### Java Streams: Overview of Aggregate Operations

Douglas C. Schmidt

<u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u>

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt



**Institute for Software Integrated Systems** 

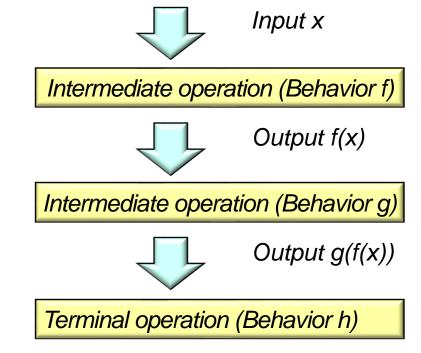
Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA





#### Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

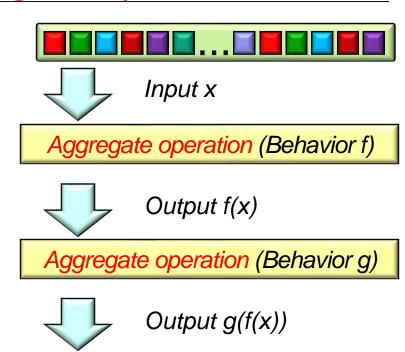
• Understand the structure & functionality of stream aggregate operations



 An aggregate operation is a higher-order function that applies a "behavior" on elements in a stream



A "higher order function" is a function that is passed a function as a param

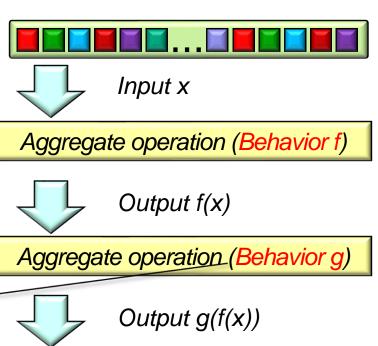


Output h(g(f(x)))

Aggregate operation (Behavior h)

See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Higher-order\_function

 An aggregate operation is a higher-order function that applies a "behavior" on elements in a stream



The behavior can be a lambda or method reference to a function, predicate, consumer, supplier, etc.

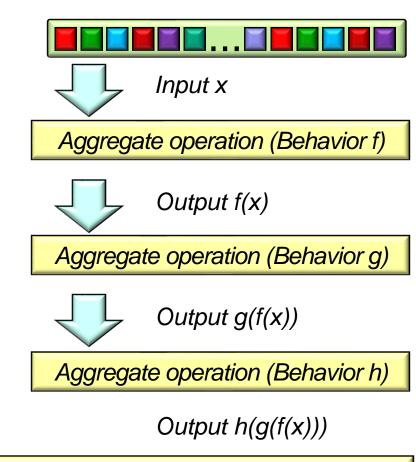
Aggregate operation (Behavior h)

Output h(g(f(x)))

See www.drdobbs.com/jvm/lambda-expressions-in-java-8/240166764

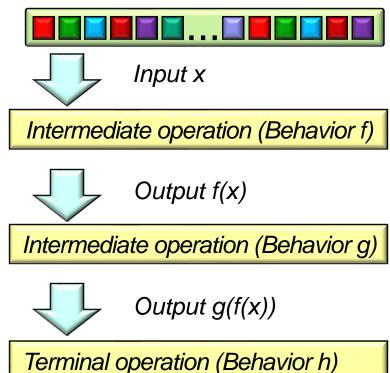
 An aggregate operation is a higher-order function that applies a "behavior" on elements in a stream



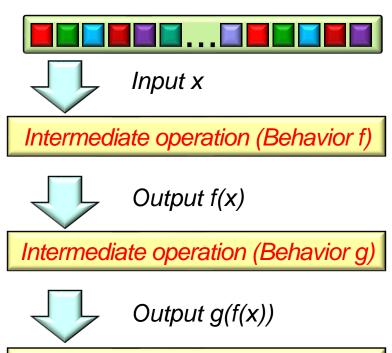


There are two types of aggregate operations



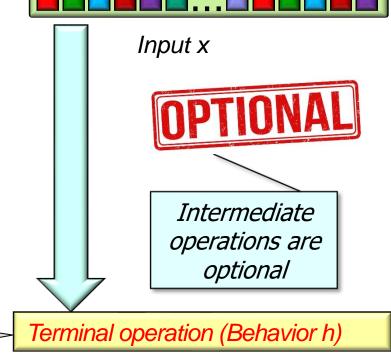


- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
    - Process elements in their input stream
       & yield an output stream
      - e.g., filter(), map(), flatMap(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.



Terminal operation (Behavior h)

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
    - Process elements in their input stream
       & yield an output stream
      - e.g., filter(), map(), flatMap(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.



.count();

See geekylearner.com/java-stream-intermediate-operations-learn-by-examples

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
    - Process elements in their input stream
       & yield an output stream
    - Intermediate operations can be further classified via several dimensions

	Run-to- completion	Shorct- Circuiting
Stateful	distinct(), skip(), sorted()	limit(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.
Stateless	filter(), map(), flatMap(), etc.	N/A

There are two types of aggregate operations

#### Intermediate operations

- Process elements in their input stream
   & yield an output stream
- Intermediate operations can be further classified via several dimensions, e.g.
  - Stateful
    - Store info from a prior invocation for use in a future invocation



	Run-to- completion	Short- Circuiting
Stateful	distinct(), skip(), sorted()	limit(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.
Stateless	filter(), map(), flatMap(), etc.	N/A

See <a href="mailto:stream-operations">stream-operations</a>

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
    - Process elements in their input stream
       & yield an output stream
    - Intermediate operations can be further classified via several dimensions, e.g.
      - Stateful
      - Stateless
        - Do not store info from any prior invocations

	Run-to- completion	Short- Circuiting
Stateful	distinct(), skip(), sorted()	limit(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.
Stateless	filter(), map(), flatMap(), etc.	N/A

See <u>javapapers.com/java/java-stream-api</u>

There are two types of aggregate operations

#### Intermediate operations

- Process elements in their input stream & yield an output stream
- Intermediate operations can be further classified via several dimensions, e.g.
  - Stateful
  - Stateless
  - Run-to-completion
    - Process all elements in the input stream

Stateful
Stateless

on	Short- Circuiting
,	limit(), takeWhile(), dropWhile(), etc.
	N/A

distinct()

skip(),

sorted()

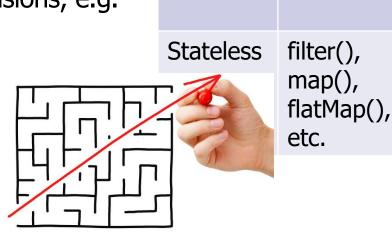
filter(),

map(),

etc.

flatMap(),

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
    - Process elements in their input stream & yield an output stream
    - Intermediate operations can be further classified via several dimensions, e.g.
      - Stateful
      - Stateless
      - Run-to-completion
      - Short-circuiting
        - Make stream operate on a reduced size



Stateful

Run-tocompletion distinct(),

skip(),

sorted()

map(),

etc.

limit(), takeWhile(),

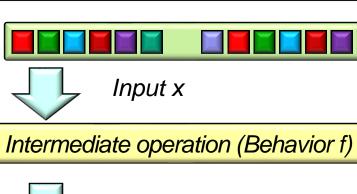
dropWhile(), etc. N/A

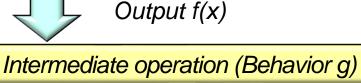
See www.logicbig.com/tutorials/core-java-tutorial/java-util-stream/short-circuiting.html

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
  - Terminal operations
    - Trigger intermediate operations & produce a non-stream result
      - e.g., forEach(), reduce(), collect(), findAny(), etc.



One terminal operation is mandatory in a stream







Output g(f(x))

Terminal operation (Behavior h)

See www.leveluplunch.com/java/examples/stream-terminal-operations-example

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
  - Terminal operations
    - Trigger intermediate operations & produce a non-stream result
    - Terminal operations can also be classified via several dimensions

Operation Type	Examples
Run-to- completion	reduce(), collect(), forEach(), etc.
Short-circuiting	allMatch(), anyMatch(), findAny(), findFirst(), noneMatch()

- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
  - Terminal operations
    - Trigger intermediate operations & produce a non-stream result
    - Terminal operations can also be classified via several dimensions, e.g.
      - Run-to-completion
        - Terminate only after processing all elements in the stream

Operation Type	Examples
Run-to- completion	<pre>reduce(), collect(), forEach(), etc.</pre>
Short-circuiting	allMatch(), anyMatch(), findAny(), findFirst(), noneMatch()
4	



- There are two types of aggregate operations
  - Intermediate operations
  - Terminal operations
    - Trigger intermediate operations & produce a non-stream result
    - Terminal operations can also be classified via several dimensions, e.g.
      - Run-to-completion
      - Short-circuiting
        - May cause a stream to terminate before processing all values

Operation Type	Examples
Run-to- completion	reduce(), collect(), forEach(), etc.
Short-circuiting	allMatch(), anyMatch(), findAny(), findFirst(), noneMatch()



# End of Java Streams: Overview of Aggregate Operations