Newyork_Taxi EDA

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12/14/2020

探索性数据分析-纽约出租车行驶数据

```
library(tidyverse)
library(forcats)
library(corrplot)
library(lubridate)
library(geosphere)
library(patchwork)
```

#读取数据

```
train <- read_csv("~/workspace/train.csv")
```

```
##
## - Column specification -
## cols(
##
     id = col character(),
     vendor id = col double(),
##
##
     pickup datetime = col datetime(format = ""),
##
     dropoff datetime = col datetime(format = ""),
##
     passenger count = col double(),
##
     pickup longitude = col double(),
     pickup latitude = col double(),
##
##
     dropoff longitude = col double(),
##
     dropoff latitude = col double(),
     store and fwd flag = col character(),
##
     trip duration = col double()
##
## )
```

```
glimpse(train)
```

```
## Rows: 1,458,644
## Columns: 11
                      <chr> "id2875421", "id2377394", "id3858529", "id3504673"...
## $ id
                      <dbl> 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2,...
## $ vendor id
## $ pickup datetime
                      <dttm> 2016-03-14 17:24:55, 2016-06-12 00:43:35, 2016-01...
                      <dttm> 2016-03-14 17:32:30, 2016-06-12 00:54:38, 2016-01...
## $ dropoff_datetime
## $ passenger count
                      <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 6, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1,...
## $ pickup longitude
                      <dbl> -73.98215, -73.98042, -73.97903, -74.01004, -73.97...
## $ pickup latitude
                      <dbl> 40.76794, 40.73856, 40.76394, 40.71997, 40.79321, ...
## $ dropoff_longitude
                      <dbl> -73.96463, -73.99948, -74.00533, -74.01227, -73.97...
                      <dbl> 40.76560, 40.73115, 40.71009, 40.70672, 40.78252, ...
## $ dropoff latitude
## $ trip duration
                      <dbl> 455, 663, 2124, 429, 435, 443, 341, 1551, 255, 122...
```

##变量解释 |序号|变量|注释| |:-|:-|:-|| 1| id | ID| | 2| vendor_id | 出租车公司id| | 3| pickup_datetime | 上车时间| | 4| dropoff_datetime | 下车时间| | 5| passenger_count | 乘客人数| | 6| pickup_longitude | 上车经度| | 8| pickup_latitude | 上车纬度| | 9| dropoff_longitude | 下车经度| | 10| dropoff_latitude | 下车维度| | 11| store_and_fwd_flag| 是否分享行程记录 Y=是,N= 不| | 12| trip_duration | 旅行时间(秒)|

##案例分析 数据共有观测145万多行,变量12个,是一个非常大的数据集,抽取一个10000行的样本进行分析。 从11个变量的数据纬度来看,主要是关于纽约出租车用户出行时间、地点、人数,是否分享行程记录的数据,分析思路偏向用户画像分析。 整体出行用户的时间和距离分布描述,并结合vendor_id 查看两家公司的差异性 不同乘客人数占比分析,看看出行用户中,单人还是多人出行人数最多 描述用户行程记录分享数据 计算速度,分析拥堵状况在全年、星期、每日的各自表现情况 *可结合地图包分析用户上车和下车主要集中在哪些区域,哪些区域拥堵,有没有躲避拥堵的有效方案

检查缺失值

```
train %>%
  summarise(
   across(everything(), ~sum(is.na(.)))
)
```

没有缺失值,太好了。

按行随机抽样10,000人

```
set.seed(1110)
test <- sample_n(train, 10000)</pre>
```

#提取经纬度变量,将经纬度转换为距离(km),并添加到数据框中

```
pickup_location <- test %>%
    select(pickup_longitude,pickup_latitude)
dropoff_location <- test %>%
    select(dropoff_longitude,dropoff_latitude)

test <- test %>%
    mutate(distance = distHaversine(pickup_location,dropoff_location)/1000)
```

```
test <- test %>%
  mutate(speed = distance/trip_duration*3600)
```

#日期格式转换,将vendor_id作为因子,添加速度(km/h)列

```
## # A tibble: 10,000 x 13
##
      id
            vendor_id pickup_datetime
                                           dropoff_datetime
                                                                 passenger_count
##
      <chr> <fct>
                      <dttm>
                                           <dttm>
                                                                           <dbl>
   1 id26... 1
                      2016-03-08 19:50:57 2016-03-08 20:16:22
##
                                                                               1
   2 id23... 1
##
                      2016-04-02 18:23:41 2016-04-02 18:32:20
                                                                               2
   3 id16... 2
##
                      2016-01-14 11:36:37 2016-01-14 11:53:18
                                                                               5
   4 id30... 1
                      2016-06-08 13:36:04 2016-06-08 13:40:53
##
                                                                               1
   5 id09... 2
                      2016-03-18 03:39:47 2016-03-18 03:52:46
##
                                                                               1
   6 id02... 1
                      2016-06-29 22:33:36 2016-06-29 23:10:26
##
                                                                               1
##
   7 id11... 1
                      2016-05-20 14:19:17 2016-05-20 14:21:35
                                                                               1
##
   8 id21... 2
                      2016-02-23 05:57:36 2016-02-23 06:12:57
                                                                               1
## 9 id11... 1
                      2016-05-01 02:24:13 2016-05-01 02:29:51
                                                                               1
## 10 id15... 2
                      2016-05-07 03:21:26 2016-05-07 03:25:31
                                                                               1
## # ... with 9,990 more rows, and 8 more variables: pickup longitude <dbl>,
       pickup latitude <dbl>, dropoff longitude <dbl>, dropoff latitude <dbl>,
## #
       store and fwd flag <fct>, trip duration <dbl>, distance <dbl>, speed <dbl>
```

#日期处理,将日期转换为数据型,并按月、周、日拆分日期

```
##
                        vendor_id pickup_datetime
         id
##
    Length: 10000
                                  Min.
                                         :2016-01-01 00:07:29
                        1:4573
##
    Class :character
                        2:5427
                                  1st Qu.:2016-02-16 12:26:52
    Mode :character
                                  Median :2016-03-31 10:47:35
##
##
                                  Mean
                                         :2016-03-31 20:58:20
##
                                  3rd Qu.:2016-05-15 17:13:56
##
                                         :2016-06-30 23:47:52
##
    dropoff_datetime
                                   passenger_count pickup_longitude pickup_latitude
##
    Min.
           :2016-01-01 00:16:03
                                   Min.
                                          :1.000
                                                    Min.
                                                           :-74.11
                                                                     Min.
                                                                             :40.60
##
    1st Qu.:2016-02-16 12:34:48
                                   1st Qu.:1.000
                                                    1st Qu.:-73.99
                                                                      1st Qu.:40.74
                                                                     Median :40.75
    Median :2016-03-31 11:07:38
                                   Median :1.000
                                                    Median :-73.98
##
##
    Mean
           :2016-03-31 21:13:21
                                   Mean
                                                    Mean
                                                                     Mean
                                                                             :40.75
                                          :1.666
                                                           :-73.97
    3rd Ou.:2016-05-15 17:20:53
                                                    3rd Ou.:-73.97
##
                                   3rd Ou.:2.000
                                                                      3rd Ou.: 40.77
           :2016-07-01 00:00:26
                                                           :-73.59
##
    Max.
                                   Max.
                                          :6.000
                                                    Max.
                                                                     Max.
                                                                             :40.88
##
    dropoff longitude dropoff latitude store and fwd flag trip duration
##
           :-74.28
                      Min.
                              :40.55
                                        N:9958
                                                            Min.
##
    1st Qu.:-73.99
                      1st Qu.:40.74
                                                            1st Ou.:
                                                                       397.0
                                        Y: 42
##
    Median :-73.98
                      Median :40.75
                                                            Median :
                                                                       671.0
##
    Mean
           :-73.97
                      Mean
                              :40.75
                                                            Mean
                                                                      900.4
##
    3rd Qu.:-73.96
                      3rd Qu.:40.77
                                                            3rd Qu.: 1089.0
##
    Max.
           :-73.59
                                                            Max.
                                                                    :86216.0
                      Max.
                              :40.97
##
       distance
                                                             hour
                          speed
                                           month
                                                               : 0.00
##
   Min.
           : 0.000
                     Min.
                             : 0.00
                                       Min.
                                               :1.000
                                                        Min.
##
    1st Ou.: 1.234
                     1st Ou.: 9.10
                                       1st Ou.:2.000
                                                        1st Ou.: 9.00
##
    Median : 2.110
                     Median : 12.79
                                       Median :3.000
                                                        Median :14.00
##
    Mean
           : 3.421
                     Mean
                            : 14.32
                                       Mean
                                               :3.496
                                                        Mean
                                                               :13.62
##
    3rd Qu.: 3.885
                     3rd Qu.: 17.65
                                       3rd Qu.:5.000
                                                        3rd Qu.:19.00
           :31.914
##
    Max.
                     Max.
                             :283.16
                                       Max.
                                               :6.000
                                                        Max.
                                                               :23.00
##
         wday
##
   Min.
           :1.00
    1st Qu.:2.00
##
##
    Median :4.00
##
    Mean
           :4.15
##
    3rd Qu.:6.00
    Max.
           :7.00
##
```

##查看有无异常值

```
test %>%
  mutate(h_trip = trip_duration/3600) %>%
  select(distance, speed, h_trip) %>%
  arrange(-speed, distance, h_trip)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10,000 x 3
##
     distance speed h trip
##
        <dbl> <dbl>
                      <dbl>
##
       0.315 283. 0.00111
   1
##
   2
       1.01
               84.9 0.0119
       0.0931 83.8 0.00111
   3
##
             73.3 0.0025
##
      0.183
##
   5
      0.130
               66.8 0.00194
   6 10.2
              66.6 0.153
##
   7 15.8
             64.8 0.243
##
##
   8 20.0
              60.2 0.332
##
  9
      2.33
               59.0 0.0394
      6.51 57.1 0.114
## 10
## # ... with 9,990 more rows
```

```
test %>%
  mutate(h_trip = trip_duration/3600) %>%
  select(distance, speed, h_trip) %>%
  arrange(-h_trip, speed, distance)
```

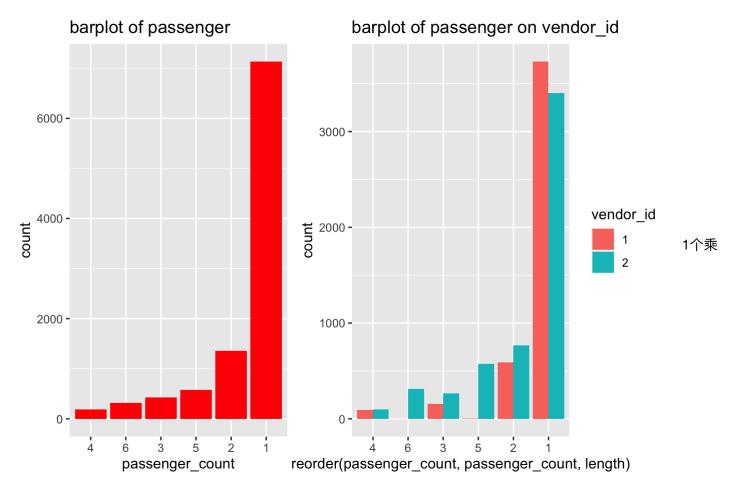
```
## # A tibble: 10,000 x 3
##
     distance speed h_trip
##
        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
       0.989 0.0413 23.9
##
  1
       0.968 0.0405 23.9
##
   2
##
   3
       1.33
              0.0560 23.8
      2.83
             0.119
                     23.8
##
##
   5
       8.48
              0.358
                      23.7
##
      1.12
              0.0473 23.6
       5.44
              0.232
                     23.5
##
      0.260 0.0711 3.66
##
   8
##
  9
      0.0432 0.0135
                      3.20
## 10
      9.96
              5.21
                       1.91
## # ... with 9,990 more rows
```

```
test1 <- test %>%
  mutate(h_trip = trip_duration/3600) %>%
  filter(h_trip < 23 & speed < 280)</pre>
```

速度大于280km/h几乎不可能,行驶时长超过23h可能性也不大。因而删除掉这部分数据。

##乘客人数分析

```
p1 <- test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(passenger_count, fill = I("red"))) +
    geom_bar(aes(x = reorder(passenger_count, passenger_count, length))) +
    labs(title = "barplot of passenger")
p2 <- test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(x = reorder(passenger_count, passenger_count, length), fill = vendor_id)) +
    geom_bar( position = "dodge") +
    labs(title = "barplot of passenger on vendor_id ")
p1+p2
```

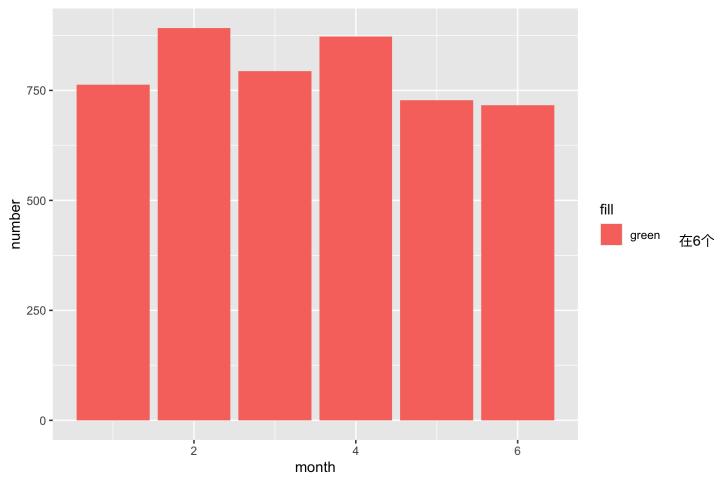


客的人数超过7000人,2个乘客的人数约1300人,4人最少,5人和6人的乘客出行人数排在第三名。 从两家公司来看,出行乘客人数数据相差不大,仅仅只有第二组公司有5人和六人的乘客,或许是因为只有他们在做 多人出行业务。

#多人出行分组统计

```
filter(test1, passenger_count>4) %>%
   group_by(month) %>%
   summarise(number = sum(passenger_count)) %>%
   ggplot(aes(month, number, fill = "green"))+
   geom_histogram(stat = "identity")
```

Warning: Ignoring unknown parameters: binwidth, bins, pad



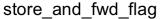
月中5人和6人乘车人数比较平稳。

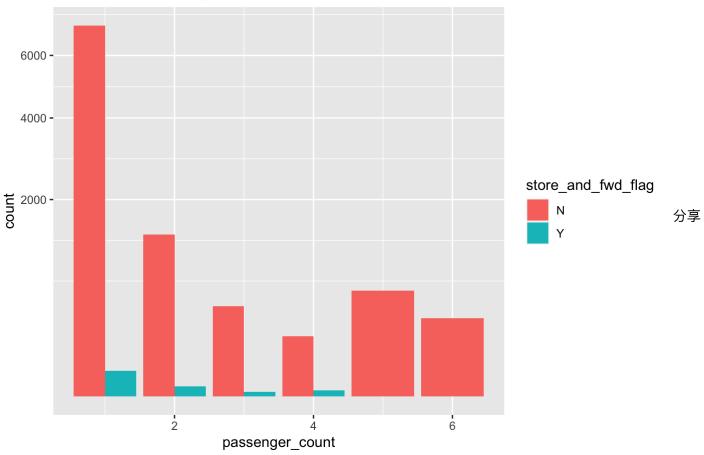
#转发行程人数远小于100人,其中6人乘客无人转发行程

```
test1 %>%
  filter(store_and_fwd_flag == "Y") %>%
  count()
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
## n
## <int>
## 1 42
```

```
test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(passenger_count, fill = store_and_fwd_flag))+
   geom_bar(position = "dodge")+
   labs(title = "store_and_fwd_flag")+
   scale_y_sqrt()
```





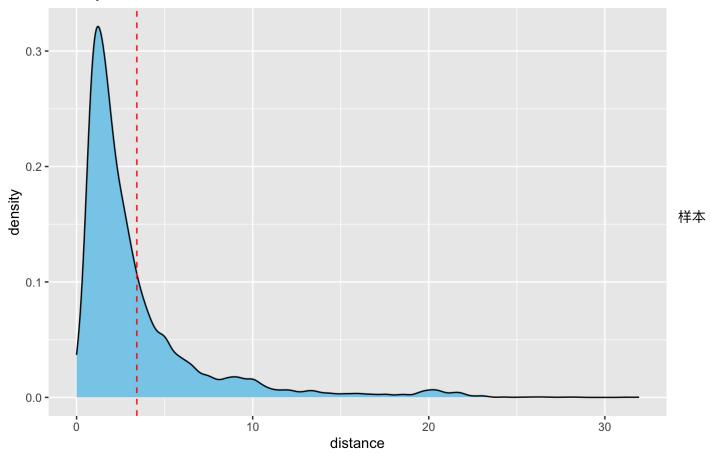
行程的人数只有42人,这42人分布在乘客人数4人以下的组中,说明大部分乘客还是不愿意分享自己的行程数据。 #行驶距离(可能服从右偏的正态分布)

```
test1 %>%
  select(distance) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(distance),
        sd = sd(distance))
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## mean sd
## <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 3.42 3.83
```

```
true.mean <- 3.421247
true.sd <- 3.829957
test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(distance))+
    geom_density(fill = "skyblue")+
    geom_vline(
    xintercept = true.mean,
    color = "red",
    linetype = "dashed"
)+
    labs(title = "density of distance")
```





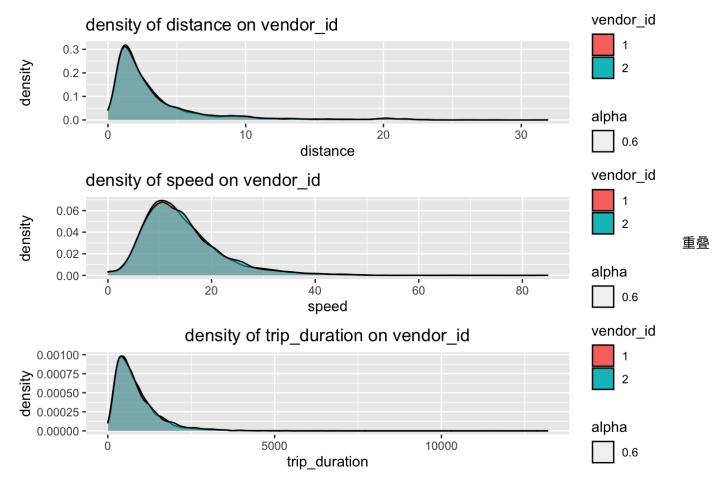
均值为3.42km,分布呈右偏,远距离极大的拉高了均值,大部分用户的行驶距离没有超过3.42km。 #对出租车公司进行分组,查看行驶距离是否有差异

```
p1 <- test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(distance, fill = vendor_id, alpha = 0.6))+
    geom_density()+
    labs(title = "density of distance on vendor_id")

p2 <- test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(speed, fill = vendor_id, alpha = 0.6))+
    geom_density()+
    labs(title = "density of speed on vendor_id")

p3 <- test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(trip_duration, fill = vendor_id, alpha = 0.6))+
    geom_density() +
    labs(title = "density of trip_duration on vendor_id")+
    theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
p1/p2/p3
```

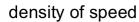
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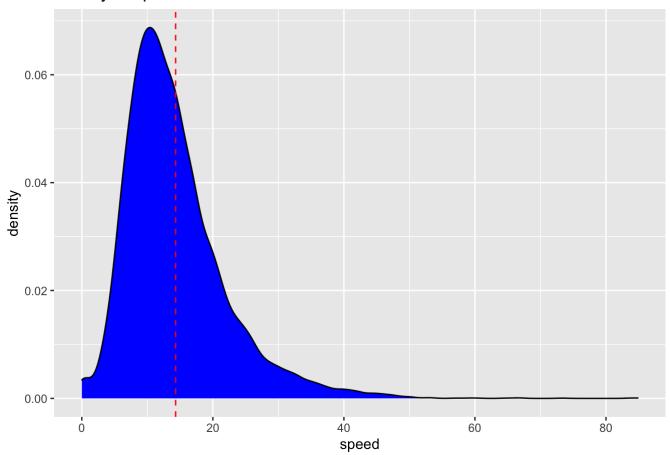


非常严重,可以看出两家出租车公司在行驶距离、速度和旅行时长方面差异不大,短途用车和拥堵问题是一个共性 的情况。

#上下车时间大体正常,1月底左右无人打车,1组和2组分布差异不大

```
test1 %>%
  select(speed) %>%
  summarise(true.mean = mean(speed))
  # A tibble: 1 x 1
     true.mean
##
##
         <dbl>
## 1
          14.3
true.mean = 14.31743
test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(speed))+
    geom_density( fill = "blue")+
    geom vline(
    xintercept = true.mean,
    color = "red",
    linetype = "dashed")+
    labs(title = "density of speed ")
```

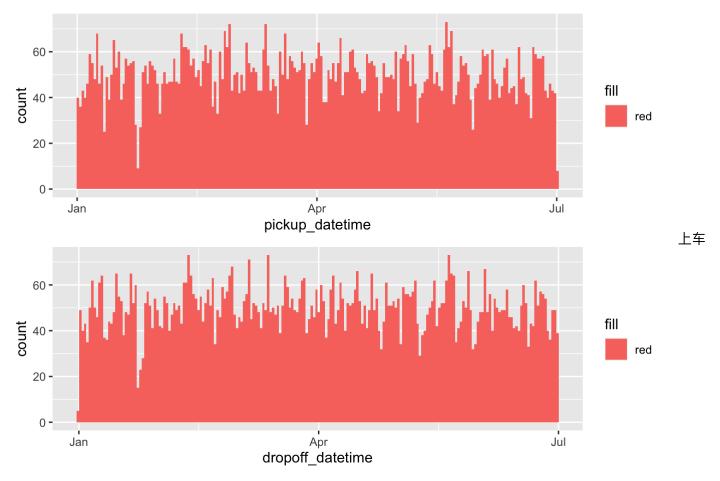




#上下时间对比

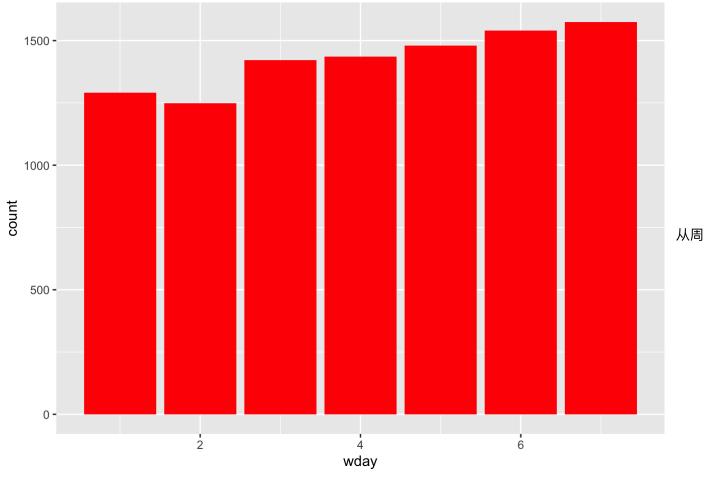
```
p1 <- ggplot(test1,aes(pickup_datetime,fill = "red"))+
    geom_histogram( bins = 200)
p2 <- ggplot(test1,aes(dropoff_datetime,fill = "red"))+
    geom_histogram(bins = 200)
p1/p2</pre>
```

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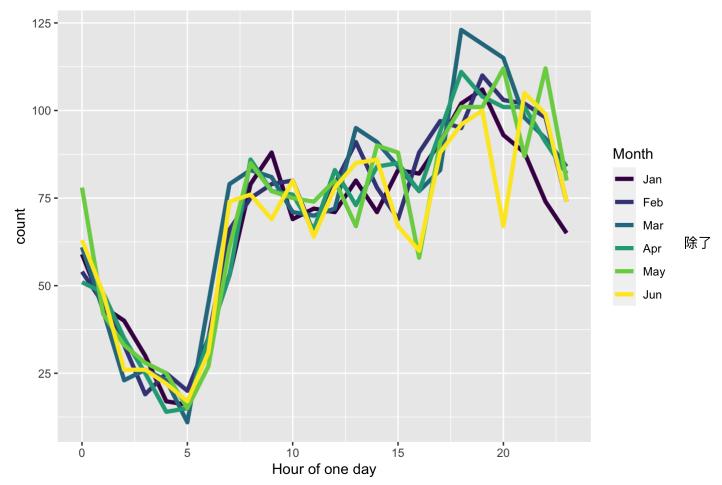
和对应的下车时间大体分布是均匀的,奇怪的是一月底二月初打车人很少,谷歌显示因为城市遭遇暴风雪 ##看看从周一到周日打车人数的变化

```
test1 %>%
   ggplot(aes(wday))+
   geom_bar(fill = "red")
```



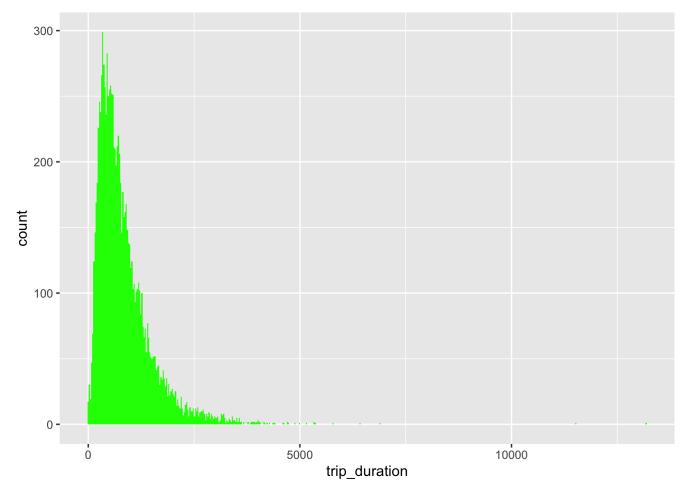
一天到周日打车人数变化不大,周一和周二人数相对少些

##看看一年中每天的乘客人数分布



凌晨(2:00-6:00)都是高峰,晚19:00-21:00为打车人数最多的时间,夜生活丰富 #打车时长

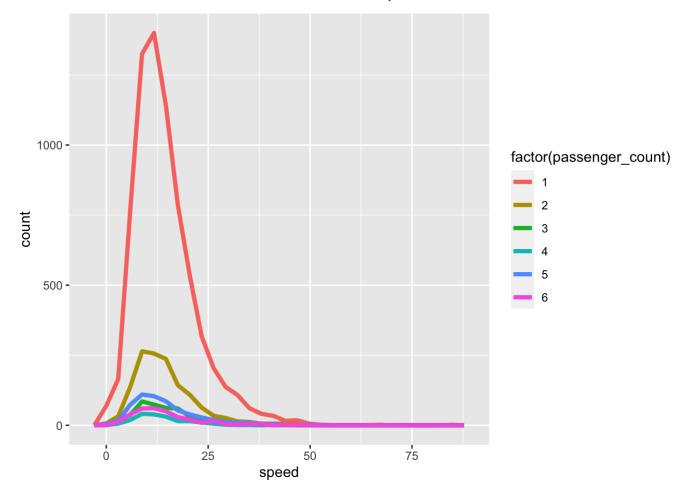
```
test1 %>%
ggplot(aes(trip_duration))+
   geom_histogram(bins = 500,fill = "green")
```



#车速与乘客人数、月份、周无关,与每日具体几点钟有关(凌晨车少,车速快)

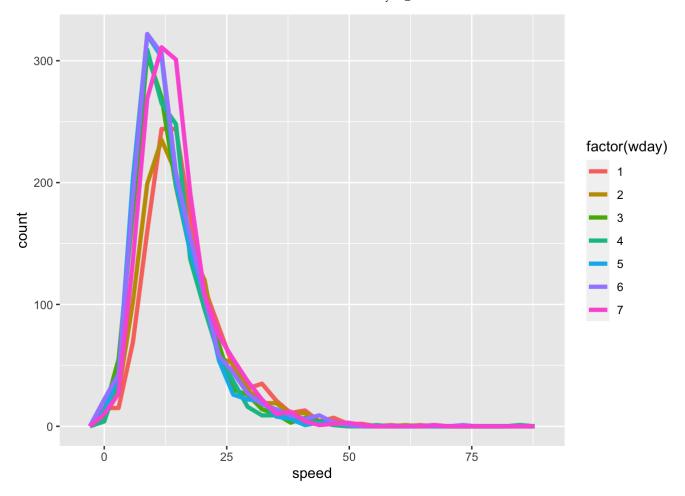
```
test1 %>%
   ggplot(aes(speed,color = factor(passenger_count)))+
   geom_freqpoly(size = 1.5)
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



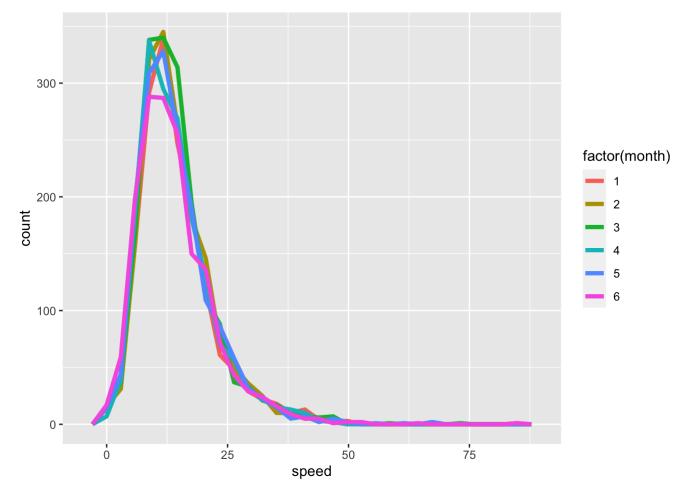
```
test1 %>%
   ggplot(aes(speed,color = factor(wday)))+
   geom_freqpoly(size = 1.5)
```

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



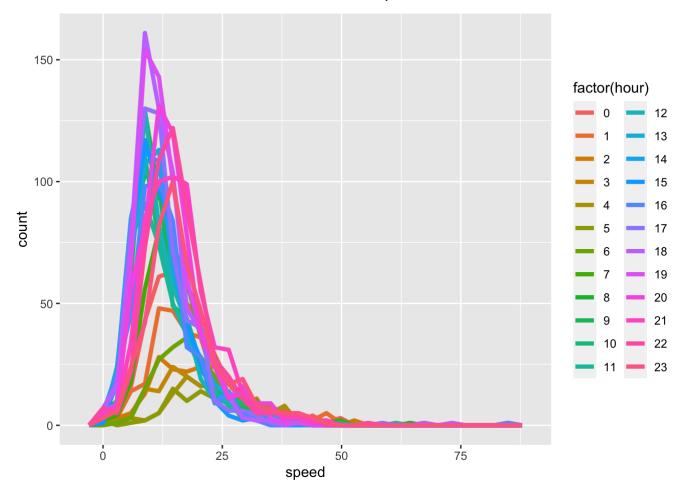
```
test1 %>%
   ggplot(aes(speed,color = factor(month)))+
   geom_freqpoly(size = 1.5)
```

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



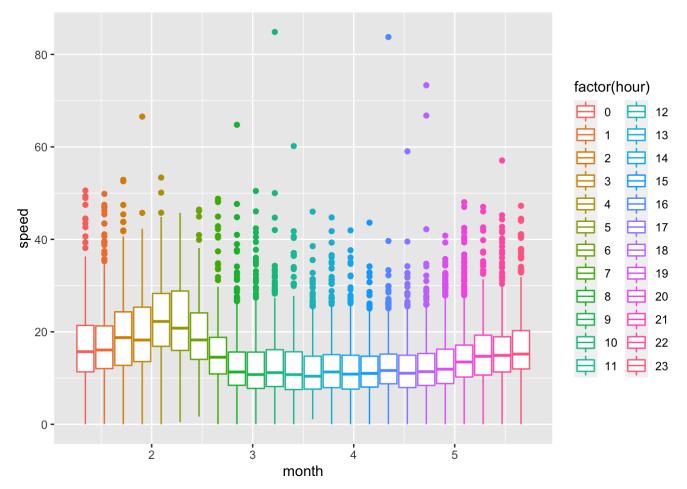
```
test1 %>%
    ggplot(aes(speed,color = factor(hour)))+
    geom_freqpoly(size = 1.5)
```

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



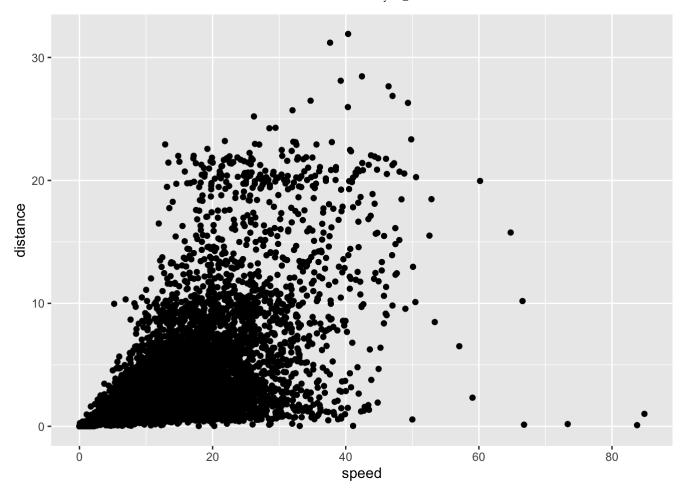
```
test1 %>%
  ggplot(aes(month, speed,color = factor(hour)))+
  geom_boxplot()
```

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#大体距离与速度无关,意味着不管开多远,速度变化不大

```
ggplot(test1,aes(speed, distance))+
   geom_point()+
   geom_jitter()
```



距离的远近和行驶速度之间看不到线性关系

```
ggplot(test1,aes(speed, distance))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth()+
  scale_x_log10()+
  scale_y_log10()
```

Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis

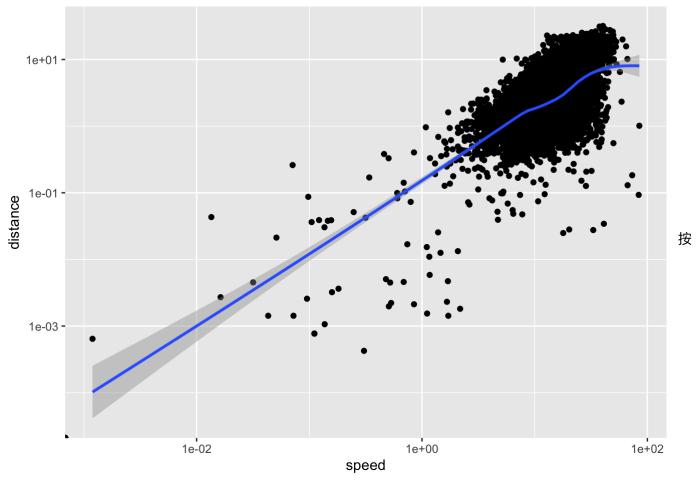
Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis

 $\ensuremath{\textit{\#\#}}$ Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis

Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis

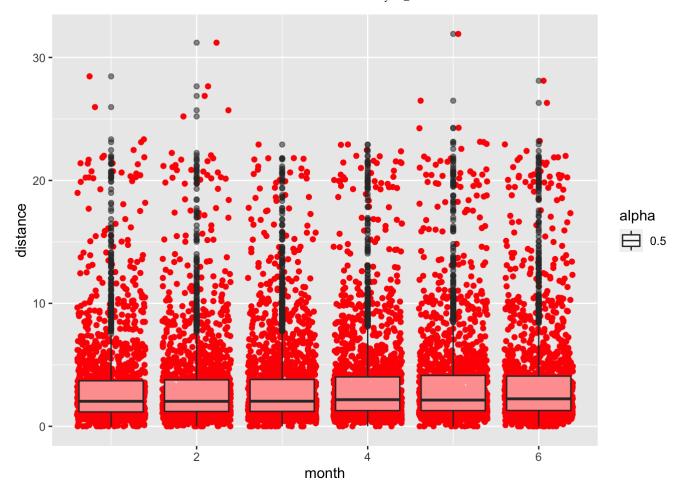
`geom_smooth()` using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'

Warning: Removed 34 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).

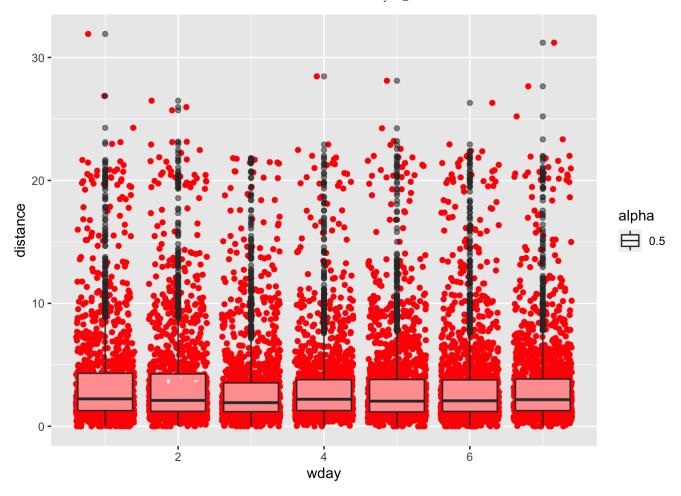


月、周、日查看行驶距离的差异

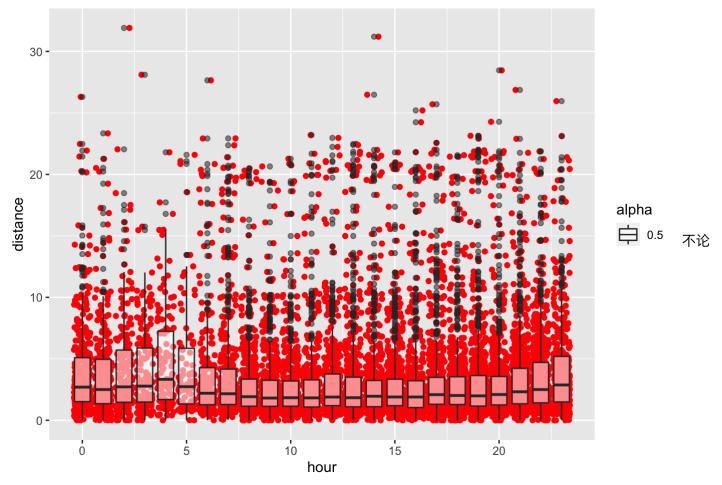
```
test1 %>%
  ggplot(aes(month, distance))+
  geom_jitter(aes(color = I("red")))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(group = month, alpha = 0.5))
```



```
test1 %>%
  ggplot(aes(wday, distance))+
  geom_jitter(aes(color = I("red")))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(group = wday, alpha = 0.5))
```

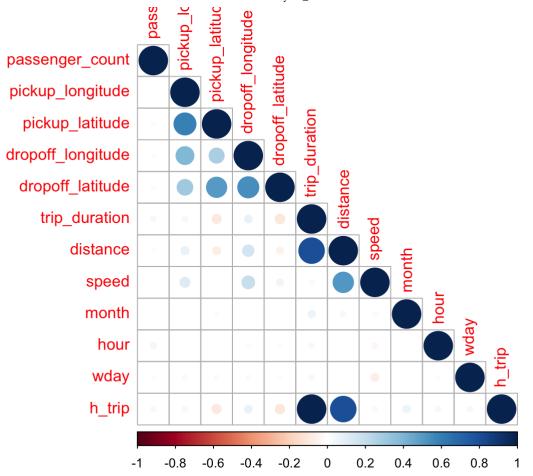


```
test1 %>%
  ggplot(aes(hour, distance))+
  geom_jitter(aes(color = I("red")))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(group = hour, alpha = 0.5))
```



月、周、日,纽约出租车用户的行驶距离差异不大,组间四分位数几乎没有大的变化。

```
test_cor <- test1 %>%
  select(where(is.numeric)) %>%
  cor(method = "spearman") %>%
  corrplot(type = "lower")
```



小时数和行驶距离距离呈现强相关关系,上下车时间呈现相关关系,上下车纬度呈现相关关系。

#结论 1.纽约是一个繁忙的城市,出租车业务不论哪一个月份,哪一个星期,哪一天没有大的差异;

2.纽约是一个不夜城。仅仅在每日凌晨2:00-5:00乘客人数较少,但并不是没有,其他每日时间段打车人数都很多, 区别不大;

3纽约是一个拥堵的城市,平均车速15km/h,一年中车速集中在0-50km/h,可以说不论什么地方什么时间,要想让车速超过50km/h是一件不容易的事;

4.短程车的乘客占比极高,行程以5km内居多,这与纽约拥堵的路况也是分不开的,从场景上看打车的范围距离都很近,可能是上下班更换交通工具等情况; 5.多人(大于4人)出行具有一定的市场,6个月内呈现小范围波动的增长 趋势。

6.异常数据。 一月底二月初,基本无人打车,谷歌显示因为暴风雪天气。

行驶