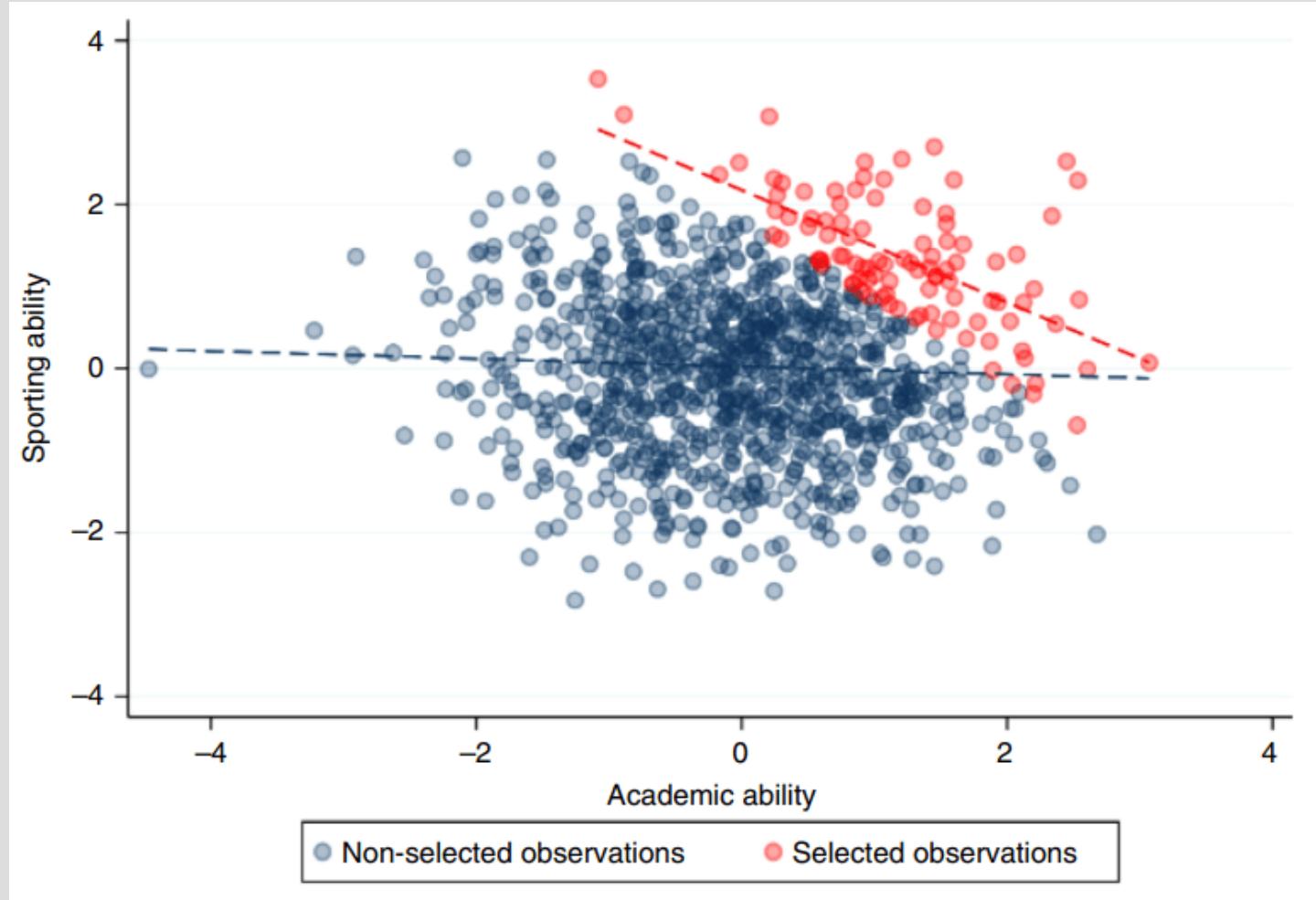
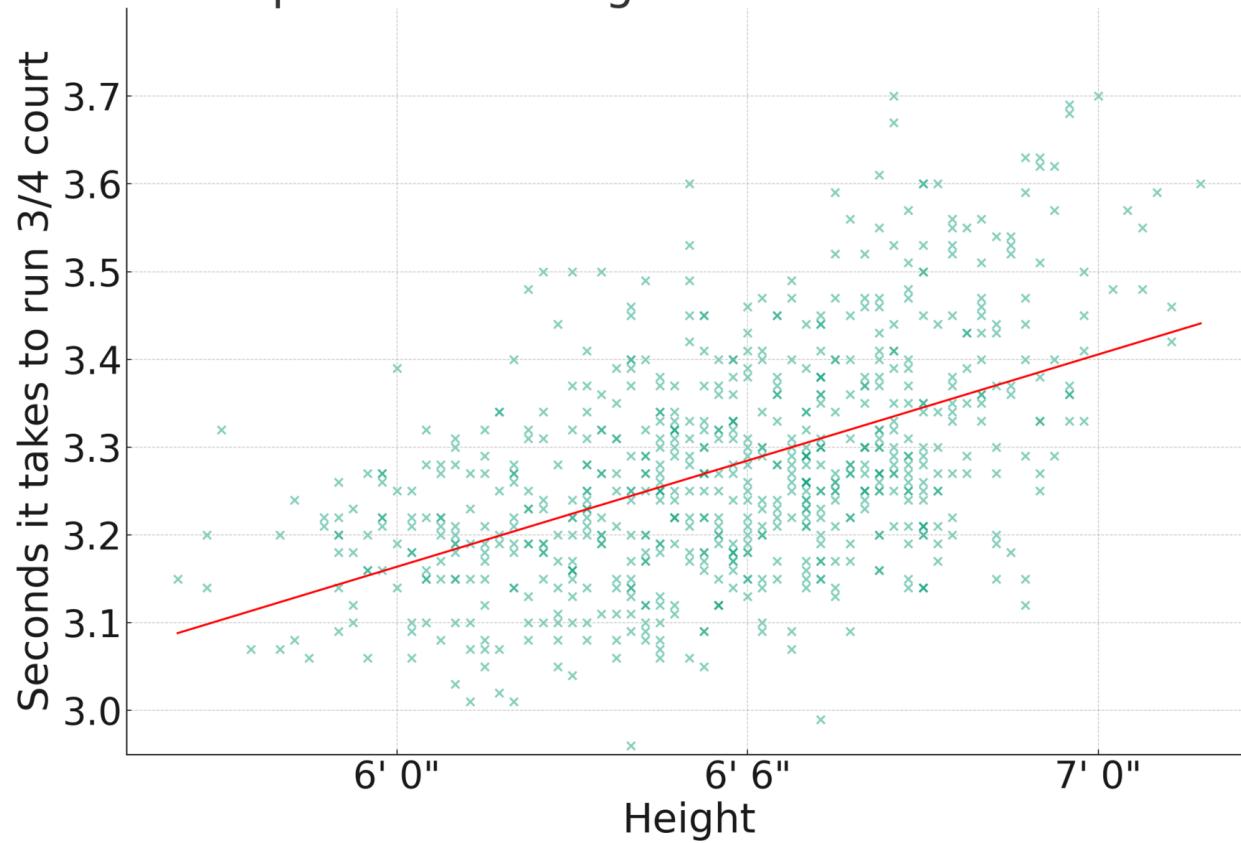


Data Fallacies, Tricks and Data Workshop



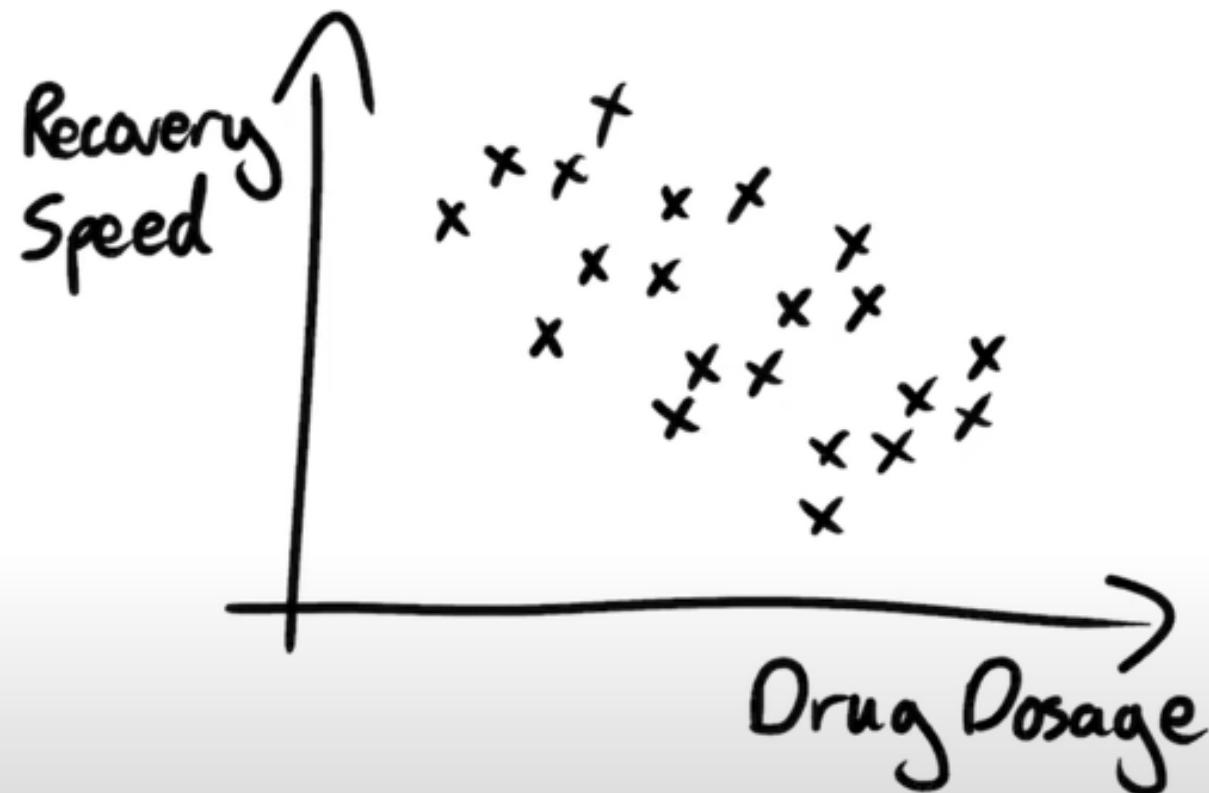
Sporting ability is negatively correlated with academic ability.

Relationship Between Height and Slowness of NBA Players



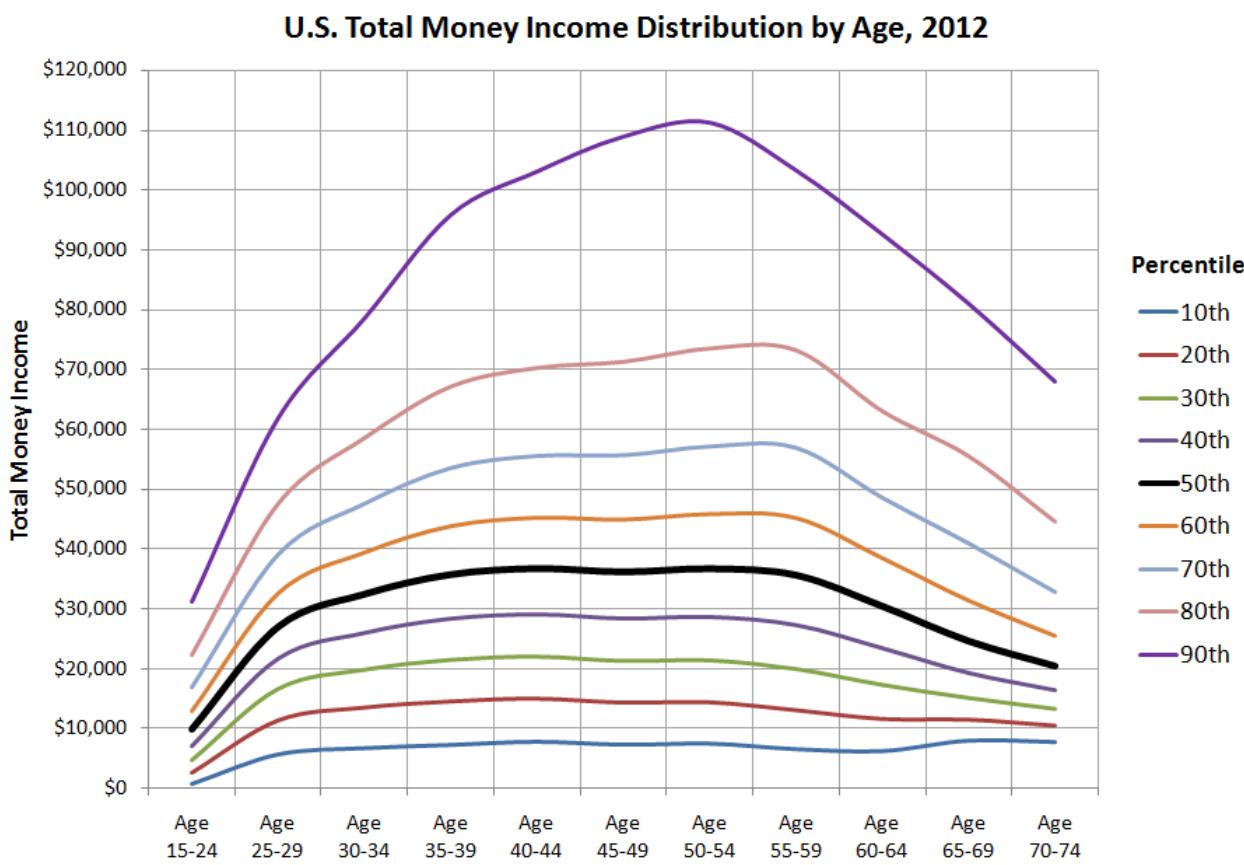
Taller NBA players run more slowly.

Do patients recover more slowly when taking more drugs?



Data Tricks

How does income change with age?



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, Table PINC-01

© Political Calculations 2013

Crowdfunding: An Example

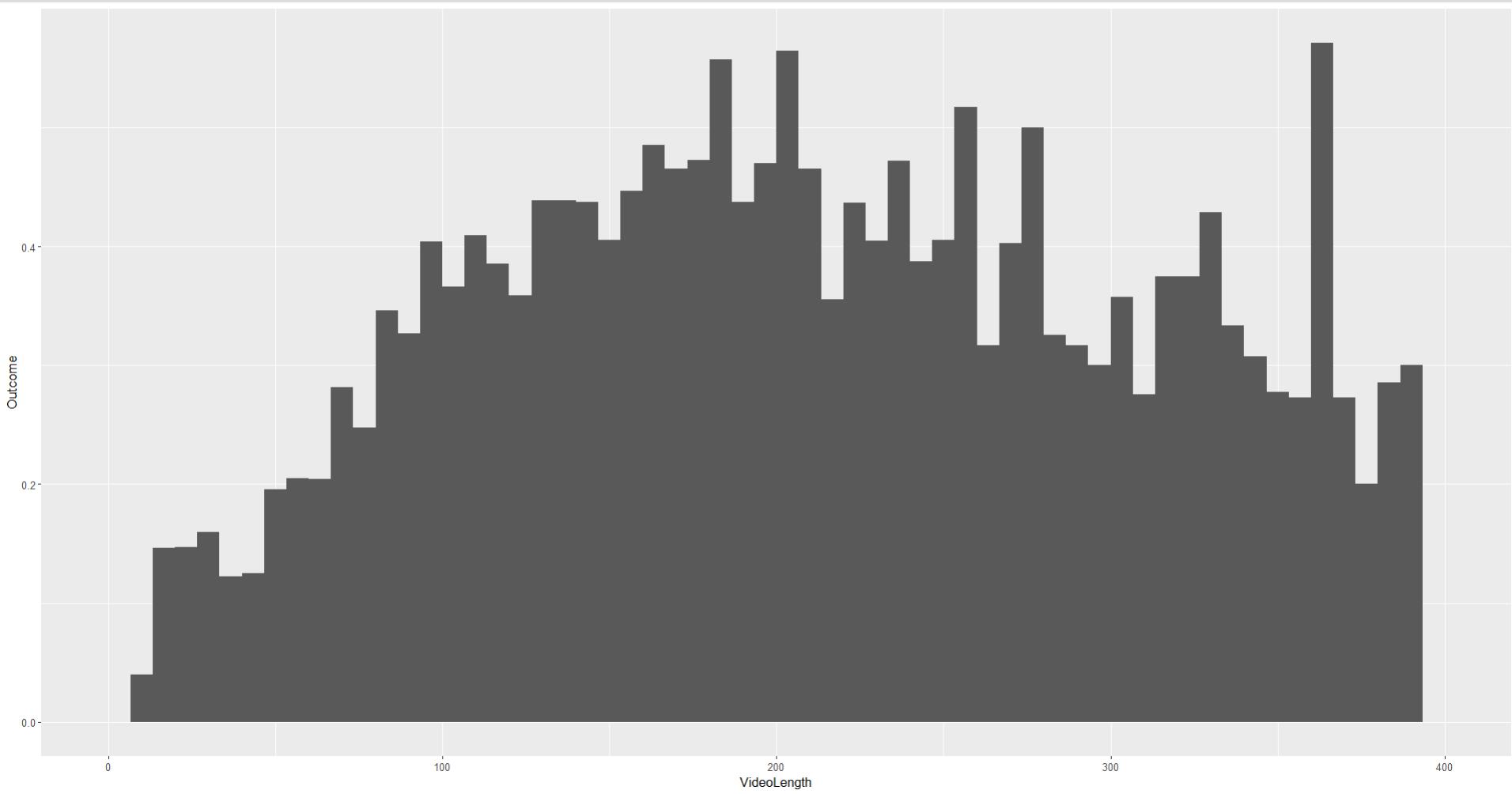
We want to investigate the relationship between video length and the chance of success. Let us prepare the data:

```
● ● ●  
1 mydata <-  
  read.csv("https://ximarketing.github.io/class/Kickstarter-  
  Project.csv", fileEncoding = "UTF-8-BOM")  
2 subdata = subset(mydata, IsVideoAvailable == 1)
```

Crowdfunding: An Example

We want to investigate the relationship between video length and the chance of success. Let us prepare the data:

```
● ● ●  
1 library(ggplot2)  
2 ggplot(subdata, mapping = aes(VideoLength, Outcome)) +  
3 stat_summary_bin(fun.y="mean", geom="bar", bins=60)+xlim(0,  
400)
```



Crowdfunding: An Example

The relationship between video length and project success appears to be nonlinear. Shorter videos can enhance the success rate as their length increases; however, excessively long videos do not provide additional benefits to the project.

Crowdfunding: An Example

Let us try the following logistic regression:

$$\Pr[\text{Success}] = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-(a + b_1 \times \text{Length} + b_2 \times \text{Length}^2))}$$

Consider the following code:



```
1 logit <- glm(Outcome ~ VideoLength + I(VideoLength^2), data =  
  subdata, family = "binomial")  
2 summary(logit)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
(Intercept)	-1.192e+00	8.958e-02	-13.307	< 2e-16	***
VideoLength	6.541e-03	8.102e-04	8.074	6.81e-16	***
I(VideoLength^2)	-1.056e-05	1.584e-06	-6.666	2.63e-11	***

Question

Suppose that you want to predict students' performance in exam. Two factors come into play: IQ and Hours of Study.

- A student with a higher IQ is more clever, and gets higher grades on average.
- A student who studies longer hours understands the content better, and gets higher grades on average.

Question

Let's run the following linear regression:

$$\text{Grades}_i = a + b_1 \times \text{IQ}_i + b_2 \times \text{Hours}_i$$

Is anything missing from the regression?

A Crowdfunding Example

We want to investigate the relationship between funding outcome, the creators' experience and the crowdfunding video.

```
● ● ●  
1 result = glm(Outcome ~ Created * IsVideoAvailable,  
2                 family = "binomial", data = mydata)  
3 summary(result)
```

A Crowdfunding Example

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
(Intercept)	-2.6976	0.1074	-25.115	< 2e-16	***
Created	0.3339	0.0577	5.786	7.2e-09	***
IsVideoAvailable	2.0406	0.1121	18.207	< 2e-16	***
Created:IsVideoAvailable	-0.1334	0.0606	-2.201	0.0277	*

What do you learn from the results?

Group Data Project: HK Property Valuation

Most of you are renting a flat in HK.
Do you know the selling price of your flat?

It's all available [here!](#)

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

In this project, we want to understand the HK real estate market. We have collaborated with Centaline (中原地產), one of the largest property agencies in Hong Kong, to get the property transaction data in Hong Kong.



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XI LI
KELVIN S.K. WONG
CHURONG WANG

VALUATION OF HONG KONG RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY



Kelvin Wong is Professor of Real Estate at the University of Hong Kong. Churong Wang is currently my PhD student.

We will be using a data platform for your data project

- Please sign up an account at <http://acrc.hku.hk/> using your HKU email address.
- Please add your coursepack using the link <https://www.acrc.hku.hk/enrol/1000012200>

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Loading the data:



```
1 mydata = read.csv('/dataset/Centaline/Centaline_train.csv', header=TRUE)
```

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Transaction_price: The transaction price of the property (in Hong Kong dollars). You may want to take the log transformation of this variable to analyze its percentage change.

Why do we take the log transformation?



```
1 mydata$LogPrice = log(mydata$Transaction_price)
```

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property



```
1 mydata$LogPrice = log(mydata$Transaction_price)
2 hist(mydata$Transaction_price, breaks = 100, xlim = c(0,
  1e+08))
3 hist(mydata$LogPrice, breaks = 100)
```

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Transaction_year: The year in which the transaction takes place (e.g., 2020).

Transaction_month: The month in which the transaction takes place (e.g., 10 for October). When using this variable, you may want to take it as a fixed effect.

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Location and Estate: The location and estate for each property. **Please do not use them in your data analysis.**

HMA: It stands for “Housing Market Area”, a term used to describe the area at which the property is located (e.g., Pok Fu Lam).

Developer: The developer of the property (e.g., Hang_Lung_Group for 恒隆集團). If the developer is a small developer not included in the dataset, then the value is “Other”.

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Gross_size: 建築面積 in Chinese. It is measured in square foot. If data is unavailable for a property, then its Gross_size = -1.

Saleable_size: 使用面積 in Chinese. It is measured in square foot. If data is unavailable for a property, then its Saleable_size = -1.

No_of_rooms: The number of rooms in the property. 0 means studio; -1 means data is not available.

Floor: The floor of the property (10 for 10th floor).

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Region: The region of the property; it takes values Hong Kong, Kowloon and New Territories.

Primary_school: 小學學區 in Chinese. Primary school Net divides Hong Kong's primary schools into 36 zones

Secondary_school: 中學學區 in Chinese. Secondary schools use a zoning system based on the 18 districts in Hong Kong.

Age_of_property: The age of the property in years; -1 means the property is not built yet (-1 對應樓花).

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Uncompleted: Whether the construction is completed. 0 means completed and 1 means under construction.

MTR_station: The name of the nearest MTR station. -1 means property is distant from all MTR stations.

Close_to_MTR: Whether the property is close an MTR station. 1 means close to and 0 means far from MTR stations.

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

Shopping_Mall, Swimming_Pool, Sport_facility, Club, Garden, Sauna_Shower, Playground, Cinema, Bar_karaoke, Study_Room, Ballroom: These are all binary variables. 1 means the amenity is available while 0 means there are no such amenities.

Valuation of Hong Kong Residential Property

District: One of Hong Kong's 18 districts.

Median_income: The median income in the HMA.

Median_age: The median age of residents in the HMA.

Population: The total population of the HMA.

Unit: Number of property units in the HMA.

Sample Codes (run on DAP)



```
1 library(stargazer)
2 mydata = read.csv('/dataset/Centaline/Centaline_train.csv',header=TRUE)
3 head(mydata)
4 mydata$LogPrice = log(mydata$Transaction_price)
5 result <- lm(LogPrice ~ Age_of_property * Close_to_MTR, data = mydata)
6 summary(result)
```

What should we do in this project?

Each group should only ask **one (big) research question** in your project and answer it with data. Choose the right data analysis methods and come up with a good answer to your questions, with implications for sellers, buyers, developers, property agencies and the government.

What should we do in this project?

You need to include at least one interaction term or a square term in your analysis.

A full-mark example:
How does floor level affect housing pricing?

Floor Numbers and Housing Price



There is a significant drop in prices when floor is 13 or ends with 4. But not for 18.

Special Numbers and Housing Price

The higher the floor, the higher the unit price.
However, the marginal effect of floor on unit price is
decreasing with the floor level.

Submission

To save your time, you only need to submit a few pages of slides (**no more than 10 pages for main text + no more than 6 slides for appendix**) to Moodle covering your research question(s), data analysis (e.g., regression equations), findings, and implications.

No reports/presentations.

Deadline: **Jan 9, 2026**

12:30 for Class A, 17:00 for Class B, and 21:30 for Class C

Next Week

We are going to work on LLMs.

Make sure you can access some advanced LLMs (e.g., ChatGPT). I am using [Perplexity](#), which allows me to access multiple LLMs including GPT 5.2 and Gemini. [You can enjoy a 12-month Education Free Trial.](#)

The HKU AI platform may not be powerful enough.