## [math]119. Pascal's Triangle II

Given an index *k*, return the *k*th row of the Pascal's triangle.

For example, given k = 3, Return [1,3,3,1].

**Note:** Could you optimize your algorithm to use only O(k) extra space?

用迭代的思想。

- 1- 默认初始化为0, 应该从后往前处理, 相当于满足最后一个位1的情形。
- 2- 一层层的迭代处理

```
1 0 /// 补个0

1 1 0 /// i = 1

1 2 1 0 /// i = 2 <---- 从后往前

1 3 3 1 /// i = 3
```

## 结果如下:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> getRow(int rowIndex) {
        vector<int> res(rowIndex+1,0); // all initialize 0
        res[0] = 1;
        for( int i=1; i<= rowIndex; i++ ){
            for( int j = i; j >= 1; j-- )
                res[j] += res[j-1];
        }
    return res;
    }
};
```