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Accenture

Digital in Space & Time

Caching Patterns and Strategies

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To ask questions

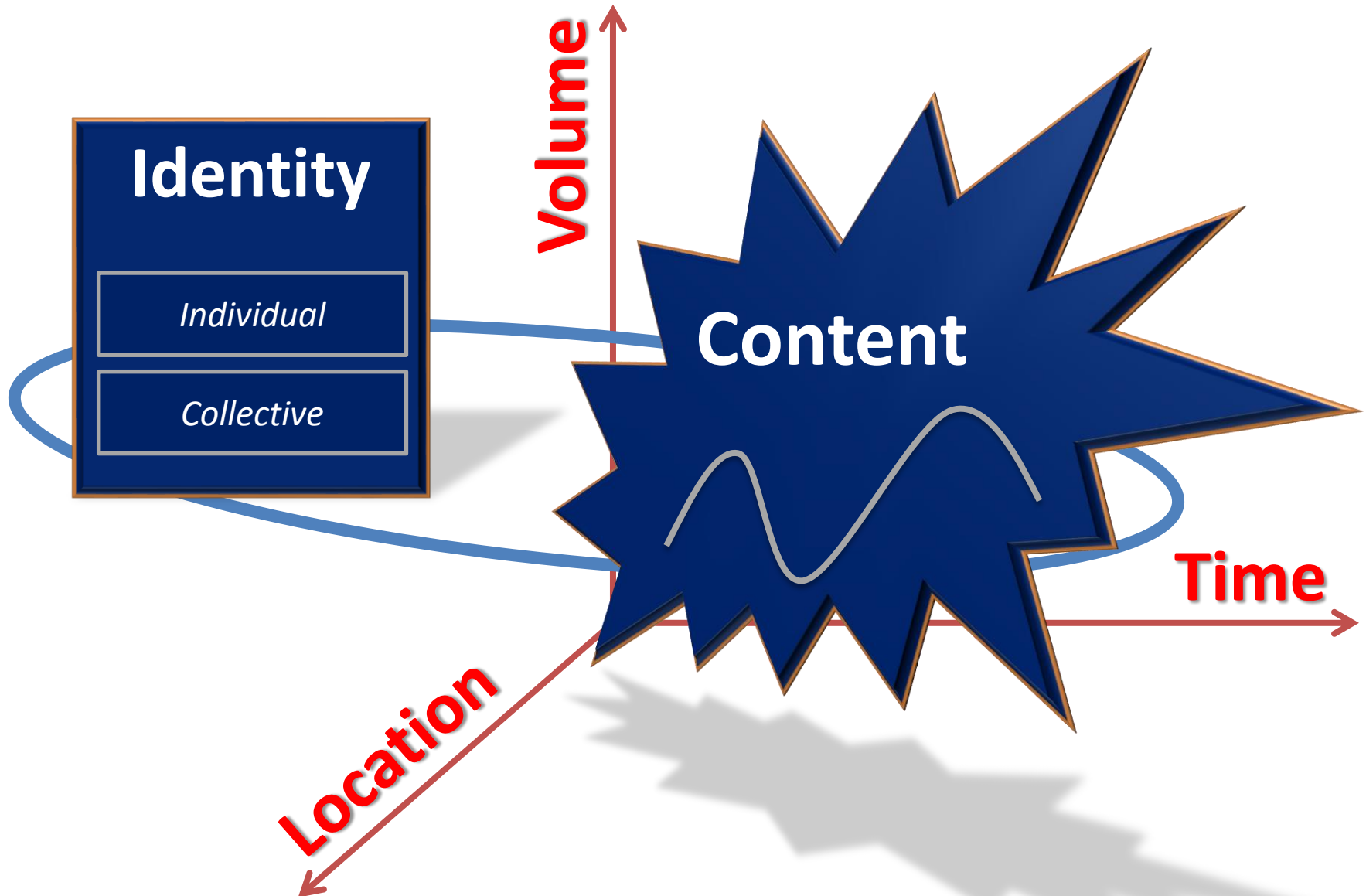
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or just raise your
hand!

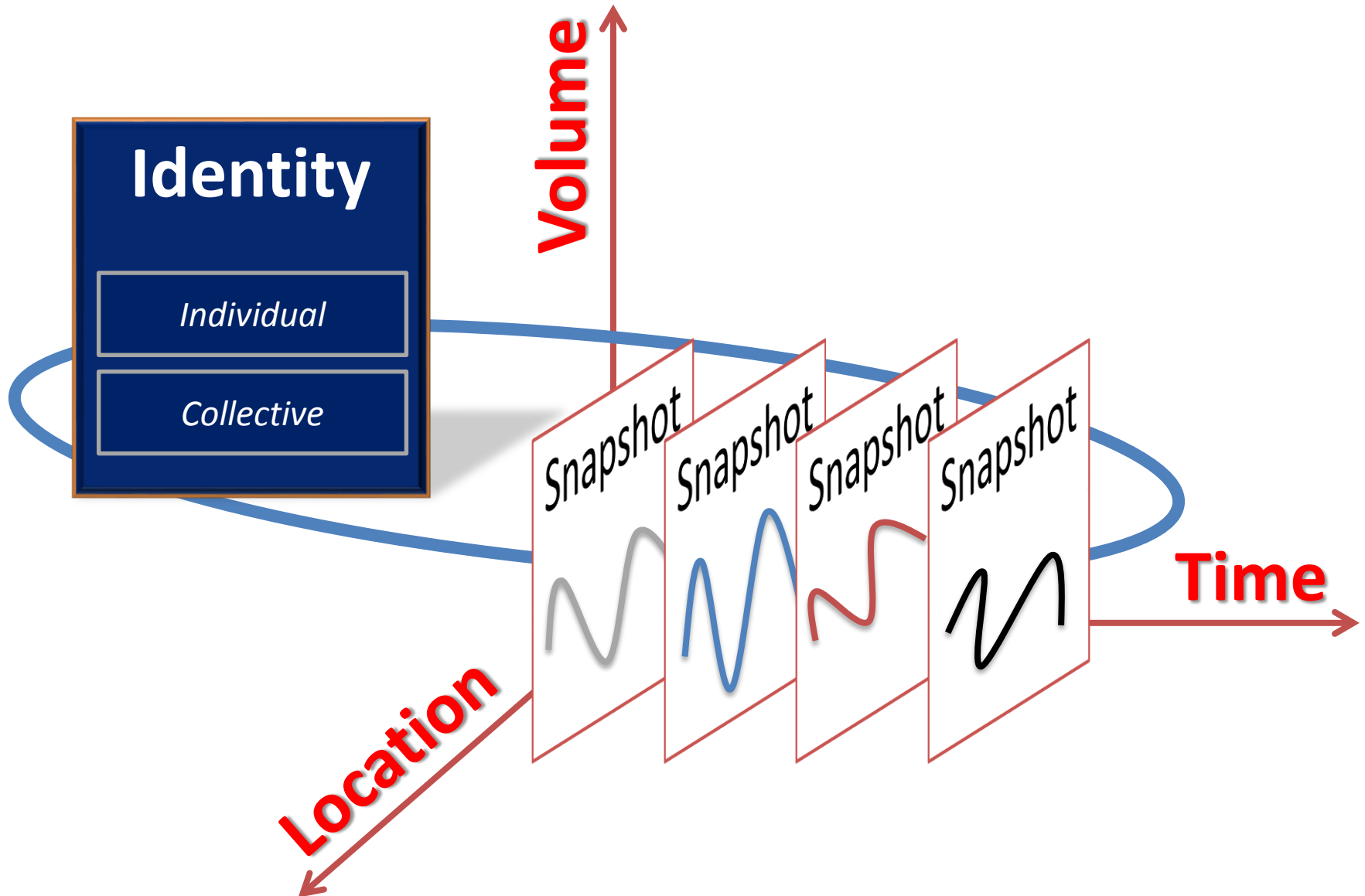
Data

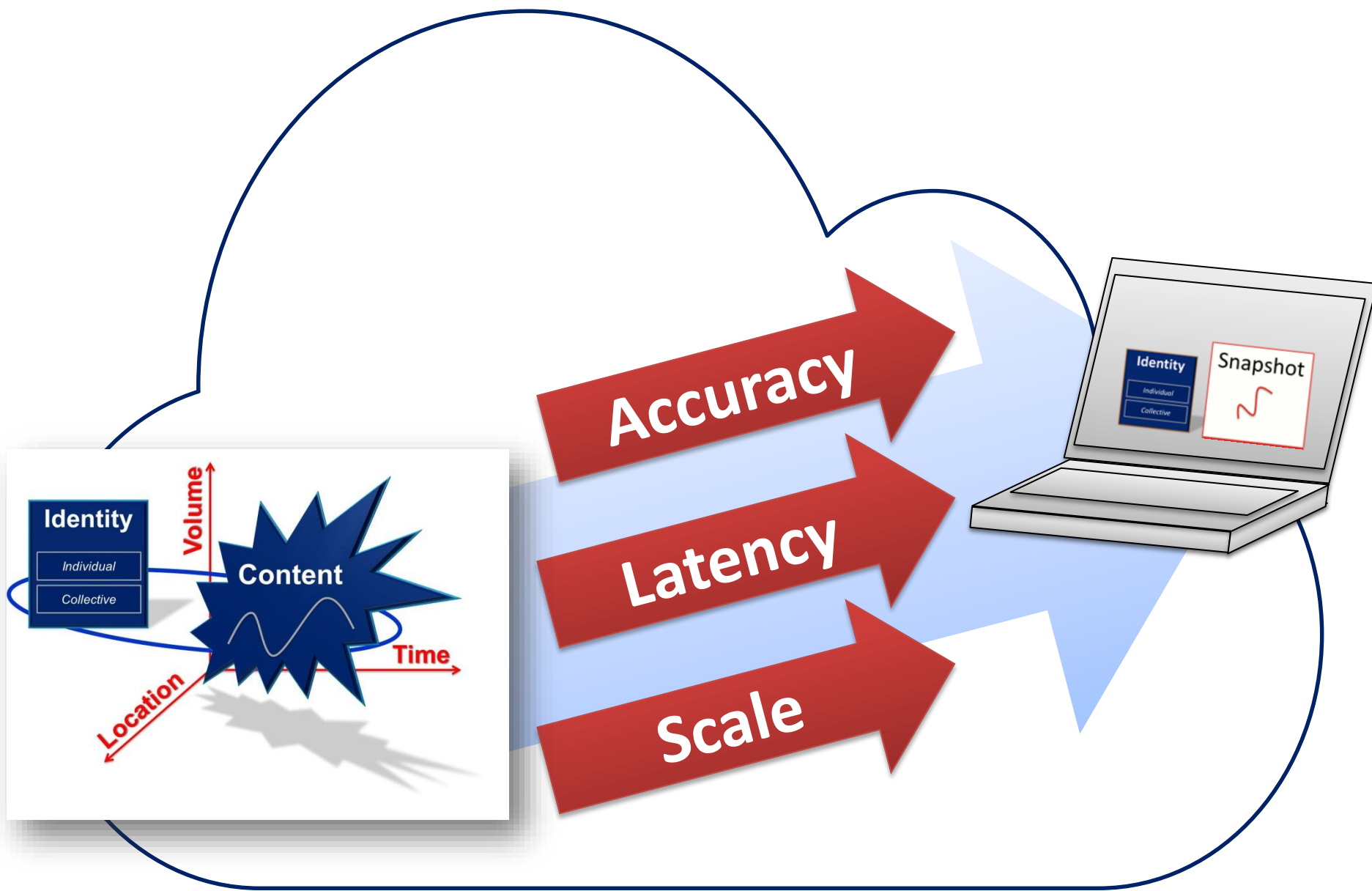
Everything what is DIGITAL is DATA.

Data = Identity & Content



Data = Identity & Content





Good scalability

Transparency

Easy to maintain

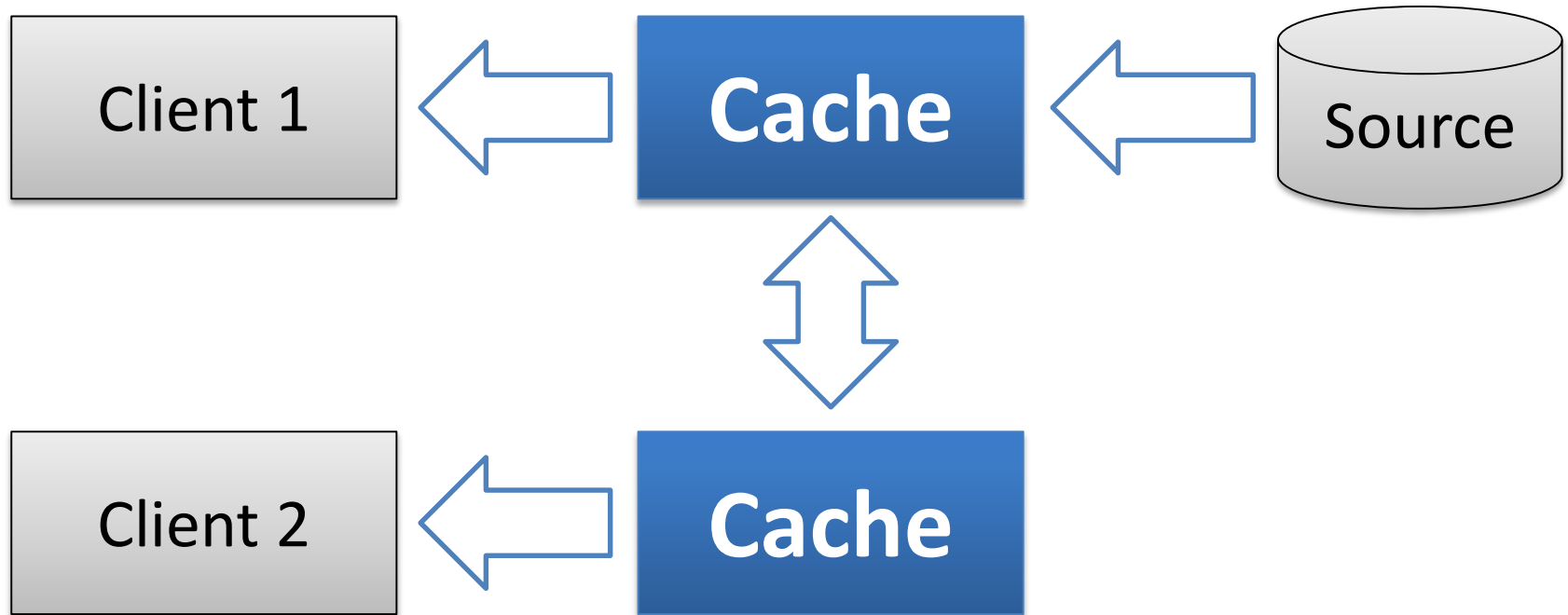
Reduced load on source

Fast recovery after failover

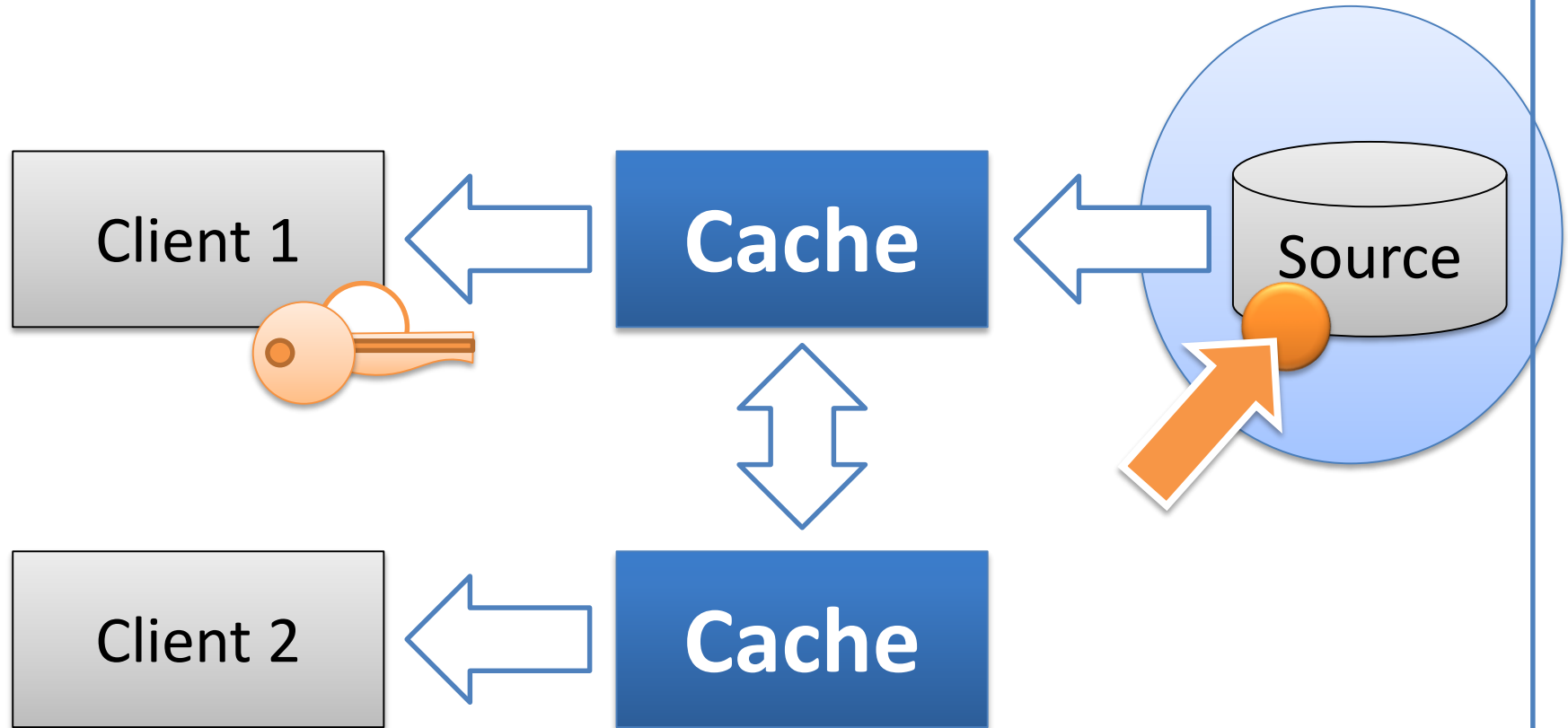
Cache Patterns

Read Through Cache

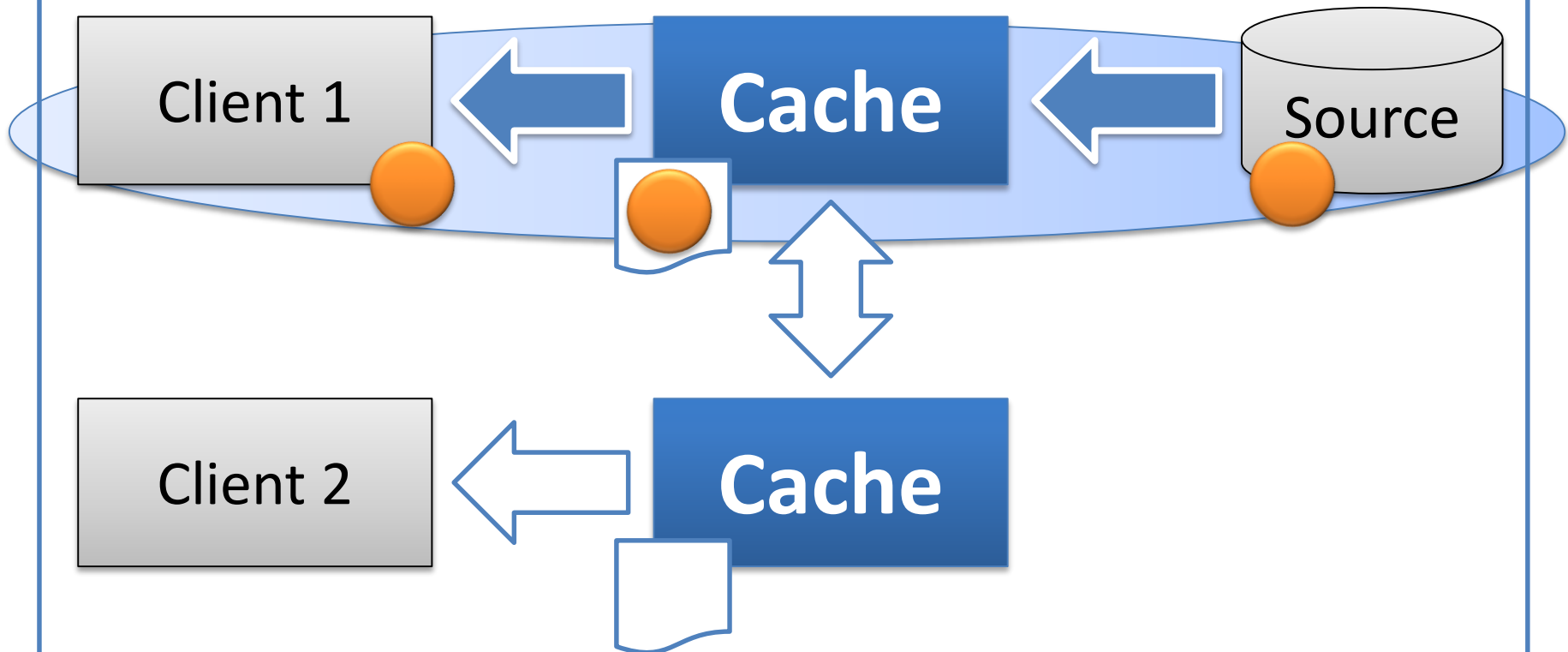
Read Through



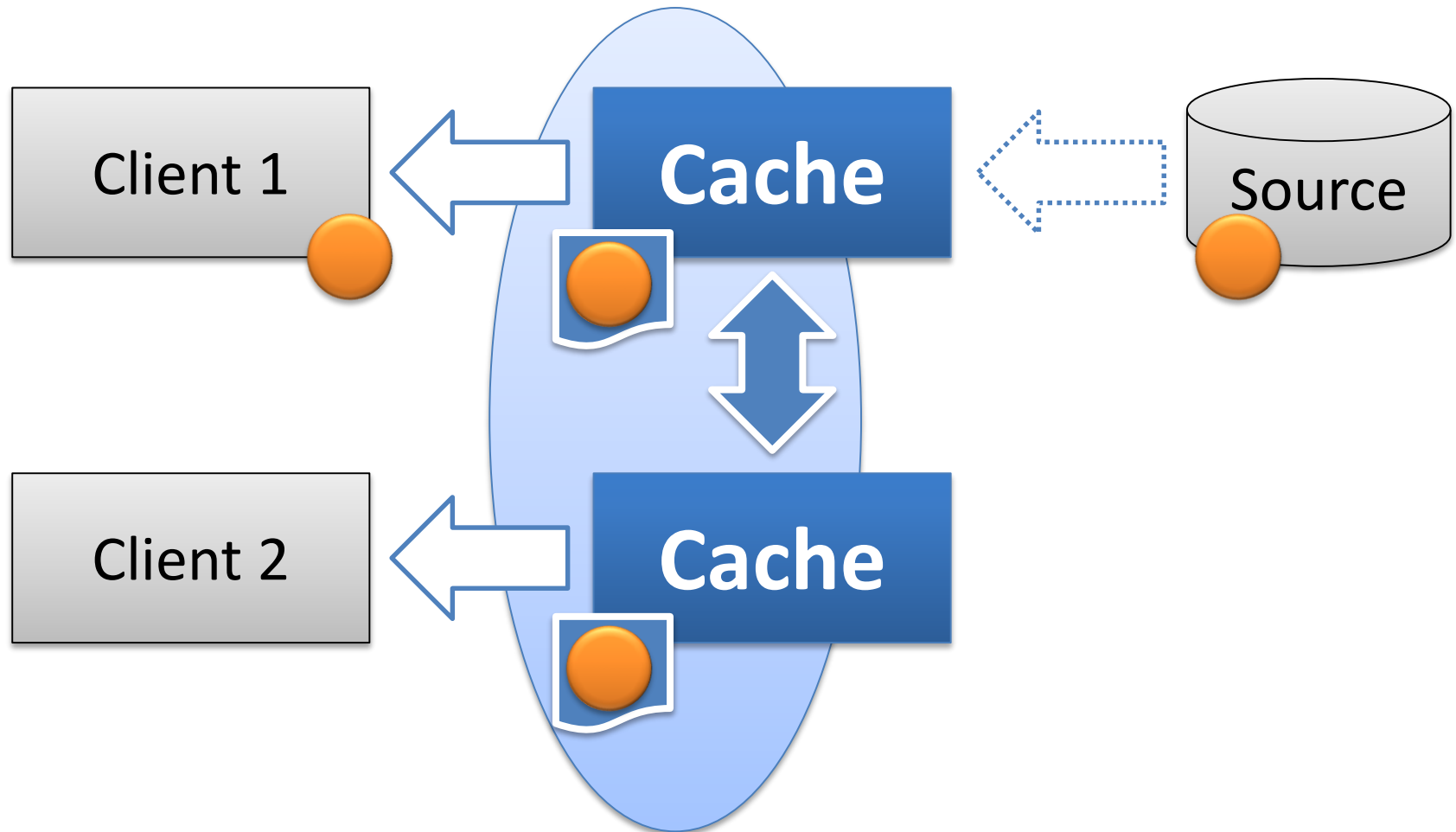
Read Through



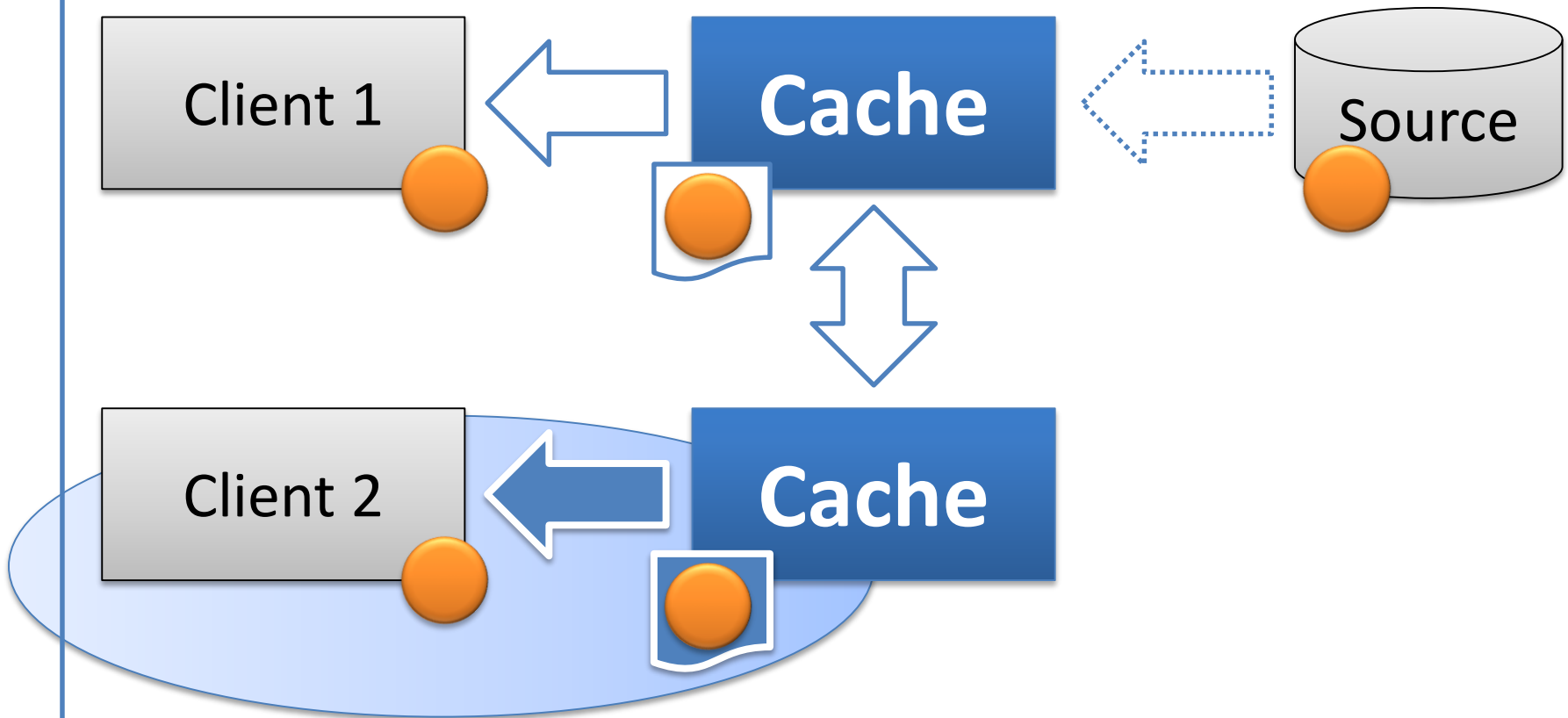
Read Through



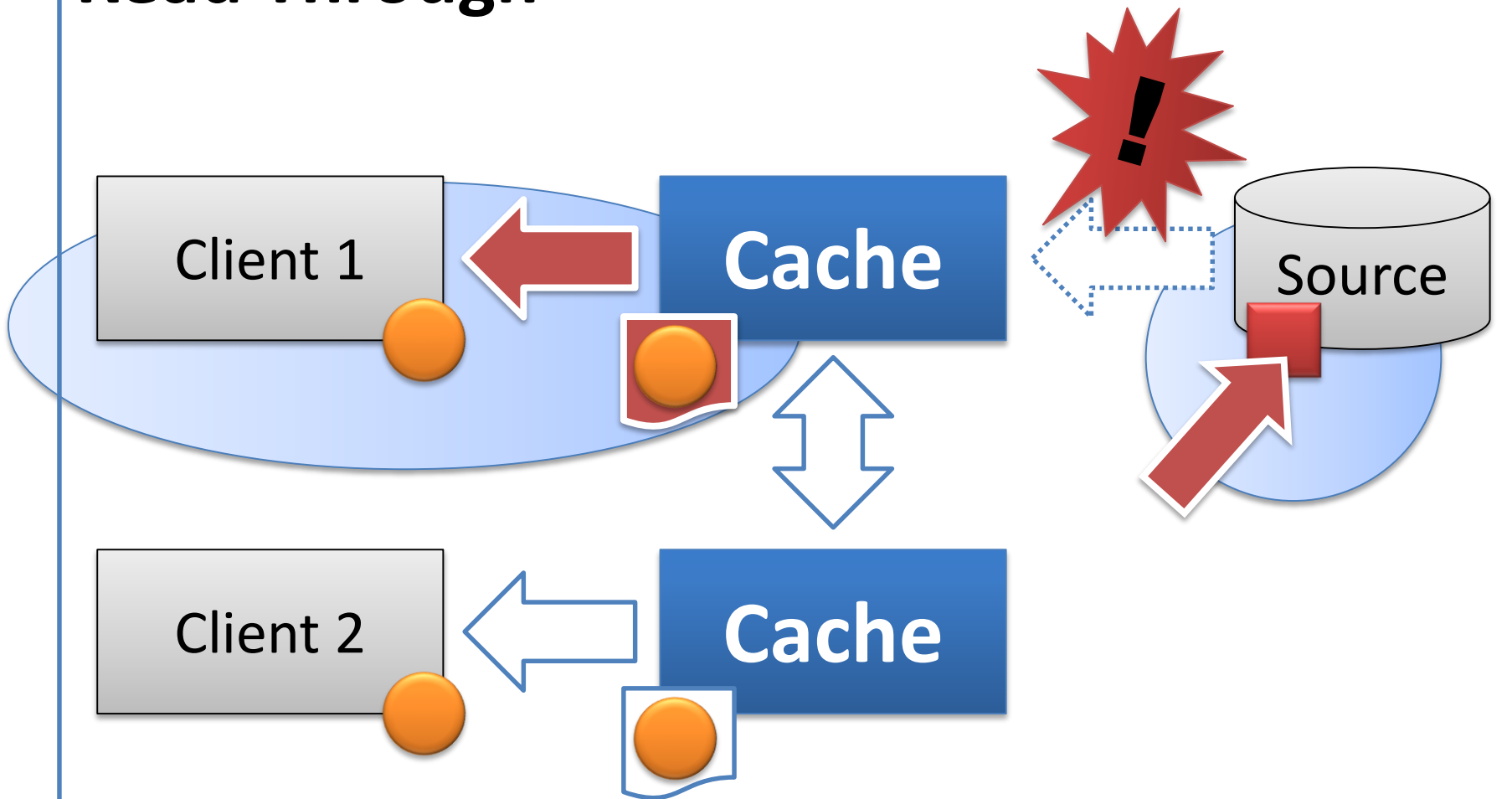
Read Through



Read Through



Read Through





- Simple, transparent
- Scalable
- Faster response time by repeating requests
- Decreases load to data source



- Read only
- Only for repeating requests
- For data with rare changes
- Requests for unique data hit data source

Read Through usage examples

Content Delivery Network (CDN)

HTTP reverse proxy

Browser proxy

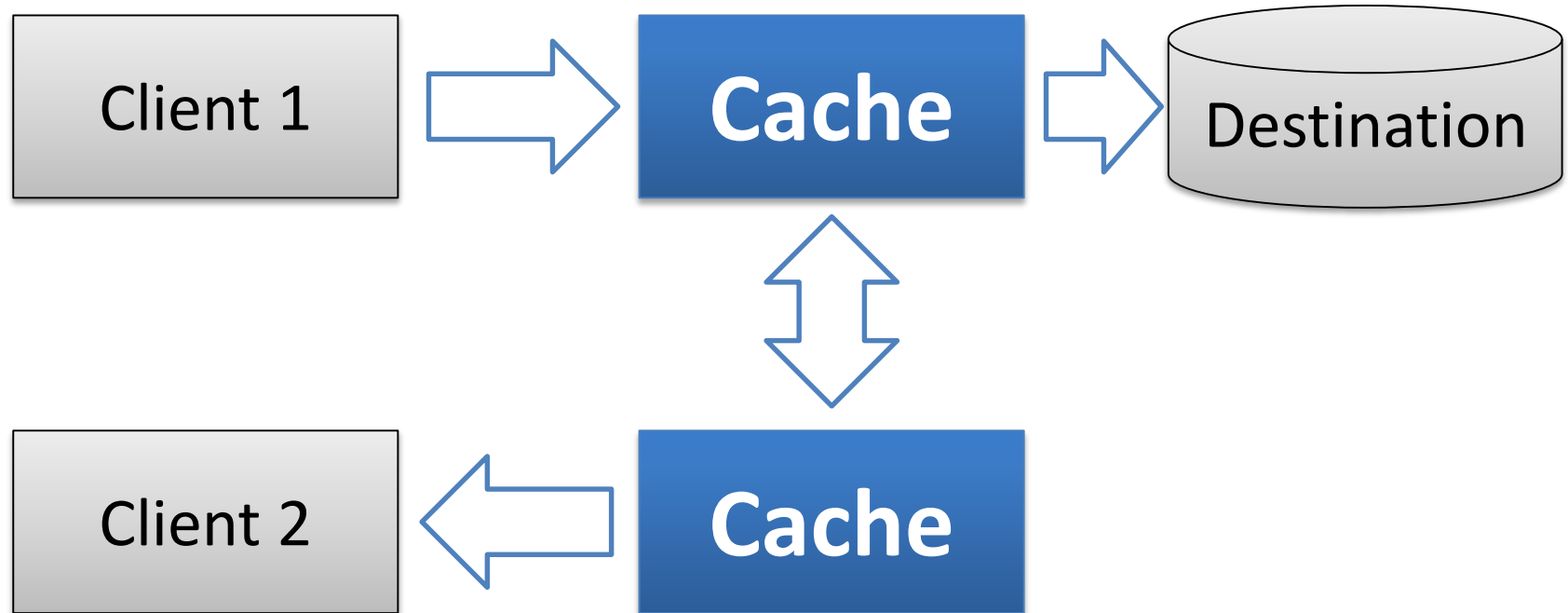
API management tools

Reusable data closer to consumption

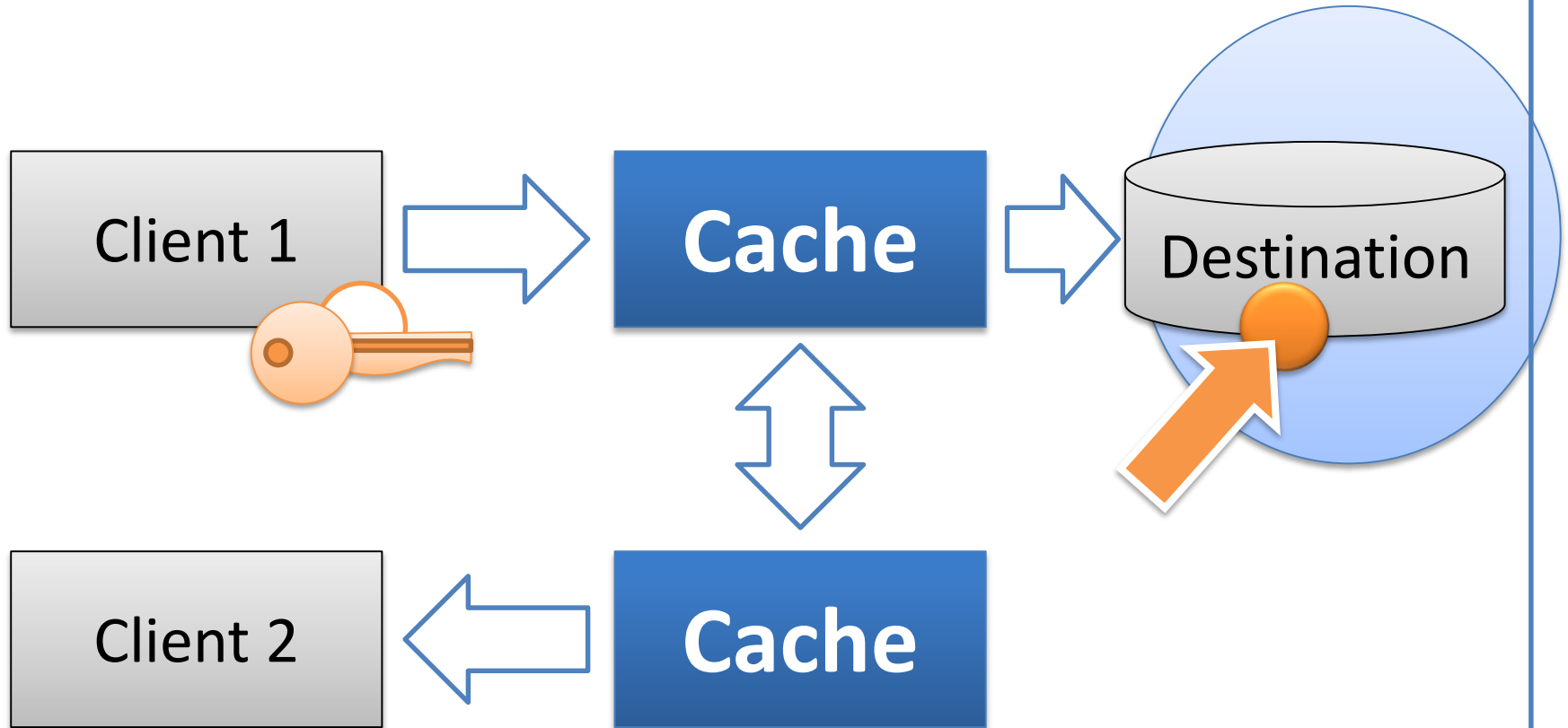
Cache Patterns

Write Through / Write behind

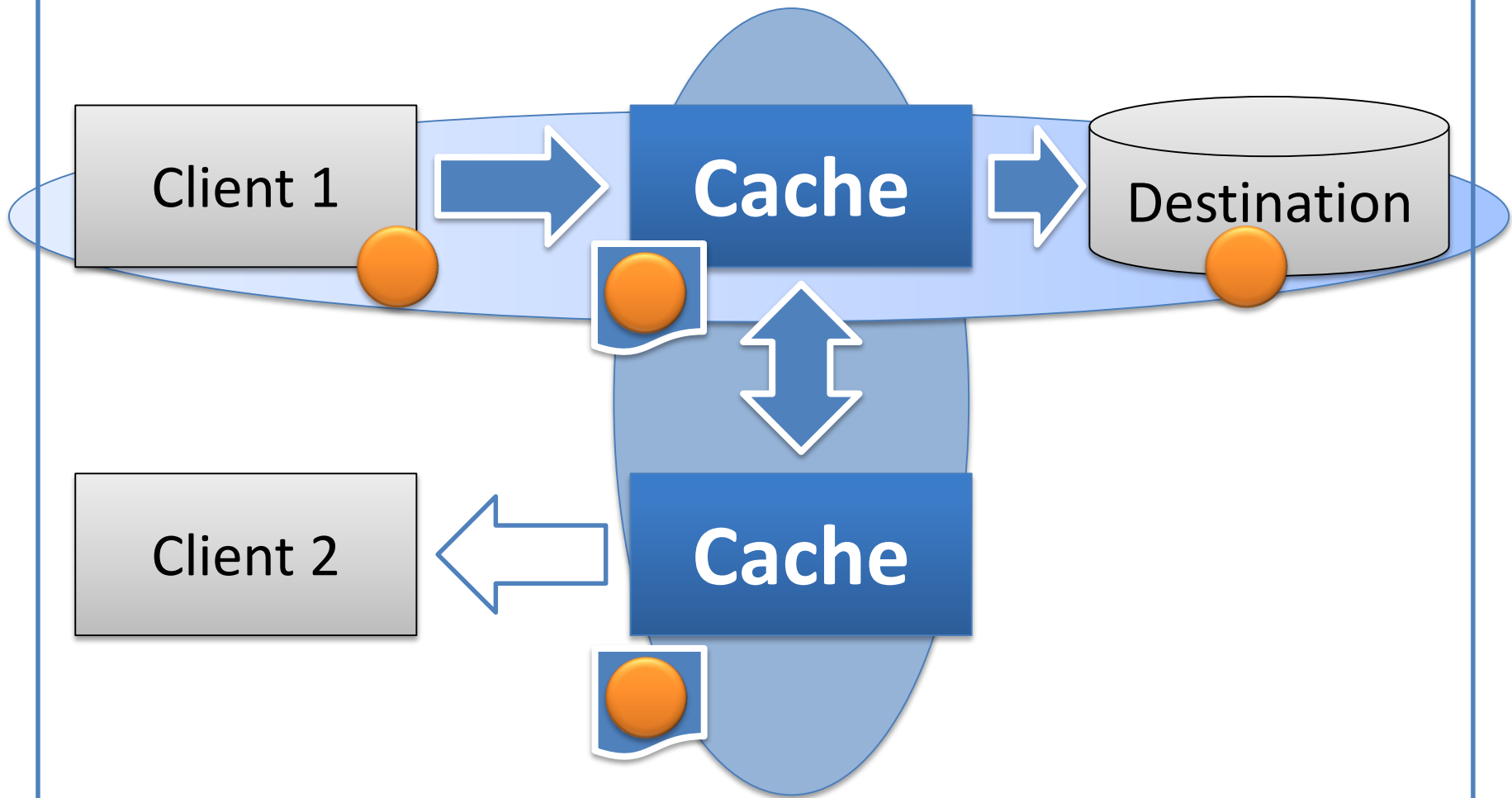
Write Through / Write behind



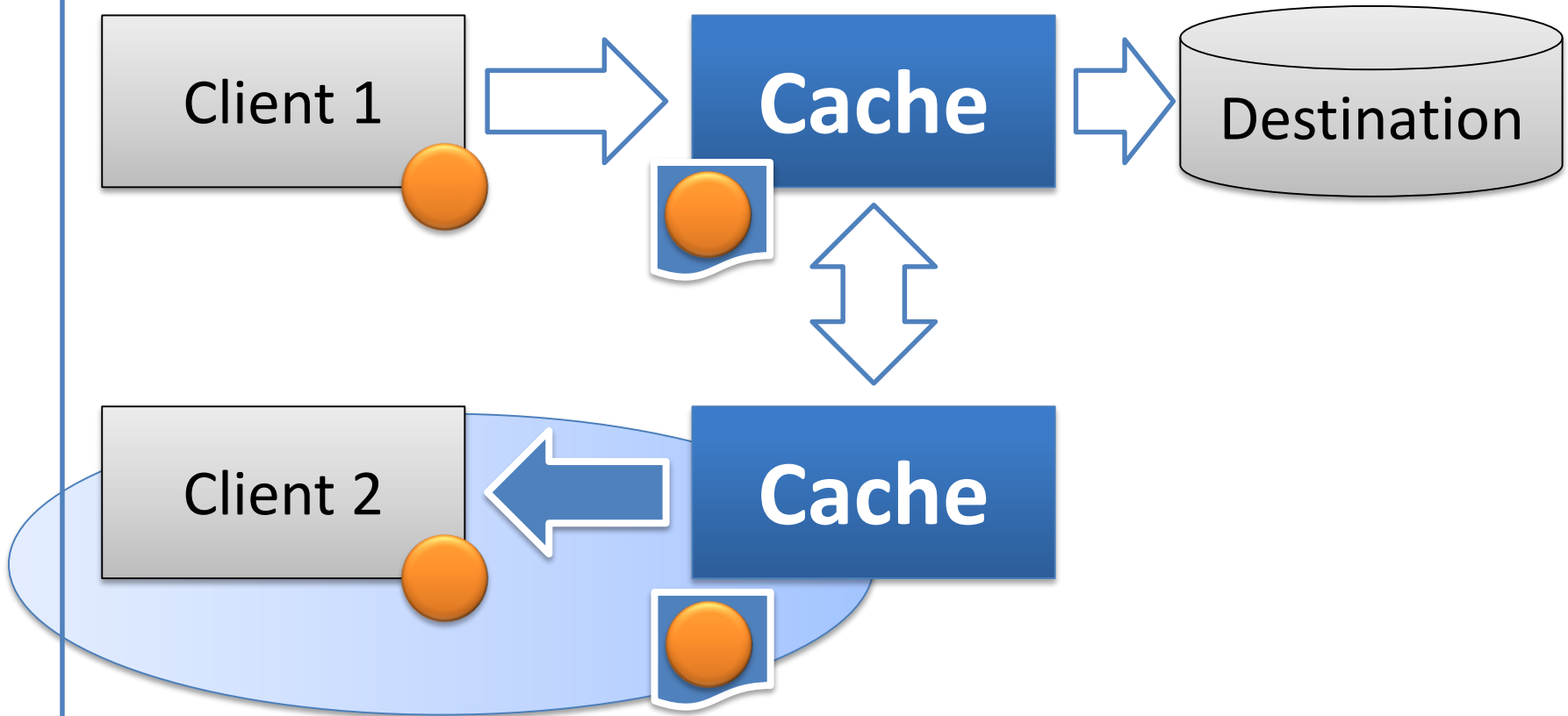
Write Through / Write behind



Write Through / Write behind



Write Through / Write behind





- Transparently hide destination systems
- The only application's source of data
- Limit amount of requests to the source
- Avoid cache misses
- Database unknown for application
- Split of responsibilities



- Does not improve writes speed
- Possible data inconsistencies
- Cache transaction finish before database' starts

Write Through usage examples

Additional application layer

API management tools

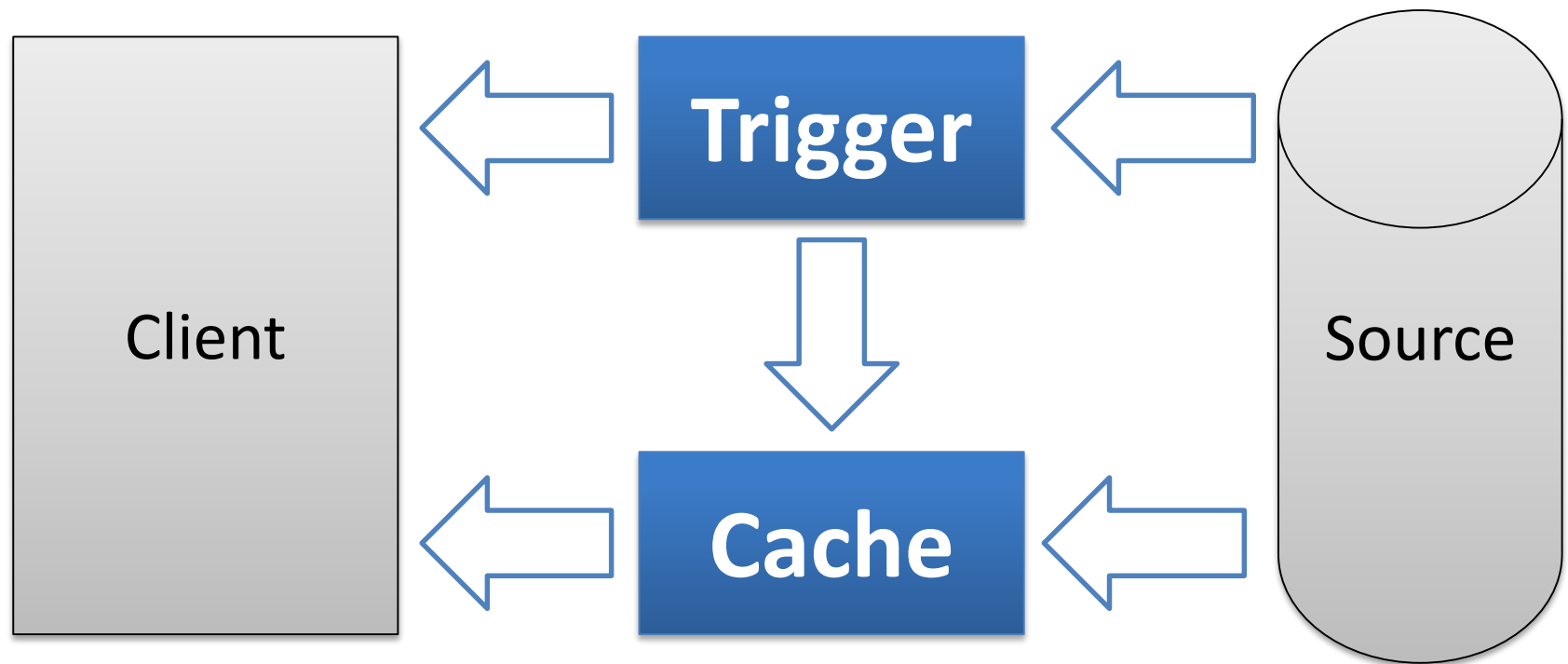
Content delivery network

Lot of writes and reads

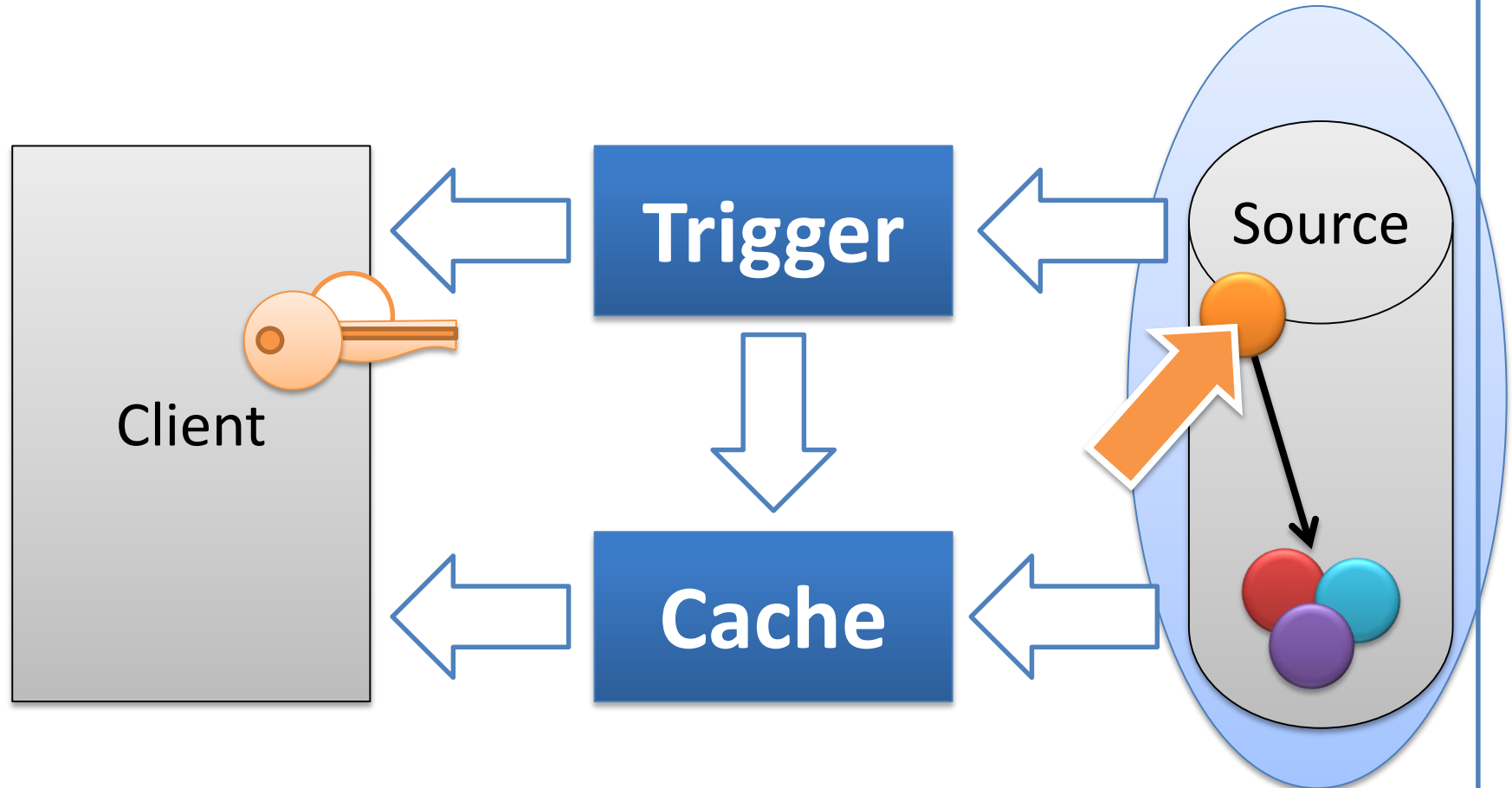
Cache Patterns

Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching

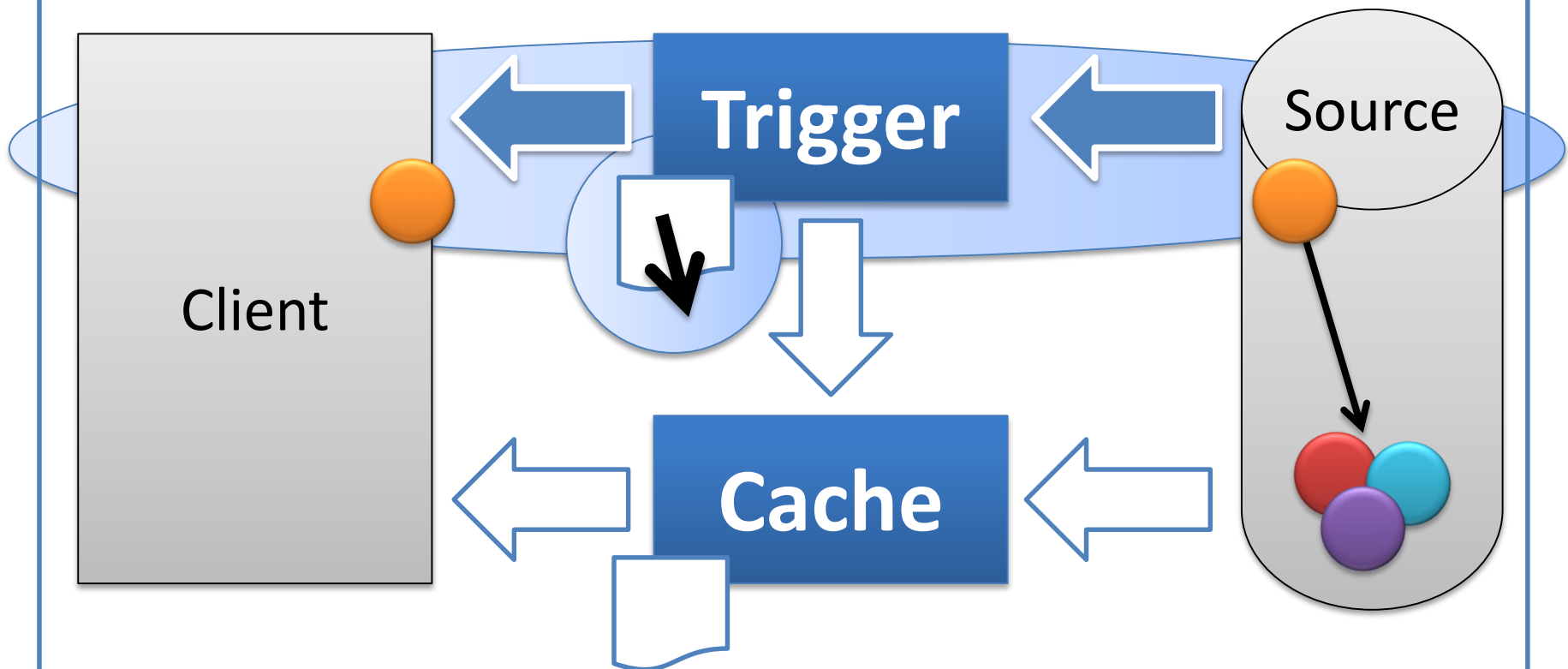
Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching



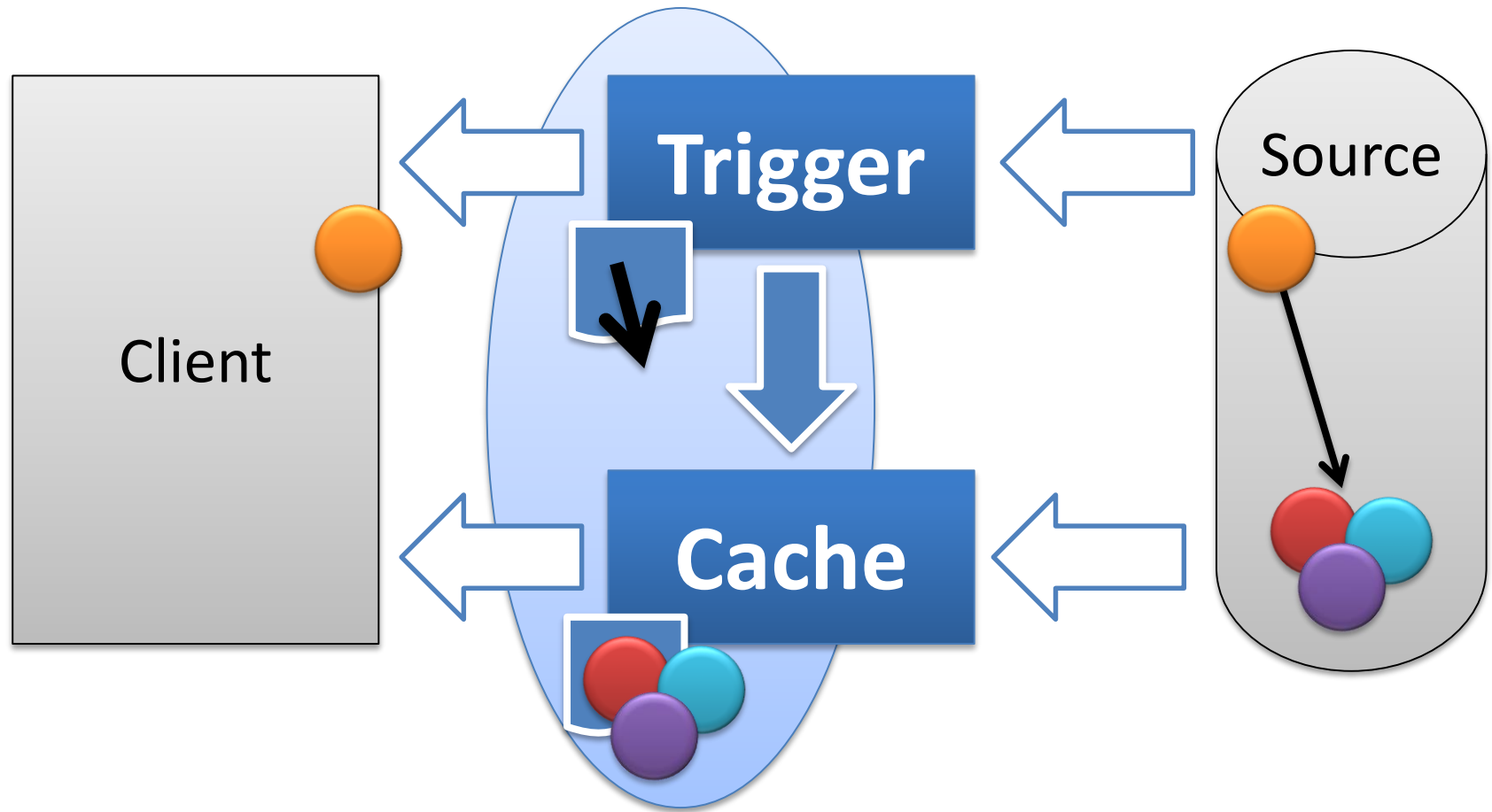
Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching



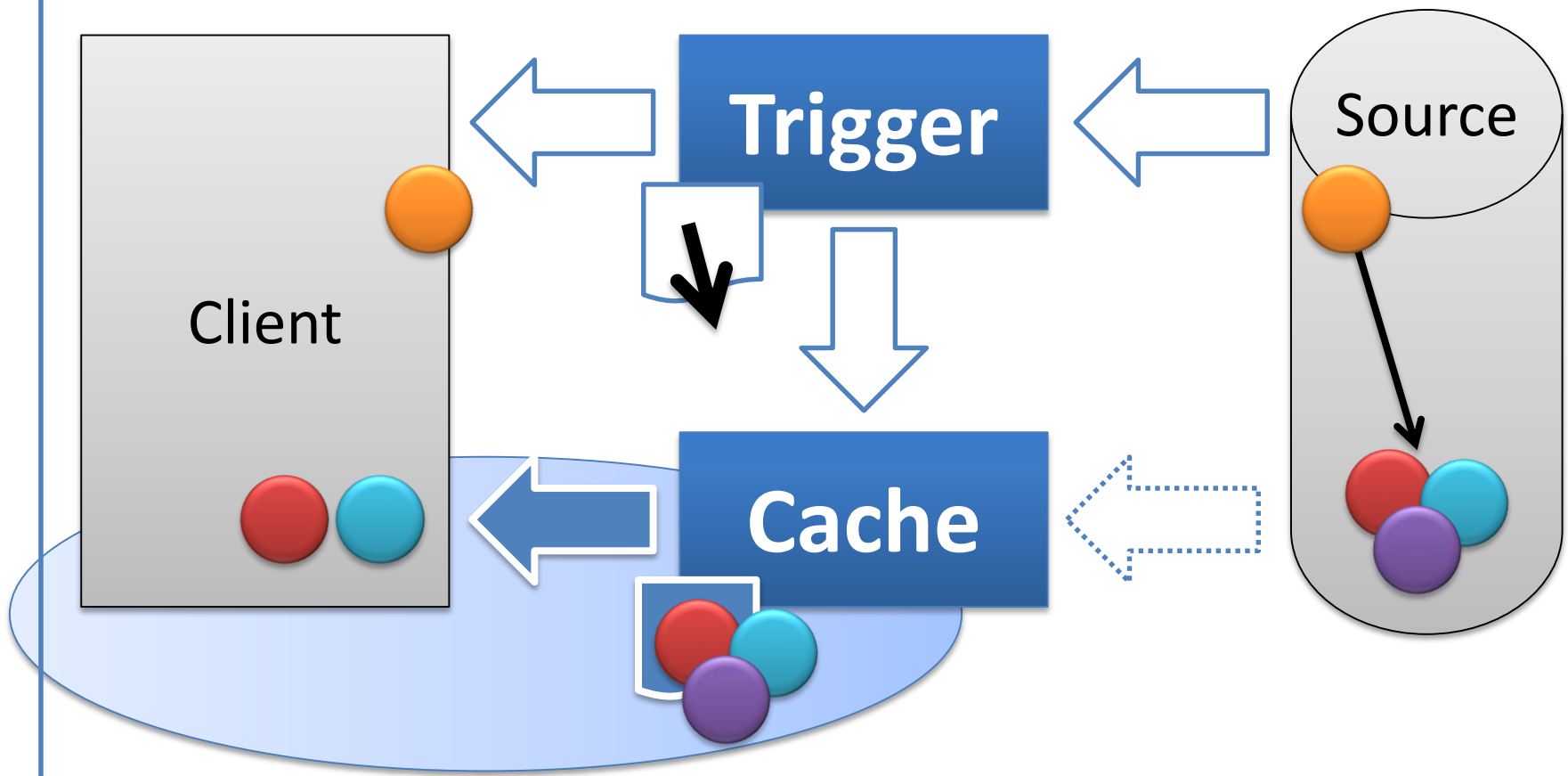
Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching



Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching



Pre-Fetch / Pre-Caching





- Fast read of non-repetitive data
- Prepare data for usage in advance
- Transparent work "behind the scene"



- Increased load on resources (data source, network, cache size)
- Redundant data in cache
- Complex trigger logic

Pre-Fetch usage examples

Master-detail pattern (search)

Asynchronous page refresh

Database pre-fetch

Guided navigation

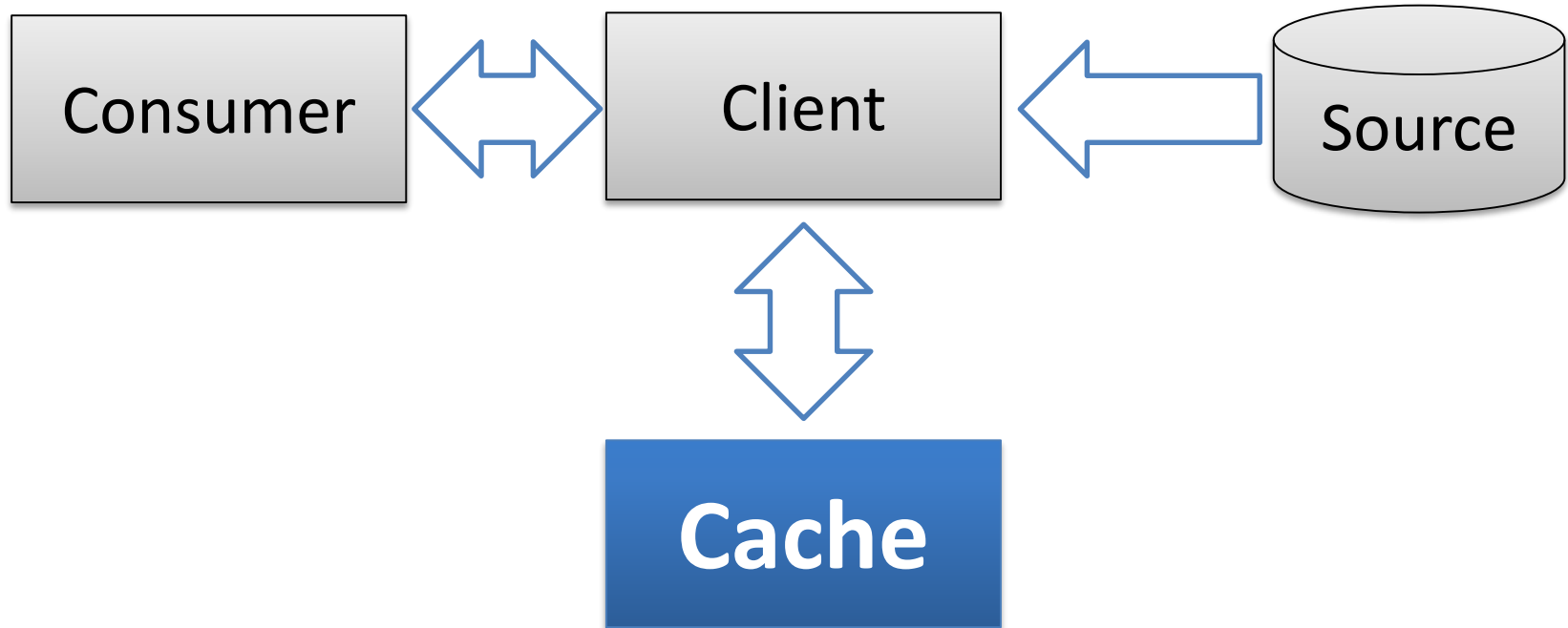
Preload of web assets

Automated and manual pre-fetching

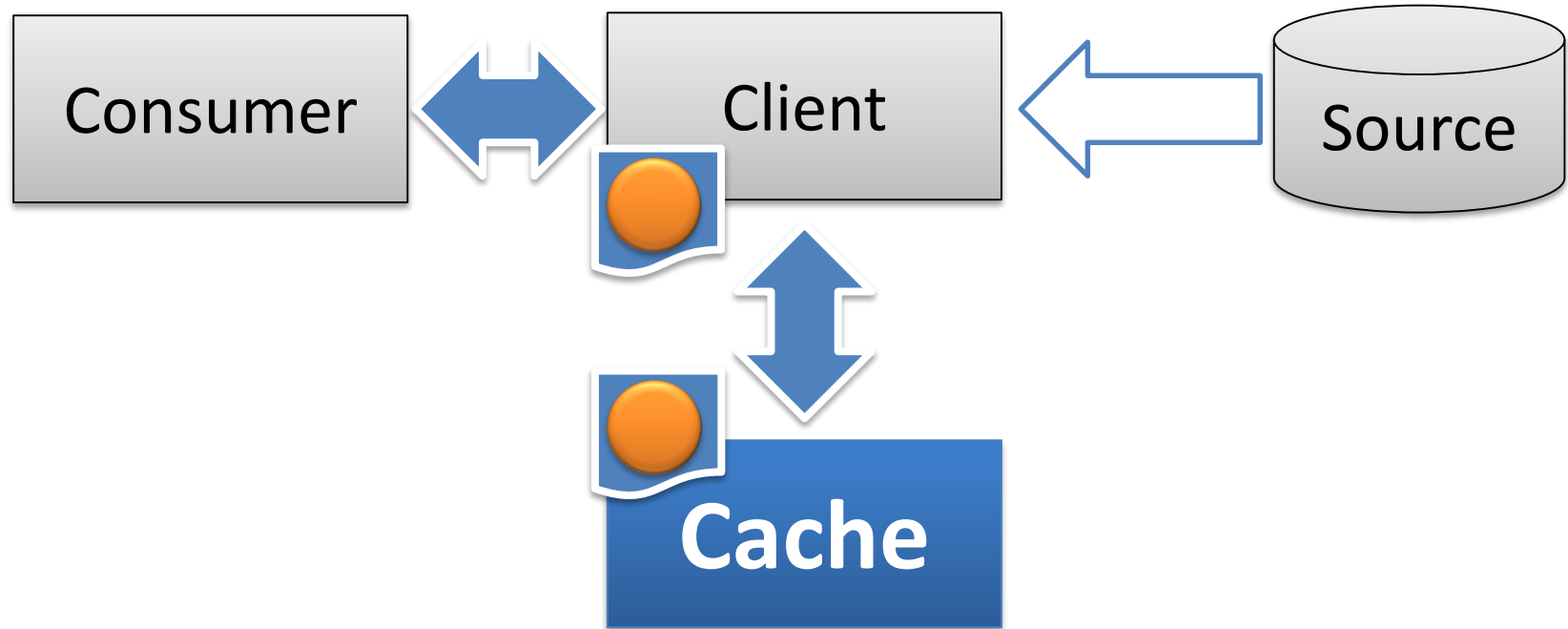
Cache Patterns

Side Cache

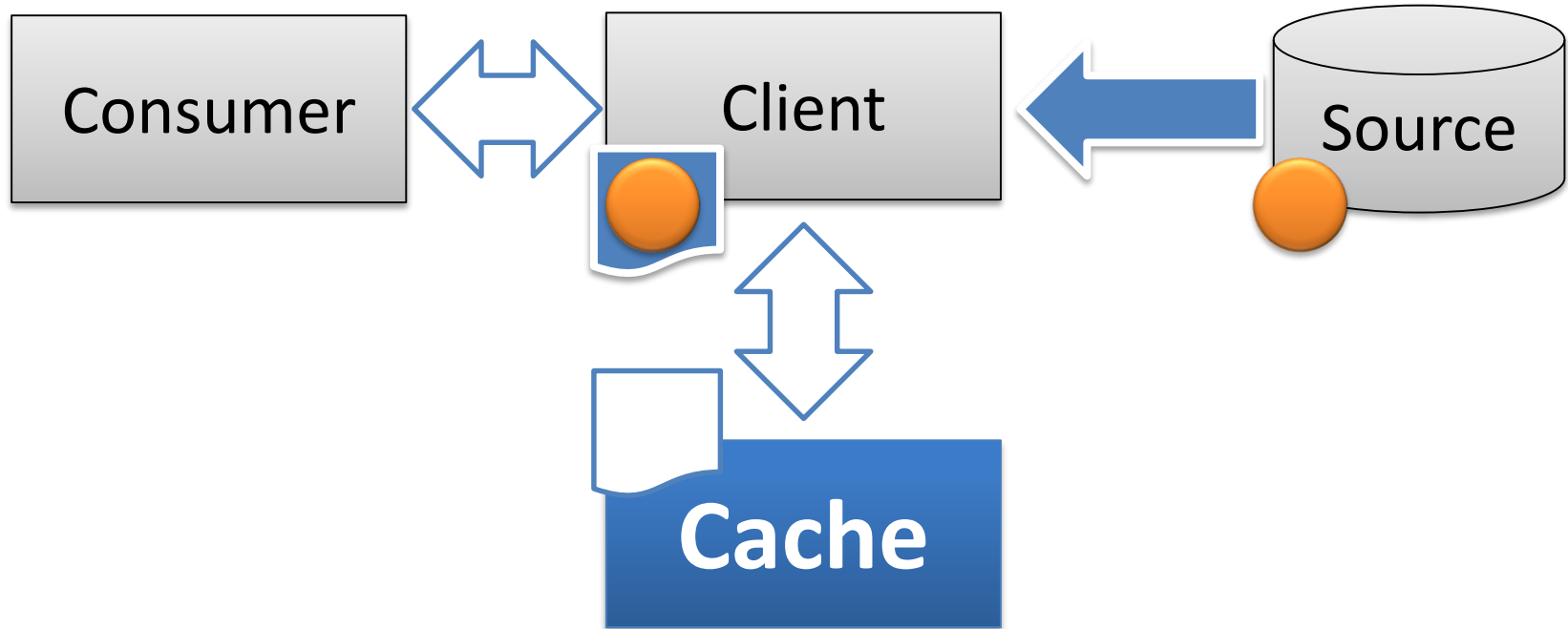
Side Cache



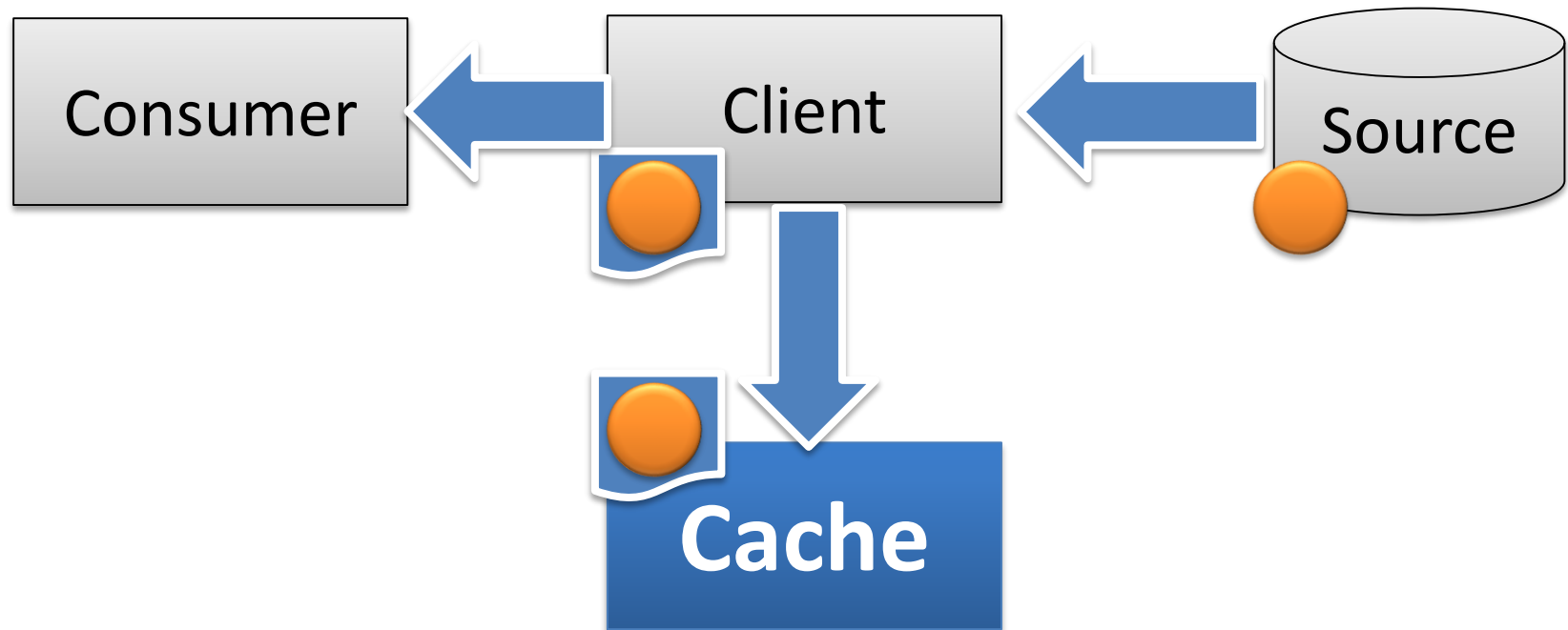
Side Cache



Side Cache



Side Cache





- Lower load to the data source
- Read Through emulation possible
- Effectively loads data on demand
- Data lifecycle management possible
- Supporting pre-caching might be used



- Not fully transparent
- Additional hops to the cache
- Not good for static data

Side cache usage examples

When dynamic data used

Resource demand is not predictable

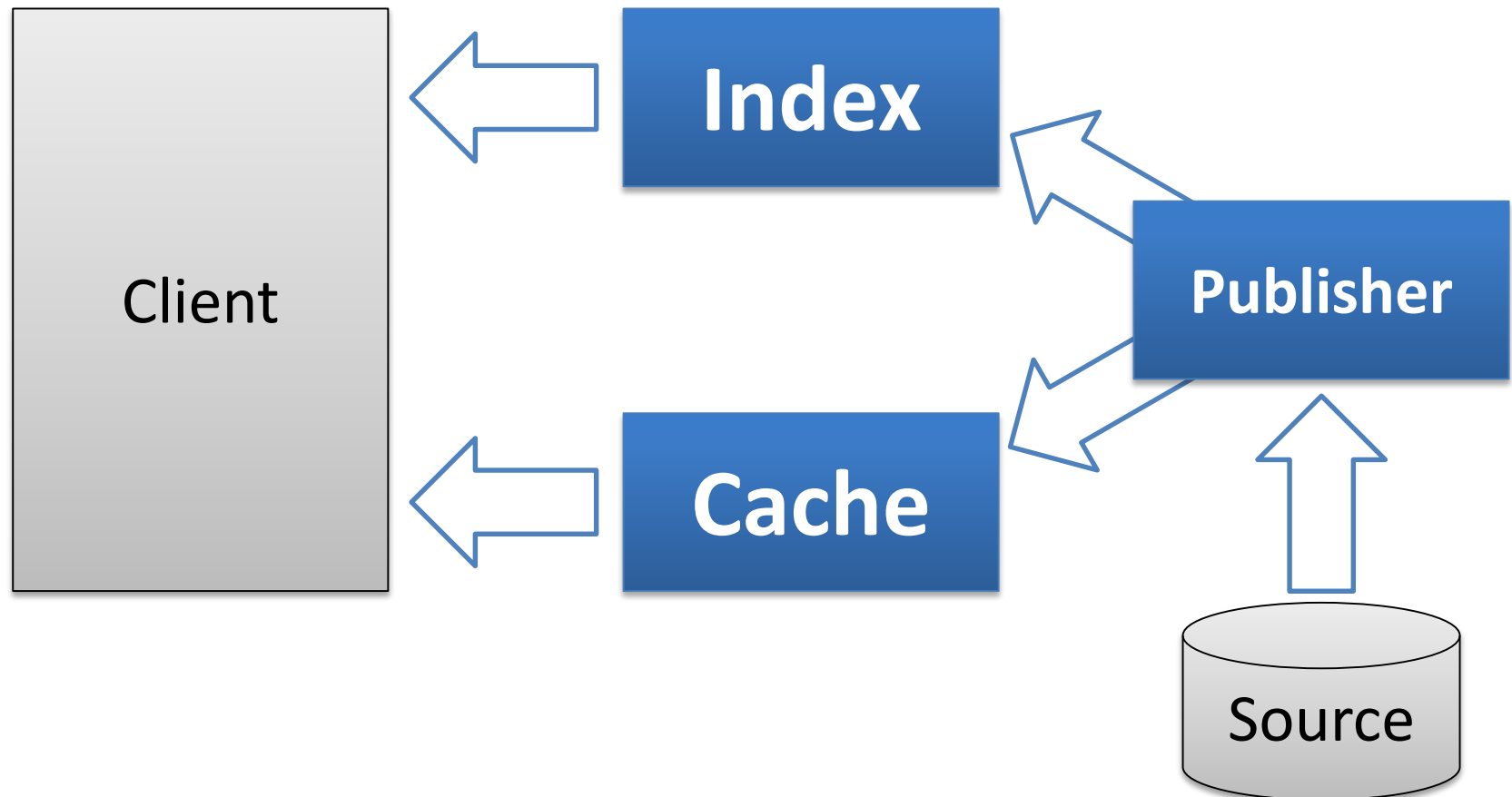
Local storage in browser

Large amount of data

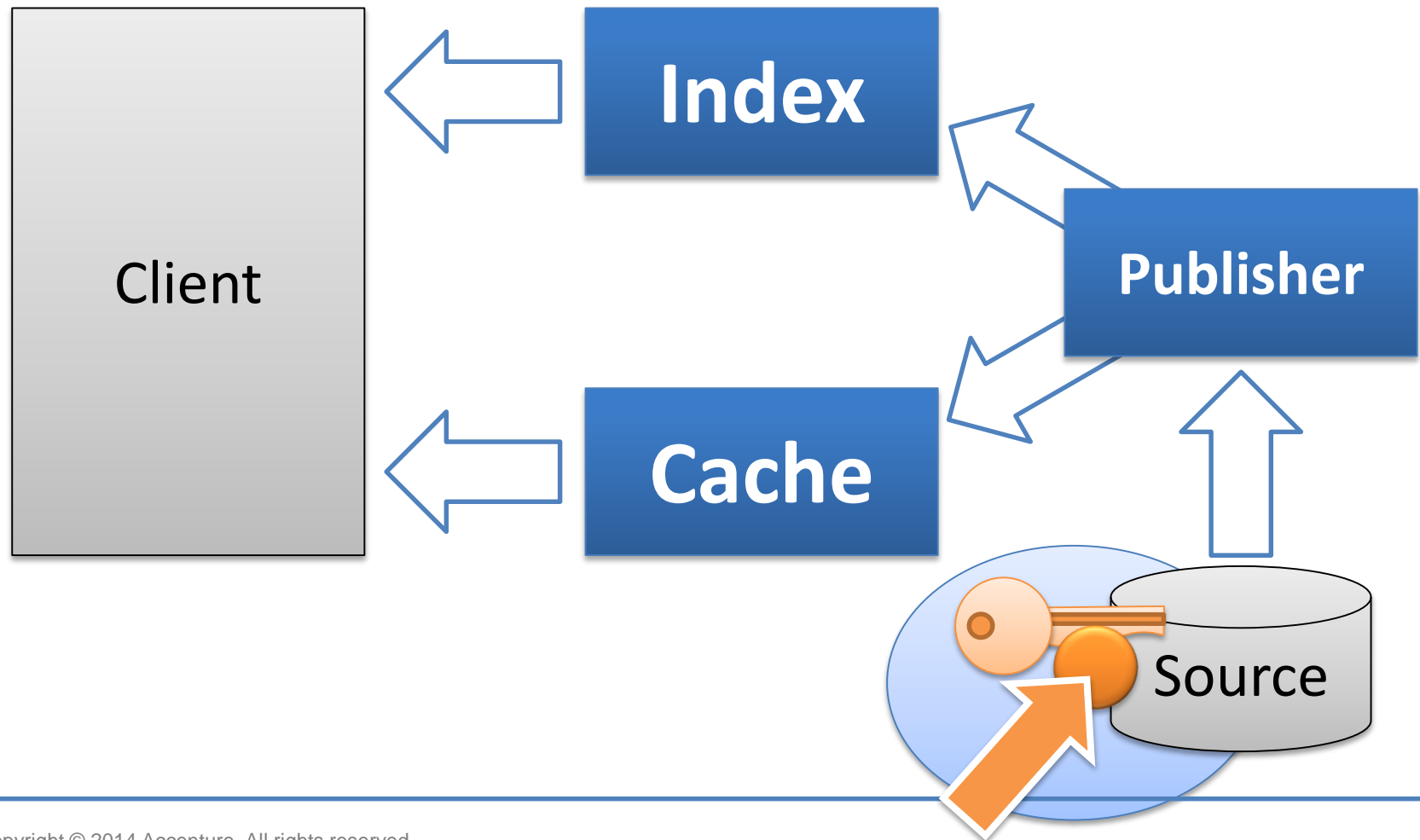
Cache Patterns

Publisher / Refresh Ahead

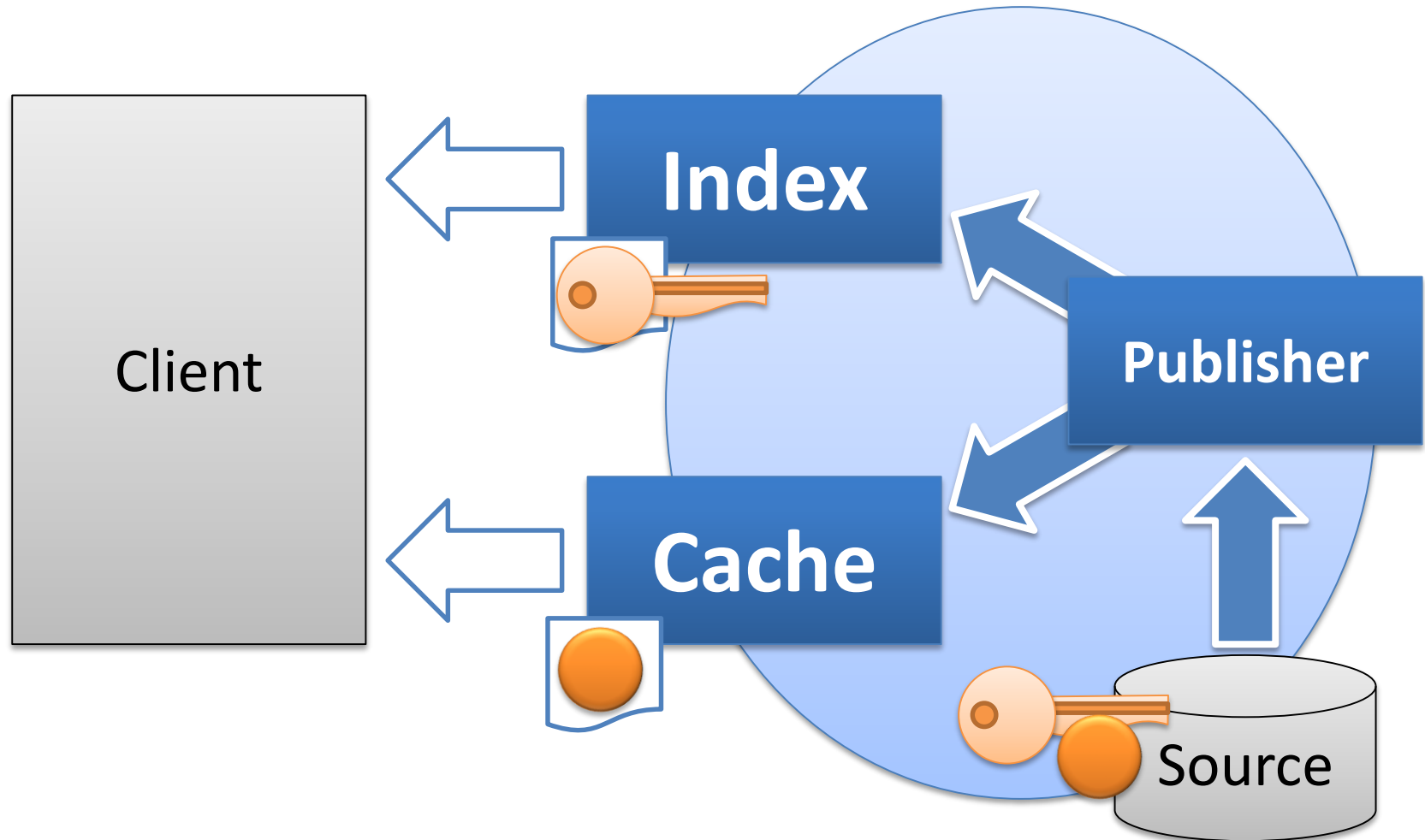
Publisher / Refresh Ahead



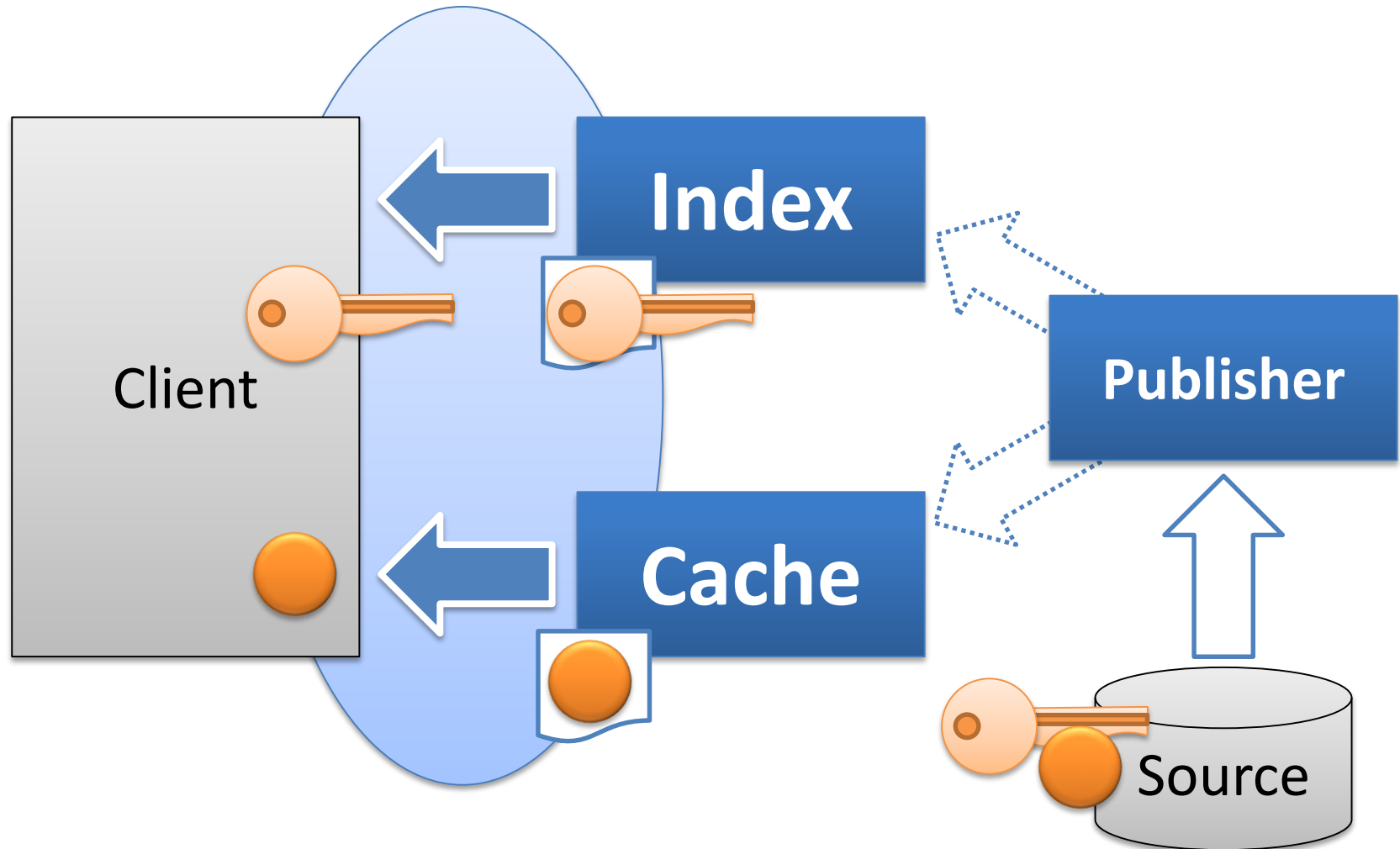
Publisher / Refresh Ahead



Publisher / Refresh Ahead



Publisher / Refresh Ahead





- Very high scalability
- Controlled “freshness” of data
- Distributed
- Data source does not limit the scaling of the application



- Read Only
- Does not reflect frequent changes
- Snapshot of data in history

Publisher usage examples

Good for static data

Optimized images for responsive design

Reports, graphs

Documents in PDF / EPub / Mobi

Stock amount in Eshop

Data Distribution

CDN

- Static files and images
- Websites

Frontend

- HTTP requests and session data
- User's data

Application Logic

- Short-term code results
- External calls and sessions

Integration

- Request to external systems
- Responses from requests

Database Layer

- SQL queries and parameters
- Connection strings and configurations



**Performing
Application**

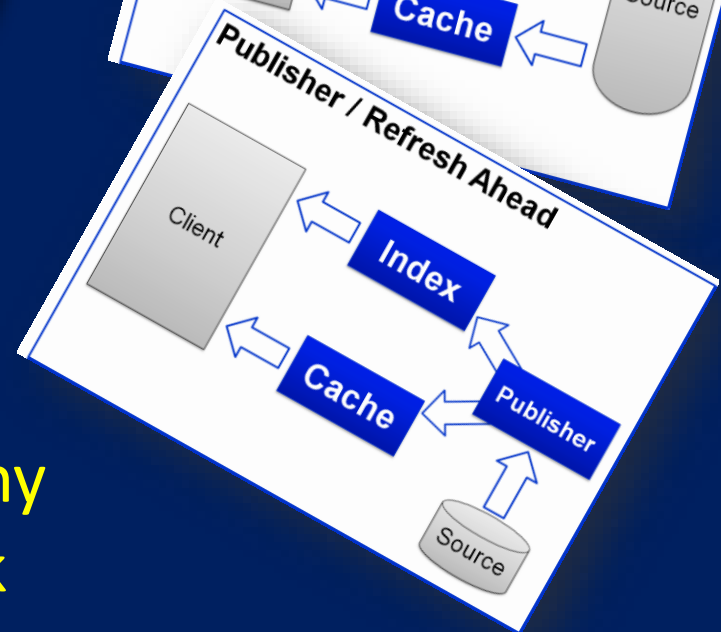
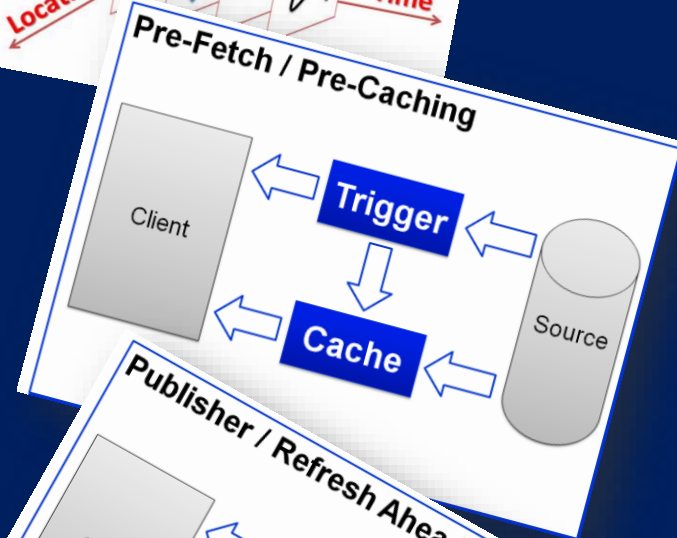
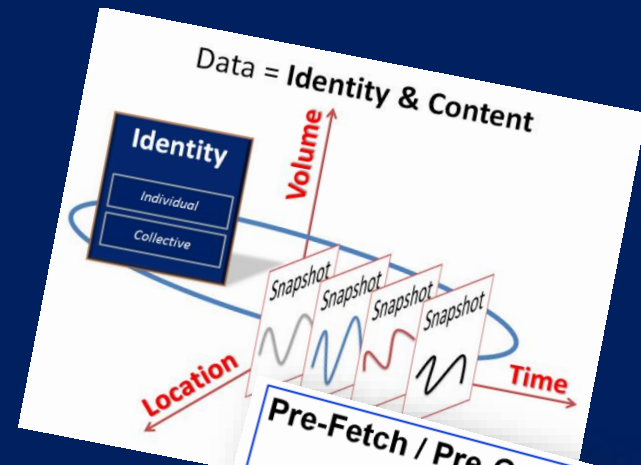
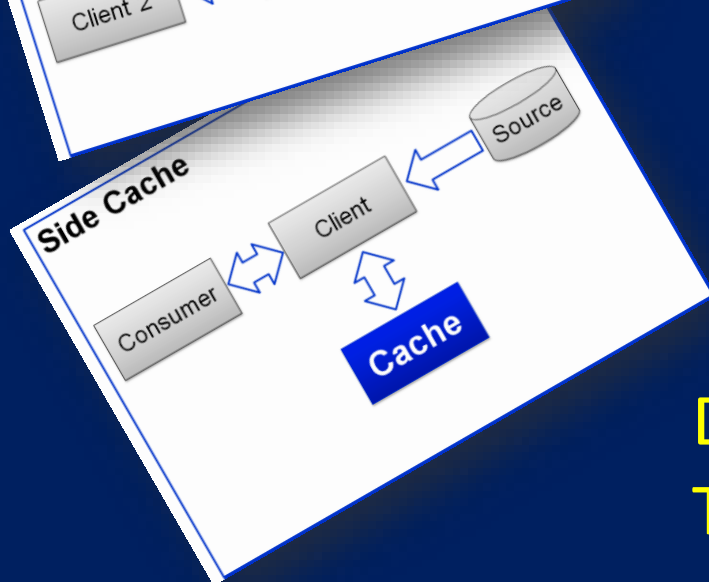
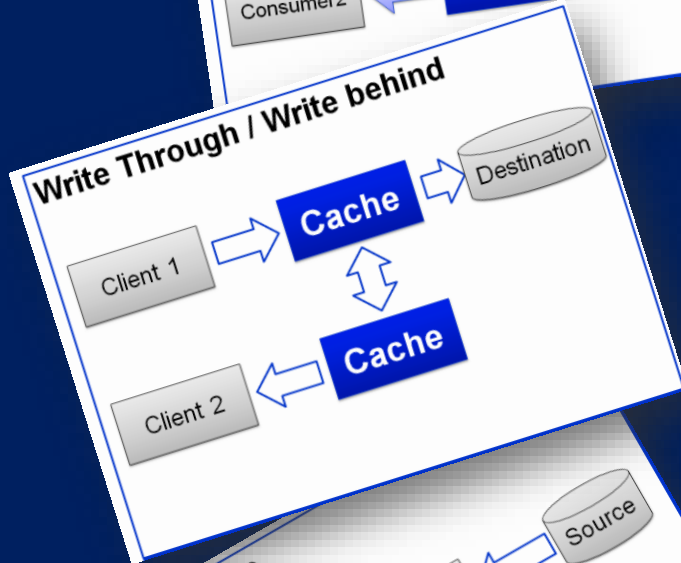
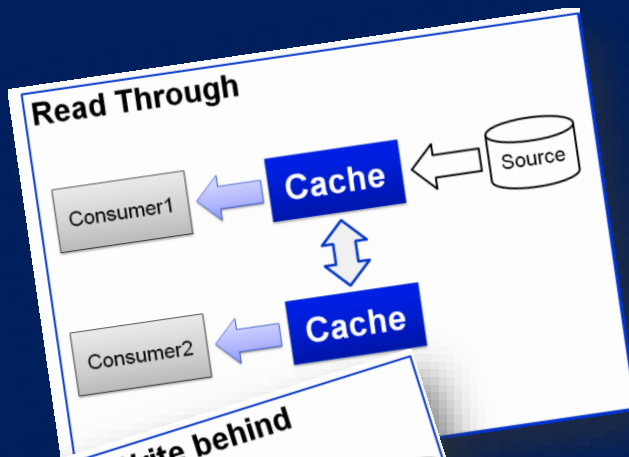
**Right caching
pattern**

DATA

**Application
improvements**

Questions, Answers & Ratings

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