CIS 350 – INFRASTRUCTURE TECHNOLOGIES SMALL GROUP ACTIVITY #4

Names of group

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Topic: The operation of the CPU and memory, Machine cycle, Instructions

Logistics

- 1. Get in touch with your group of 4 or 5 students. (See Groups folder on Blackboard.)
- 2. Discuss and complete the assignment together via E-mail, Discussion Forum, Blackboard Collaborate Ultra, and/or MS Teams.
- 3. Choose a recorder to prepare the final copy (one per group) and submit it via the Blackboard Assignments/Small Group Activities folder to the instructor.
- 4. Be sure all group members' names are on final copy. Do <u>not</u> add names of your group classmates who did not participate in the assignment.

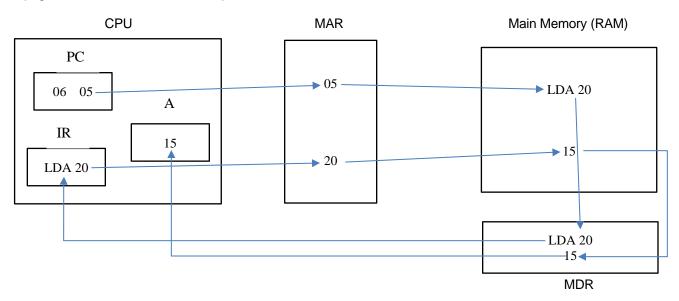
Assignment One

Suppose that the following instruction is found at the given address/location in memory:

Address	Instruction LDA 20		
05			
06			
	Data		
20	15		

The instruction LDA 20 residing at address 05 loads the contents of memory location 20, which is 15, into the Accumulator (A).

(a) Complete the diagram below showing the flow and contents of the CPU (PC, IR, A), MAR, Memory, and MDR, after each of the 5 steps of the fetch-execute cycle is executed. Number the steps 1-5. For help see page 5 in the lecture notes for Chapter 7.



(b) Fill in the table below with the contents of the PC, MAR, MDR, IR, and A as each of the 5 steps of the fetch-execute cycle is performed for that instruction. If the content of the register is unknown, write a question mark "?".

man : .	PC	MAR	MDR	IR	Α
(1) $PC \rightarrow MAR$	_05_	05_	LDA 20	_?	_?
(2) $MDR \rightarrow IR$	_05_	05	LDA 20	LDA 20	_?
(3) IR [address] → MAR	_05_	20	_15	LDA 20	_?
(4) MDR \rightarrow A	_05_	20	_15	LDA 20	_15_
(5) PC+1 → PC	_06_	20	_15	LDA 20	_15

Assignment Two

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PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         If A=0 Then IR [address] \rightarrow PC Else PC+1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? BRZ
The possibilities are: LDA, STO, SUB, ADD, IN, OUT, HLT, BR, BRP, and BRZ.
BRP 2. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         If A≥0 Then IR [address] → PC Else PC+1 → PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? BRP
        3. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         In-basket \rightarrow A
         PC + 1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? IN
ADD 4. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         IR [address] → MAR
         A + MDR \rightarrow A
         PC+1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? ADD
BR 5. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         IR [address] → PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? BR
SUB 6. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         \mathsf{MDR} \to \, \mathsf{IR}
         IR [address] → MAR
         A - MDR \rightarrow A
         PC+1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? SUB
                  The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle:
_LDA___ 7.
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         IR [address] → MAR
         MDR \rightarrow A
         PC+1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? LDA
_HLT____ 8. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         PC \rightarrow 0 or PC \rightarrow PC (remains the same)
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? HLT
_OUT____ 9. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         A → Out-basket
         PC + 1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? OUT
_STO____ 10. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle:
         PC \rightarrow MAR
         MDR \rightarrow IR
         IR [address] → MAR
         A \rightarrow MDR
         PC+1 \rightarrow PC
                                                                          What instruction does it represent? STO
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BRZ 1. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle