HyperBinding

A Peptide-Class I Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) Binding Prediction Tool

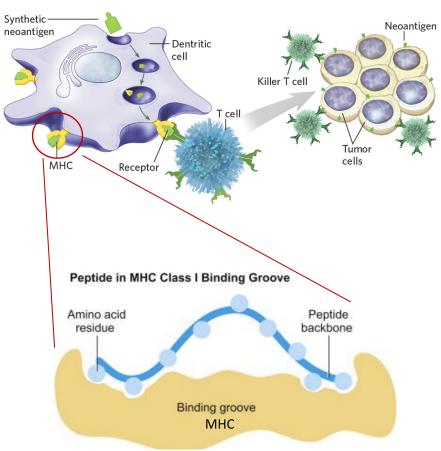
Jingyi Xie, Jinrong Ma, Bowei Zhang, Xiaofeng Xiang



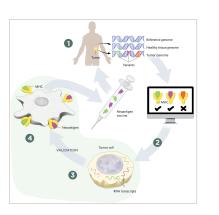
Biological Background for Peptide-Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC)

Antigen-presenting cells display peptide-MHC complex on cell surface to trigger antigen-specific T cell response against tumor cells or virus infected cells.

Peptides (8-12 amino acids) presented by a MHC-I molecules (represented as ribbon cartoons) generally assume a central bulged conformation.



Peptide-Class I MHC Binding Prediction Tool and Our Dataset



Biomedical Applications:

Peptide-based vaccine Adoptive T cell therapy



Quick screening of the binding affinity between MHC proteins and their peptide ligands.

. . .

Our aim:

Use machine learning methods to predict binding affinity

	A	В	С	D	E	F	
1	species	mhc	peptide_length	sequence	inequality	meas 🔻	
2	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	ILGFVFTL	=	1.225423	
3	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGRIWPS	=	2	
4	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKIWPS	=	4	
5	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKIWSS	=	8	
6	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	GLAVAMEV	=	31.808753	
7	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	MLSTVLGV	=	48.568554	
8	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	LNTVATLY	=	56	
9	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	LLVNEFYI	=	59	
10	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	TLGIVCPI	=	89.4008549	

Dataset:

http://tools.iedb.org/main/

The dataset was compiled from three sources: the IEDB, the Sette lab, and the Buus lab.

Class I MHC: Human HLA-A*02:01 (One abundant

serotype)

Peptide length: 8-12 mer Peptide counts: 12120

Convert all sequence to a uniform length

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('HLA-A*0201.csv')
df
```

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('Filled-HLA-A*0201.csv', index_col=0)
df
```

	species	mhc	peptide_length	sequence	inequality	meas			species	mhc	peptide_length	sequence	inequality	meas
0	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	ILGFVFTL	=	1.225423		0	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	ILGFXXXXVFTL	=	1.225423
1	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGRIWPS	=	2.000000		1	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGRXXXXIWPS	=	2.000000
2	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKIWPS	=	4.000000		2	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWPS	=	4.000000
3	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKIWSS	=	8.000000		3	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWSS	=	8.000000
4	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	GLAVAMEV	=	31.808753		4	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	GLAVXXXXAMEV	=	31.808753
						peptide_cor	verter.py							
12115	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	SLVWAPLILAYF	=	20951.856740		12115	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	SLVWAPLILAYF	=	20951.856740
12116	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LVGKLNWASQIY	=	23904.872640		12116	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LVGKLNWASQIY	=	23904.872640
12117	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	DPHGPVQLSYYD	>	69444.444440		12117	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	DPHGPVQLSYYD	>	69444.444440
12118	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LYDSQGLPEELP	>	69444.444440		12118	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LYDSQGLPEELP	>	69444.444440
12119	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	TNIRQAGVQYSR	>	178571.428600		12119	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	TNIRQAGVQYSR	>	178571.428600

12120 rows × 6 columns

12120 rows × 6 columns

Label peptides according to equilibrium constant

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('Filled-HLA-A*0201.csv', index_col=0)
df

import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('Labeled-Filled-HLA-A*0201.csv', index_col=0)
df
```

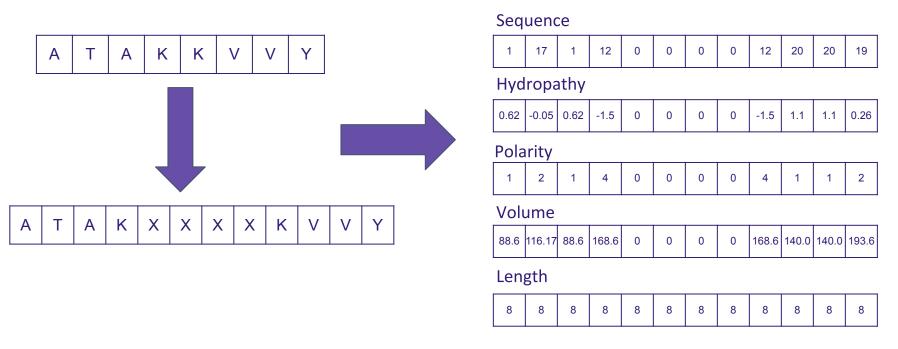
	species	mhc	peptide_length	sequence	inequality	meas			species	mhc	peptide_length	sequence	inequality	meas	label
0	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	ILGFXXXXVFTL	=	1.225423		0	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	ILGFXXXXVFTL	=	1.225423	Р
1	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGRXXXXIWPS	=	2.000000		1	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGRXXXXIWPS	=	2.000000	Р
2	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWPS	=	4.000000		2	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWPS	=	4.000000	Р
3	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWSS	=	8.000000		3	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	FLGKXXXXIWSS	=	8.000000	Р
4	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	GLAVXXXXAMEV	=	31.808753		4	human	HLA-A*02:01	8	GLAVXXXXAMEV	=	31.808753	Р
				1000		□ lal	bel_mark	er.py							
12115	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	SLVWAPLILAYF	=	20951.856740		12112	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	TLVGLAIGLVLL	=	698.917985	N
12116	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LVGKLNWASQIY	=	23904.872640		12113	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	DILSGIFSNPHP	=	900.407007	N
12117	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	DPHGPVQLSYYD	>	69444.444440		12114	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	SDILSGIFSNPH	=	13131.280920	N
12118	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LYDSQGLPEELP	>	69444.444440		12117	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	DPHGPVQLSYYD	>	69444.444440	N
12119	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	TNIRQAGVQYSR	>	178571.428600		12118	human	HLA-A*02:01	12	LYDSQGLPEELP	>	69444.444440	N

12120 rows × 6 columns

8950 rows × 7 columns

Transform each peptide into a characteristic matrix

Feature (5 X 12)



the order of the sequence, hydropathy index, polarity and the length of the peptide could affect the binding affinity and the properties of these amino acids are key factors for their binding to MHC

Transform characteristic matrix to feature grayscale images

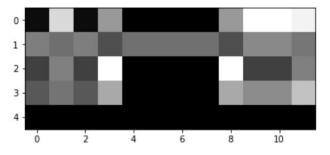
1	17	1	12	0	0	0	0	12	20	20	19
0.62	-0.05	0.62	-1.5	0	0	0	0	-1.5	1.1	1.1	0.26
1	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	2
88.6	116.17	88.6	168.6	0	0	0	0	168.6	140.0	140.0	193.6
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8



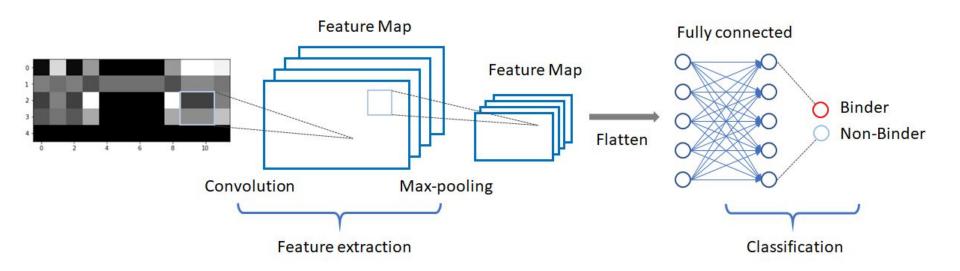
123	217	13	153	0	0	0	0	153	255	255	243
127	112	127	79	113	113	113	113	138	138	138	119
64	128	64	255	0	0	0	0	255	64	64	128
88.6	116.17	88.6	168.6	0	0	0	0	168.6	140.0	140.0	193.6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Transform to grayscale img



Using Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) for machine learning



Package: Keras

https://github.com/keras-team/keras

Packages to used

Statistics: Pandas

Manipulating excel format database Show the distribution of database Already learned in class



Machine learning: Kears

Easy to used for image based machine learning Works well for previous project

