Java SearchWithParallelSpliterator Example: Introduction

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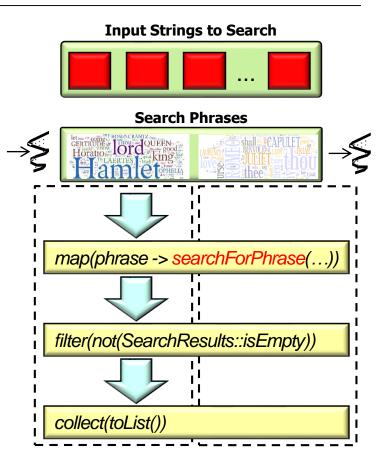




Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

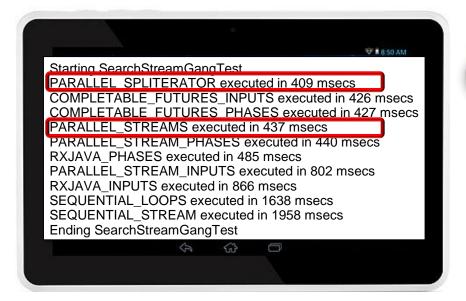
 Be aware of how a parallel spliterator can improve parallel stream performance

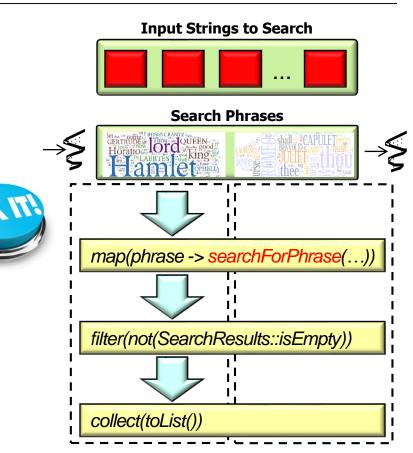
```
SearchResults searchForPhrase
  (..., boolean parallel) {
  return new SearchResults
    (..., StreamSupport.stream
      (new PhraseMatchSpliterator(...),
       parallel)
      .collect(toList()));
```



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Be aware of how a parallel spliterator can improve parallel stream performance
 - This solution fixes a "con" (limited performance) covered earlier





Input Strings to Search SearchWithParallelSpliterator is yet <<Java Class>> another implementation strategy in G SearchStreamGang Search Phrases the SearchStreamGang program Horatio Ord king <<Java Class>> SearchWithSequentialStream <<Java Class>> SearchWithParallelStreams <<Java Class>≯ **⊚** SearchWithSequentia/Loops <<\lambdaava Class>> **⊚** SearchWithParallelSpliterator <<Java Class>≯ <<Java Class>> SearchWithCompletableFuturesInputs SearchWithParallelStreamInputs <<Java Class>> SearchWithCompletableFuturesPhrases

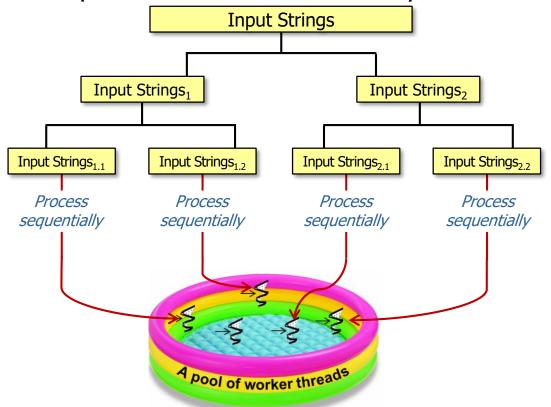
See SearchStreamGang/src/main/java/livelessons/streamgangs/SearchWithParallelSpliterator.java

<<Java Class>>
SearchWithParallelStreamPhrases

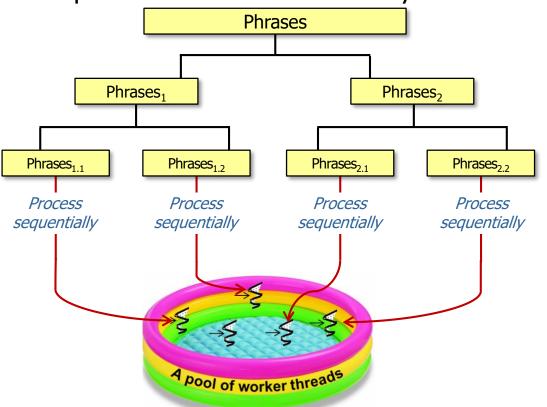
SearchWithParallelSpliterator uses parallel streams in three ways



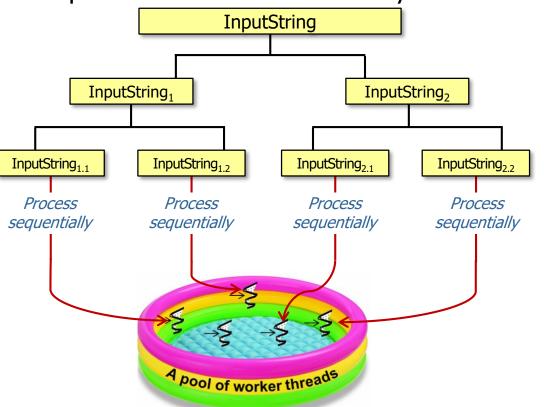
- SearchWithParallelSpliterator uses parallel streams in three ways
 - Search chunks of input in parallel



- SearchWithParallelSpliterator uses parallel streams in three ways
 - Search chunks of input in parallel
 - Search chunks of phrases in parallel



- SearchWithParallelSpliterator uses parallel streams in three ways
 - Search chunks of input in parallel
 - Search chunks of phrases in parallel
 - Search chunks of each input string in parallel



- SearchWithParallelSpliterator uses parallel streams in three ways
 - Search chunks of input in parallel
 - Search chunks of phrases in parallel
 - Search chunks of each input string in parallel



SearchWithParallelSpliterator is thus the most aggressive parallelism strategy!

• The relative contribution of each parallel streams model is shown here:

Time for 38 strings = 462 ms (parallelSpliterator|parallelPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 38 strings = 470 ms (sequentialSpliterator|parallelPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 38 strings = 477 ms (sequentialSpliterator|parallelPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 38 strings = 490 ms (parallelSpliterator|parallelPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 38 strings = 498 ms (parallelSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 38 strings = 510 ms (parallelspliterator|sequentialPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 38 strings = 1326 ms (parallelSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 38 strings = 2463 ms (sequentialSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|sequentialInput)

Longer input strings leverage the parallel spliterator even better:

Time for 2 strings = 452 ms (parallelSpliterator|parallelPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 2 strings — 452 ms (parallelsplitterator [parallelsplitases]parallelliput)

Time for 2 strings = 462 ms (sequentialSpliterator|parallelPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 2 strings = 466 ms (sequentialSpliterator|parallelPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 2 strings = 400 ms (sequentialspliterator) parallelPhrases [sequentialInput]

Time for 2 strings = 478 ms (parallelSpliterator) parallelPhrases [sequentialInput]

Time for 2 strings = 478 ms (parallelSpliterator|parallelPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 2 strings = 788 ms (parallelSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 2 strings = 1298 ms (sequentialSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|parallelInput)

Time for 2 strings = 1488 ms (parallelSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 2 strings = 1488 ms (parallelSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|sequentialInput)

Time for 2 strings = 2467 ms (sequentialSpliterator|sequentialPhrases|sequentialInput)

Longer strings may provide better opportunity to leverage benefits of parallelism

SearchWithParallelSpliterator processInput() has just one minuscule change

```
List<SearchResults> processInput(CharSequence inputSeq)
  String title = getTitle(inputString);
  CharSequence input = inputSeq.subSequence(...);
  List<SearchResults> results = mPhrasesToFind
    .parallelStream()
    .map(phase ->
         searchForPhrase(phase, input, title, true))
    .filter(not(SearchResults::isEmpty))
                             The value of "true" triggers the use of a
    .collect(toList());
                           parallel search for a phrase in an input string
  return results;
```

searchForPhrase() uses a parallel spliterator to break the input into "chunks"

that are processed in parallel

SearchResults searchForPhrase (String phrase, CharSequence input,

 searchForPhrase() uses a parallel spliterator to break the input into "chunks" that are processed in parallel

StreamSupport.stream() creates a sequential or parallel stream via PhraseMatchSpliterator

 searchForPhrase() uses a parallel spliterator to break the input into "chunks" that are processed in parallel

```
SearchResults searchForPhrase(String phrase, CharSequence input,
                                 String title, boolean parallel) {
  return new SearchResults
    (..., ..., phrase, title, StreamSupport
     .stream(new PhraseMatchSpliterator(input, phrase),
              parallel)
     .collect(toList()));
               The value of "parallel" is true when searchForPhrase()
               is called in the SearchWithParallelSpliterator program
```

 searchForPhrase() uses a parallel spliterator to break the input into "chunks" that are processed in parallel

We now focus in depth on the PhraseMatchSpliterator methods

End of Java SearchWith ParallelSpliterator Example: Introduction