

MAT 201 Final Exam

May 8, 2020

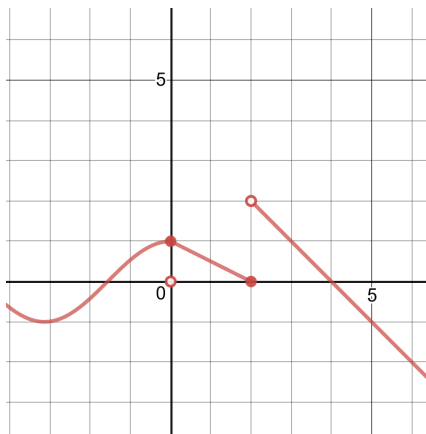
1. 1 If $f(t) = t^2$ represents the motion of an object at time t (in seconds), find the most simplified version for the average velocity of the ball on the interval $[2, 2 + h]$. You must show all work.

2. 2 Use your result in the last question to find the instantaneous velocity at the time $t = 2$.

3. 3 Evaluate the following limit algebraically.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$$

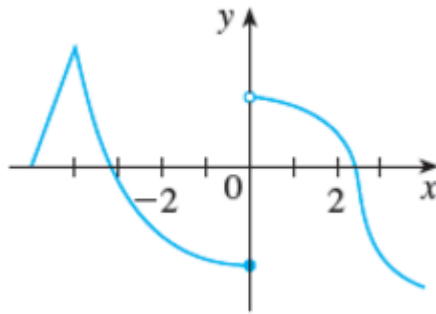
4. 4 The graph of a function $f(x)$ is given below. Use the graph, find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$. If the limit does not exist, write DNE. Explain your work.



5. 5 Find the derivative with respect to x evaluated at $x = 1$ of the function $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1$ **using the definition**. You must show all work.
6. 6 Given a function $f(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x + 3$, use the first derivative of the function, determine whether the function is increasing or decreasing at $x = 0$.

7. 7 Based on the function in last question, use the second derivative of the function, determine whether the function is concave up or down at $x = 0$.

8. 8 Find all the point(s) (if there are any) of the function that don't have a limit.



9. 9 Use the graph above, find all the point(s) of the function that are not continuous.

10. 10 Use the graph above, find all the point(s) of the function that are continuous but not differentiable.

11. 11 Given a function $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} - 1$, find the tangent line at $x = 4$.

12. 12 Use the tangent line in the last question, find the approximate value of $f(4.01)$.

13. 13 Find the derivative of $y = 2x^4 + 5x^2 - 5$.

14. 14 Find the derivative of $y = 3^{x^2}$.

15. 15 Find the derivative of $y = \ln(x^2 + 1)$.

16. 16 Find the derivative of $y = \cos(\ln(x))$.

17. 17 Find the derivative of $y = \arcsin(x^2)$.

18. 18 Find the derivative of $y = x^2 \sin(x)$.

19. 19 Find the derivative of $y = \frac{e^x}{\sin(x)}$.

20. 20 Find the derivative of $y = \sec(3x^2)$.

21. 21 Given a function $f(x) = x + \sin(x)$. (Note that it is not easy to find a formula for the inverse function of $f(x)$). Let $g(x)$ be the inverse function of $f(x)$. Note that $f(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2} + 1$. Find $g'(\frac{\pi}{2} + 1)$.

22. 22 Find dy/dx using implicit differentiation $\frac{y}{x} = \frac{x}{y}$.

23. 23 Use second derivative test to find the local max and local min for the function $f(x) = 4x^3 - 6x^2$.

24. 24 Find the global max and global min for the function $k(x) = 5e^x - e^{2x}$ on the closed interval $[-1, 2]$.

25. 25 Air is being pumped into a spherical balloon at a rate of 4 cubic feet per minute. Find the rate of change of the radius when the radius is 2 feet. (Note: the volume of a sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.)
26. 25 A conical tank (with vertex down) has radius 5 across the top and height 12 feet deep. Water is flowing into the tank at a rate of 10 cubic feet per minute. Find the rate of change of the depth of the water when the water is 8 feet deep. (Note: the volume of a cone is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$)

27. 26 Find the length and width of a rectangle that has 32 square feet with a minimum perimeter.
28. 26 A farmer plans to fence a rectangular pasture adjacent to a river. The pasture must contain 2 square miles in order to provide enough grass for the herd. No fencing is needed along the river. What dimensions will require the least amount of fencing?