Java Parallel ImageStreamGang Example: Implementing Behaviors

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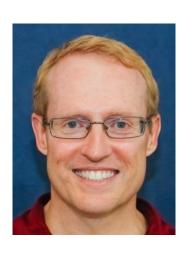
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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Recognize the structure/functionality void processStream() {
 of the ImageStreamGang ann List<URL> urls = getInput();
- of the ImageStreamGang app
 Know how Java parallel streams are
- applied to the ImageStreamGang app
 Understand the parallel streams implementation of ImageStreamGang

```
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
```

- .parallelStream()
 .filter(not(this::urlCached))
 .map(this::blockingDownload)
 - .map(tnis::blockingDownload)
 .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
 .collect(toList());

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
+ filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() void processStream() {

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
in ImageStreamParallel.java
                                List<Image> filteredImages = urls
                                  .parallelStream()
                                  .filter(not(this::urlCached))
```

```
.map(this::blockingDownload)
.flatMap(this::applyFilters)
.collect(toList());
```

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
                               + filteredImages.size());
See imagestreamgang/streams/ImageStreamParallel.java
```

 We focus on processStream() void processStream()

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
in ImageStreamParallel.java
                                 List<Image> filteredImages = urls
                                    .parallelStream()
            Get a list of URLs
                                    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
```

```
.map(this::blockingDownload)
.flatMap(this::applyFilters)
.collect(toList());
```

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
                                  + filteredImages.size());
getInput() is defined by the underlying StreamGang framework
```

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
```

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
```

```
Convert a collection into a parallel stream
```

```
.filter(not(this::urlCached))
.map(this::blockingDownload)
.flatMap(this::applyFilters)
```

+ "Image(s) filtered = "

```
.collect(toList());
```

```
+ filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
List<Image> filteredImages =
```

System.out.println(TAG

void processStream() {

Return an output stream consisting of the URLs in the input stream that are not already cached

```
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
```

+ "Image(s) filtered = "

```
See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/stream/Stream.html#filter
```

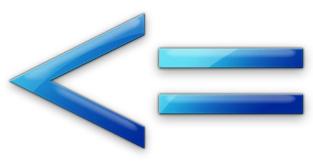
 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
```

.collect(toList());

Return an output stream consisting of the URLs in the input stream that are not already cached

```
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
```



 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
boolean urlCached(URL url) {
  return mFilters
    .stream()
    .filter(filter ->
       urlCached(url,
          filter.getName()))
    .count() > 0;
```

Determine whether this url has been downloaded to an image & had filters applied to it yet

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
  System.out.println(TAG
        + "Image(s) filtered = "
        + filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() void processStream() {

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
in ImageStreamParallel.java
                                 List<Image> filteredImages = urls
                                    .parallelStream()
boolean urlCached(URL url,
                                    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
        String filterName) {
                                    .map(this::blockingDownload)
  File file =
   new File(getPath(),
                                    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
            filterName);
                                    .collect(toList());
  File imageFile =
```

System.out.println(TAG new File (file, + "Image(s) filtered = " getNameForUrl(url)); + filteredImages.size()); return imageFile.exists(); Check if a file with this name already exists

See imagestreamgang/streams/ImageStreamGang.java

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
Clearly Better solutions
```

```
void processStream()
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
  System.out.println(TAG
        + "Image(s) filtered = "
        + filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

Return an output stream consisting of the images that were downloaded from the URLs in the input stream

```
void processStream()
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
  System.out.println(TAG
        + "Image(s) filtered = "
        + filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();

List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
```

Return an output stream consisting of the images that were downloaded from the URLs in the input stream

of output stream elements must match the # of input stream elements

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

Downloads content from a url & converts it into an image

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
  System.out.println(TAG
        + "Image(s) filtered = "
```

```
Image blockingDownload
               (URL url) {
  return BlockingTask
   .callInManagedBlocker
     (() ->
      downloadImage(url));
 Uses a "managed blocker" to
ensure sufficient threads are in
  the common fork-join pool
```

```
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
```

.collect(toList());

System.out.println(TAG

+ "Image(s) filtered = "

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
I/O-bound tasks on an N-core
CPU typically run best with
N*(1+WT/ST) threads (WT =
wait time & ST = service time)
```

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
List<Image> filteredImages = urls
  .parallelStream()
  .filter(not(this::urlCached))
  .map(this::blockingDownload)
  .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
  .collect(toList());
System.out.println(TAG
      + "Image(s) filtered = "
```

void processStream() {

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
```

Return an output stream containing the results of applying a list of filters to each image in the input stream & storing the results in the file system

```
List<Image> filteredImages = ur
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
```

System.out.println(TAG

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
+ filteredImages.size());
}
```

See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/stream/Stream.html#flatMap

We focus on processStream()
in ImageStreamParallel.java

void processStream() {
 List<URL> urls = getInput();

List<Image> filteredImages = urls
 .parallelStream()
 .filter(not(this::urlCached))
 .map(this::blockingDownload)
 .flatMap(this::applyFilters)

.collect(toList());

Return an output stream containing the results of applying a list of filters to each image in the input stream & storing the results in the file system



of output stream elements may differ from the # of input stream elements

We focus on processStream()
in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
Stream<Image> applyFilters
                 (Image image)
 return mFilters
    .parallelStream()
    .map(filter ->
         makeFilterWithImage
          (filter,
           image).run())
```

Apply all filters to an image in parallel & store on the device

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();
  List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
  System.out.println(TAG
        + "Image(s) filtered = "
```

• We focus on processStream() void processStream() {

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
in ImageStreamParallel.java
                                 List<Image> filteredImages = urls
                                    .parallelStream()
 collect() is a "reduction" operation that
                                    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
  combines elements into one result
                                    .map(this::blockingDownload)
                                    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
                                    .collect(toList());
                                 System.out.println(TAG
                                        + "Image(s) filtered = "
                                        + filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() void processStream()

```
List<URL> urls = getInput();
in ImageStreamParallel.java
                                List<Image> filteredImages = urls
                                   .parallelStream()
```

Trigger all intermediate operations

```
.filter(not(this::urlCached))
.map(this::blockingDownload)
```

.flatMap(this::applyFilters) .collect(toList());

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
+ filteredImages.size());
```

We focus on processStream()
in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();

List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
    .map(this::blockingDownload)
    .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
    .collect(toList());
```

Create a list containing all the filtered & stored images

```
+ "Image(s) filtered = "
+ filteredImages.size());
```

 We focus on processStream() in ImageStreamParallel.java

```
void processStream() {
  List<URL> urls = getInput();

List<Image> filteredImages = urls
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(not(this::urlCached))
```

Logs the # of images that were downloaded, filtered, & stored

```
.collect(toList());
System.out.println(TAG
```

"Image(s) filtered = "

+ filteredImages.size());

.map(this::blockingDownload)

.flatMap(this::applyFilters)

End of Java Parallel ImageStreamGang Example: Implementing Behaviors