTail(y);
    }
}

```

//插入操作：在链表末尾插入y

```

public void insertAtTail(int y){
    Node newNode=new Node(y);
    if(head==null){
        head=newNode;
    }else{
        Node curr=head;
        while(curr.next!=null){
            curr=curr.next;
        }
        curr.next=newNode;
    }
}

```

//删除操作：删除第一个值为x的结点

```

public void delete(int x){
    Node prev=null;
    Node curr=head;

    while(curr!=null&&curr.data!=x){
        prev=curr;
        curr=curr.next;
    }
}

```

```

        if(curr!=null){//找到值为x的结点
            if(prev==null){//x是第一个结点
                head=curr.next;
            }else{
                prev.next=curr.next;
            }
        }
    }
}

//遍历链表
public void printList(){
    Node curr=head;
    while(curr!=null){
        System.out.print(curr.data+"");
        curr=curr.next;
    }
    System.out.println();
}
}
}

```