

1.导入mysql-connector-java-5.1.47.jar放在 WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/

2.连接过程

```
Connection connection = null;
Statement st = null;
try {
    // 1.加载驱动
    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
    // 2.获取连接数据库对象
    connection =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/blog?
useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8", "root", "123456");
    // 3.创建编译语句对象
    st = connection.createStatement();

    String sql = "update user_table set pwd='" + pwd + "' where
username='" + name + "'";
    // 4.执行编译语句
    int row = st.executeUpdate(sql);
    System.out.println("row:" + row);
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
    // 类不存在的异常
    e.printStackTrace();
} catch (SQLException e) {
    // SQL语句执行异常
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    try {
        // 关闭 connection 和 st
        if (connection != null) {
            connection.close();
        }
        if (st != null) {
```

```
        st.close();
    }
} catch (Exception e2) {
    // TODO: handle exception
}
}
```