Coursework 1

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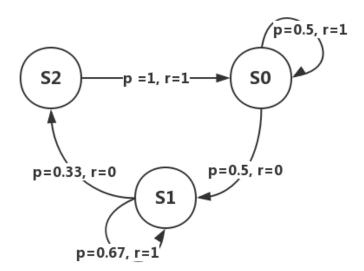
November 14, 2018

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Exercise 1. understanding of MDPs

1.
$$\tau = s_2 \ 1 \ s_0 \ 1 \ s_0 \ 0 \ s_1 \ 1 \ s_1 \ 1 \ s_1 \ 0 \ s_2 \ 0$$

2 (a) transition matrix and reward function



Assume we do not know the transition matrix, we can draw this graph above according to the trace. It shows that the transition matrix is not deterministic and we can only specify the probability of states transaction based on the experiences. In terms of reward function, in my case, there is no conflicts, that is given initial state, action and next state, the reward is a certain value. And according to only the trace, we do not know that rewards are actually not dependent on the action nor the next state. Therefore, I can assume the reward function is deterministic as shown on the graph.

2 (b) value of states

If we adopt every visit Monte Carlo method, then during the whole episode, we observe that the state S_0 appears twice: once return reward 1 and once return reward 0. Therefore, the average

of the value of state S_0 is 0.5.

Or if we use the first visit Monte Carlo method, and only count on the first appearance of each state. Then, the state value of S_0 is 1.

Exercise 2. understanding of grid world

- 1. reward state is S_3 , p is 0.7, γ is 0.3.
- 2. I adopt Q-learning method to find the optimal value function and policy. It is assumed that the learning rate $\alpha = 0.5$ and I decide the learning iteration to be 1000000. The mean idea is to update Q-value function according to the current policy and current estimate of the next state. And the current optimal policy changes once the Q-value function is updated.

$$Q(S, A) \leftarrow Q(S, A) + \alpha [R + \gamma max_a Q(S', a) - Q(S, A)]$$

After running my codes, I can observe the convergence, where the Q-value update is nearly 0. the screen cut is attached in the appendix 1.1, I have the final Q-value for each state and action pairs.

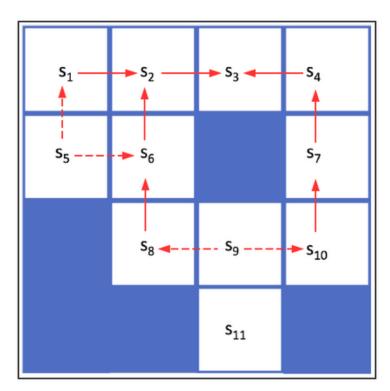
The following is a table directly showing the result Q-values:

	s1	s2	s3	s4	s 5	s6	s7	s8	s9	s10	s11
N	-0.4	2.0	0	2.0	-0.4	2.0	2.0	-0.4	-1.34	-0.4	0
\mathbf{E}	2.0	10.0	0	2.0	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-1.34	-1.12	-1.12	0
S	-1.12	-0.4	0	-0.4	-1.12	-1.12	-1.12	-1.12	-100	-1.12	0
W	-0.4	-0.4	0	10.0	-1.12	-1.12	-0.4	-1.12	-1.12	-1.34	0

Since we aim to get the optimal value function, the maximum value for each state is picked as the state value. And the value for terminal state is 0.

2.0	10.0	0.0	10.0
s ₁	s ₂	s ₃	s ₄
-0.4	-0.4		2.0
s ₅	s ₆		s ₇
	-0.4	-1.12	-0.4
	s ₈	s ₉	s ₁₀
		0 S ₁₁	

Also, I can derive the optimal policy from the above table, that is pick the action with largest value for each state. Dashed arrow indicates that there are more than one actions for that state have the same Q-value.



3. My learned policy choose to go East or West with equal possibility.

1 appendix

1.1 python codes

```
##coding of the four direction
#
# 3
                1
## 0-up, 1-right, 2-down, 3-left
import numpy as np
import random as R
gamma = 0.3
alpha = 0.5
\# s1-I[1-2,4-10] \ a-I[0,3], \ return: \ s2-I[1,10]
def takeaction(s1, a):
    #-1 means there is a wall in that direction
    transition_matrix = [[-1, 2, 5, -1], \#1]
                           [-1, 3, 6, 1], \#2
                           [0, 0, 0, 0], #3 terminal state
                           [-1, -1, 7, 3], \#4
                           [1, 6, -1, -1], \#5
                           [2, -1, 8, 5],
                           [4, -1, 10, -1], \#7
                           [6, 9, -1, -1], \#8
                           [-1, 10, 11, 8], \#9
                           [7, -1, -1, 9], \#10
                           [0, 0, 0, 0]] #11 terminal state
    if (s1 != 3 \text{ and } s1 != 11):
        index=s1-1
        s2 = transition_matrix[index][a]
         if (s2 = -1):
              return s1
         else:
              return s2
    else:
        print('warning: _you_are_in_terminal_state.')
def checkreward(s):
    if(s = 11):
        r = -100
    elif(s == 3):
        r = 10
    else:
        r=-1
```

return r

```
Q = [int(round(R.random()*10)) for i in range(4)] for j in range(11)]
#[11.4]
Q[10] = [0 \text{ for i in range}(4)]
\#Q(terminal-state, .)=0
Q[2] = [0 \text{ for i in range}(4)]
print(Q)
for i in range (1000000):
     Q_{\text{privious}} = [Q[b][a] \text{ for a in range}(4)] \text{ for b in range}(11)]
     start_state = round(R.random()*10)+1 \#randomly \ choose \ the \ initial \ state
     s = int(start_state)
    print('')
    print('episode:_'+str(i)+'_start_with_state:_'+str(s))
    while (s != 11 \text{ and } s != 3):
         desired_action = np.argmax(Q[s-1]) ##greedy method
         actions = [0, 1, 2, 3]
         \#corresponding to N, E, S, W-up, right, down, left
         actions.remove(desired_action)
         random_number = R.random()
         if (random_number \leq 0.7):
              action_taken = desired_action
         elif(random_number <=0.8):
              action_taken = actions[0]
         elif(random_number <=0.9):
              action_taken = actions[1]
         else:
              action_taken = actions[2]
         print('desired_action: _'+ str(desired_action)
         +'_|action_taken: '+ str(action_taken))
         next_state = takeaction(s, action_taken)
         reward = checkreward (next_state)
         #update Q-value
         m = \max(Q[next\_state - 1])
         Q[s-1][action\_taken] = Q[s-1][action\_taken]
         + alpha*(reward + 0.3*m - Q[s-1][action_taken])
         \mathbf{print}(\mathbf{str}(\mathbf{s})+' = -> = '+\mathbf{str}(\mathbf{next\_state})+ ' = \mathbf{reward} = = '+\mathbf{str}(\mathbf{reward})
```

1.2 running result

```
00
                               Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
episode: 999996 start with state: 3
[[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0
, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0],
0, 0]]
episode: 999997 start with state: 9
desired action: 1 | action taken: 1
9 -> 10 reward= -1
update 0[9],[1] = -1.12
desired action: 0 | action taken: 0
10 -> 7 reward= -1
update Q[10],[0] = -0.4
desired action: 0 | action taken: 0
7 -> 4 reward= -1
update 0[7],[0] = 2.0
desired action: 3 | action taken: 3
4 -> 3 reward= 10
update 0[4],[3] = 10.0
[[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0
, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0],
[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0,
0, 0]]
episode: 999998 start with state: 7
desired action: 0 | action taken: 0
7 -> 4 reward= -1
update Q[7],[0] = 2.0
desired action: 3 | action taken: 3
4 -> 3 reward= 10
update Q[4],[3] = 10.0
[[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0],
0, 0]]
episode: 999999 start with state: 4
desired action: 3 | action taken: 3
4 -> 3 reward= 10
update Q[4],[3] = 10.0
[[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0
, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0],
[0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0, 0,
0, 0]]
final value function
[[-0.4, 2.0, -1.12, -0.4], [2.0, 10.0, -0.4, -0.4], [0, 0, 0, 0], [2.0, 2
.0, -0.4, 10.0], [-0.4, -0.4, -1.12, -1.12], [2.0, -0.4, -1.12, -1.12], [
   -0.4, -1.12, -0.4], [-0.4, -1.33599999999999, -1.12, -1.12], [-1.3
3599999999999, -1.12, -100.0, -1.12], [-0.4, -1.12, -1.12, -1.335999999
9999999], [0, 0, 0, 0]]
xc4718@edge08:Desktop$
```