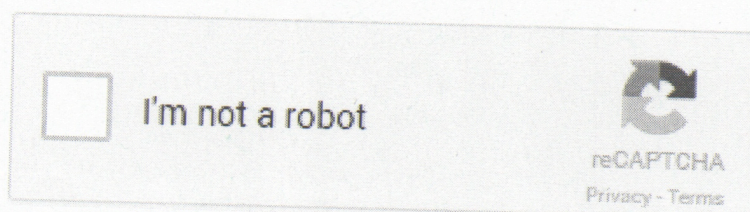


Based on browser history, Google believes that **there is a 0.2 probability that a particular visitor to a website is a robot**. They decide to give the visitor a recaptcha:



Google presents the visitor with a box, 10 pixels wide by 10 pixels tall. The visitor must click inside the box to show that they are not a robot.

Google has observed that robots click very close to the center of a recaptcha. The distance  $D$  of a robot click from the center of the box, in pixels, is normally distributed with mean 0 and variance 2. Humans, on the other hand, click uniformly in the box (all locations are equally likely).

- a. (6 points) What is the probability that a robot clicks on a pixel that has a **distance from the center** of the box which is greater than or equal to 1.2 pixels?

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(X \geq 1.2) &= 1 - P(X \leq 1.2) = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{1.2 - 0}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{1.2}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 &= 1 - \Phi(0.85) \\
 &= 1 - 0.8023 \\
 &= 0.1977
 \end{aligned}$$

- b. (6 points) What the the Probability Density Function (PDF) of a human clicking  $X$  pixels from the left of the box and  $Y$  pixels from the top of the box?

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{XY}(x, y) &= C \\
 \int_{-5}^5 \int_{-5}^5 C \, dx \, dy &= 1 \\
 \int_{-5}^5 10C \, dy &= 1 \\
 100C &= 1 \\
 C &= \frac{1}{100} \\
 f_{XY}(x, y) &= \frac{1}{100}
 \end{aligned}$$