

- 1) Find all the **horizontal asymptote(s)** for the following function :

$$f(x) = \frac{10x^3 - 3x^2 + 8}{\sqrt{25x^6 + x^4 + 2}}$$

- 2) Find all the **vertical and horizontal asymptotes** of the following functions :

(a) $f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}}$.

(b) $f(x) = \frac{|1-x^2|}{x(x+1)}$.

(c) $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 16x^2 + x^2}}{2x^2 - 4}$

- 3) Evaluate : (a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{|x|} - \sqrt{|x-1|})$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{|x|} - \sqrt{|x-1|})$

- 4) Show that the following functions have a **removable discontinuity** at the given point.

(a) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x - 2}$ at $x = 2$.

(b) $g(x) = x^3 \sin \frac{1}{x^2}$ at $x = 0$. (Hints : By Sandwich Thm)

5) Evaluate : $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin x}} - 1}{x - \frac{\pi}{2}} \right)$.

- 6) Assume the function g satisfies the inequality

$$1 \leq g(x) \leq \sin^2 x + 1, \text{ for } x \text{ near } 0 .$$

Use the squeeze Theorem to find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$.

- 7) Find the **tangent line** of the following functions at the given point.

(a) $f(x) = x^2 - 4$ at $P(2, 0)$,

(b) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ at $P(1, 2)$.

- 8) By the **first Principle** (The Definition of Derivative) to find the Derivatives of the following functions:

(a) $f(x) = x^2 + 1$

(b) $f(x) = \sqrt{3x+1}$

- 9) By the first Principle (The Definition of Derivative) to find $f'(2)$ of the function

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$$

- 10) Evaluate the **derivatives** of the following functions :

(a) $g(x) = e^{2014}$ (b) $f(x) = \frac{5\sqrt{x^{24}}}{1984}$

(c) $f(w) = w^7$ (d) $f(x) = 3x^5 + 5e^x$

(e) $f(x) = \frac{4x^3 + 3x - 2}{x^2 + 1}$

(f) $h(x) = (5x^7 + 5x)(6x^3 + 3x^2 + 3)$