我是瑞斯拜 2022 12 月 六级预测

此预测针对 2022 年 12 月四六级考试 六级作文 5 篇 翻译 5 篇

学前说明: 作文范文均用课程模板套出来的,结构相似, 所以背诵难度不大,大家不要一看字多就不背了。 相信我 如果你之前学习过模板 项多一个小时你就全部背完了。

六级预测作文一 快时代

For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence "nowadays, more and more people want to get things done instantly". You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experiences to develop your essay. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

在这部分,你有 30 分钟的时间写一篇文章,以"如今,越来越多的人想要立即完成事情"为开头。你可以发表评论,引用例子或使用你的个人经历来发展你的文章。你应该写至少 150 字,但不超过 200 字

With the increasing pace of life, nowadays, more and more people want to get things done instantly. Therefore, the ability to complete tasks on time is becoming more and more important. The following are reasons and concrete evidence to support my view point.

In the first place, we can't divorce from the reality that time matters everywhere. Based on big data, most successful social elites (modern citizens) have admitted that speed is their first concern when making choices. Moreover, no one can deny that waiting makes us impatient. Where there is waiting, there is a waste of time. Last but not least, I firmly believe that doing things slowly doesn't mean doing well. The more time you procrastinate, the more chances you miss.

In conclusion, the ability to complete tasks on time is essential for everyone. If we spare no effort to cultivate this ability, the future of our study and career will be both hopeful and rosy.

随着生活节奏的加快,现在越来越多的人想要即时完成事情。因此,按时完成任务的能力变得越来越重要。对于 学生来说,提高他们在面临截止日期时解决问题的能力是非常必要的。以下是支持我的观点的理由和具体证据。

首先,我们不能脱离现实,时间在任何地方都很重要。基于大数据,大多数成功的社会精英都承认,在做选择时,速度是他们首先考虑的问题。此外,没有人能否认等待使我们失去耐心。哪里有等待,哪里就有浪费时间。最后但并非最不重要的是,我坚信做事情慢并不意味着做得好。你拖延的时间越多,错过的机会就越多。

总之,快速解决问题的能力对每个人来说都是必不可少的。如果我们不遗余力地培养这种能力,我们的学习和事业的未来将是充满希望和美好的。

预测 2: 谚语类: 拙匠常怪工具差

For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that commenting on the saying "A bad workman always blames his tools." You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experiences to develop your essay. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

在这部分,你有 30 分钟的时间写一篇文章,评论这句话:"拙匠常怪工具差。"你可以发表评论,引用例子或使用你的个人经历来发展你的文章。你应该写至少 150 字,但不超过 200 字。

As an old saying goes: A bad workman always blames his tools. For us college students, it has an increasingly important significance: If you fail, you should not find a reason somewhere else but in yourself. The following reasons can account for this issue.

In the first place, we can't divorce from the reality that our attitude plays a role in one's success. Based on big data, most successful social elites have admitted that they have a serious mindset towards everything. Moreover, no one can deny that personal efforts make us stronger. Where there is effort, there are opportunities. Last but not least, I firmly believe that although the environment or outside factors can influence your success to some degree, it is your willingness that makes the call. The more serious you are, the more possibility you will succeed.

In conclusion, a serious attitude towards everything is essential for everyone. If we spare no effort to cultivate this mindset, the future of our study and career will be both hopeful and rosy.

俗话说:"拙匠怪工具差。"对于我们大学生来说,它有着越来越重要的意义:如果你失败了,你不应该在其他地方寻找原因,而应该在自己身上。以下原因可以解释这个问题。

首先,我们不能脱离现实,我们的态度在一个人的成功中起着作用。基于大数据,大多数成功的社会精英都承认他们对任何事情都有一种认真的心态。此外,没有人能否认个人的努力使我们更强大。哪里有努力,哪里就有机会。最后但并非最不重要的是,我坚信虽然环境或外部因素会在一定程度上影响你的成功,但决定你成功与否的是你的意愿。你越认真,你成功的可能性就越大。

总之,认真对待每件事的态度对每个人都是必不可少的。如果我们不遗余力地培养这种心态,我们的学习和职业的未来将是充满希望和美好的。

预测 3: 独立生活是否是好趋势

For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence "nowadays, more and more people want to live by themselves. what are the reasons? is it a good or a bad trend. You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experiences to develop your essay. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

在这一部分, 你有 30 分钟的时间写一篇文章, 以"如今, 越来越多的人想要自己生活。"原因是什么?这是好趋势还是坏趋势?你可以发表评论, 引用例子或使用你的个人经历来发展你的文章。你应该写至少 150 字, 但不超过 200 字。

方法 1: 改第一段,后面直接套范文 1

With the increasing pace of life, nowadays, more and more people want to live by themselves. It's a good trend for young generation to improve their life qualities. The following are reasons and concrete evidence to support my view point.

In the first place, we can't divorce from the reality that time matters everywhere. Based on big data, most successful social elites have admitted that speed is their first concern when making choices. Moreover, no one can deny that waiting makes us impatient. Where there is waiting, there is a waste of time. Last but not least, I firmly believe that doing things slowly doesn't mean doing well. The more time you procrastinate, the more chances you miss.

In conclusion, the ability to live independently is essential for everyone. If we spare no effort to cultivate this ability, the future of our study and career will be both hopeful and rosy.

随着生活节奏的加快,现在,越来越多的人想要独立生活。对于年轻一代来说,提高他们的生活质量是一个很好的趋势。 以下是支持我的观点的理由和具体证据。

首先,我们不能脱离现实,时间在任何地方都很重要。基于大数据,大多数成功的社会精英都承认,在做选择时,速度 是他们首先考虑的问题。此外,没有人能否认等待使我们失去耐心。哪里有等待,哪里就有浪费时间。最后但并非最不重要的 是,我坚信做事情慢并不意味着做得好。你拖延的时间越多,错过的机会就越多。

总之,独立生活的能力对每个人都是必不可少的。如果我们不遗余力地培养这种能力,我们的学习和事业的未来将是充满希望和美好的

方法2

With the increasing pace of life, nowadays, more and more people want to live by themselves. It's a good trend for young generation to improve their life qualities. The following are reasons and concrete evidence to support my view point.

In the first place, we can 't divorce from the reality that living by yourself allows you more space and time. Based on big data, most successful social elites have admitted that sharing a room with someone is not comfortable. Moreover, no one can deny that living alone can be more productive. Where there is waiting, there is a waste of time. Last but not least, I firmly believe that solitary can avoid unnecessary conflicts. The more time you spend on conflicts, the more chances you miss.

In conclusion, the ability to live independently is essential for everyone. If we spare no effort to cultivate this ability, the future of our study and career will be both hopeful and rosy.

随着生活节奏的加快,现在,越来越多的人想要独立生活。对于年轻一代来说,提高他们的生活质量是一个很好的趋势。 以下是支持我的观点的理由和具体证据。

首先,我们不能脱离现实,独自生活可以给你更多的空间和时间。基于大数据,大多数成功的社会精英都承认,与他人同住一个房间并不舒服。此外,没有人能否认独居会更有效率。哪里有等待,哪里就有浪费时间。最后但并非最不重要的是,我坚信独处可以避免不必要的冲突。你在冲突上花的时间越多,你错过的机会就越多。

总之,独立生活的能力对每个人都是必不可少的。如果我们不遗余力地培养这种能力,我们的学习和事业的未来将是充满希望和美好的。

预测 4 网课时代老师是否会被取代

For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence "nowadays, more and more teachers are replaced by the use of computer or online courses technology." You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experiences to develop your essay. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

在这部分,你有 30 分钟的时间写一篇文章,以"如今,越来越多的老师被电脑或在线课程技术所取代"为开头。你可以发表评论,引用例子或使用你的个人经历来发展你的文章。你应该写至少150 字,但不超过 200 字。

With the leap of technology, nowadays, more and more teachers are replaced by the use of computer or online course technology. It's a totally unnecessary concern in my opinion. The following are reasons and concrete evidence to support my view point.

In the first place, we can 't divorce from the reality that every teacher is unique and special. Based on big data, most successful teachers have admitted that they have formed a unique teaching style, which is hardly to be copied or replaced. Moreover, no one can deny that teachers are friends with the students. Where there are teachers, there is a special friendship. Last but not least, I firmly believe that the love of a teacher is the decisive factor of education. The more love teachers have, the less possible they' Il be replaced.

In conclusion, teachers are unique and special to their students. If we spare no effort to cultivate this relationship, the future of our study and career will be both hopeful and rosy.

随着科技的飞跃,如今,越来越多的教师被计算机或网络课程技术所取代。在我看来,这是完全不必要的担忧。以下是支持我的观点的理由和具体证据。

首先,我们不能脱离现实,每个老师都是独一无二的。基于大数据,大多数成功的教师都承认,他们已经形成了一种独特的教学风格,很难被复制或取代。此外,没有人能否认老师和学生是朋友。哪里有老师,哪里就有特别的友谊。最后但并非最不重要的是,我坚信教师的爱是教育的决定性因素。老师越有爱心,他们被取代的可能性就越小。

总之,老师对学生来说是独一无二的。如果我们不遗余力地培养这种关系,我们的学习和事业的未来将是充满希望和美好的。

预测 5 图表类 博物馆接待人数变化



图表4: 2010-2019年中国博物馆接待观众人次变化情况(单位: 亿人次)

As is starkly mirrored in the chart, the number of people who visited museums has rocketed up in the past decade. It is revealed that China's achievements in the cultural industry. The following reasons can account for this issue.

In the first place, there is no doubt that officials in the governments have played an important role in this process. Based on big data, most of the governors involved have admitted that they've spent 2/3 of their time promoting cultural events. Moreover, no one can deny that the free admission policy of museums is indeed beneficial. Where there are good policies, there is attraction. Last but not least, I firmly believe that the personal interest of the residents can't be ignored. The more interest they have, the more often they go.

In conclusion, the accomplishment of the museum exhibition in China is outstanding. If we spare no efforts to maintain the work, the future of our country will be both hopeful and rosy.

从图表中可以清楚地看到,在过去的十年里,参观博物馆的人数直线上升。展示了中国文化 产业的成就。以下原因可以解释这个问题。

首先,毫无疑问,政府官员在这一过程中发挥了重要作用。根据大数据,大部分参与的州长 都承认,他们花了2/3的时间来宣传文化活动。此外,没有人能否认博物馆的免费入场政策确实 是有益的。哪里有好的政策,哪里就有吸引力。最后但并非最不重要的,我坚信居民的个人利益 是不能被忽视的。他们越感兴趣,去的次数就越多。

综上所述,博物馆展览在中国的成就是突出的。如果我们不遗余力地维护这项工作,我们国 家的未来将是充满希望和美好的。

六级

翻译

故宫

- 故宫位于北京市中心,也称"紫禁城"。这里曾居住过24个皇帝,是明清两代的皇宫,现称为"故宫博物院"。故宫是世界上现存规模最大、保存最为完整的木质结构古建筑之一。因其建筑金碧辉煌,庄严绚丽,被誉为世界五大宫之一,并被联合国科教文组织列为"世界文化遗产"。故宫是中国收藏文物最丰富的博物馆,也是世界著名的古代文化艺术博物馆,其中很多文物是绝无仅有的无价国宝。
 - The Palace Musuem, also known as the Forbidden City, is located in the center of Beijing. Once home to 24 emperors, it was the imperial palace of the Ming and Qing dynasties and is now called the "Palace Museum". The Forbidden City is one of the largest and best preserved ancient wooden structures in the world. It is known as one of the five great palaces in the world and listed as a "World Cultural Heritage" by the United Nations Scientific and Educational Organization. The Forbidden City is the museum with the richest collection of cultural relics in China, as well as the world famous museum of ancient culture and art, many of which are unique and priceless national treasures.

颐和园

- 颐和园始建于公元 1750 年,是世界著名的皇家园林,它地处北京西北郊外, 距京城约 15 公里,旧称"清漪园"。1860 年在战火中严重损毁,1886 年在 原址上重新进行了修缮。颐和园人工建筑与自然山水巧妙结合的造园手法 著称于世,是中国园林艺术顶峰时期的代表。
 - The Summer Palace, originally built in 1750, is a world-famous imperial garden. It is located in the northwest suburbs of Beijing, about 15 kilometers away from the capital. It was formerly known as Qing Yi Garden. It was badly damaged during the war in 1860 and rebuilt on the original site in 1886. The Summer Palace is famous for its ingenious combination of artificial architecture and natural landscape. It is the representative of the peak period of Chinese garden art.

圆明园

- 圆明园位于颐和园之东、北京大学之北,始建于1709年。它集中了我国南北造园艺术和中西建筑艺术的精华,成为我国乃至世界上最为宏大富丽、幽静奇美的御苑。圆明园在世界园林建筑史上也久负盛名,曾被誉为"万园之园"、"一切造园艺术的典范"、"人间天堂"。 1860年,英法联军攻入北京及1900年八国联军攻入北京时,园内残存文物被洗劫一空。两次浩劫使圆明园成为一片废墟,火烧圆明园更成为我国近代史上的一页痛史。
 - Located east of the Summer Palace and north of Peking University, the Old Summer Palace was first built in 1709. It concentrated the essence of North and South garden art and Chinese and western architectural art, and became the court of the most magnificent beauty in our country and even in the world. The Old Summer Palace also enjoys a long reputation in the world's history of garden architecture. It was once praised as "the garden of thousands of Gardens", "the model of all garden making arts" and "the heaven on earth". When the Anglo-French allied forces invaded Beijing in 1860 and the eight-nation Allied forces invaded Beijing in 1900, the remaining cultural relics were looted. The two disasters made the Old Summer Palace in ruins, and the fire became a painful history in modern Chinese history.

汉语

- 汉语是我国使用人数最多的语言,也是世界上使用人数最多的语言,是联合国六种正式工作语言之一。中国是一个多民族、多语言、多方言、多文种的国家,有56个民族。国家的通用语言文字是普通话和规范汉字。汉语是我国汉民族的共同语,我国除占总人口91.51%的汉族使用汉语外,有些少数民族也用汉语。普通话不仅是汉民族共同语的标准语,也是中华民族的共同语。
 - Chinese is the most spoken language in China and the most spoken language in the world. It is one of the six official working languages of the United Nations. China is a multi-ethnic, multi-lingual, multi-dialect and multi-lingual country with 56 ethnic groups. The country's common language is Mandarin and standard Chinese characters. Chinese is the common language of Han nationality. Besides the use of Chinese by the Han nationality, which accounts for 91.51% of the total population, some ethnic minorities also use Chinese. Mardarin is not only the standard language of the Han nationality, but also the common language of the Chinese nation.

艰苦奋斗传统美德

- 艰苦奋斗是中华民族的传统。中华民族向来以特别能吃苦耐劳、勤俭著称于世。革命战争年代,井冈山上,红军将士艰苦奋斗,赢得胜利。进入新时代,艰苦奋斗精神更多的表现是干事创业过程中的探索创新、埋头实干、过程漫长。艰苦奋斗精神作为一种积极、健康的生活态度,一种思想境界,无论什么时代,都被视为一种精神力量、一种崇高的美德。
 - Hard work is a tradition of the Chinese nation. The Chinese nation has always been known for its hard work and frugality. During the Revolutionary War, on the Jinggang Mountains, the Red Army soldiers fought hard and won victory. In the new era, the spirit of hard work is more reflected in the process of exploration and innovation, hard work and the long process. The spirit of hard work, as a positive, healthy attitude to life and a state of mind, no matter what time, is regarded as a kind of spiritual strength, a noble virtue.