

📌 Note

There is a newer bugfix release of this version. The latest bugfix release is [v5.2.3](#)

# ESP32-DevKitC V4 Getting Started Guide

[\[中文\]](#)

This guide shows how to start using the ESP32-DevKitC V4 development board.

## What You Need

- [ESP32-DevKitC V4 board](#)
- USB A/micro USB B cable
- Computer running Windows, Linux, or macOS

You can skip the introduction sections and go directly to Section [Start Application Development](#).

## Overview

ESP32-DevKitC V4 is a small-sized ESP32-based development board produced by [Espressif](#). Most of the I/O pins are broken out to the pin headers on both sides for easy interfacing. Developers can either connect peripherals with jumper wires or mount ESP32-DevKitC V4 on a breadboard.

To cover a wide range of user requirements, the following versions of ESP32-DevKitC V4 are available:

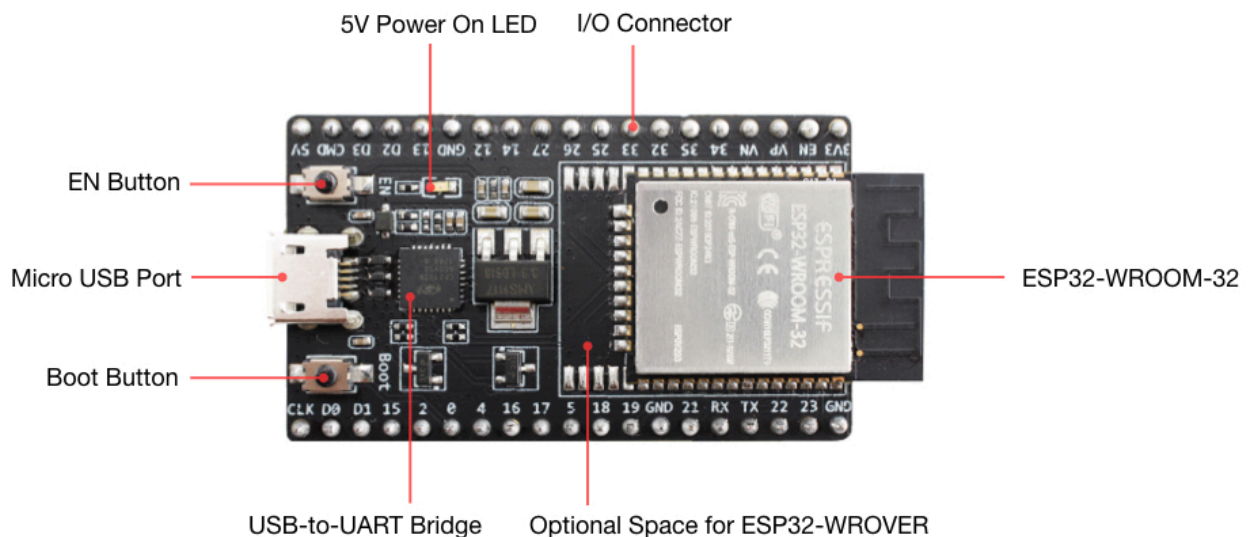
- different ESP32 modules
  - [ESP32-WROOM-DA](#)
  - [ESP32-WROOM-32E](#)
  - [ESP32-WROOM-32UE](#)
  - [ESP32-WROOM-32D](#)
  - [ESP32-WROOM-32U](#)
  - [ESP32-SOLO-1](#)
  - [ESP32-WROVER-E](#)
  - [ESP32-WROVER-IE](#)

- male or female pin headers.

For details please refer to [ESP Product Selector](#).

## Functional Description

The following figure and the table below describe the key components, interfaces and controls of the ESP32-DevKitC V4 board.



*ESP32-DevKitC V4 with ESP32-WROOM-32 module soldered*

Key Component	Description
ESP32-WROOM-32	A module with ESP32 at its core. For more information, see <a href="#">ESP32-WROOM-32</a>
EN	Reset button.
Boot	Download button. Holding down <b>Boot</b> and then pressing <b>EN</b> initiates Firmw
USB-to-UART Bridge	Single USB-UART bridge chip provides transfer rates of up to 3 Mbps.
Micro USB Port	USB interface. Power supply for the board as well as the communication in
5V Power On LED	Turns on when the USB or an external 5V power supply is connected to the
I/O	Most of the pins on the ESP module are broken out to the pin headers on t

## Power Supply Options

There are three mutually exclusive ways to provide power to the board:

- Micro USB port, default power supply
- 5V and GND header pins

- 3V3 and GND header pins

### ⚠ Warning

The power supply must be provided using **one and only one of the options above**, otherwise the board and/or the power supply source can be damaged.

## Header Block

The two tables below provide the **Name** and **Function** of I/O header pins on both sides of the board, as shown in [ESP32-DevKitC V4 with ESP32-WROOM-32 module soldered](#).

### J2

No.	Name	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
1	3V3	P	3.3 V power supply
2	EN	I	CHIP_PU, Reset
3	VP	I	GPIO36, ADC1_CH0, S_VP
4	VN	I	GPIO39, ADC1_CH3, S_VN
5	IO34	I	GPIO34, ADC1_CH6, VDET_1
6	IO35	I	GPIO35, ADC1_CH7, VDET_2
7	IO32	I/O	GPIO32, ADC1_CH4, TOUCH_CH9, XTAL_32K_P
8	IO33	I/O	GPIO33, ADC1_CH5, TOUCH_CH8, XTAL_32K_N
9	IO25	I/O	GPIO25, ADC1_CH8, DAC_1
10	IO26	I/O	GPIO26, ADC2_CH9, DAC_2
11	IO27	I/O	GPIO27, ADC2_CH7, TOUCH_CH7
12	IO14	I/O	GPIO14, ADC2_CH6, TOUCH_CH6, MTMS
13	IO12	I/O	GPIO12, ADC2_CH5, TOUCH_CH5, MTDI
14	GND	G	Ground
15	IO13	I/O	GPIO13, ADC2_CH4, TOUCH_CH4, MTCK
16	D2	I/O	GPIO9, D2 <sup>2</sup>
17	D3	I/O	GPIO10, D3 <sup>2</sup>
18	CMD	I/O	GPIO11, CMD <sup>2</sup>
19	5V	P	5 V power supply

## J3

No.	Name	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
1	GND	G	Ground
2	IO23	I/O	GPIO23
3	IO22	I/O	GPIO22
4	TX	I/O	GPIO1, U0TXD
5	RX	I/O	GPIO3, U0RXD
6	IO21	I/O	GPIO21
7	GND	G	Ground
8	IO19	I/O	GPIO19
9	IO18	I/O	GPIO18
10	IO5	I/O	GPIO5
11	IO17	I/O	GPIO17 <sup>3</sup>
12	IO16	I/O	GPIO16 <sup>3</sup>
13	IO4	I/O	GPIO4, ADC2_CH0, TOUCH_CH0
14	IO0	I/O	GPIO0, ADC2_CH1, TOUCH_CH1, Boot
15	IO2	I/O	GPIO2, ADC2_CH2, TOUCH_CH2
16	IO15	I/O	GPIO15, ADC2_CH3, TOUCH_CH3, MTDO
17	D1	I/O	GPIO8, D1 <sup>2</sup>
18	D0	I/O	GPIO7, D0 <sup>2</sup>
19	CLK	I/O	GPIO6, CLK <sup>2</sup>

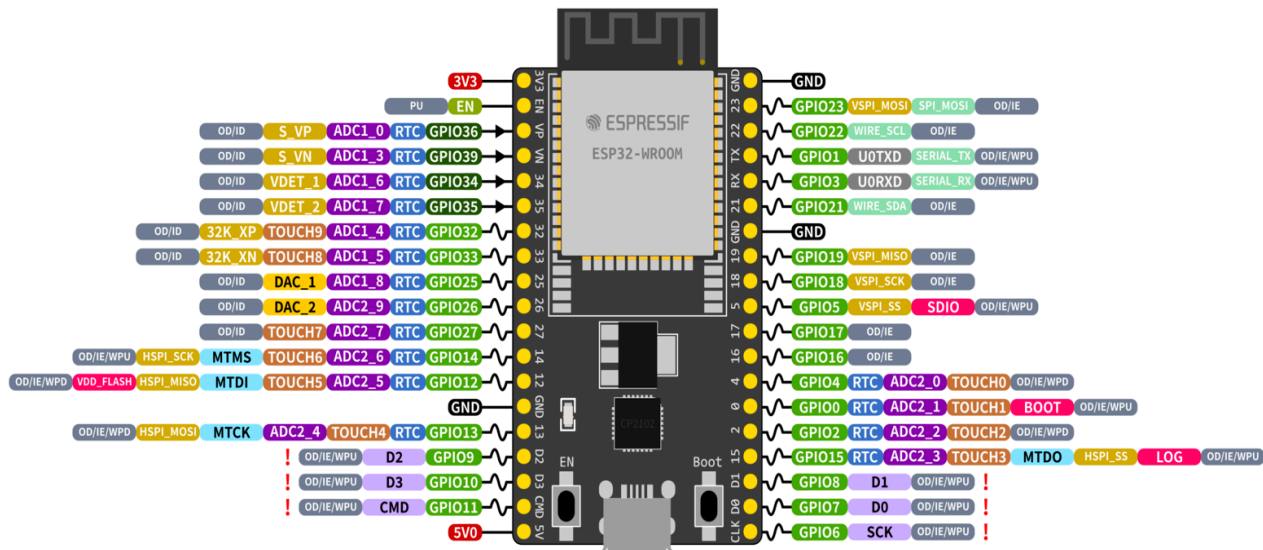
[1] (1,2): P: Power supply; I: Input; O: Output.

[2] (1,2,3,4,5,6): The pins D0, D1, D2, D3, CMD and CLK are used internally for communication between ESP32 and SPI flash memory. They are grouped on both sides near the USB connector. Avoid using these pins, as it may disrupt access to the SPI flash memory/SPI RAM.

[3] (1,2): The pins GPIO16 and GPIO17 are available for use only on the boards with the modules ESP32-WROOM and ESP32-SOLO-1. The boards with ESP32-WROVER modules have the pins reserved for internal use.

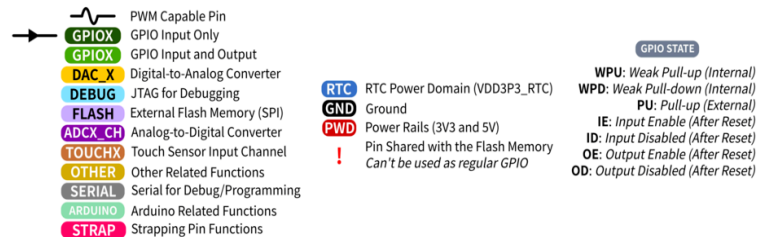
# Pin Layout

## ESP32-DevKitC



### ESP32 Specs

32-bit Xtensa® dual-core @240MHz  
Wi-Fi IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 2.4GHz  
Bluetooth 4.2 BR/EDR and BLE  
520 KB SRAM (16 KB for cache)  
448 KB ROM  
34 GPIOs, 4x SPI, 3x UART, 2x I2C,  
2x I2S, RMT, LED PWM, 1 host SD/eMMC/SDIO,  
1 slave SDIO/SPI, TWAI®, 12-bit ADC, Ethernet



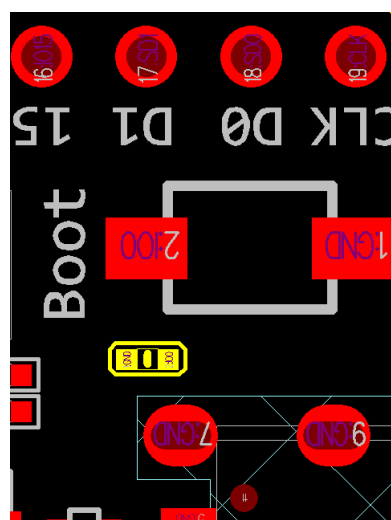
ESP32-DevKitC Pin Layout (click to enlarge)

## Note on C15

The component C15 may cause the following issues on earlier ESP32-DevKitC V4 boards:

- The board may boot into Download mode
- If you output clock on GPIO0, C15 may impact the signal

In case these issues occur, please remove the component. The figure below shows the location of C15 highlighted in yellow.

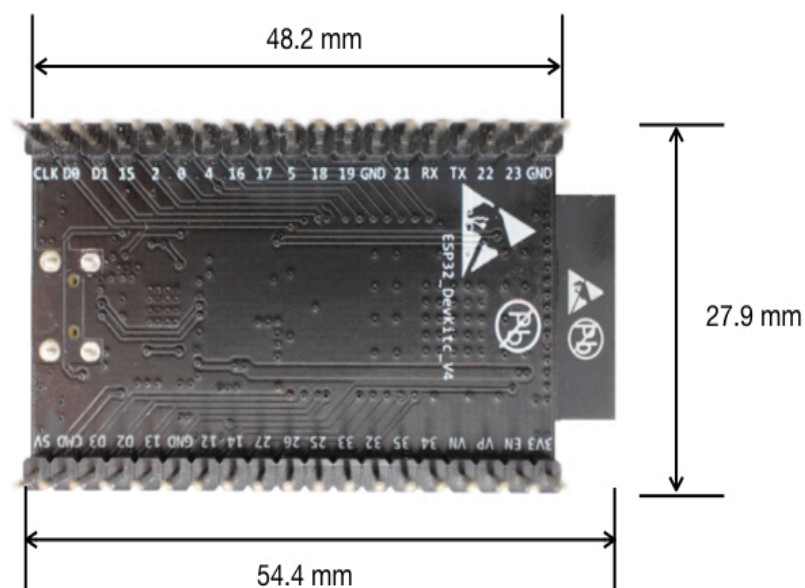


## Start Application Development

Before powering up your ESP32-DevKitC V4, please make sure that the board is in good condition with no obvious signs of damage.

After that, proceed to [Get Started](#), where Section [Installation](#) will quickly help you set up the development environment and then flash an example project onto your board.

## Board Dimensions



*Dimensions of ESP32-DevKitC board with ESP32-WROOM-32 module soldered - back (click to enlarge)*

## Related Documents

- [ESP32-DevKitC V4 schematics](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32 Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32-WROOM-32 Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32-WROOM-32D and ESP32-WROOM-32U Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32-WROOM-DA Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32-WROVER Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP32-WROVER-B Datasheet](#) (PDF)
- [ESP Product Selector](#)

For further design documentation for the board, please contact us at [sales@espressif.com](mailto:sales@espressif.com).

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