NeoTec Use Case Discussion

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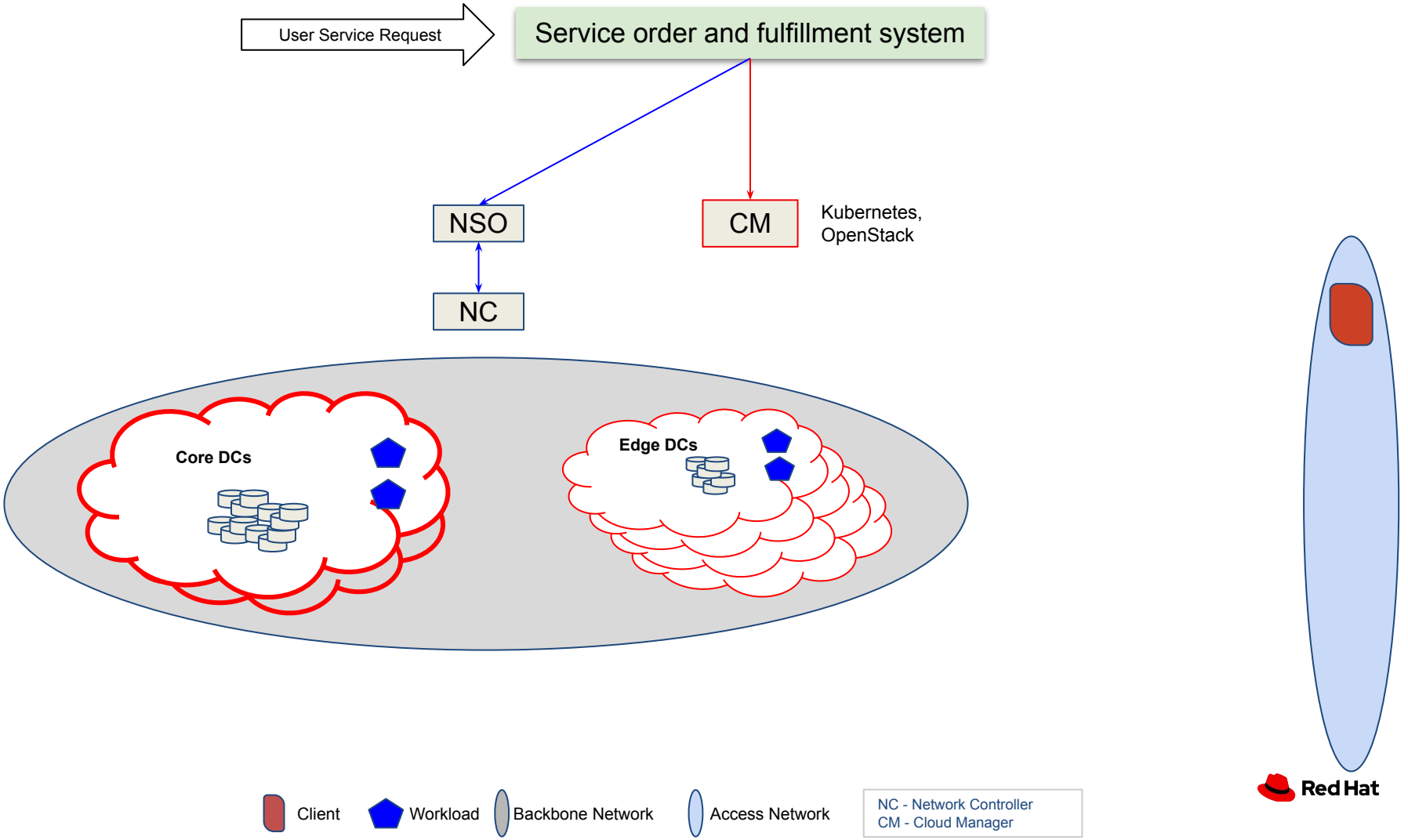
Edge computing

- Architecture that provides cloud computing capabilities at the edge of the network
- Placement of small footprint of compute resources closer to the end users or sources of data
- Main use case is reduced latency for delay sensitive services

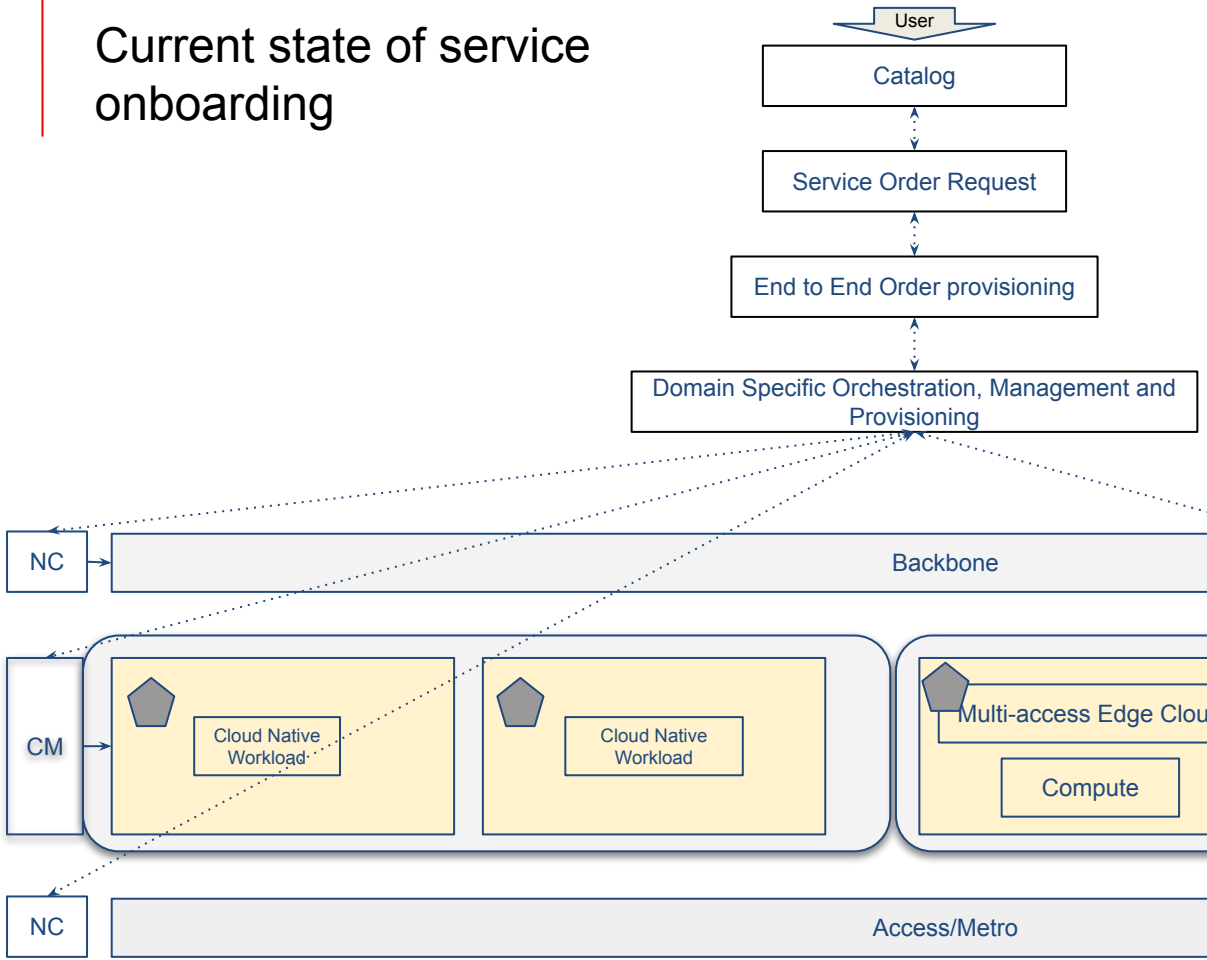
Example services

- AI
  - Online inference
  - Model instantiated close to the data
    - Facial/voice recognition at security checkpoints or building access (offices, malls etc)
      - Traffic patterns vary during the day and week
        - Office hours, weekends
    - Latency sensitive, interactive
    - Dynamic scaling based on traffic volume
- UPF
  - Scheduled and unscheduled traffic increase
  - Dynamic scaling at ports, docks, event venues
- Caching on-demand (content, scheduled/event based)

Common theme is dynamic service instantiation and life cycle management


User Service Request
Service order and fulfillment system
NSO
CM
Kubernetes,
OpenStack
NC
Core DCs
Edge DCs
Client
Workload
Backbone Network
Access Network
NC - Network Controller
CM - Cloud Manager

Current state of service onboarding



1. Service request placed by user via ordering/catalog system
2. Service instantiation location is based on input from user (zip code)
3. Order acceptance only after ensuring resource availability to meet SLA/SLO at specific location:
   a. Compute
   b. Network
   c. ***This involves querying various systems to determine if resources are available (adds delay to service instantiation) - Multiple vendors, systems***
4. Provisioning
   a. Network - via NSO
   b. Compute - via CM
5. Service/workload instantiation

NOTE:
1. Workloads/services were fairly static

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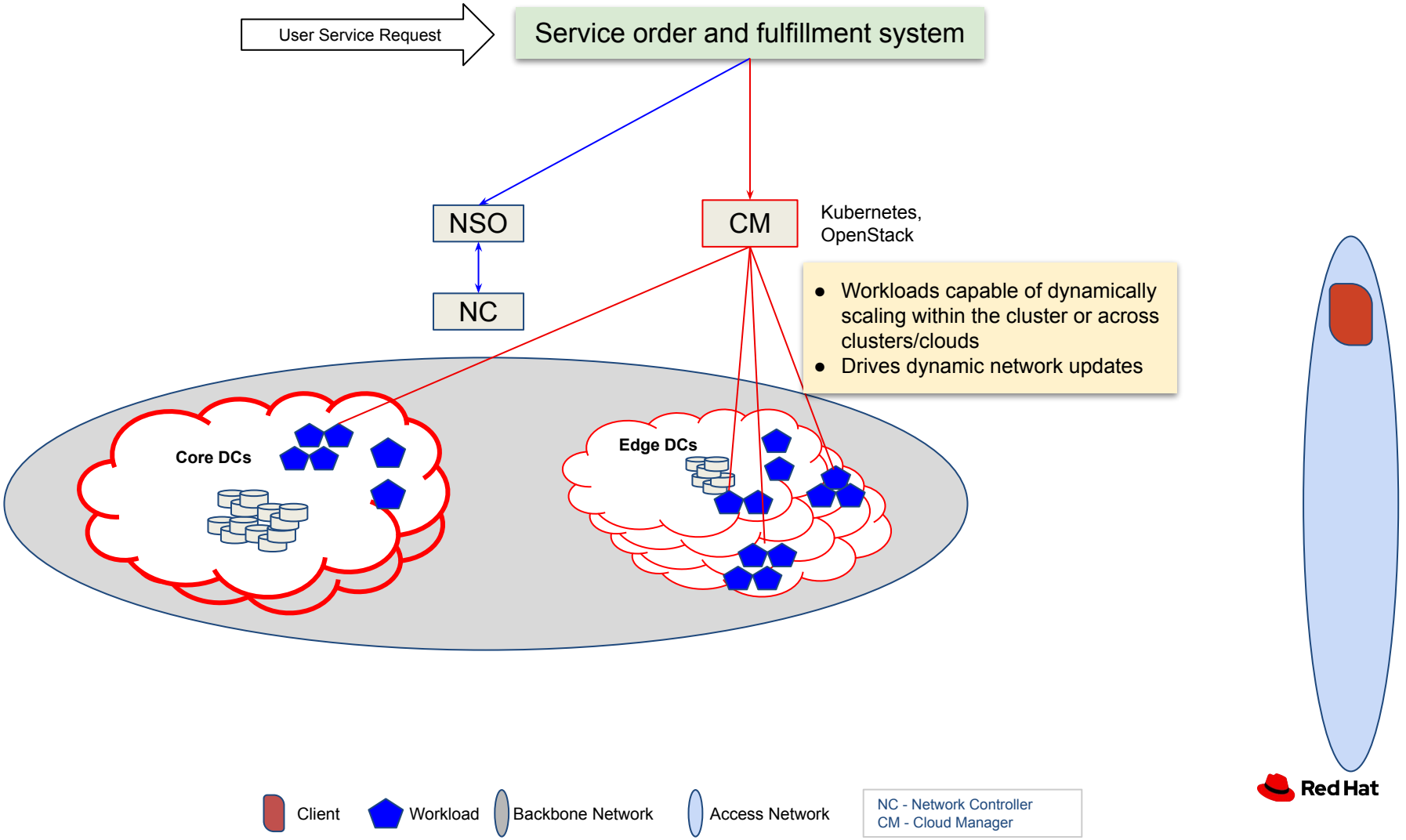
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Drives dynamic network updates
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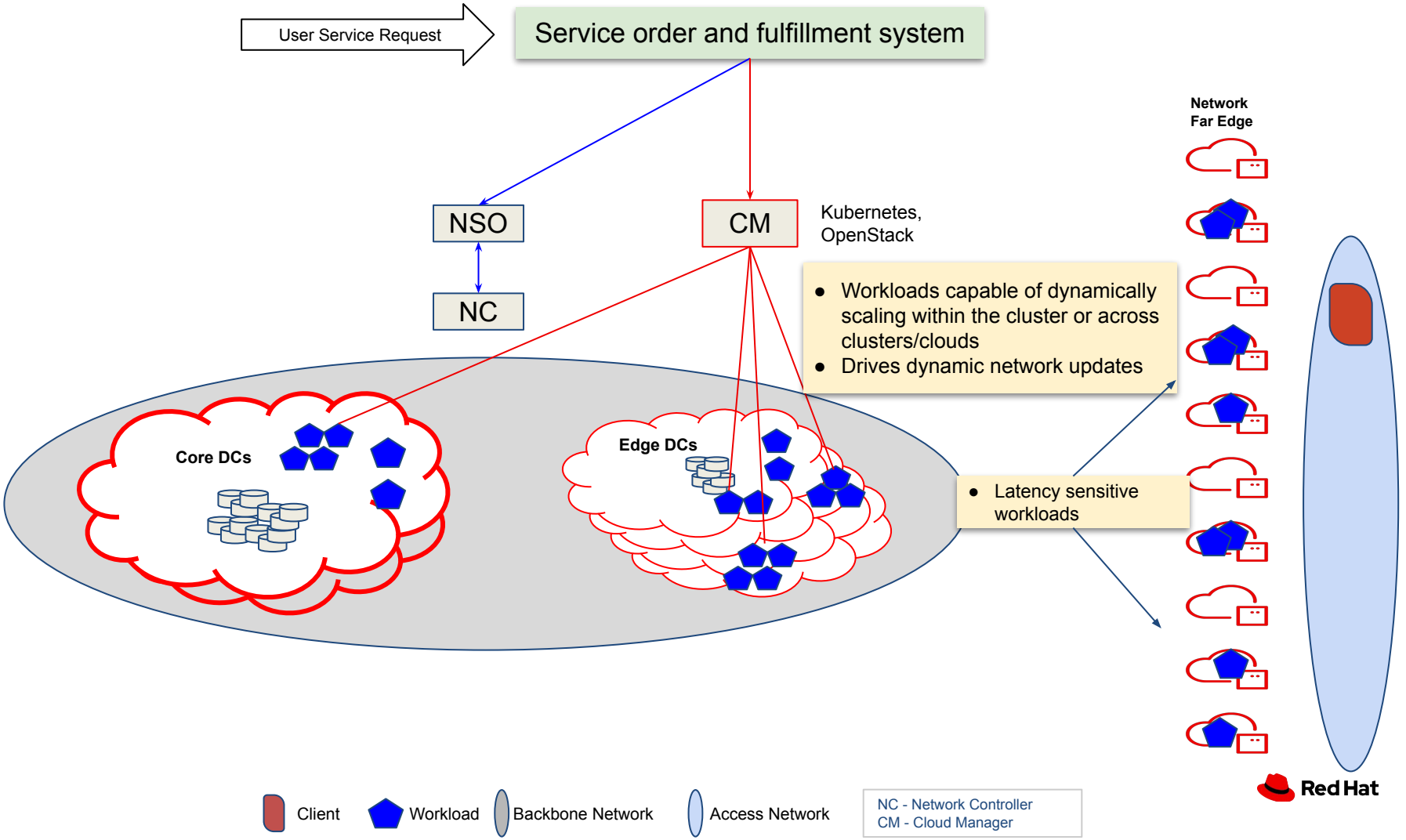
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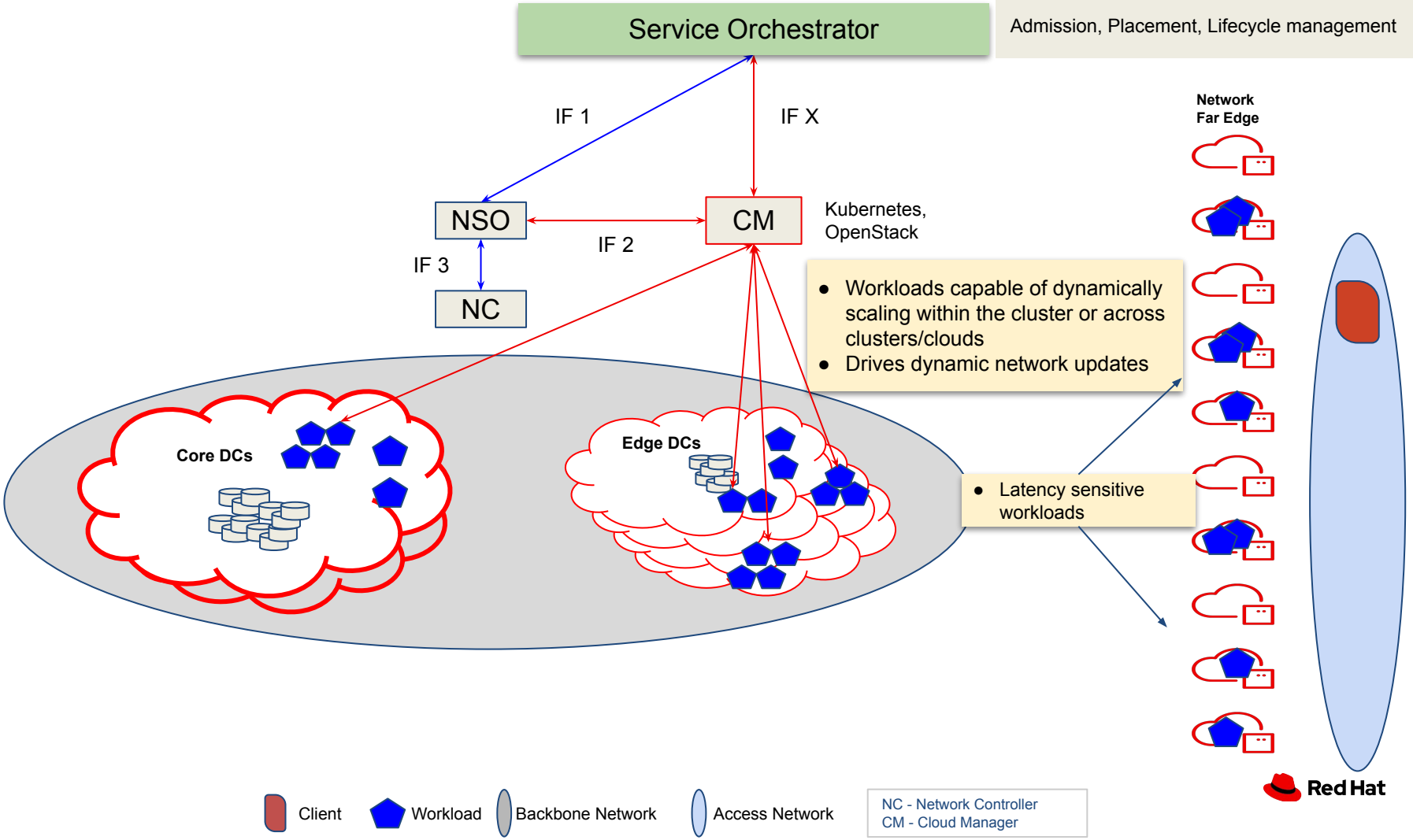
Service Orchestrator
Admission, Placement, Lifecycle management
IF 1
IF X
NSO
CM
Kubernetes,
OpenStack
IF 2
IF 3
NC
Network
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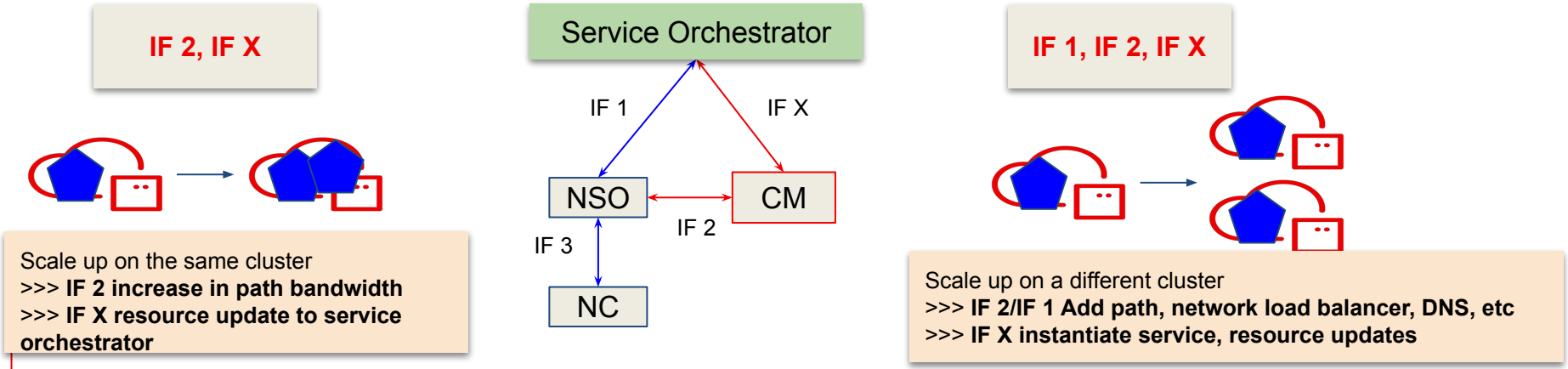
Telco cloud manager and network service orchestrator

- Cloud manager
  - Life cycle management of workload/service
    - Scheduling and placement of service/workload on specific cloud/cluster and/or node
    - Pool of resources that are allocatable for workloads
    - Placement and scheduling based on workload resource requirements
- Workload can scale upto limit/quota (example trigger: CPU, queue occupancy)
  - Cloud:
    - Service scaled up e.g., replicas/deployment/stateful set scaled up OR service instantiated on a different cluster/cloud
  - Network:
    - Scale up bandwidth, instantiate additional path, updates to DNS, network load balancer etc



Service Orchestrator to CM and NSO

- Orchestrator determines placement based on:
  - Service requirements, available cloud capabilities, etc
    - Can the workload/service be instantiated at the required SLA/SLO without impacting existing services?
      - ***Requires current network resource availability information (based on metrics/telemetry or API)***
        - ***Cloud vs node***
      - ***Requires current compute resource availability information (based on metrics/telemetry or API)***
        - ***Cloud vs node especially when it comes to NUMA awareness***
      - ***Note: this is location dependant information***
    - Business logic:
      - Pricing
      - priority vs other workload/customer workloads for preemption
      - If there is a mix of GPUs, prioritize using GPUs with a higher performance delivered per unit of power
      - Green energy
  - If admissible
    - Trigger workflow:
      - NSO to provision path/network service
      - CM to reserve compute resources, instantiate service, LCM of application
- Orchestrator enters the lifecycle management state for the service

IF1

IF X

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- Support the initiative and will actively participate