

Decoding Success at Eurovision: A Machine Learning Analysis of Song Topics, Performance Attributes, and Outcomes (2016–2025)



✓ Data Collection and Inspection-result dataframe

✓ Data Collection

```
import kagglehub
```

```
# Download latest version of dataset of Eurovision result from Kaggle
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("rhyspeploe/eurovision-2016-25")
```

```
print("Path to dataset files:", path)
```

```
→ Downloading from https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/rhyspeploe
100%|██████████| 14.6k/14.6k [00:00<00:00, 18.5MB/s]Extracting files...
Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/rhyspeploe/eurovision-2016-25
```

```
# Import dataset to Google Colab Environment, please uploada here the file name
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```
→ Choose Files eurovision_2016-25.csv
• eurovision_2016-25.csv(text/csv) - 44257 bytes, last modified: n/a - 100% done
Saving eurovision_2016-25.csv to eurovision_2016-25.csv
```

```
# Read in the result file
import pandas as pd
result = pd.read_csv(
    "eurovision_2016-25.csv",
    encoding="ISO-8859-1"
)
```

▼ Data Inspection

```
# Inspect the head
result.head()
```

	Year	Country	Song	Artist	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	Final_Rank
0	2025	Albania	Zjerm	Shkodra Elektronike	8.0	218.0	0.0	1.0	1
1	2025	Armenia	Survivor	Parg	20.0	72.0	0.0	0.0	2
2	2025	Australia	Milkshake Man	Go-Jo	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3
3	2025	Austria	Wasted Love	JJ	1.0	436.0	1.0	1.0	4
4	2025	Azerbaijan	Run with U	Mamagama	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	5

5 rows × 33 columns

```
# Check basic information of the result dataset  
result.info()
```

```
→ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 358 entries, 0 to 357  
Data columns (total 33 columns):  
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype     
---  --     
 0   Year             358 non-null    int64    
 1   Country          358 non-null    object    
 2   Song              358 non-null    object    
 3   Artist            358 non-null    object    
 4   Final_Place      232 non-null    float64   
 5   Final_Points     232 non-null    float64   
 6   Top 5             304 non-null    float64   
 7   Top 10            309 non-null    float64   
 8   Running_Order_Final  233 non-null    float64   
 9   Grand_Final_Ind  358 non-null    int64    
 10  Big6_Ind          358 non-null    int64    
 11  Semi_Final_Num   305 non-null    float64   
 12  Semi_Place        305 non-null    float64   
 13  Semi_Points       305 non-null    float64   
 14  Running_Order_Semi  305 non-null    float64   
 15  National_Final    358 non-null    int64    
 16  Solo_Artist       358 non-null    int64    
 17  Sex               358 non-null    object    
 18  Returning_Artist_Ind  358 non-null    int64    
 19  Number of Members  358 non-null    int64    
 20  Language1          358 non-null    object    
 21  Language2          68 non-null     object    
 22  Language3          7 non-null      object    
 23  Language4          2 non-null      object    
 24  Multiple_Language  358 non-null    int64    
 25  National_Language_Used  358 non-null    bool     
 26  EU                358 non-null    int64    
 27  NATO              358 non-null    int64    
 28  Country_Group      358 non-null    object    
 29  MyESB_Community    358 non-null    int64    
 30  MyESB_Personal    358 non-null    int64    
 31  OGAE_Points        358 non-null    int64    
 32  Qualification_Record  312 non-null    float64  
dtypes: bool(1), float64(10), int64(13), object(9)  
memory usage: 90.0+ KB
```

```
# Inspect for missing value  
result.isna().sum()
```

```
→ 0  
---  
Year      0  
Country  0
```

Song	0
Artist	0
Final_Place	126
Final_Points	126
Top 5	54
Top 10	49
Running_Order_Final	125
Grand_Final_Ind	0
Big6_Ind	0
Semi_Final_Num	53
Semi_Place	53
Semi_Points	53
Running_Order_Semi	53
National_Final	0
Solo_Artist	0
Sex	0
Returning_Artist_Ind	0
Number of Members	0
Language1	0
Language2	290
Language3	351
Language4	356
Multiple_Language	0
National_Language_Used	0
EU	0
NATO	0
Country_Group	0
MyESB_Community	0
MyESB_Personal	0

```
OGAE_Points      0  
Qualification_Record 46  
  
dtype: int64
```

✓ Data Collection, Inspection and Cleaning-lyrics dataframe

✓ Data Collection

```
import kagglehub  
  
# Download latest version dataset of lyrics  
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics")  
  
print("Path to dataset files:", path)  
  
→ Downloading from https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics  
100%|██████████| 1.02M/1.02M [00:00<00:00, 39.7MB/s]Extracting files...  
Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics
```

```
import json  
import pandas as pd  
  
# Read in the lyrics file, please note that the downloading path might be different  
json_file_path = f"/root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics"  
with open(json_file_path, encoding="utf-8") as f:  
    lyrics_raw = json.load(f)
```

✓ Data Inspection

```
# Normalize the json file, and create a Dataframe  
lyrics = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(lyrics_raw, orient='index')
```

```
# Inspect the head of lyrics df
lyrics.head()
```

→

	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovision Number	Year
0	1	Netherlands	1	Jetty Paerl	De vogels van Holland	Dutch	-	-	1	1956
1	2	Switzerland	1	Lys Assia	Das alte Karussell	German	-	-	1	1956
2	3	Belgium	1	Fud Leclerc	Messieurs les noyés de la Seine	French	-	-	1	1956

Next steps:

[Generate code with lyrics](#)

[View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```
# Inspect lyrics df info
lyrics.info()
```

→ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 1795 entries, 0 to 1794
Data columns (total 14 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	#	1795 non-null	object
1	Country	1795 non-null	object
2	#.1	1795 non-null	object
3	Artist	1795 non-null	object
4	Song	1795 non-null	object
5	Language	1795 non-null	object
6	Place	1795 non-null	object
7	Score	1795 non-null	object
8	Eurovision Number	1795 non-null	int64
9	Year	1795 non-null	object
10	Host Country	1795 non-null	object
11	Host City	1795 non-null	object
12	Lyrics	1795 non-null	object
13	Lyrics translation	1795 non-null	object

dtypes: int64(1), object(13)
memory usage: 274.9+ KB

▼ Data Cleaning

```
# Change the datatype of year to int
lyrics['Year'] = pd.to_numeric(lyrics['Year'], errors='coerce')
```

```
#Filter the songs from 2016–2025
lyrics_filtered = lyrics[lyrics['Year'].between(2016, 2025)]
```

```
# Inspect the sliced dataframe
lyrics_filtered.head()
```

→

	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	-
1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	-
1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	-

Next steps:

- Generate code with lyrics_filtered
- View recommended plots
- New interactive sheet

```
# Normalize the language value
lyrics_filtered["Language"] = lyrics_filtered["Language"].str.strip()
```

→ <ipython-input-15-82c50204acca>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs>
lyrics_filtered["Language"] = lyrics_filtered["Language"].str.strip()

```
# Create a function that only when the language is English, then it takes the lyrics
lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"] = lyrics_filtered.apply(
    lambda row: row["Lyrics"]
    if row["Language"] == "English"
    else row["Lyrics translation"],
    axis=1
)
```

→ <ipython-input-16-157453347d81>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs>
lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"] = lyrics_filtered.apply(

```
# Check for nulls or missing final lyrics
print(lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"].isna().sum())
```

→ 0

```
# Inspect the new column
lyrics_filtered.head()
```

→

#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50 Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
1397	1398	Greece	37 Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
1398	1399	Moldova	12 Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	

Next steps:

[Generate code with lyrics_filtered](#)

[!\[\]\(d8ab143e904bfa3467271eec5af75a9b_img.jpg\) View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```
# Install packages
! pip install pandas scikit-learn matplotlib seaborn bertopic
```

→ Downloading nvidia_nvjitlink_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.

```
Requirement already satisfied: triton==3.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d
Requirement already satisfied: sympy==1.13.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d
Requirement already satisfied: mpmath<1.4,>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: regex!=2019.12.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
Requirement already satisfied: tokenizers<0.22,>=0.21 in /usr/local/lib/pyt
Requirement already satisfied: safetensors>=0.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/p
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/di
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Downloading bertopic-0.17.0-py3-none-any.whl (150 kB)
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 150.6/150.6 kB 5.2 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cublas_cu12-12.4.5.8-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 363.4/363.4 MB 4.4 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cuda_cupti_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 13.8/13.8 MB 71.6 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cuda_nvrtc_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 24.6/24.6 MB 83.5 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cuda_runtime_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 883.7/883.7 kB 58.7 MB/s eta 0:
Downloading nvidia_cudnn_cu12-9.1.0.70-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (6
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 664.8/664.8 MB 3.3 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cufft_cu12-11.2.1.3-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (2
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 211.5/211.5 MB 1.9 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_curand_cu12-10.3.5.147-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 56.3/56.3 MB 12.7 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cusolver_cu12-11.6.1.9-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 127.9/127.9 MB 7.8 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cusparse_cu12-12.3.1.170-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 207.5/207.5 MB 5.8 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_nvjitlink_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.wh
    ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ 21.1/21.1 MB 71.4 MB/s eta 0:00
Installing collected packages: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12, nvidia-curand-cu12, n
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12 12.5.82
    Uninstalling nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.5.82:
        Successfully uninstalled nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-curand-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-curand-cu12 10.3.6.82
    Uninstalling nvidia-curand-cu12-10.3.6.82:
        Successfully uninstalled nvidia-curand-cu12-10.3.6.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cufft-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cufft-cu12 11.2.3.61
    Uninstalling nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.3.61:
        Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.3.61
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12 12.5.82
    Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12-12.5.82:
        Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12 12.5.82
    Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12-12.5.82:
        Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12-12.5.82
```

```
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12 12.5.82
Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-12.5.82:
  Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cublas-cu12
```

✓ Topic Modelling- Unsupervised Machine Learning

✓ LDA Model

```
# Import packages
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import LatentDirichletAllocation
from bertopic import BERTopic
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Determine documents for LDA and BERTopic
documents = lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"].tolist()

# Determine the vectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop_words="english", max_df=0.95, min_df=5)

# Fit the LDA model
# Turn our text data into a matrix of token counts
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(documents)
# Set up the LDA model to find 10 topics in the data
lda_model = LatentDirichletAllocation(n_components=10, random_state=42)
# Run LDA on our word count matrix – this gives us topic probabilities for each
lda_topics = lda_model.fit_transform(X)
# For each doc, grab the topic with the highest score (i.e., the one it's most likely
lda_topic_assignments = lda_topics.argmax(axis=1)
# Add those topic labels back into our DataFrame so we can see what topic each
lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic"] = lda_topic_assignments
```

```
# Inspect the LDA topic
lyrics_filtered.head()
```

→

	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhya	Sing It Away	English	-	-	-
1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	-
1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	-

Next steps:

- Generate code with lyrics_filtered
- View recommended plots
- New interactive sheet

```
def print_lda_topics(lda_model, vectorizer, n_top_words=10):
    # Get all the actual words (features) the model learned from
    feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
    # Loop through each topic found by the LDA model
    for idx, topic in enumerate(lda_model.components_):
        # Get the top N words for this topic (the ones with the highest weight)
        top_words = [feature_names[i] for i in topic.argsort()[:-n_top_words - 1:-1]]
        # Print the topic number and its top words
        print(f"Topic {idx}: {' '.join(top_words)})
```

```
# Show the top words for each topic in the trained LDA model
print_lda_topics(lda_model, vectorizer)
```

→

- Topic 0: love | ll | chorus | yeah | way | gonna | light | verse | tonight | v
- Topic 1: la | like | falling | heart | life | sun | blood | just | hold | v
- Topic 2: na | know | ll | life | hey | say | like | high | sound | hope
- Topic 3: oh | just | don | pa | feel | chorus | good | cause | wanna | bigg
- Topic 4: ooh | love | heart | look | know | don | need | friend | cause | l
- Topic 5: like | gonna | baby | know | don | ll | tell | time | going | ya
- Topic 6: love | don | got | ain | know | chorus | like | cause | come | sca
- Topic 7: ah | ich | walking | chorus | holding | water | ve | die | fly | r
- Topic 8: away | run | sing | right | night | make | come | far | land | gon
- Topic 9: let | don | ll | like | want | know | dance | say | feel | hear

```
# I manually put a topic label for each topic, map the label here
topic_labels = {
    0: "Romantic/Intimate",
    1: "Emotional/Inspirational",
    2: "Energetic/Upbeat Chant",
    3: "Fun/Party Anthem",
    4: "Love & Friendship",
    5: "Relationship Conflict",
    6: "Vulnerability/Overcoming",
    7: "Dreamy/Abstract Imagery",
    8: "Journey/Escape",
    9: "Celebration/Desire"
}

# Apply to DataFrame
lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic_Label"] = lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic"].map(topic_labels)
```

```
# Inspect the LDA topic label
lyrics_filtered.head()
```

	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
	1396	1397	Finland	50 Sandhya	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
	1397	1398	Greece	37 Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
	1398	1399	Moldova	12 Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	
	1399	1400	Hungary	14 Freddie	Pioneer	English	19	108	

Next steps:

[Generate code with lyrics_filtered](#)

[!\[\]\(f1ee6d81bdeaf50ad3989e9a2b0d9b21_img.jpg\) View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

✓ BERT Topic

```
# Dropping rows where "Lyrics_Final" is NaN
lyrics_df = lyrics_filtered.dropna(subset=["Lyrics_Final"])
# Excluding rows where "Lyrics_Final" is "english", empty, "none", or "nan"
lyrics_df = lyrics_df[~lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].str.strip().str.lower().isin(["english", "", "none", "nan"])]  
  
# Keep only rows where the lyrics have more than 3 words
lyrics_df = lyrics_df[lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].str.split().str.len() > 3]  
  
import re
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
# Download stopwords
try:
    stopwords.words('english')
except LookupError:
    nltk.download('stopwords')  
  
# Load English stop words into a set for faster lookup
ENGLISH_STOP_WORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))  
  
# Function to clean text: remove newlines, non-letter characters, lowercase, and punctuation
def clean_text(text):
    text = re.sub(r"\n", " ", text)
    text = re.sub(r"[^a-zA-Z ]", "", text)
    words = text.lower().split()
    return " ".join([w for w in words if w not in ENGLISH_STOP_WORDS])  
  
# Apply cleaning function to lyrics
lyrics_df["Lyrics_Cleaned"] = lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].apply(clean_text)  
  
→ [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data]  Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
```

```
from sentence_transformers import SentenceTransformer
# Convert cleaned lyrics into a list of documents
docs = lyrics_df["Lyrics_Cleaned"].tolist()

# Load a pre-trained transformer model
embedding_model = SentenceTransformer("all-MiniLM-L6-v2")

# Generate sentence embeddings for each document with a progress bar
embeddings = embedding_model.encode(docs, show_progress_bar=True)

→ modules.json: 100% 349/349 [00:00<00:00, 5.09kB/s]

config_sentence_transformers.json: 100% 116/116 [00:00<00:00, 2.92kB/s]

README.md: 100% 10.5k/10.5k [00:00<00:00, 476kB/s]

sentence_bert_config.json: 100% 53.0/53.0 [00:00<00:00, 906B/s]

config.json: 100% 612/612 [00:00<00:00, 14.2kB/s]

Xet Storage is enabled for this repo, but the 'hf_xet' package is not insta
WARNING:huggingface_hub.file_download:Xet Storage is enabled for this repo,
model.safetensors: 100% 90.9M/90.9M [00:01<00:00, 101MB/s]

tokenizer_config.json: 100% 350/350 [00:00<00:00, 6.45kB/s]

vocab.txt: 100% 232k/232k [00:00<00:00, 2.80MB/s]

tokenizer.json: 100% 466k/466k [00:00<00:00, 5.49MB/s]

special_tokens_map.json: 100% 112/112 [00:00<00:00, 6.03kB/s]

config.json: 100% 190/190 [00:00<00:00, 4.62kB/s]

Batches: 100% 12/12 [00:34<00:00, 1.68s/it]
```

```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sentence_transformers import SentenceTransformer
from bertopic import BERTopic

# Initialize KMeans clustering with a fixed number of clusters (topics)
kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=10, random_state=42)

# Initialize BERTopic with precomputed embedding model and KMeans clustering
bertopic_model = BERTopic(embedding_model=embedding_model, hdbscan_model=kmeans_model)

# Fit the BERTopic model on the documents and their embeddings to extract topics
topics, probs = bertopic_model.fit_transform(docs, embeddings)

# Assign the predicted BERTopic topic for each document to the DataFrame
lyrics_df["BERT_Topic"] = topics

```

```
# Extract the info of BERTopic
bertopic_model.get_topic_info()
```

	Topic	Count		Name	Representation	Representative_Docs
0	0	63	0_im_love_dont_heart	[im, love, dont, heart, let, know, time, never...]	[look used rockstars never thought harm til th...]	
1	1	50	1_sowing_like_love_lover	[sowing, like, love, lover, night, sun, come, ...]	[oh spring song spring song spent winter garde...]	
2	2	42	2_bam_ea_icl_one	[bam, ea, ich, one, ey, love, ill, take, ya, n...]	[verse want stay tonight far every sight every...]	
3	3	40	3_oh_chorus_verse_im	[oh, chorus, verse, im, sing, dont, away, gonn...]	[verse jessika bullied moment born always one ...]	
4	4	39	4_im_go_yeah_gonna	[im, go, yeah, gonna, oh, wanna, yay, like, go...]	[verse see look eyes aint feeling pressure pre...]	

```
# Assign the topics in a DataFrame
topic_info = bertopic_model.get_topic_info()
```

```
import pandas as pd

# Show all rows and all columns
pd.set_option("display.max_rows", None)
pd.set_option("display.max_columns", None)
pd.set_option("display.max_colwidth", None)

# Print the full DataFrame
print(topic_info)
```

	Topic	Count	Name	\
0	0	63	0_im_love_dont_heart	
1	1	50	1_sowing_like_love_lover	
2	2	42	2_bam_ea_ich_one	
3	3	40	3_oh_chorus_verse_im	
4	4	39	4_im_go_yeah_gonna	
5	5	35	5_la_im_diva_know	
6	6	30	6_love_ill_italy_wasted	
7	7	28	7_love_oh_bigger_feel	
8	8	27	8_sauna_im_dont_fire	
9	9	25	9_poe_na_yum_cha	

	Representation	\
0	[im, love, dont, heart, let, know, time, never, go, like]	
1	[sowing, like, love, lover, night, sun, come, go, good, never]	
2	[bam, ea, ich, one, ey, love, ill, take, ya, never]	
3	[oh, chorus, verse, im, sing, dont, away, gonna, hear, friend]	
4	[im, go, yeah, gonna, oh, wanna, yay, like, got, dance]	
5	[la, im, diva, know, like, dont, healthy, sleep, rules, supergirl]	
6	[love, ill, italy, wasted, dont, time, us, im, one, kiss]	
7	[love, oh, bigger, feel, chorus, waiting, verse, alive, make, life]	
8	[sauna, im, dont, fire, burns, feel, survivor, burning, cant, like]	
9	[poe, na, yum, cha, mamma, im, tim, freaky, like, rim]	

0	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	[ohoohooohoohooh sure told really like teeth hairy coat nothing undern

```
# I manually put a topic label for each topic, map the label here

topic_labels = {
    0: "Romantic Loneliness",
    1: "Emotional Breakup",
    2: "Performance & Confidence",
    3: "Self-Love / Creativity",
    4: "Seduction & Regret",
    5: "Dance & Party",
    6: "Nonsense / Playful Chant",
    7: "Intensity / Passion",
    8: "Chanting / Hype",
    9: "Feminine Power / Diva"
}

# Map numerical BERT topic IDs to descriptive labels
lyrics_df["BERT_Topic_Label"] = lyrics_df["BERT_Topic"].map(topic_labels)

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set style and figure size
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

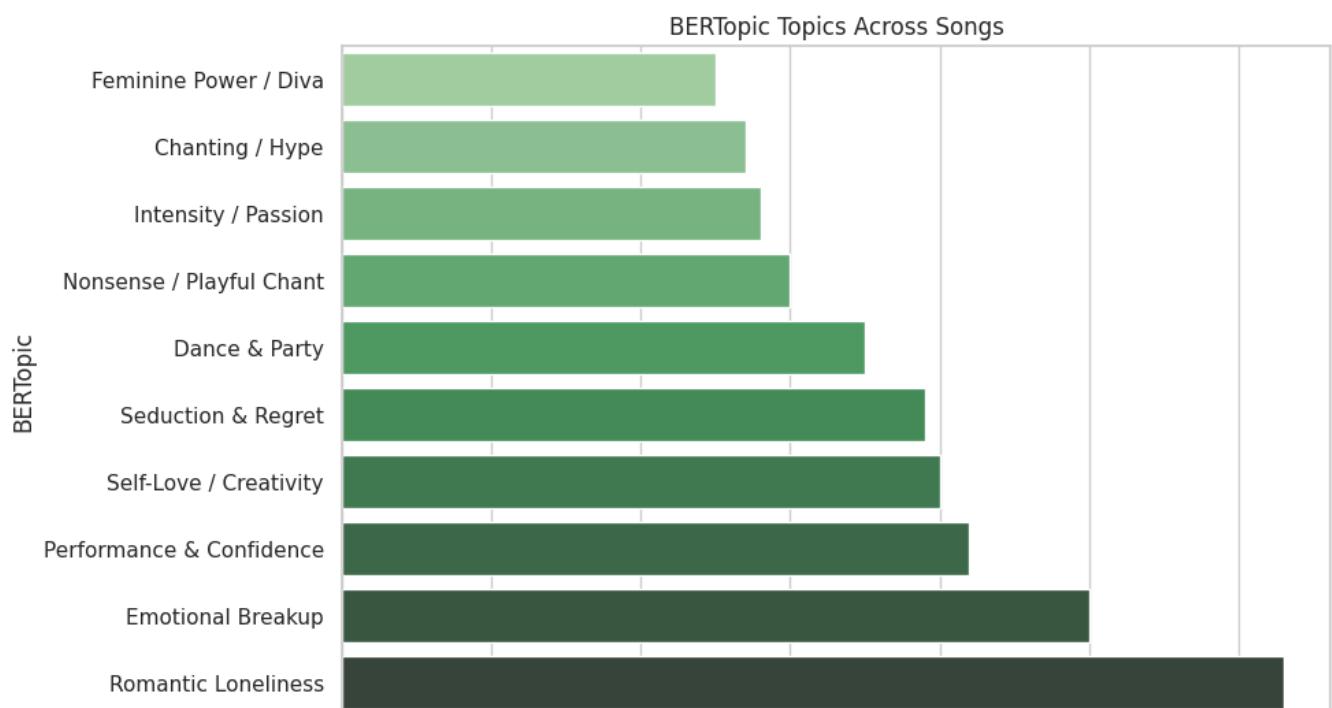
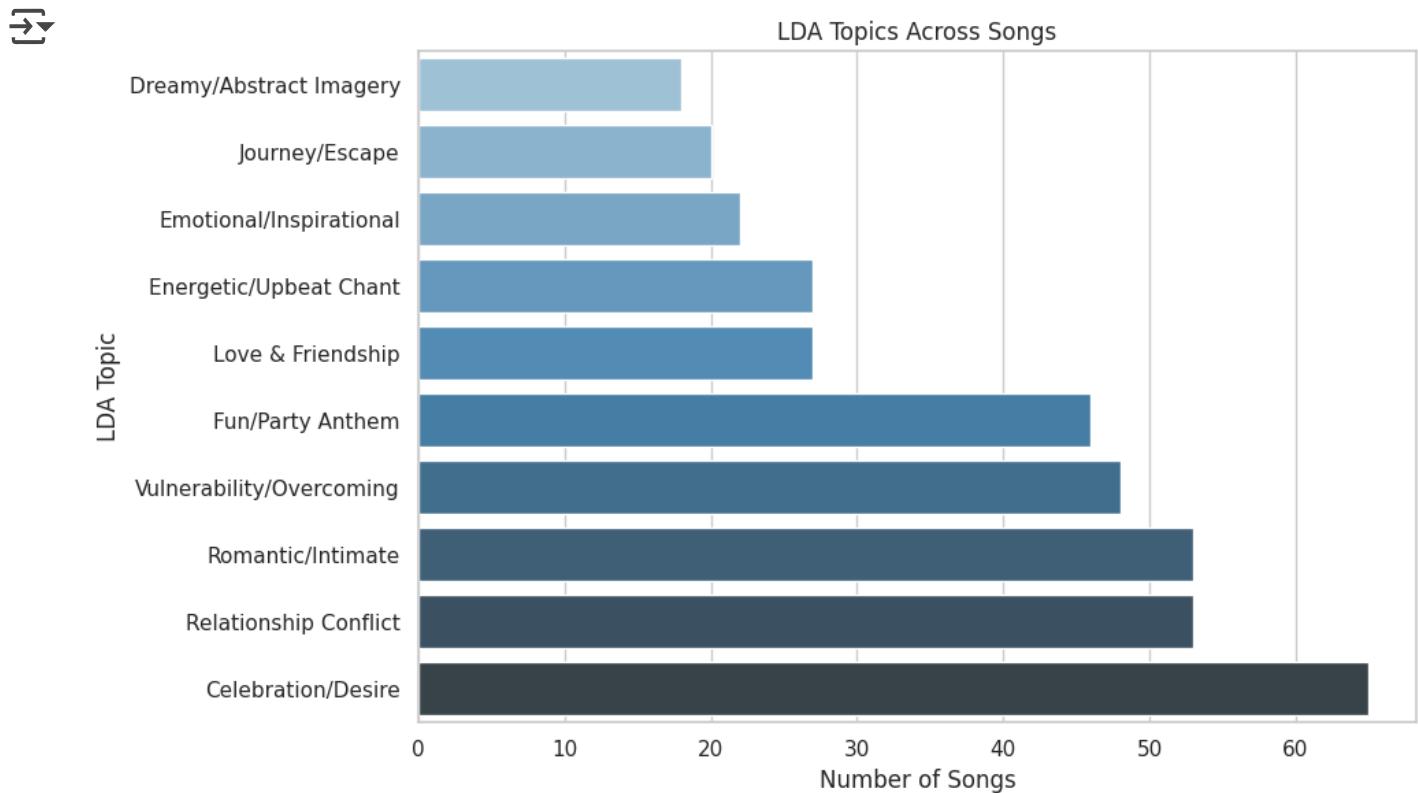
# Sort topics by count
lda_order = lyrics_df["LDA_Topic_Label"].value_counts().sort_values().index

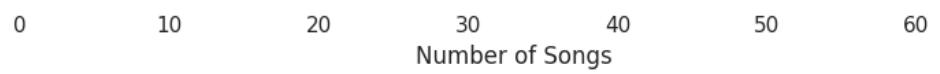
# LDA plot: Horizontal bars for clarity
sns.countplot(
    y="LDA_Topic_Label",
    data=lyrics_df,
    order=lda_order,
    palette="Blues_d"
)
plt.title("LDA Topics Across Songs")
plt.xlabel("Number of Songs")
plt.ylabel("LDA Topic")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# BERTTopic plot: similar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
bert_order = lyrics_df["BERT_Topic_Label"].value_counts().sort_values().index

sns.countplot(
```

```
y="BERT_Topic_Label",
data=lyrics_df,
order=bert_order,
palette="Greens_d"
)
plt.title("BERTopic Topics Across Songs")
plt.xlabel("Number of Songs")
plt.ylabel("BERTopic")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





- ✓ **Statistical Testing and Supervised Machine Learning Model Selection**
- ✓ Merging

```
# Inspect the column names for merging
print(lyrics_df.columns)
print(result.columns)

→ Index(['#', 'Country', '#.1', 'Artist', 'Song', 'Language', 'Place', 'Score
    'Eurovision Number', 'Year', 'Host Country', 'Host City', 'Lyrics',
    'Lyrics translation', 'Lyrics_Final', 'LDA_Topic', 'LDA_Topic_Label',
    'Lyrics_Cleaned', 'BERT_Topic', 'BERT_Topic_Label'],
    dtype='object')
Index(['Year', 'Country ', 'Song ', 'Artist ', 'Final_Place', 'Final_Points
    'Top 5', 'Top 10', 'Running_Order_Final', 'Grand_Final_Ind', 'Big6_I
    'Semi_Final_Num', 'Semi_Place', 'Semi_Points', 'Running_Order_Semi',
    'National_Final', 'Solo_Artist', 'Sex', 'Returning_Artist_Ind',
    'Number of Members', 'Language1', 'Language2', 'Language3', 'Languag
    'Multiple_Language', 'National_Language_Used', 'EU', 'NATO',
    'Country_Group', 'MyESB_Community', 'MyESB_Personal', 'OGAE_Points',
    'Qualification_Record'],
    dtype='object')
```

```
import re
import unicodedata

# Function to normalize and clean country names
def clean_country(c):
    c = str(c).lower() # Convert to lowercase
    c = re.sub(r"\(.+?\)", "", c) # Remove (2), etc.
    c = re.sub(r"^[^a-z ]", "", c).strip() # Remove non-alphabetic characters
    return c

# Apply cleaning function to prepare country names for merging
lyrics_df["Country_Merge"] = lyrics_df["Country"].apply(clean_country)
result["Country_Merge"] = result["Country "].apply(clean_country)
```

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
print("Lyrics rows:", len(lyrics_df))
print("Result rows:", len(result))
```

```
→ Lyrics rows: 379
    Result rows: 358
```

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
result['Country_Merge'].value_counts()
```

```
→ count
    Country_Merge
```

albania	9
australia	9
azerbaijan	9
austria	9
belgium	9
croatia	9
estonia	9
cyprus	9
czech republic	9
denmark	9
france	9
finland	9
georgia	9
germany	9
switzerland	9
greece	9
iceland	9
ireland	9
israel	9
italy	9
latvia	9
lithuania	9
malta	9
netherlands	9
poland	9
norway	9
san marino	9
spain	9
slovenia	9
serbia	9

sweden	9
united kingdom	9
armenia	8
portugal	8
ukraine	8
moldova	8
romania	6
montenegro	6
bulgaria	5
hungary	4
russia	4
belarus	4
fyr macedonia	3
north macedonia	3
luxembourg	2
bosnia herzegovina	1

dtype: int64

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
lyrics_df['Country_Merge'].value_counts()
```

Country_Merge	count
finland	10
greece	10
austria	10
estonia	10
iceland	10
united kingdom	10
sweden	10

albania	10
slovenia	10
australia	10
georgia	10
serbia	10
ireland	10
switzerland	10
poland	10
latvia	10
germany	10
belgium	10
italy	10
spain	10
lithuania	9
malta	9
france	9
azerbaijan	9
san marino	9
moldova	9
armenia	9
portugal	9
norway	9
cyprus	8
croatia	8
ukraine	8
denmark	8
netherlands	7
romania	7
israel	7
montenegro	6

```
czech republic      6
bulgaria          5
belarus           5
hungary           4
russia            4
north macedonia   4
macedonia         3
czechia           3
the netherlands   2
luxembourg        2
bosnia and herzegovina 1
```

dtype: int64

```
# Merge two datasets
merged_df = pd.merge(
    lyrics_df,
    result,
    on=["Year", "Country_Merge"],
    how="right"
)
print("Matched entries:", len(merged_df))
```

→ Matched entries: 358

```
# Inspect merged DataFrame
merged_df.head()
```

→

#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovision Number
---	---------	-----	--------	------	----------	-------	-------	----------------------

0 1759 Albania - Shkodra
Elektronike Zjerm Albanian - - 69

1	1760	Armenia	-	PARG	SURVIVOR	English	-	-	69
---	------	---------	---	------	----------	---------	---	---	----

2	1761	Australia	-	Go-Jo	Milkshake Man	English	-	-	69
---	------	-----------	---	-------	------------------	---------	---	---	----

3 1762 Austria - JJ Wasted Love English - - 69

4	1763	Azerbaijan	-	Mamagama	Run With U	English	-	-	69
---	------	------------	---	----------	------------	---------	---	---	----

```
# Check the columns
print(merged_df.columns)

→ Index(['#', 'Country', '#.1', 'Artist', 'Song', 'Language', 'Place', 'Score',
       'Eurovision Number', 'Year', 'Host Country', 'Host City', 'Lyrics',
       'Lyrics translation', 'Lyrics_Final', 'LDA_Topic', 'LDA_Topic_Label',
       'Lyrics_Cleaned', 'BERT_Topic', 'BERT_Topic_Label', 'Country_Merge',
       'Country ', 'Song ', 'Artist ', 'Final_Place', 'Final_Points', 'Top',
       'Top 10', 'Running_Order_Final', 'Grand_Final_Ind', 'Big6_Ind',
       'Semi_Final_Num', 'Semi_Place', 'Semi_Points', 'Running_Order_Semi',
       'National_Final', 'Solo_Artist', 'Sex', 'Returning_Artist_Ind',
       'Number of Members', 'Language1', 'Language2', 'Language3', 'Languag',
       'Multiple_Language', 'National_Language_Used', 'EU', 'NATO',
       'Country_Group', 'MyESB_Community', 'MyESB_Personal', 'OGAE_Points',
       'Qualification_Record'],
      dtype='object')
```

✓ Exploratory Analysis

```
# Compute the average Final_Place for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (highest)
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Final_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Final_Place

LDA_Topic_Label	Final_Place
Romantic/Intimate	15.096774
Fun/Party Anthem	14.552632
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	14.545455
Celebration/Desire	14.500000
Love & Friendship	14.411765
Vulnerability/Overcoming	13.695652
Emotional/Inspirational	13.000000
Journey/Escape	12.250000
Relationship Conflict	11.225806
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	10.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Final_Points for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (highest)
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Final_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascending=True)
```



Final_Points

LDA_Topic_Label	Final_Points
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	242.166667
Relationship Conflict	232.129032
Vulnerability/Overcoming	197.434783
Emotional/Inspirational	164.818182
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	164.636364
Journey/Escape	164.000000
Fun/Party Anthem	158.868421
Celebration/Desire	155.031250
Love & Friendship	147.470588
Romantic/Intimate	146.903226

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get intio final for each LDA topic, sorted
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Grand_Final_Ind"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Grand_Final_Ind

LDA_Topic_Label	Grand_Final_Ind
Fun/Party Anthem	0.866667
Love & Friendship	0.708333
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.705882
Relationship Conflict	0.673913
Romantic/Intimate	0.659574
Celebration/Desire	0.615385
Emotional/Inspirational	0.611111
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.547619
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.500000
Journey/Escape	0.421053

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top5 for each LDA topic, sorted
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Top 5"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Top 5

LDA_Topic_Label

Relationship Conflict	0.222222
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.151515
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.125000
Fun/Party Anthem	0.108108
Celebration/Desire	0.090909
Love & Friendship	0.047619
Romantic/Intimate	0.023256
Journey/Escape	0.000000
Emotional/Inspirational	0.000000
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top 10 for each LDA topic, sorted
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Top 10"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Top 10

LDA_Topic_Label	
Relationship Conflict	0.394737
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.235294
Celebration/Desire	0.222222
Fun/Party Anthem	0.216216
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.151515
Emotional/Inspirational	0.125000
Love & Friendship	0.095238
Romantic/Intimate	0.068182
Journey/Escape	0.000000
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final place for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Semi_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending
```



Semi_Place

LDA_Topic_Label	Semi_Place
Journey/Escape	12.562500
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	10.333333
Vulnerability/Overcoming	10.250000
Romantic/Intimate	9.837209
Relationship Conflict	9.062500
Celebration/Desire	9.021739
Emotional/Inspirational	8.500000
Love & Friendship	8.238095
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	7.230769
Fun/Party Anthem	6.694444

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final points for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Semi_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False))
```



Semi_Points

LDA_Topic_Label	Semi_Points
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	146.769231
Fun/Party Anthem	132.500000
Love & Friendship	122.000000
Romantic/Intimate	115.255814
Relationship Conflict	113.906250
Emotional/Inspirational	113.625000
Celebration/Desire	110.260870
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	106.047619
Vulnerability/Overcoming	99.416667
Journey/Escape	68.875000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top5 for each BERT topic, sorted
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Top 5"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Top 5

BERT_Topic_Label

Feminine Power / Diva	0.285714
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.277778
Dance & Party	0.222222
Emotional Breakup	0.114286
Chanting / Hype	0.111111
Romantic Loneliness	0.052632
Seduction & Regret	0.034483
Performance & Confidence	0.027778
Intensity / Passion	0.000000
Self-Love / Creativity	0.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top10 for each BERT topic, sort it  
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Top 10"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Top 10

BERT_Topic_Label	
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.444444
Feminine Power / Diva	0.400000
Dance & Party	0.310345
Chanting / Hype	0.263158
Romantic Loneliness	0.210526
Emotional Breakup	0.194444
Performance & Confidence	0.083333
Seduction & Regret	0.068966
Self-Love / Creativity	0.026316
Intensity / Passion	0.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Final_Points for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (high  
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Final_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascenc
```

**Final_Points****BERT_Topic_Label**

Feminine Power / Diva	265.600000
Nonsense / Playful Chant	223.058824
Seduction & Regret	188.150000
Performance & Confidence	181.500000
Intensity / Passion	175.937500
Dance & Party	172.920000
Romantic Loneliness	168.750000
Self-Love / Creativity	162.555556
Emotional Breakup	145.111111
Chanting / Hype	126.761905

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Final_Place for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (highest)
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Final_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending=True)
```

**Final_Place****BERT_Topic_Label**

Chanting / Hype	16.047619
Emotional Breakup	15.407407
Self-Love / Creativity	14.592593
Intensity / Passion	14.187500
Romantic Loneliness	14.071429
Nonsense / Playful Chant	12.882353
Dance & Party	12.600000
Performance & Confidence	12.444444
Seduction & Regret	12.300000
Feminine Power / Diva	9.466667

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into final for each BERT topic, sorted
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Grand_Final_Ind"].mean().sort_values(asc
```



Grand_Final_Ind

BERT_Topic_Label

Chanting / Hype	0.875000
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.782609
Dance & Party	0.781250
Self-Love / Creativity	0.692308
Feminine Power / Diva	0.681818
Seduction & Regret	0.625000
Emotional Breakup	0.613636
Romantic Loneliness	0.595745
Intensity / Passion	0.592593
Performance & Confidence	0.428571

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final place for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Semi_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False))
```



Semi_Place

BERT_Topic_Label

Performance & Confidence	10.333333
Emotional Breakup	10.147059
Intensity / Passion	9.640000
Seduction & Regret	9.322581
Romantic Loneliness	9.300000
Self-Love / Creativity	8.406250
Feminine Power / Diva	8.375000
Chanting / Hype	8.315789
Dance & Party	8.083333
Nonsense / Playful Chant	7.700000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final points for each BERT topic, sorted from worst  
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Semi_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

→ **Semi_Points**

BERT_Topic_Label	Semi_Points
Self-Love / Creativity	141.625000
Intensity / Passion	134.440000
Nonsense / Playful Chant	129.350000
Seduction & Regret	121.709677
Romantic Loneliness	107.650000
Dance & Party	102.625000
Feminine Power / Diva	101.625000
Performance & Confidence	100.025641
Emotional Breakup	96.558824
Chanting / Hype	95.105263

dtype: float64

```
import pandas as pd  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import seaborn as sns  
  
# Define the metrics of interest  
metrics = [  
    "Final_Place", "Final_Points", "Top 5", "Top 10",  
    "Grand_Final_Ind", "Semi_Place", "Semi_Points"  
]  
  
# LDA: Group and summarize  
lda_summary = merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")[metrics].mean().round(2)  
  
# BERT: Group and summarize  
bert_summary = merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")[metrics].mean().round(2)  
  
# Display summary tables  
print("== LDA Topic Summary ==")  
print(lda_summary)  
print("\n== BERTTopic Summary ==")  
print(bert_summary)
```

```
# Set a clean style
sns.set(style="whitegrid", palette="muted")

# === LDA Plot ===
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
lda_plot = lda_summary[["Top 5", "Top 10"]].plot(
    kind="bar",
    figsize=(12, 6),
    width=0.7,
    edgecolor="black"
)
plt.title("Top 5 & Top 10 Success Rates by LDA Topic", fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel("Proportion of Songs", fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel("LDA Topic", fontsize=12)
plt.xticks(rotation=30, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.legend(title="Metric")
plt.show()
```

```
# BERTopic Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
bert_plot = bert_summary[["Top 5", "Top 10"]].plot(
    kind="bar",
    figsize=(12, 6),
    width=0.7,
    edgecolor="black"
)
plt.title("Top 5 & Top 10 Success Rates by BERTopic", fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel("Proportion of Songs", fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel("BERTopic", fontsize=12)
plt.xticks(rotation=30, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.legend(title="Metric")
plt.show()
```

→ === LDA Topic Summary ===

LDA_Topic_Label	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	\
Celebration/Desire	14.50	155.03	0.09	0.22	
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	10.00	242.17	0.12	0.24	
Emotional/Inspirational	13.00	164.82	0.00	0.12	
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	14.55	164.64	0.00	0.00	
Fun/Party Anthem	14.55	158.87	0.11	0.22	
Journey/Escape	12.25	164.00	0.00	0.00	
Love & Friendship	14.41	147.47	0.05	0.10	
Relationship Conflict	11.23	232.13	0.22	0.39	
Romantic/Intimate	15.10	146.00	0.02	0.07	

	13.10	140.90	0.02	0.01
Vulnerability/Overcoming	13.70	197.43	0.15	0.15
LDA_Topic_Label	Grand_Final_Ind	Semi_Place	Semi_Points	
Celebration/Desire	0.62	9.02	110.26	
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.71	7.23	146.77	
Emotional/Inspirational	0.61	8.50	113.62	
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.50	10.33	106.05	
Fun/Party Anthem	0.87	6.69	132.50	
Journey/Escape	0.42	12.56	68.88	
Love & Friendship	0.71	8.24	122.00	
Relationship Conflict	0.67	9.06	113.91	
Romantic/Intimate	0.66	9.84	115.26	
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.55	10.25	99.42	

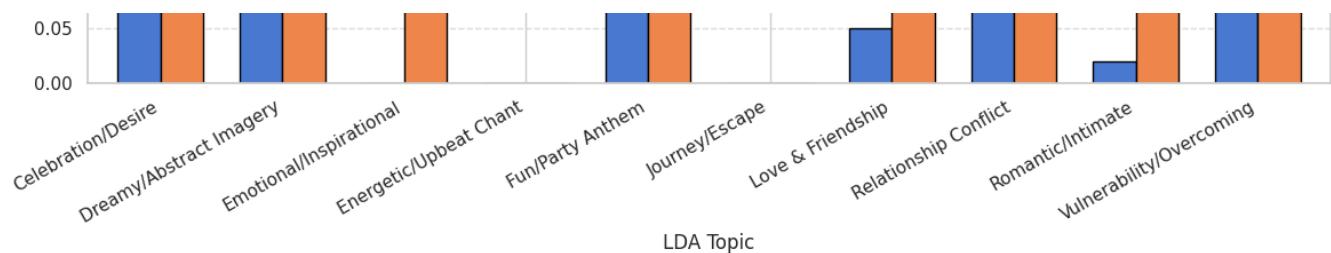
==== BERTopic Summary ====

BERT_Topic_Label	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	\
Chanting / Hype	16.05	126.76	0.11	0.26	
Dance & Party	12.60	172.92	0.22	0.31	
Emotional Breakup	15.41	145.11	0.11	0.19	
Feminine Power / Diva	9.47	265.60	0.29	0.40	
Intensity / Passion	14.19	175.94	0.00	0.00	
Nonsense / Playful Chant	12.88	223.06	0.28	0.44	
Performance & Confidence	12.44	181.50	0.03	0.08	
Romantic Loneliness	14.07	168.75	0.05	0.21	
Seduction & Regret	12.30	188.15	0.03	0.07	
Self-Love / Creativity	14.59	162.56	0.00	0.03	

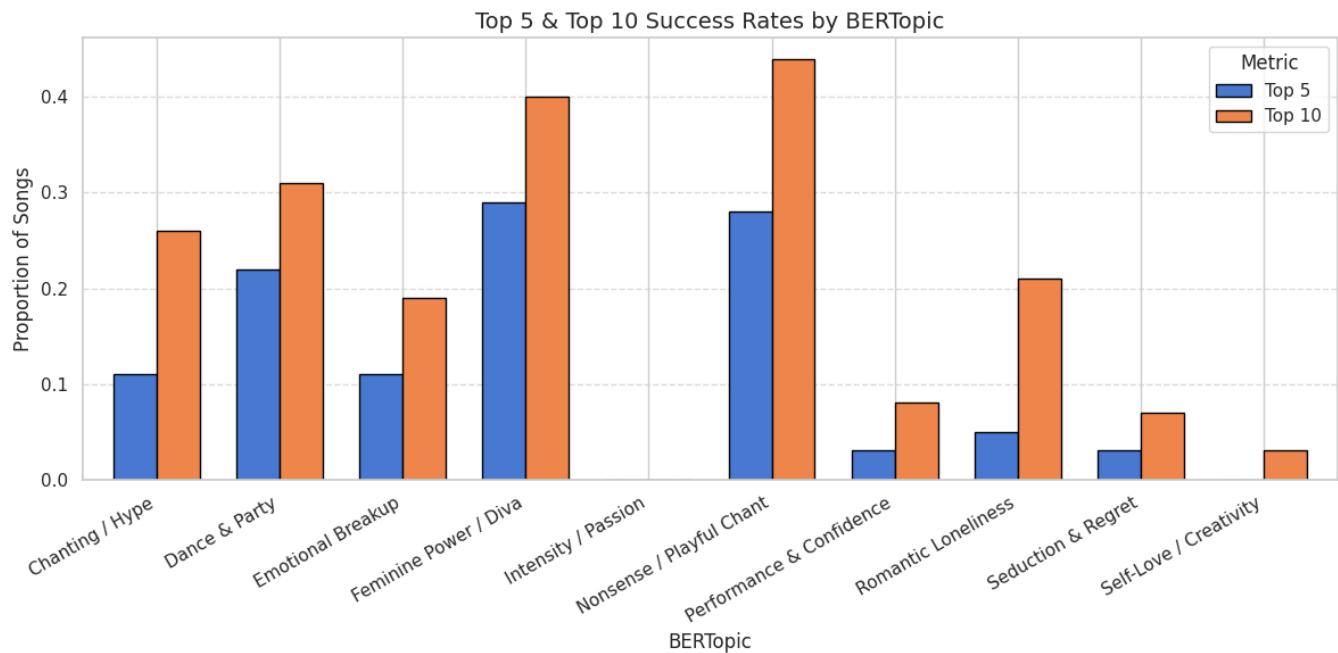
BERT_Topic_Label	Grand_Final_Ind	Semi_Place	Semi_Points
Chanting / Hype	0.88	8.32	95.11
Dance & Party	0.78	8.08	102.62
Emotional Breakup	0.61	10.15	96.56
Feminine Power / Diva	0.68	8.38	101.62
Intensity / Passion	0.59	9.64	134.44
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.78	7.70	129.35
Performance & Confidence	0.43	10.33	100.03
Romantic Loneliness	0.60	9.30	107.65
Seduction & Regret	0.62	9.32	121.71
Self-Love / Creativity	0.69	8.41	141.62

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<Figure size 1200x600 with 0 Axes>



❖ Statistical modelling

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# One-hot encode BERT topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Combine with base DataFrame
X_lda = pd.concat([merged_df[["Grand_Final_Ind", "Top 10", "Top 5"]], lda_dummies])
X_bert = pd.concat([merged_df[["Grand_Final_Ind", "Top 10", "Top 5"]], bert_dummies])

# Fill 0 to the missing value
merged_df[["Top 5", "Top 10", "Grand_Final_Ind"]] = merged_df[["Top 5", "Top 10", "Grand_Final_Ind"]].fillna(0)

print(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"].value_counts())

→ LDA_Topic_Label
Celebration/Desire           52
Romantic/Intimate             47
Relationship Conflict         46
Fun/Party Anthem              45
Vulnerability/Overcoming      42
Love & Friendship             24
Energetic/Upbeat Chant        22
Journey/Escape                 19
Emotional/Inspirational       18
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery        17
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
import pandas as pd

# One-hot encode topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
y = merged_df["Top 10"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit Generalized Linear Model with Binomial family
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Top 10	No. Observations:
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:
No. Iterations:	22	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	

	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-2.0369	0.614	-3.318	0.001
LDA_Celebration/Desire	0.6018	0.708	0.851	0.395
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.8582	0.839	1.023	0.306
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-0.0426	0.969	-0.044	0.965
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-21.5292	1.69e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	0.5054	0.727	0.695	0.487
LDA_Journey/Escape	-21.5292	1.82e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Love & Friendship	-0.3610	0.960	-0.376	0.707
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.3109	0.690	1.901	0.057
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.6487	0.856	-0.758	0.449
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.0354	0.777	0.046	0.964

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = lda_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 5"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Top 5	No. Observations:	167
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:	166
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:	1
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:	1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:	-83.0
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:	167.0
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:	2.0
No. Iterations:	23	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):	0.05
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-3.2189	1.020	-3.156	0.002
LDA_Celebration/Desire	0.7340	1.145	0.641	0.521
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	1.2040	1.268	0.950	0.342
LDA_Emotion/Inspirational	-21.3472	3.09e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-21.3472	2.79e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	0.8916	1.146	0.778	0.437
LDA_Journey/Escape	-21.3472	3.01e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.0834	1.443	0.058	0.954
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.6607	1.091	1.522	0.128
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.6098	1.436	-0.425	0.671
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	1.2174	1.126	1.082	0.279

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = lda_dummies
y = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```



Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:
No. Iterations:	4	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	

	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	0.8109	0.425	1.908	0.056
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-0.3409	0.512	-0.666	0.505
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.0645	0.681	0.095	0.925
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-0.3589	0.644	-0.558	0.577
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-0.8109	0.602	-1.347	0.178
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	1.0609	0.611	1.737	0.082
LDA_Journey/Escape	-1.1294	0.630	-1.794	0.073
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.0764	0.618	0.124	0.902
LDA_Relationship Conflict	-0.0850	0.529	-0.161	0.872
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.1495	0.525	-0.285	0.776
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-0.6199	0.526	-1.178	0.239

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 10"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Top 10	No. Observations:
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:
No. Iterations:	22	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	

	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-2.0369	0.614	-3.318	0.001
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.7019	0.793	0.885	0.376
BERT_Dance & Party	1.0986	0.729	1.507	0.132
BERT_Emotional Breakup	0.3719	0.739	0.503	0.615
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	1.0561	0.778	1.357	0.175
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-21.5292	1.53e+04	-0.001	0.999
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	1.4083	0.754	1.868	0.062
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-0.5281	0.858	-0.616	0.538
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	0.4528	0.726	0.623	0.533
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.6712	0.954	-0.704	0.482
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-1.6007	1.185	-1.351	0.177

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 5"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```



Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable: Top 5 No. Observations: 1000
Model: GLM Df Residuals: 998
Model Family: Binomial Df Model: 1
Link Function: Logit Scale: 1.0
Method: IRLS Log-Likelihood: -79.159
Date: Wed, 28 May 2025 Deviance: 159
Time: 14:17:27 Pearson chi2: 2
No. Iterations: 23 Pseudo R-squ. (CS): 0.07
Covariance Type: nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-3.2189	1.020	-3.156	0.002
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.8210	1.259	0.652	0.514
BERT_Dance & Party	1.7525	1.116	1.571	0.116
BERT_Emotional Breakup	0.9163	1.147	0.799	0.424
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	1.7148	1.160	1.478	0.139
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-21.3472	2.52e+04	-0.001	0.999
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	1.9379	1.138	1.703	0.089
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-0.4947	1.437	-0.344	0.731
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	0.1054	1.250	0.084	0.933
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.2151	1.440	-0.149	0.881
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-21.3472	2.1e+04	-0.001	0.999

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:	1.0	
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:	-220	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:	441	
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:	3	
No. Iterations:	4	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):	0.05	
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	z	
			P> z	
const	0.8109	0.425	1.908	0.056
BERT_Chanting / Hype	1.1350	0.749	1.515	0.130
BERT_Dance & Party	0.4620	0.603	0.766	0.443
BERT_Emotional Breakup	-0.3483	0.526	-0.662	0.508
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-0.0488	0.625	-0.078	0.938
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-0.4362	0.578	-0.755	0.450
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.4700	0.660	0.712	0.477
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-1.0986	0.527	-2.084	0.037
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-0.4232	0.519	-0.816	0.414
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.3001	0.560	-0.536	0.592
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	2.078e-15	0.549	3.79e-15	1.000

```
print(X.dtypes)
print(y.dtypes)
```

```
→ const          float64
BERT_Chanting / Hype    float64
BERT_Dance & Party   float64
BERT_Emotional Breakup float64
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva float64
BERT_Intensity / Passion float64
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant float64
BERT_Performance & Confidence float64
BERT_Romantic Loneliness  float64
BERT_Seduction & Regret    float64
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity float64
dtype: object
int64
```

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
import pandas as pd

# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X)           # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float)             # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```



OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:      Final_Points    R-squared:           0.
Model:              OLS             Adj. R-squared:      0.
Method:             Least Squares   F-statistic:        1.
Date:               Wed, 28 May 2025 Prob (F-statistic):  0.
Time:                14:17:28       Log-Likelihood:     -148
No. Observations:  232            AIC:                  29
Df Residuals:      221            BIC:                  30
Df Model:           10
Covariance Type:   nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	225.7778	34.831	6.482	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-70.7465	43.539	-1.625	0.106
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	16.3889	55.073	0.298	0.766
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-60.9596	56.555	-1.078	0.282
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-61.1414	56.555	-1.081	0.281
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-66.9094	42.284	-1.582	0.115
LDA_Journey/Escape	-61.7778	62.793	-0.984	0.326
LDA_Love & Friendship	-78.3072	49.978	-1.567	0.119
LDA_Relationship Conflict	6.3513	43.791	0.145	0.885
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-78.8746	43.791	-1.801	0.073
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-28.3430	46.505	-0.609	0.543
Omnibus:	48.490	Durbin-Watson:		1.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		73.
Skew:	1.219	Prob(JB):		9.65e
Kurtosis:	4.298	Cond. No.		1

=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X)                      # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float)                         # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Place"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
```

```
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-788	
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	16	
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	16	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	10.7222	1.752	6.121	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	3.7778	2.190	1.725	0.086
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-0.7222	2.770	-0.261	0.795
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	2.2778	2.844	0.801	0.424
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	3.8232	2.844	1.344	0.180
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	3.8304	2.127	1.801	0.073
LDA_Journey/Escape	1.5278	3.158	0.484	0.629
LDA_Love & Friendship	3.6895	2.514	1.468	0.144
LDA_Relationship Conflict	0.5036	2.202	0.229	0.819
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	4.3746	2.202	1.986	0.048
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	2.9734	2.339	1.271	0.205
Omnibus:	43.498	Durbin-Watson:	2.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	9.	
Skew:	-0.007	Prob(JB):	0.00	
Kurtosis:	1.986	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Place"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Semi_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	2.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-907	
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	18	
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	18	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	7.6000	0.966	7.867	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	1.4217	1.200	1.185	0.237
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-0.3692	1.652	-0.224	0.823
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	0.9000	1.546	0.582	0.561
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	2.7333	1.430	1.912	0.057
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-0.9056	1.258	-0.720	0.472
LDA_Journey/Escape	4.9625	1.546	3.209	0.001
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.6381	1.430	0.446	0.656
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.4625	1.289	1.134	0.258
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	2.2372	1.215	1.842	0.067
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	2.6500	1.258	2.107	0.036
Omnibus:	57.401	Durbin-Watson:	2.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	13.	
Skew:	0.087	Prob(JB):	0.00	
Kurtosis:	1.999	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Semi_Points	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-176	
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	35	
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	35	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	151.9600	16.230	9.363	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-41.6991	20.164	-2.068	0.040
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-5.1908	27.748	-0.187	0.852
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-38.3350	25.981	-1.476	0.141
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-45.9124	24.021	-1.911	0.057
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-19.4600	21.127	-0.921	0.358
LDA_Journey/Escape	-83.0850	25.981	-3.198	0.002
LDA_Love & Friendship	-29.9600	24.021	-1.247	0.213
LDA_Relationship Conflict	-38.0538	21.661	-1.757	0.080
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-36.7042	20.410	-1.798	0.073
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-52.5433	21.127	-2.487	0.013
Omnibus:	33.533	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	41.	
Skew:	0.857	Prob(JB):	1.14e-05	
Kurtosis:	3.551	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
```

```
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

→ OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Final_Points	R-squared:	0.
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-148
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	29
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	30
Df Model:	10		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	225.7778	34.778	6.492	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	-99.0159	47.394	-2.089	0.038
BERT_Dance & Party	-52.8578	45.611	-1.159	0.248
BERT_Emotional Breakup	-80.6667	44.898	-1.797	0.074
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	39.8222	51.584	0.772	0.441
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-49.8403	50.697	-0.983	0.327
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	-2.7190	49.901	-0.054	0.957
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-44.2778	49.183	-0.900	0.369
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-57.0278	44.576	-1.279	0.202
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-37.6278	47.938	-0.785	0.433
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-63.2222	44.898	-1.408	0.160

Omnibus:	45.427	Durbin-Watson:	1.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	66.
Skew:	1.168	Prob(JB):	2.87e-05
Kurtosis:	4.212	Cond. No.	1

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Place"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-787	
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	15	
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	16	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	10.7222	1.745	6.146	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	5.3254	2.378	2.240	0.026
BERT_Dance & Party	1.8778	2.288	0.821	0.413
BERT_Emotional Breakup	4.6852	2.252	2.080	0.039
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-1.2556	2.588	-0.485	0.628
BERT_Intensity / Passion	3.4653	2.543	1.363	0.174
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	2.1601	2.503	0.863	0.389
BERT_Performance & Confidence	1.7222	2.467	0.698	0.486
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	3.3492	2.236	1.498	0.136
BERT_Seduction & Regret	1.5778	2.405	0.656	0.512
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	3.8704	2.252	1.718	0.087
Omnibus:	77.609	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	12.	
Skew:	-0.013	Prob(JB):	0.00	
Kurtosis:	1.869	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Place"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```



OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Semi_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-915	
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	18	
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	18	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	7.6000	0.991	7.666	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.7158	1.509	0.474	0.636
BERT_Dance & Party	0.4833	1.417	0.341	0.733
BERT_Emotional Breakup	2.5471	1.306	1.950	0.052
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	0.7750	1.587	0.488	0.626
BERT_Intensity / Passion	2.0400	1.402	1.455	0.147
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.1000	1.487	0.067	0.946
BERT_Performance & Confidence	2.7333	1.270	2.152	0.032
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	1.7000	1.264	1.345	0.180
BERT_Seduction & Regret	1.7226	1.332	1.293	0.197
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	0.8063	1.323	0.609	0.543
Omnibus:	80.228	Durbin-Watson:	2.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	14.	
Skew:	0.016	Prob(JB):	0.000	
Kurtosis:	1.929	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
```

```
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Semi_Points	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-176	
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	35	
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	35	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	151.9600	16.216	9.371	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	-56.8547	24.677	-2.304	0.022
BERT_Dance & Party	-49.3350	23.170	-2.129	0.034
BERT_Emotional Breakup	-55.4012	21.361	-2.594	0.010
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-50.3350	25.958	-1.939	0.053
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-17.5200	22.932	-0.764	0.445
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	-22.6100	24.323	-0.930	0.353
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-51.9344	20.773	-2.500	0.013
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-44.3100	20.671	-2.144	0.033
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-30.2503	21.795	-1.388	0.166
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-10.3350	21.642	-0.478	0.633
Omnibus:	29.811	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	35.	
Skew:	0.813	Prob(JB):	1.87e	
Kurtosis:	3.393	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
import pandas as pd

# Clean 'Sex' column
sex_map = {"F": 0, "M": 1, "Mixed": 2}
merged_df[("Sex_Clean")] = merged_df[("Sex")].map(sex_map)

# Convert 'National_Language_Used' column to int (True/False to 1/0)
```

```
merged_df["National_Language_Used"] = merged_df["National_Language_Used"].astype(str)

# Replace the original column in features list with cleaned version
features_to_test = [
    "Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members",
    "Multiple_Language", "EU", "National_Language_Used", "Sex_Clean"
]

# Drop missing target values
df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Grand_Final_Ind"])
y = df_clean["Grand_Final_Ind"].astype(int)

for feature in features_to_test:
    X = df_clean[[feature]].copy()

    # Handle categorical variables
    if X[feature].dtype == "object":
        X = pd.get_dummies(X, drop_first=True)

    # Ensure all values are float for statsmodels
    X = X.apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce').fillna(0)
    X = sm.add_constant(X)

try:
    model = sm.Logit(y, X).fit(disp=False)
    print(f"\n==== Logistic Regression for: {feature} ===")
    print(model.summary())
except Exception as e:
    print(f"\n[Error fitting model for: {feature}] {e}")
```

```
====  
converged: True LL-Null: -231  
Covariance Type: nonrobust LLR p-value: 0.09  
=====  
            coef    std err      z   P>|z|    [0.025  
-----  
const      0.5367     0.122    4.410    0.000    0.298  
Multiple_Language  0.4850     0.301    1.613    0.107   -0.104  
=====
```

```
==== Logistic Regression for: EU ====  
                  Logit Regression Results  
=====  
Dep. Variable: Grand_Final_Ind  No. Observations: 0.003  
Model:          Logit   Df Residuals: -230  
Method:         MLE    Df Model: -231  
Date:       Wed, 28 May 2025  Pseudo R-squ.:  
Time:           14:17:28  Log-Likelihood:  
converged:      True   LL-Null: -231  
Covariance Type: nonrobust LLR p-value: 0.1  
=====
```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.9
const	0.4520	0.171	2.644	0.008	0.117	0.
EU	0.2906	0.225	1.292	0.196	-0.150	0.

==== Logistic Regression for: National_Language_Used ====
Logit Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:	
Model:	Logit	Df Residuals:	
Method:	MLE	Df Model:	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Pseudo R-squ.:	0.03
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-223
converged:	True	LL-Null:	-231
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	LLR p-value:	4.509e

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.
const	0.2955	0.135	2.192	0.028	0.
National_Language_Used	0.9816	0.250	3.934	0.000	0.

==== Logistic Regression for: Sex_Clean ====
Logit Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:	
Model:	Logit	Df Residuals:	
Method:	MLE	Df Model:	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Pseudo R-squ.:	7.699e
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-231
converged:	True	LL-Null:	-231
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	LLR p-value:	0.8

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.9
const	0.6438	0.157	4.090	0.000	0.335	0.
Sex_Clean	-0.0309	0.164	-0.189	0.850	-0.351	0.

✓ Model Evaluation

```
# One-hot encode topics and categorical variables
topic_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="Topic")
country_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["Country_Merge"], prefix="Country")
group_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["Country_Group"], prefix="Group")
```

```
# Define target variable for classification: whether the song reached the Grand  
y_class = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]  
  
# Use only topic dummy variables as the feature set for modeling  
X_topics = topic_dummies  
  
# Combine topic and country dummy variables as features  
X_topic_country = pd.concat([topic_dummies, country_dummies], axis=1)  
  
  
X_topic_country_artist = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies, # Topic-related features (e.g., LDA or BERT topics)  
    country_dummies, # Country dummy variables  
    group_dummies, # Regional groupings of countries  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members"]]  
, axis=1).astype(float)  
  
  
X_topic_country_artist_language = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies,  
    country_dummies,  
    group_dummies,  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Multiple_Language", "Num"]], axis=1).astype(float)  
  
  
X_long = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies,  
    country_dummies,  
    group_dummies,  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Multiple_Language", "Num"]], axis=1).astype(float)
```

```
# Define numeric features
numeric_features = merged_df[[
    "Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members",
    "Multiple_Language", "EU", "National_Language_Used", "Sex_Clean"
]]

# Combine all features into design matrix X
X_full = pd.concat([
    topic_dummies,
    country_dummies,
    group_dummies,
    numeric_features,
], axis=1).astype(float)

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score, f1_score

for name, X_variant in [("Topics Only", X_topics), ("Topic+Country", X_topic_cc),
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_variant, y_class, tes

    clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42, class_weight="balanced")
    clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)

    print(f"\n==== Classification Report: {name} ===")
    print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

→     accuracy                  0.42      72
      macro avg      0.45      0.45      0.42      72
      weighted avg   0.49      0.42      0.42      72

==== Classification Report: Topic+Country ===
      precision    recall  f1-score   support
        0         0.53     0.40     0.45      25
        1         0.72     0.81     0.76      47

      accuracy                  0.67      72
      macro avg      0.62     0.60     0.61      72
      weighted avg   0.65     0.67     0.65      72

==== Classification Report: Topic+Country+Artist ===
      precision    recall  f1-score   support
        0         0.53     0.40     0.45      25
        1         0.72     0.81     0.76      47
```

	1	0.12	0.81	0.10	41
accuracy				0.67	72
macro avg	0.62	0.60	0.61	0.61	72
weighted avg	0.65	0.67	0.65	0.65	72

==== Classification Report: Topic+Country+Artist+Language ====
precision recall f1-score support

	0	0.61	0.44	0.51	25
1	0.74	0.85	0.79	0.79	47
accuracy				0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.65	0.65	0.65	72
weighted avg	0.70	0.71	0.69	0.69	72

==== Classification Report: Longlist ====
precision recall f1-score support

	0	0.62	0.40	0.49	25
1	0.73	0.87	0.80	0.80	47
accuracy				0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.64	0.64	0.64	72
weighted avg	0.69	0.71	0.69	0.69	72

==== Classification Report: full ====
precision recall f1-score support

	0	0.64	0.36	0.46	25
1	0.72	0.89	0.80	0.80	47
accuracy				0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.63	0.63	0.63	72
weighted avg	0.70	0.71	0.68	0.68	72

