

## Problem Set 2:

Author: Xiaolan Li

Problem1:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{since sigmoid}(x) &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \\ \text{we have } \sigma(x) &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \\ \text{derivation: } \frac{\partial \sigma(x)}{\partial x} &= \frac{d}{dx} \sigma(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right] \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} (1+e^{-x})^{-1} \\ &= -(1+e^{-x})^{-2} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (1+e^{-x}) \\ &= -(1+e^{-x})^{-2} \cdot (-e^{-x}) \\ &= \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \cdot \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \cdot \frac{(1+e^{-x})^{-1}}{1+e^{-x}} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \cdot \left( \frac{1+e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} - \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right) \\ &= \sigma(x) \cdot (1 - \sigma(x))\end{aligned}$$

Problem2:

if we use the linear function as our activation function  
that  $T_{\text{hid}j} = W_{\text{hid}j}$  and  $T_{\text{out}k} = W_{\text{out}k}$   
It means we use  $y = x$  as activation function  
we have  $W_{\text{hid}j} = \text{inp}_i \times w_{ij} + \text{bias}_H$   
since  $T_{\text{hid}j} = W_{\text{hid}j}$   
 $\therefore W_{\text{out}1} = [(\text{inp}_i \times w_{ij}) + \text{bias}_H] \times w_{jk}$   
since  $T_{\text{out}k} = W_{\text{out}k}$   
 $\therefore W_{\text{out}1} = \cancel{w_{jk}} (\text{inp}_i \times w_{jk}) \times \text{inp}_i$   
 $+ (\text{bias}_H \times w_{jk} + \text{bias}_O)$   
which is equal to another linear func.  
 $W_{\text{out}1} = w' \text{inp} + \text{bias}'$   
so we don't need hidden layer anymore  
which is actually always computing the  
linear activation function in our  
network.  
  
same as in  $W_{\text{out}2}$ .

Problem3:

Part A:

Hidden 1 =  $\text{inp}_1 \times w_{11} + \text{inp}_2 \times w_{21} + \text{inp}_3 \times w_{31} + \text{bias}_H$   
=  $4 \times 0.1 + 8 \times (-0.4) + 6 \times (-0.1) + 0.2$   
= -3.2

Hidden 2 =  $\text{inp}_1 \times w_{12} + \text{inp}_2 \times w_{22} + \text{inp}_3 \times w_{32} + \text{bias}_H$   
=  $4 \times 0.3 + 8 \times 0.1 + 6 \times (-0.2) + 0.2$   
= 1

Hidden 3 =  $\text{inp}_1 \times w_{13} + \text{inp}_2 \times w_{23} + \text{inp}_3 \times w_{33} + \text{bias}_H$   
=  $4 \times (-0.2) + 8 \times 0.2 + 6 \times 0.4 + 0.2$   
= 3.4

$\therefore \text{sigmoid}(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$

Thus  $\text{sigmoid}(-3.2) \approx 0.039$   
 $\text{sigmoid}(1) \approx 0.731$   
 $\text{sigmoid}(3.4) \approx 0.968$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{out1} &= Thid_1 \times w_{11} + Thid_2 \times w_{21} + Thid_3 \times w_{31} + bias_0 \\
 &= 0.039 \times 0.5 + 0.731 \times (-0.3) + 0.968 \times 0.2 + 0.3 \\
 &= 0.2938
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{out2} &= Thid_1 \times w_{12} + Thid_2 \times w_{22} + Thid_3 \times w_{32} + bias_0 \\
 &= 0.039 \times 0.2 + 0.731 \times (-0.3) + 0.968 \times 0.1 + 0.3 \\
 &= \cancel{0.1855} 0.1853
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{out1} = \text{sigmoid}(0.2938) \approx 0.573$$

$$T_{out2} = \text{sigmoid}(0.1853) \approx \cancel{0.546} 0.546$$

input1	input2	input3	hidden1	hidden2	hidden3	output1	output2
4	8	6	0.039	0.731	0.968	0.573	0.546

Part B:

$$\therefore E = 0.5 \times \sum_k (targ_k - T_{outk})^2$$

$$\text{for node out 1 : } 0.65 - 0.573 = 0.077$$

$$\text{for node out 2 : } 0.4 - 0.546 = -0.146$$

$$\therefore E = 0.5 \times (0.077^2 + (-0.146)^2) = 0.0136$$

Part C:

We have the gradient from hidden to output node.

$$g(E, w_{jk}) = (T_{outk} - targ_k) \times T_{outk} \times (1 - T_{outk}) \times Thid_j$$

$$\therefore g(E, w_{11}) = (0.573 - 0.65) \times 0.573 \times (1 - 0.573) \times 0.039 = -0.00073$$

$$g(E, w_{12}) = (0.546 - 0.4) \times 0.546 \times (1 - 0.546) \times 0.039 = 0.00141$$

$$g(E, w_{21}) = (0.573 - 0.65) \times \cancel{0.573} \times (1 - 0.573) \times 0.731 = \cancel{-0.7737} -0.0137$$

$$g(E, w_{22}) = (0.546 - 0.4) \times 0.546 \times (1 - 0.546) \times 0.731 = 0.02646$$

$$g(E, w_{31}) = (0.573 - 0.65) \times 0.573 \times (1 - 0.573) \times 0.968 = -0.01819$$

$$g(E, w_{32}) = (0.546 - 0.4) \times 0.546 \times (1 - 0.546) \times 0.968 = 0.03503$$

$$= 0.01740 \leftarrow$$

We have the gradient for the bias term for output node.

$$g(E, bias_0) = \sum_k [(T_{outk} - targ_k) \times T_{outk} \times (1 - T_{outk})] = (0.573 - 0.65) \times 0.573 \times (1 - 0.573) + (0.546 - 0.4) \times 0.546 \times (1 - 0.546)$$

We have for all input nodes,  $inp_i$  and hidden nodes  $hid_j$ .

$$g(E, w_{ij}) = g(E, Thid_j) \times Thid_j \times (1 - Thid_j) \times inp_i$$

We have  ~~$g(E, Thid_1)$~~   $= (Tout_1 - targ_1) \times Tout_1 \times (1 - Tout_1) = -0.01879$

$$(Tout_2 - targ_2) \times Tout_2 \times (1 - Tout_2) = 0.03619$$

$$Thid_1 \times (1 - Thid_1) = 0.0375$$

$$Thid_2 \times (1 - Thid_2) = 0.1966$$

$$Thid_3 \times (1 - Thid_3) = 0.0310$$

Thus  $g(E, Thid_1) = (-0.01879) \times 0.5 + 0.03619 \times 0.2 = -0.0094 + 0.0072 = -0.0022$

$$g(E, Thid_2) = (-0.01879) \times (-0.3) + 0.03619 \times (-0.3) = 0.0056 - 0.0109 = -0.0053$$

$$g(E, Thid_3) = (-0.01879) \times 0.2 + 0.03619 \times 0.1 = -0.00376 + 0.0036 = -0.0002$$

Thus,  $g(E, w_{11}) = \frac{-0.0022}{0.0022} \times 0.0375 \times 4 = -0.00033$

$$g(E, w_{12}) = -0.0053 \times 0.1966 \times 4 = -0.00417$$

$$g(E, w_{13}) = -0.0002 \times 0.0310 \times 4 = -0.00002$$

$$g(E, w_{21}) = -0.0022 \times 0.0375 \times 8 = -0.00066$$

$$g(E, w_{22}) = -0.0053 \times 0.1966 \times 8 = -0.00834$$

$$g(E, w_{23}) = -0.0002 \times 0.0310 \times 8 = -0.00005$$

$$g(E, w_{31}) = -0.0022 \times 0.0375 \times 6 = -0.0005$$

$$g(E, w_{32}) = -0.0053 \times 0.1966 \times 6 = -0.00625$$

$$g(E, w_{33}) = -0.0002 \times 0.0310 \times 6 = -0.00004$$

We have the bias term for the hidden nodes, gradient is

$$\begin{aligned} g(E, \text{bias } h) &= \sum_k [(Tout_k - targ_k) \times Tout_k \times (1 - Tout_k) \times w_{jk}] \times Thid_j \times (1 - Thid_j) \\ &= \sum_j g(E, Thid_j) \times Thid_j \times (1 - Thid_j) \\ &= -0.0022 \times 0.0375 + (-0.0053) \times 0.1966 + (-0.0002) \times 0.0310 \\ &= -0.00008 - 0.00104 - 0.0000062 \\ &= -0.0011 \end{aligned}$$

Link from node	Link to node	Gradient
input 1	Hidden 1	-0.00033
input 1	Hidden 2	-0.00417
input 1	Hidden 3	-0.00002
input 2	Hidden 1	-0.00066
input 2	Hidden 2	-0.00834
input 2	Hidden 3	-0.00005
input 3	Hidden 1	-0.0005
input 3	Hidden 2	-0.00625
input 3	Hidden 3	-0.00004
Hidden 1	Output 1	-0.00073
Hidden 1	Output 2	0.00141
Hidden 2	Output 1	-0.0137
Hidden 2	Output 2	0.02646
Hidden 3	Output 1	-0.01819
Hidden 3	Output 2	0.03503
layer -		(Bias)
hidden		-0.0011
output		0.0174

Part D:

Link from node	Link to node	Weight
input 1	Hidden 1	0.100066
input 1	Hidden 2	0.30083
input 1	Hidden 3	-0.19917
input 2	Hidden 1	-0.4
input 2	Hidden 2	0.10167
input 2	Hidden 3	0.20001
input 3	Hidden 1	-0.0999
input 3	Hidden 2	-0.19875
input 3	Hidden 3	0.4
Hidden 1	Output 1	0.50015
Hidden 1	Output 2	0.19972
Hidden 2	Output 1	-0.29726
Hidden 2	Output 2	-0.30529
Hidden 3	Output 1	0.20364
Hidden 3	Output 2	0.093
	layer	Weight
	hidden	0.20022
	output	0.29652

Part A Redux: Forward Propagation:

input1	input2	input3	hidden1	hidden2	hidden3	out1	out2
4	8	6	0.0392 0.58	0.735 8.288	0.9678 1.75	0.573 0.926	0.54 2.3275

Part B Redux: Determine the Error

$$\because E = 0.5 \times \sum_k (\text{targ}_k - \text{Tout}_k)^2$$

For node  $\text{out1} : 0.65 - 0.5730926 = 0.0769074$

For node  $\text{out2} : 0.4 - 0.5423275 = -0.1423275$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore E &= 0.5 \times (0.0769074^2 + (-0.1423275)^2) \\ &= 0.5 \times (0.005914748 + 0.0202571) \\ &= 0.0130859 \end{aligned}$$

After compared to the previous error, the new error decrease from 0.0136 to 0.0130859 that has 3.8% decrease.