

# Decoding Success at Eurovision: A Machine Learning

## ✓ Analysis of Song Topics, Performance Attributes, and Outcomes (2016–2025)



## ✓ Data Collection and Inspection-result dataframe

### ✓ Data Collection

```
import kagglehub
```

```
# Download latest version of dataset of Eurovision result from Kaggle  
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("rhyspeploe/eurovision-2016-25")
```

```
print("Path to dataset files:", path)
```

```
📄 Downloading from https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/rhyspeploe  
100%|██████████| 14.6k/14.6k [00:00<00:00, 18.5MB/s]Extracting files...  
Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/rhyspeploe/eurovision
```

```
# Import dataset to Google Colab Environment, please upload here the file name  
from google.colab import files  
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```
📄 Choose Files 📄 eurovision_2016-25.csv  
• eurovision_2016-25.csv(text/csv) - 44257 bytes, last modified: n/a - 100% done  
Saving eurovision_2016-25.csv to eurovision_2016-25.csv
```

```
# Read in the result file
import pandas as pd
result = pd.read_csv(
    "eurovision_2016-25.csv",
    encoding="ISO-8859-1"
)
```

## ▼ Data Inspection

```
# Inspect the head
result.head()
```



	Year	Country	Song	Artist	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	Final
0	2025	Albania	Zjerm	Shkodra Elektronike	8.0	218.0	0.0	1.0	
1	2025	Armenia	Survivor	Parg	20.0	72.0	0.0	0.0	
2	2025	Australia	Milkshake Man	Go-Jo	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
3	2025	Austria	Wasted Love	JJ	1.0	436.0	1.0	1.0	
4	2025	Azerbaijan	Run with U	Mamagama	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

5 rows x 33 columns

```
# Check basic information of the result dataset
result.info()
```

```
>>> <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 358 entries, 0 to 357
Data columns (total 33 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Year                                358 non-null    int64
 1   Country                            358 non-null    object
 2   Song                               358 non-null    object
 3   Artist                             358 non-null    object
 4   Final_Place                        232 non-null    float64
 5   Final_Points                       232 non-null    float64
 6   Top 5                              304 non-null    float64
 7   Top 10                             309 non-null    float64
 8   Running_Order_Final                233 non-null    float64
 9   Grand_Final_Ind                    358 non-null    int64
10   Big6_Ind                           358 non-null    int64
11   Semi_Final_Num                     305 non-null    float64
12   Semi_Place                         305 non-null    float64
13   Semi_Points                        305 non-null    float64
14   Running_Order_Semi                 305 non-null    float64
15   National_Final                     358 non-null    int64
16   Solo_Artist                        358 non-null    int64
17   Sex                                358 non-null    object
18   Returning_Artist_Ind                358 non-null    int64
19   Number of Members                  358 non-null    int64
20   Language1                          358 non-null    object
21   Language2                          68 non-null     object
22   Language3                           7 non-null      object
23   Language4                           2 non-null      object
24   Multiple_Language                  358 non-null    int64
25   National_Language_Used              358 non-null    bool
26   EU                                  358 non-null    int64
27   NATO                               358 non-null    int64
28   Country_Group                       358 non-null    object
29   MyESB_Community                     358 non-null    int64
30   MyESB_Personal                      358 non-null    int64
31   OGAE_Points                        358 non-null    int64
32   Qualification_Record                312 non-null    float64
dtypes: bool(1), float64(10), int64(13), object(9)
memory usage: 90.0+ KB
```

```
# Inspect for missing value
result.isna().sum()
```

```
>>>

```

	0
<b>Year</b>	0
<b>Countrv</b>	0

	-
<b>Song</b>	0
<b>Artist</b>	0
<b>Final_Place</b>	126
<b>Final_Points</b>	126
<b>Top 5</b>	54
<b>Top 10</b>	49
<b>Running_Order_Final</b>	125
<b>Grand_Final_Ind</b>	0
<b>Big6_Ind</b>	0
<b>Semi_Final_Num</b>	53
<b>Semi_Place</b>	53
<b>Semi_Points</b>	53
<b>Running_Order_Semi</b>	53
<b>National_Final</b>	0
<b>Solo_Artist</b>	0
<b>Sex</b>	0
<b>Returning_Artist_Ind</b>	0
<b>Number of Members</b>	0
<b>Language1</b>	0
<b>Language2</b>	290
<b>Language3</b>	351
<b>Language4</b>	356
<b>Multiple_Language</b>	0
<b>National_Language_Used</b>	0
<b>EU</b>	0
<b>NATO</b>	0
<b>Country_Group</b>	0
<b>MyESB_Community</b>	0
<b>MyESB_Personal</b>	0

**OGAE\_Points** 0

**Qualification\_Record** 46

**dtype:** int64

## ✓ Data Collection, Inspection and Cleaning-lyrics dataframe

### ✓ Data Collection

```
import kagglehub
```

```
# Download latest version dataset of lyrics
```

```
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics")
```

```
print("Path to dataset files:", path)
```

```

📄 Downloading from https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics
100%|██████████| 1.02M/1.02M [00:00<00:00, 39.7MB/s]Extracting files...
Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/minitree/eurovision-
```

```
import json
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Read in the lyrics file, please note that the downloading path might be different
```

```
json_file_path = f"/root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/minitree/eurovision-song-lyrics-lyrics.json"
```

```
with open(json_file_path, encoding="utf-8") as f:
```

```
    lyrics_raw = json.load(f)
```

### ✓ Data Inspection

```
# Normalize the json file, and create a Dataframe
```

```
lyrics = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(lyrics_raw, orient='index')
```

```
# Inspect the head of lyrics df
lyrics.head()
```

	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovision Number	Year
0	1	Netherlands	1	Jetty Paerl	De vogels van Holland	Dutch	-	-	1	1956
1	2	Switzerland	1	Lys Assia	Das alte Karussell	German	-	-	1	1956
2	3	Belgium	1	Fud Leclerc	Messieurs les noyés de la Seine	French	-	-	1	1956

Next steps:

Generate code with lyrics

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```
# Inspect lyrics df info
lyrics.info()
```


```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 1795 entries, 0 to 1794
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   #                                       1795 non-null   object
1   Country                               1795 non-null   object
2   #.1                                    1795 non-null   object
3   Artist                                1795 non-null   object
4   Song                                   1795 non-null   object
5   Language                              1795 non-null   object
6   Place                                 1795 non-null   object
7   Score                                 1795 non-null   object
8   Eurovision Number                     1795 non-null   int64
9   Year                                  1795 non-null   object
10  Host Country                           1795 non-null   object
11  Host City                              1795 non-null   object
12  Lyrics                                 1795 non-null   object
13  Lyrics translation                     1795 non-null   object
dtypes: int64(1), object(13)
memory usage: 274.9+ KB
```

## ▼ Data Cleaning

```
# Change the datatype of year to int
lyrics['Year'] = pd.to_numeric(lyrics['Year'], errors='coerce')
```

```
#Filter the songs from 2016–2025
lyrics_filtered = lyrics[lyrics['Year'].between(2016, 2025)]
```

```
# Inspect the sliced dataframe
lyrics_filtered.head()
```



	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	

Next  
steps:


[Generate code with  
lyrics\\_filtered](#)



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```
# Normalize the language value
lyrics_filtered["Language"] = lyrics_filtered["Language"].str.strip()
```

 <ipython-input-15-82c50204acca>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs>  
`lyrics_filtered["Language"] = lyrics_filtered["Language"].str.strip()`

```
# Create a function that only when the language is English, then it takes the \
lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"] = lyrics_filtered.apply(
    lambda row: row["Lyrics"]
    if row["Language"] == "English"
    else row["Lyrics translation"],
    axis=1
)
```

 <ipython-input-16-157453347d81>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs>  
lyrics\_filtered["Lyrics\_Final"] = lyrics\_filtered.apply(

```
# Check for nulls or missing final lyrics
print(lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"].isna().sum())
```

 0

```
# Inspect the new column
lyrics_filtered.head()
```



	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
--	---	---------	-----	--------	------	----------	-------	-------	----------------

1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
------	------	---------	----	---------	-----------------	---------	---	---	--

1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
------	------	--------	----	------	-----------------	------------------------------------	---	---	--

1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	
------	------	---------	----	---------------	------------------	---------	---	---	--


Next  
steps:

[Generate code with  
lyrics\\_filtered](#)

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```
# Install packages
! pip install pandas scikit-learn matplotlib seaborn bertopic
```

 Downloading nvidia\_nvjitlink\_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014\_x86\_64.



```

Requirement already satisfied: triton==3.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d
Requirement already satisfied: sympy==1.13.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d
Requirement already satisfied: mpmath<1.4,>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: regex!=2019.12.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
Requirement already satisfied: tokenizers<0.22,>=0.21 in /usr/local/lib/pyt
Requirement already satisfied: safetensors>=0.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/p
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/di
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3
Downloading bertopic-0.17.0-py3-none-any.whl (150 kB)
150.6/150.6 kB 5.2 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cublas_cu12-12.4.5.8-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (
363.4/363.4 MB 4.4 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cuda_cupti_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
13.8/13.8 MB 71.6 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cuda_nvrtc_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
24.6/24.6 MB 83.5 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cuda_runtime_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64
883.7/883.7 kB 58.7 MB/s eta 0:
Downloading nvidia_cudnn_cu12-9.1.0.70-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (6
664.8/664.8 MB 3.3 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cufft_cu12-11.2.1.3-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (2
211.5/211.5 MB 1.9 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_curand_cu12-10.3.5.147-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
56.3/56.3 MB 12.7 MB/s eta 0:00
Downloading nvidia_cusolver_cu12-11.6.1.9-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
127.9/127.9 MB 7.8 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_cusparses_cu12-12.3.1.170-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.w
207.5/207.5 MB 5.8 MB/s eta 0:0
Downloading nvidia_nvjitlink_cu12-12.4.127-py3-none-manylinux2014_x86_64.wh
21.1/21.1 MB 71.4 MB/s eta 0:00
Installing collected packages: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12, nvidia-curand-cu12, n
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12 12.5.82
Uninstalling nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.5.82:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-curand-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-curand-cu12 10.3.6.82
Uninstalling nvidia-curand-cu12-10.3.6.82:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-curand-cu12-10.3.6.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cufft-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-cufft-cu12 11.2.3.61
Uninstalling nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.3.61:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.3.61
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12 12.5.82
Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12-12.5.82:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12 12.5.82
Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12-12.5.82:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12-12.5.82

```

```

Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12
Found existing installation: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12 12.5.82
Uninstalling nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-12.5.82:
Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-12.5.82
Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cublas-cu12

```

## ✓ Topic Modelling- Unsuperivised Machine Learning

### ✓ LDA Model

```

# Import packages
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import LatentDirichletAllocation
from bertopic import BERTopic
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Determine documents for LDA and BERTopic
documents = lyrics_filtered["Lyrics_Final"].tolist()

# Determine the vectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop_words="english", max_df=0.95, min_df=5)

# Fit the LDA model
# Turn our text data into a matrix of token counts
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(documents)
# Set up the LDA model to find 10 topics in the data
lda_model = LatentDirichletAllocation(n_components=10, random_state=42)
# Run LDA on our word count matrix – this gives us topic probabilities for each
lda_topics = lda_model.fit_transform(X)
# For each doc, grab the topic with the highest score (i.e., the one it's mostl
lda_topic_assignments = lda_topics.argmax(axis=1)
# Add those topic labels back into our DataFrame so we can see what topic each
lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic"] = lda_topic_assignments

```

```
# Inspect the LDA topic
lyrics_filtered.head()
```



	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	

Next  
steps:

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```
def print_lda_topics(lda_model, vectorizer, n_top_words=10):
    # Get all the actual words (features) the model learned from
    feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
    # Loop through each topic found by the LDA model
    for idx, topic in enumerate(lda_model.components_):
        # Get the top N words for this topic (the ones with the highest weight)
        top_words = [feature_names[i] for i in topic.argsort()[::-n_top_words -
        # Print the topic number and its top words
        print(f"Topic {idx}: {' | '.join(top_words)}")
```

```
# Show the top words for each topic in the trained LDA model
print_lda_topics(lda_model, vectorizer)
```



```
Topic 0: love | ll | chorus | yeah | way | gonna | light | verse | tonight
Topic 1: la | like | falling | heart | life | sun | blood | just | hold | v
Topic 2: na | know | ll | life | hey | say | like | high | sound | hope
Topic 3: oh | just | don | pa | feel | chorus | good | cause | wanna | bigg
Topic 4: ooh | love | heart | look | know | don | need | friend | cause | l
Topic 5: like | gonna | baby | know | don | ll | tell | time | going | ya
Topic 6: love | don | got | ain | know | chorus | like | cause | come | sca
Topic 7: ah | ich | walking | chorus | holding | water | ve | die | fly | r
Topic 8: away | run | sing | right | night | make | come | far | land | gon
Topic 9: let | don | ll | like | want | know | dance | say | feel | hear
```

```
# I manually put a topic label for each topic, map the label here
topic_labels = {
    0: "Romantic/Intimate",
    1: "Emotional/Inspirational",
    2: "Energetic/Upbeat Chant",
    3: "Fun/Party Anthem",
    4: "Love & Friendship",
    5: "Relationship Conflict",
    6: "Vulnerability/Overcoming",
    7: "Dreamy/Abstract Imagery",
    8: "Journey/Escape",
    9: "Celebration/Desire"
}

# Apply to DataFrame
lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic_Label"] = lyrics_filtered["LDA_Topic"].map(topic_labels)

# Inspect the LDA topic label
lyrics_filtered.head()
```



	#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovis Num
1396	1397	Finland	50	Sandhja	Sing It Away	English	-	-	
1397	1398	Greece	37	Argo	Utopian Land	Greek/English (Pontic Greek)	-	-	
1398	1399	Moldova	12	Lidia Isac	Falling Stars	English	-	-	
1399	1400	Hungary	14	Freddie	Pioneer	English	19	108	

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## ▼ BERT Topic

```
# Dropping rows where "Lyrics_Final" is NaN
lyrics_df = lyrics_filtered.dropna(subset=["Lyrics_Final"])
# Excluding rows where "Lyrics_Final" is "english", empty, "none", or "nan"
lyrics_df = lyrics_df[~lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].str.strip().str.lower().isin(['english', '', 'none', 'nan'])]


# Keep only rows where the lyrics have more than 3 words
lyrics_df = lyrics_df[lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].str.split().str.len() > 3]

import re
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
# Download stopwords
try:
    stopwords.words('english')
except LookupError:
    nltk.download('stopwords')

# Load English stop words into a set for faster lookup
ENGLISH_STOP_WORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))

# Function to clean text: remove newlines, non-letter characters, lowercase, and remove stop words
def clean_text(text):
    text = re.sub(r"\n", " ", text)
    text = re.sub(r"[^a-zA-Z ]", "", text)
    words = text.lower().split()
    return " ".join([w for w in words if w not in ENGLISH_STOP_WORDS])

# Apply cleaning function to lyrics
lyrics_df["Lyrics_Cleaned"] = lyrics_df["Lyrics_Final"].apply(clean_text)
```

 [nltk\_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk\_data...  
 [nltk\_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.


```

from sentence_transformers import SentenceTransformer
# Convert cleaned lyrics into a list of documents
docs = lyrics_df["Lyrics_Cleaned"].tolist()

# Load a pre-trained transformer model
embedding_model = SentenceTransformer("all-MiniLM-L6-v2")

# Generate sentence embeddings for each document with a progress bar
embeddings = embedding_model.encode(docs, show_progress_bar=True)

```

 modules.json: 100% 349/349 [00:00<00:00, 5.09kB/s]  
 config\_sentence\_transformers.json: 100% 116/116 [00:00<00:00, 2.92kB/s]  
 README.md: 100% 10.5k/10.5k [00:00<00:00, 476kB/s]  
 sentence\_bert\_config.json: 100% 53.0/53.0 [00:00<00:00, 906B/s]  
 config.json: 100% 612/612 [00:00<00:00, 14.2kB/s]  
 Xet Storage is enabled for this repo, but the 'hf\_xet' package is not installed  
 WARNING:huggingface\_hub.file\_download:Xet Storage is enabled for this repo,  
 model.safetensors: 100% 90.9M/90.9M [00:01<00:00, 101MB/s]  
 tokenizer\_config.json: 100% 350/350 [00:00<00:00, 6.45kB/s]  
 vocab.txt: 100% 232k/232k [00:00<00:00, 2.80MB/s]  
 tokenizer.json: 100% 466k/466k [00:00<00:00, 5.49MB/s]  
 special\_tokens\_map.json: 100% 112/112 [00:00<00:00, 6.03kB/s]  
 config.json: 100% 190/190 [00:00<00:00, 4.62kB/s]  
 Batches: 100% 12/12 [00:34<00:00, 1.68s/it]

```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sentence_transformers import SentenceTransformer
from bertopic import BERTopic

# Initialize KMeans clustering with a fixed number of clusters (topics)
kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=10, random_state=42)

# Initialize BERTopic with precomputed embedding model and KMeans clustering
bertopic_model = BERTopic(embedding_model=embedding_model, hdbscan_model=kmeans_model)

# Fit the BERTopic model on the documents and their embeddings to extract topics
topics, probs = bertopic_model.fit_transform(docs, embeddings)

# Assign the predicted BERTopic topic for each document to the DataFrame
lyrics_df["BERT_Topic"] = topics

# Extract the info of BERTopic
bertopic_model.get_topic_info()

```



	Topic	Count	Name	Representation	Representative_Docs
0	0	63	0_im_love_dont_heart	[im, love, dont, heart, let, know, time, never...	[look used rockstars never thought harm til th...
1	1	50	1_sowing_like_love_lover	[sowing, like, love, lover, night, sun, come, ...	[oh spring song spring song spent winter garde...
2	2	42	2_bam_ea_ich_one	[bam, ea, ich, one, ey, love, ill, take, ya, n...	[verse want stay tonight far every sight every...
3	3	40	3_oh_chorus_verse_im	[oh, chorus, verse, im, sing, dont, away, gonn...	[verse jessika bullied moment born always one ...
4	4	39	4_im_go_yeah_gonna	[im, go, yeah, gonna, oh, wanna, yay, like, go...	[verse see look eyes aint feeling pressure pre...

```

# Assign the topics in a DataFrame
topic_info = bertopic_model.get_topic_info()

```

```
import pandas as pd

# Show all rows and all columns
pd.set_option("display.max_rows", None)
pd.set_option("display.max_columns", None)
pd.set_option("display.max_colwidth", None)

# Print the full DataFrame
print(topic_info)
```

	Topic	Count	Name \	Representation \
0	0	63	0_im_love_dont_heart	[im, love, dont, heart, let, know, time, never, go, like]
1	1	50	1_sowing_like_love_lover	[sowing, like, love, lover, night, sun, come, go, good, never]
2	2	42	2_bam_ea_ich_one	[bam, ea, ich, one, ey, love, ill, take, ya, never]
3	3	40	3_oh_chorus_verse_im	[oh, chorus, verse, im, sing, dont, away, gonna, hear, friend]
4	4	39	4_im_go_yeah_gonna	[im, go, yeah, gonna, oh, wanna, yay, like, got, dance]
5	5	35	5_la_im_diva_know	[la, im, diva, know, like, dont, healthy, sleep, rules, supergirl]
6	6	30	6_love_ill_italy_wasted	[love, ill, italy, wasted, dont, time, us, im, one, kiss]
7	7	28	7_love_oh_bigger_feel	[love, oh, bigger, feel, chorus, waiting, verse, alive, make, life]
8	8	27	8_sauna_im_dont_fire	[sauna, im, dont, fire, burns, feel, survivor, burning, cant, like]
9	9	25	9_poe_na_yum_cha	[poe, na, yum, cha, mamma, im, tim, freaky, like, rim]

0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9 [ohohohohohohohohoh sure told really like teeth hairy coat nothing undern



```

# I manually put a topic label for each topic, map the label here

topic_labels = {
    0: "Romantic Loneliness",
    1: "Emotional Breakup",
    2: "Performance & Confidence",
    3: "Self-Love / Creativity",
    4: "Seduction & Regret",
    5: "Dance & Party",
    6: "Nonsense / Playful Chant",
    7: "Intensity / Passion",
    8: "Chanting / Hype",
    9: "Feminine Power / Diva"
}

# Map numerical BERT topic IDs to descriptive labels
lyrics_df["BERT_Topic_Label"] = lyrics_df["BERT_Topic"].map(topic_labels)

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set style and figure size
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

# Sort topics by count
lda_order = lyrics_df["LDA_Topic_Label"].value_counts().sort_values().index

# LDA plot: Horizontal bars for clarity
sns.countplot(
    y="LDA_Topic_Label",
    data=lyrics_df,
    order=lda_order,
    palette="Blues_d"
)
plt.title("LDA Topics Across Songs")
plt.xlabel("Number of Songs")
plt.ylabel("LDA Topic")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# BERTopic plot: similar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
bert_order = lyrics_df["BERT_Topic_Label"].value_counts().sort_values().index

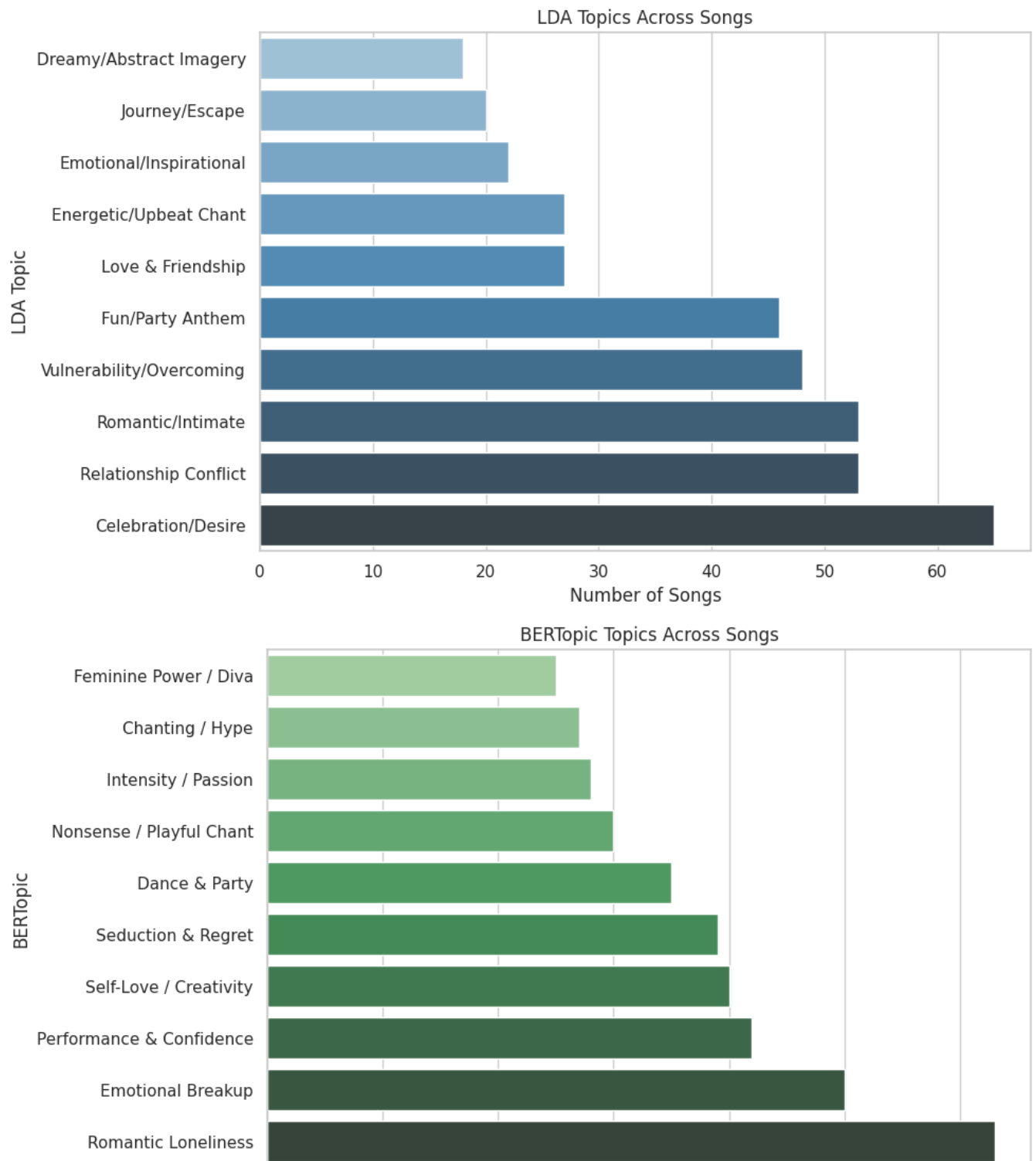
sns.countplot(

```

```

y="BERT_Topic_Label",
data=lyrics_df,
order=bert_order,
palette="Greens_d"
)
plt.title("BERTopic Topics Across Songs")
plt.xlabel("Number of Songs")
plt.ylabel("BERTopic")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



---

0      10      20      30      40      50      60

Number of Songs

- ✓ **Statistical Testing and Supervised Machine Learning Model Selection**
- ✓ Merging

```
# Inspect the column names for merging
print(lyrics_df.columns)
print(result.columns)
```

```
Index(['#', 'Country', '#.1', 'Artist', 'Song', 'Language', 'Place', 'Score',
      'Eurovision Number', 'Year', 'Host Country', 'Host City', 'Lyrics',
      'Lyrics translation', 'Lyrics_Final', 'LDA_Topic', 'LDA_Topic_Label',
      'Lyrics_Cleaned', 'BERT_Topic', 'BERT_Topic_Label'],
      dtype='object')
Index(['Year', 'Country ', 'Song ', 'Artist ', 'Final_Place', 'Final_Points',
      'Top 5', 'Top 10', 'Running_Order_Final', 'Grand_Final_Ind', 'Big6_I',
      'Semi_Final_Num', 'Semi_Place', 'Semi_Points', 'Running_Order_Semi',
      'National_Final', 'Solo_Artist', 'Sex', 'Returning_Artist_Ind',
      'Number of Members', 'Language1', 'Language2', 'Language3', 'Language',
      'Multiple_Language', 'National_Language_Used', 'EU', 'NATO',
      'Country_Group', 'MyESB_Community', 'MyESB_Personal', 'OGAE_Points',
      'Qualification_Record'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
import re
import unicodedata
```

```
# Function to normalize and clean country names
def clean_country(c):
    c = str(c).lower() # Convert to lowercase
    c = re.sub(r"\(..*?\)", "", c) # Remove (2), etc.
    c = re.sub(r"[^a-z ]", "", c).strip() # Remove non-alphabetic characters
    return c
```

```
# Apply cleaning function to prepare country names for merging
lyrics_df["Country_Merge"] = lyrics_df["Country"].apply(clean_country)
result["Country_Merge"] = result["Country "].apply(clean_country)
```

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
print("Lyrics rows:", len(lyrics_df))
print("Result rows:", len(result))
```

```
Lyrics rows: 379
Result rows: 358
```

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
result['Country_Merge'].value_counts()
```

```
count

Country_Merge
```

<b>albania</b>	9
<b>australia</b>	9
<b>azerbaijan</b>	9
<b>austria</b>	9
<b>belgium</b>	9
<b>croatia</b>	9
<b>estonia</b>	9
<b>cyprus</b>	9
<b>czech republic</b>	9
<b>denmark</b>	9
<b>france</b>	9
<b>finland</b>	9
<b>georgia</b>	9
<b>germany</b>	9
<b>switzerland</b>	9
<b>greece</b>	9
<b>iceland</b>	9
<b>ireland</b>	9
<b>israel</b>	9
<b>italy</b>	9
<b>latvia</b>	9
<b>lithuania</b>	9
<b>malta</b>	9
<b>netherlands</b>	9
<b>poland</b>	9
<b>norway</b>	9
<b>san marino</b>	9
<b>spain</b>	9
<b>slovenia</b>	9
<b>serbia</b>	9

<b>sweden</b>	9
<b>united kingdom</b>	9
<b>armenia</b>	8
<b>portugal</b>	8
<b>ukraine</b>	8
<b>moldova</b>	8
<b>romania</b>	6
<b>montenegro</b>	6
<b>bulgaria</b>	5
<b>hungary</b>	4
<b>russia</b>	4
<b>belarus</b>	4
<b>fyr macedonia</b>	3
<b>north macedonia</b>	3
<b>luxembourg</b>	2
<b>bosnia herzegovina</b>	1

**dtype:** int64

```
# Check the length of two Dataframe for merging
lyrics_df['Country_Merge'].value_counts()
```



	<b>count</b>
<b>Country_Merge</b>	
<b>finland</b>	10
<b>greece</b>	10
<b>austria</b>	10
<b>estonia</b>	10
<b>iceland</b>	10
<b>united kingdom</b>	10
<b>sweden</b>	10

<b>albania</b>	10
<b>slovenia</b>	10
<b>australia</b>	10
<b>georgia</b>	10
<b>serbia</b>	10
<b>ireland</b>	10
<b>switzerland</b>	10
<b>poland</b>	10
<b>latvia</b>	10
<b>germany</b>	10
<b>belgium</b>	10
<b>italy</b>	10
<b>spain</b>	10
<b>lithuania</b>	9
<b>malta</b>	9
<b>france</b>	9
<b>azerbaijan</b>	9
<b>san marino</b>	9
<b>moldova</b>	9
<b>armenia</b>	9
<b>portugal</b>	9
<b>norway</b>	9
<b>cyprus</b>	8
<b>croatia</b>	8
<b>ukraine</b>	8
<b>denmark</b>	8
<b>netherlands</b>	7
<b>romania</b>	7
<b>israel</b>	7
<b>montenegro</b>	6

<b>czech republic</b>	6
<b>bulgaria</b>	5
<b>belarus</b>	5
<b>hungary</b>	4
<b>russia</b>	4
<b>north macedonia</b>	4
<b>macedonia</b>	3
<b>czechia</b>	3
<b>the netherlands</b>	2
<b>luxembourg</b>	2
<b>bosnia and herzegovina</b>	1

**dtype:** int64

```
# Merge two datasets
merged_df = pd.merge(
    lyrics_df,
    result,
    on=["Year", "Country_Merge"],
    how="right"
)
print("Matched entries:", len(merged_df))
```

➡ Matched entries: 358

```
# Inspect merged DataFrame
merged_df.head()
```

➡

#	Country	#.1	Artist	Song	Language	Place	Score	Eurovision Number
---	---------	-----	--------	------	----------	-------	-------	----------------------

---



0	1759	Albania	-	Shkodra Elektronike	Zjerm	Albanian	-	-	69
---	------	---------	---	------------------------	-------	----------	---	---	----

1	1760	Armenia	-	PARG	SURVIVOR	English	-	-	69
---	------	---------	---	------	----------	---------	---	---	----



2	1761	Australia	-	Go-Jo	Milkshake Man	English	-	-	69
---	------	-----------	---	-------	------------------	---------	---	---	----

3	1762	Austria	-	JJ	Wasted Love	English	-	-	69
---	------	---------	---	----	----------------	---------	---	---	----

4	1763	Azerbaijan	-	Mamagama	Run With U	English	-	-	69
---	------	------------	---	----------	------------	---------	---	---	----

```
# Check the columns
print(merged_df.columns)
```

```
Index(['#', 'Country', '#.1', 'Artist', 'Song', 'Language', 'Place', 'Score',
      'Eurovision Number', 'Year', 'Host Country', 'Host City', 'Lyrics',
      'Lyrics translation', 'Lyrics_Final', 'LDA_Topic', 'LDA_Topic_Label',
      'Lyrics_Cleaned', 'BERT_Topic', 'BERT_Topic_Label', 'Country_Merge',
      'Country ', 'Song ', 'Artist ', 'Final_Place', 'Final_Points', 'Top
      'Top 10', 'Running_Order_Final', 'Grand_Final_Ind', 'Big6_Ind',
      'Semi_Final_Num', 'Semi_Place', 'Semi_Points', 'Running_Order_Semi',
      'National_Final', 'Solo_Artist', 'Sex', 'Returning_Artist_Ind',
      'Number of Members', 'Language1', 'Language2', 'Language3', 'Languag
      'Multiple_Language', 'National_Language_Used', 'EU', 'NATO',
      'Country_Group', 'MyESB_Community', 'MyESB_Personal', 'OGAE_Points',
      'Qualification_Record'],
      dtype='object')
```

## ✓ Exploratory Analysis

```
# Compute the average Final_Place for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (highest) to best (lowest) Final_Place
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Final_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



	Final_Place
LDA_Topic_Label	
Romantic/Intimate	15.096774
Fun/Party Anthem	14.552632
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	14.545455
Celebration/Desire	14.500000
Love & Friendship	14.411765
Vulnerability/Overcoming	13.695652
Emotional/Inspirational	13.000000
Journey/Escape	12.250000
Relationship Conflict	11.225806
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	10.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Final_Points for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (highest) to best (lowest)
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Final_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



	Final_Points
LDA_Topic_Label	
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	242.166667
Relationship Conflict	232.129032
Vulnerability/Overcoming	197.434783
Emotional/Inspirational	164.818182
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	164.636364
Journey/Escape	164.000000
Fun/Party Anthem	158.868421
Celebration/Desire	155.031250
Love & Friendship	147.470588
Romantic/Intimate	146.903226

dtype: float64



```
# Compute the average probability to get into final for each LDA topic, sorted by average probability
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Grand_Final_Ind"].mean().sort_values(ascending=True)
```



Grand_Final_Ind	
LDA_Topic_Label	
Fun/Party Anthem	0.866667
Love & Friendship	0.708333
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.705882
Relationship Conflict	0.673913
Romantic/Intimate	0.659574
Celebration/Desire	0.615385
Emotional/Inspirational	0.611111
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.547619
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.500000
Journey/Escape	0.421053

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top5 for each LDA topic, sorted  
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Top 5"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

**Top 5**

<b>LDA_Topic_Label</b>	
<b>Relationship Conflict</b>	0.222222
<b>Vulnerability/Overcoming</b>	0.151515
<b>Dreamy/Abstract Imagery</b>	0.125000
<b>Fun/Party Anthem</b>	0.108108
<b>Celebration/Desire</b>	0.090909
<b>Love &amp; Friendship</b>	0.047619
<b>Romantic/Intimate</b>	0.023256
<b>Journey/Escape</b>	0.000000
<b>Emotional/Inspirational</b>	0.000000
<b>Energetic/Upbeat Chant</b>	0.000000

**dtype:** float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top 10 for each LDA topic, sorted by descending value
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Top 10"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

**Top 10**

<b>LDA_Topic_Label</b>	
<b>Relationship Conflict</b>	0.394737
<b>Dreamy/Abstract Imagery</b>	0.235294
<b>Celebration/Desire</b>	0.222222
<b>Fun/Party Anthem</b>	0.216216
<b>Vulnerability/Overcoming</b>	0.151515
<b>Emotional/Inspirational</b>	0.125000
<b>Love &amp; Friendship</b>	0.095238
<b>Romantic/Intimate</b>	0.068182
<b>Journey/Escape</b>	0.000000
<b>Energetic/Upbeat Chant</b>	0.000000

**dtype:** float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final place for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (h  
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Semi_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending
```



	Semi_Place
LDA_Topic_Label	
Journey/Escape	12.562500
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	10.333333
Vulnerability/Overcoming	10.250000
Romantic/Intimate	9.837209
Relationship Conflict	9.062500
Celebration/Desire	9.021739
Emotional/Inspirational	8.500000
Love & Friendship	8.238095
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	7.230769
Fun/Party Anthem	6.694444

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final points for each LDA topic, sorted from worst (
merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")["Semi_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascendir
```



	Semi_Points
LDA_Topic_Label	
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	146.769231
Fun/Party Anthem	132.500000
Love & Friendship	122.000000
Romantic/Intimate	115.255814
Relationship Conflict	113.906250
Emotional/Inspirational	113.625000
Celebration/Desire	110.260870
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	106.047619
Vulnerability/Overcoming	99.416667
Journey/Escape	68.875000

**dtype:** float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top5 for each BERT topic, sorted by descending value
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Top 5"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Top 5	
BERT_Topic_Label	
Feminine Power / Diva	0.285714
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.277778
Dance & Party	0.222222
Emotional Breakup	0.114286
Chanting / Hype	0.111111
Romantic Loneliness	0.052632
Seduction & Regret	0.034483
Performance & Confidence	0.027778
Intensity / Passion	0.000000
Self-Love / Creativity	0.000000

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into Top10 for each BERT topic, sorted by descending value
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Top 10"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

**Top 10**

<b>BERT_Topic_Label</b>	
<b>Nonsense / Playful Chant</b>	0.444444
<b>Feminine Power / Diva</b>	0.400000
<b>Dance &amp; Party</b>	0.310345
<b>Chanting / Hype</b>	0.263158
<b>Romantic Loneliness</b>	0.210526
<b>Emotional Breakup</b>	0.194444
<b>Performance &amp; Confidence</b>	0.083333
<b>Seduction &amp; Regret</b>	0.068966
<b>Self-Love / Creativity</b>	0.026316
<b>Intensity / Passion</b>	0.000000

**dtype:** float64

```
# Compute the average Final_Points for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (high  
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Final_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascenc
```



Final_Points	
BERT_Topic_Label	
Feminine Power / Diva	265.600000
Nonsense / Playful Chant	223.058824
Seduction & Regret	188.150000
Performance & Confidence	181.500000
Intensity / Passion	175.937500
Dance & Party	172.920000
Romantic Loneliness	168.750000
Self-Love / Creativity	162.555556
Emotional Breakup	145.111111
Chanting / Hype	126.761905

**dtype:** float64



```
# Compute the average Final_Place for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (highest) to best (lowest) Final_Place
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Final_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



	Final_Place
BERT_Topic_Label	
Chanting / Hype	16.047619
Emotional Breakup	15.407407
Self-Love / Creativity	14.592593
Intensity / Passion	14.187500
Romantic Loneliness	14.071429
Nonsense / Playful Chant	12.882353
Dance & Party	12.600000
Performance & Confidence	12.444444
Seduction & Regret	12.300000
Feminine Power / Diva	9.466667

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average probability to get into final for each BERT topic, sorted by descending value
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Grand_Final_Ind"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```



Grand_Final_Ind	
BERT_Topic_Label	
Chanting / Hype	0.875000
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.782609
Dance & Party	0.781250
Self-Love / Creativity	0.692308
Feminine Power / Diva	0.681818
Seduction & Regret	0.625000
Emotional Breakup	0.613636
Romantic Loneliness	0.595745
Intensity / Passion	0.592593
Performance & Confidence	0.428571

dtype: float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final place for each BERT topic, sorted from worst (
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Semi_Place"].mean().sort_values(ascendir
```



	Semi_Place
BERT_Topic_Label	
Performance & Confidence	10.333333
Emotional Breakup	10.147059
Intensity / Passion	9.640000
Seduction & Regret	9.322581
Romantic Loneliness	9.300000
Self-Love / Creativity	8.406250
Feminine Power / Diva	8.375000
Chanting / Hype	8.315789
Dance & Party	8.083333
Nonsense / Playful Chant	7.700000

**dtype:** float64

```
# Compute the average Semi final points for each BERT topic, sorted from worst
merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")["Semi_Points"].mean().sort_values(ascendi
```



	<b>Semi_Points</b>
<b>BERT_Topic_Label</b>	
<b>Self-Love / Creativity</b>	141.625000
<b>Intensity / Passion</b>	134.440000
<b>Nonsense / Playful Chant</b>	129.350000
<b>Seduction &amp; Regret</b>	121.709677
<b>Romantic Loneliness</b>	107.650000
<b>Dance &amp; Party</b>	102.625000
<b>Feminine Power / Diva</b>	101.625000
<b>Performance &amp; Confidence</b>	100.025641
<b>Emotional Breakup</b>	96.558824
<b>Chanting / Hype</b>	95.105263

**dtype:** float64

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Define the metrics of interest
metrics = [
    "Final_Place", "Final_Points", "Top 5", "Top 10",
    "Grand_Final_Ind", "Semi_Place", "Semi_Points"
]
```

```
# LDA: Group and summarize
lda_summary = merged_df.groupby("LDA_Topic_Label")[metrics].mean().round(2)
```

```
# BERT: Group and summarize
bert_summary = merged_df.groupby("BERT_Topic_Label")[metrics].mean().round(2)
```

```
# Display summary tables
print("=== LDA Topic Summary ===")
print(lda_summary)
print("\n=== BERTopic Summary ===")
print(bert_summary)
```

```
# Set a clean style
sns.set(style="whitegrid", palette="muted")

# === LDA Plot ===
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
lda_plot = lda_summary[["Top 5", "Top 10"]].plot(
    kind="bar",
    figsize=(12, 6),
    width=0.7,
    edgecolor="black"
)
plt.title("Top 5 & Top 10 Success Rates by LDA Topic", fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel("Proportion of Songs", fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel("LDA Topic", fontsize=12)
plt.xticks(rotation=30, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.legend(title="Metric")
plt.show()

# BERTopic Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
bert_plot = bert_summary[["Top 5", "Top 10"]].plot(
    kind="bar",
    figsize=(12, 6),
    width=0.7,
    edgecolor="black"
)
plt.title("Top 5 & Top 10 Success Rates by BERTopic", fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel("Proportion of Songs", fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel("BERTopic", fontsize=12)
plt.xticks(rotation=30, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.legend(title="Metric")
plt.show()
```



=== LDA Topic Summary ===

	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	\
LDA_Topic_Label					
Celebration/Desire	14.50	155.03	0.09	0.22	
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	10.00	242.17	0.12	0.24	
Emotional/Inspirational	13.00	164.82	0.00	0.12	
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	14.55	164.64	0.00	0.00	
Fun/Party Anthem	14.55	158.87	0.11	0.22	
Journey/Escape	12.25	164.00	0.00	0.00	
Love & Friendship	14.41	147.47	0.05	0.10	
Relationship Conflict	11.23	232.13	0.22	0.39	
Romantic/Intimate	15.10	146.00	0.02	0.07	

Romantic/Intimate	13.10	140.90	0.02	0.07
Vulnerability/Overcoming	13.70	197.43	0.15	0.15

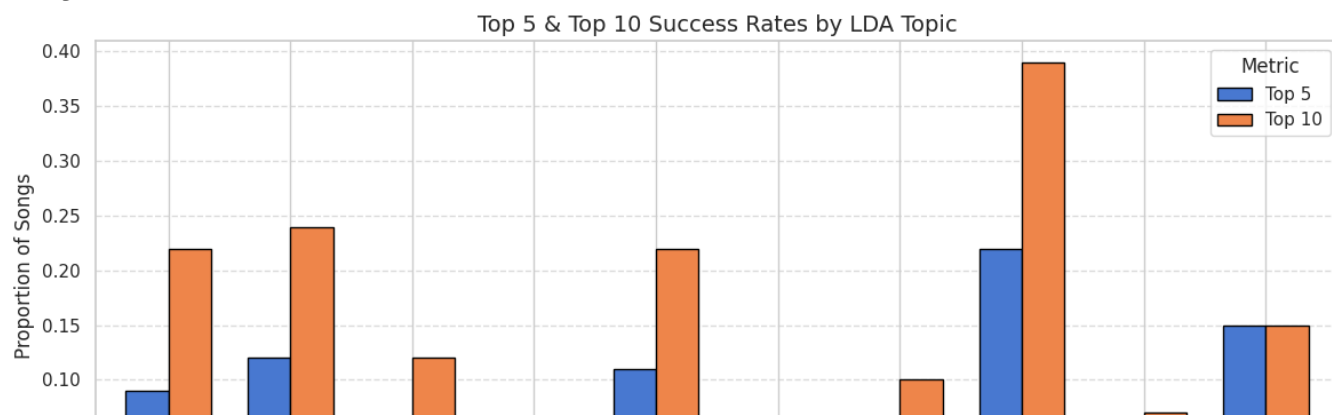
	Grand_Final_Ind	Semi_Place	Semi_Points
LDA_Topic_Label			
Celebration/Desire	0.62	9.02	110.26
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.71	7.23	146.77
Emotional/Inspirational	0.61	8.50	113.62
Energetic/Upbeat Chant	0.50	10.33	106.05
Fun/Party Anthem	0.87	6.69	132.50
Journey/Escape	0.42	12.56	68.88
Love & Friendship	0.71	8.24	122.00
Relationship Conflict	0.67	9.06	113.91
Romantic/Intimate	0.66	9.84	115.26
Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.55	10.25	99.42

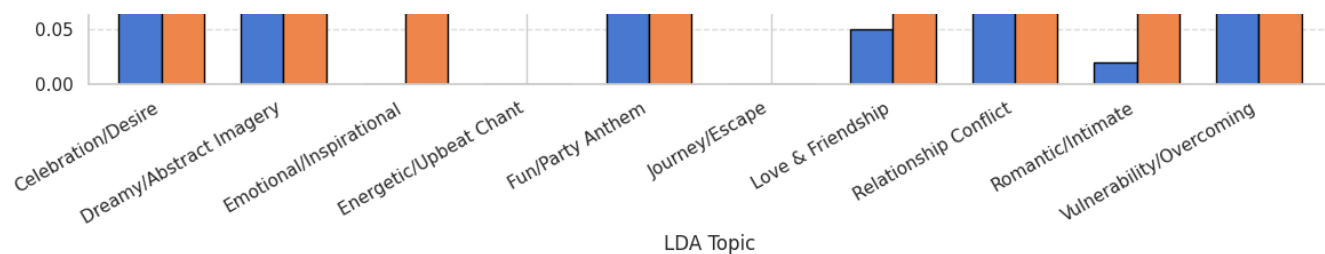
=== BERTopic Summary ===

	Final_Place	Final_Points	Top 5	Top 10	\
BERT_Topic_Label					
Chanting / Hype	16.05	126.76	0.11	0.26	
Dance & Party	12.60	172.92	0.22	0.31	
Emotional Breakup	15.41	145.11	0.11	0.19	
Feminine Power / Diva	9.47	265.60	0.29	0.40	
Intensity / Passion	14.19	175.94	0.00	0.00	
Nonsense / Playful Chant	12.88	223.06	0.28	0.44	
Performance & Confidence	12.44	181.50	0.03	0.08	
Romantic Loneliness	14.07	168.75	0.05	0.21	
Seduction & Regret	12.30	188.15	0.03	0.07	
Self-Love / Creativity	14.59	162.56	0.00	0.03	

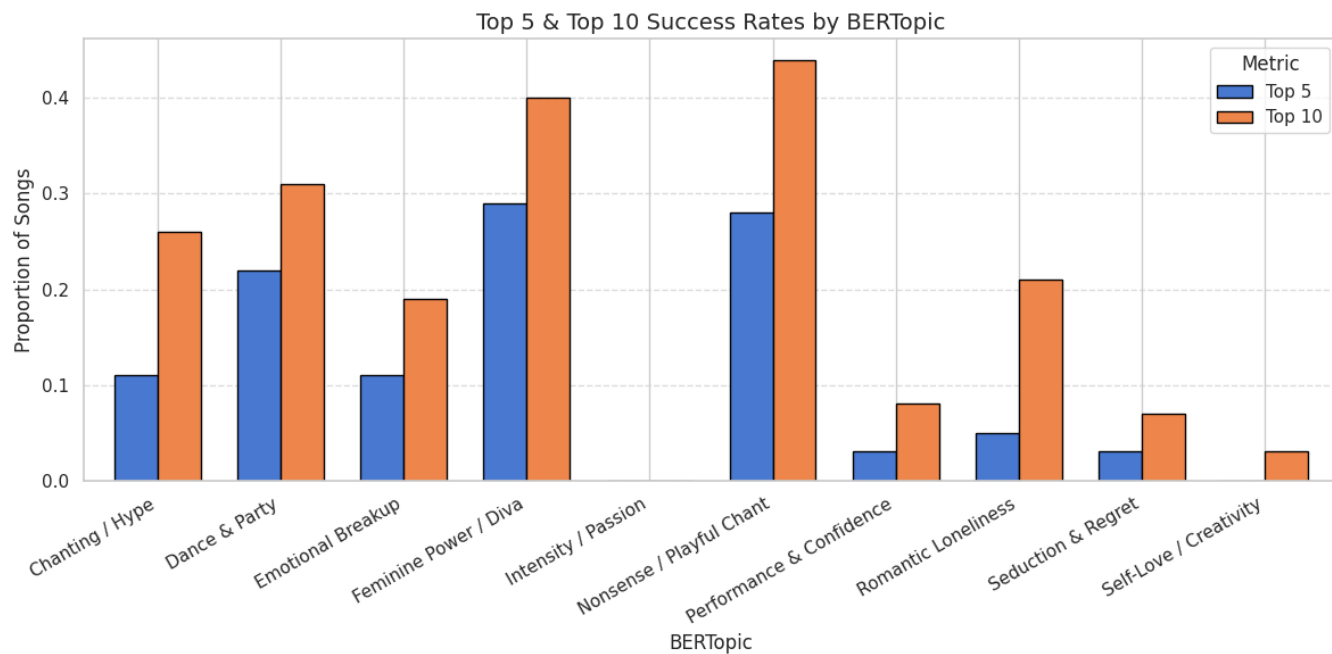
	Grand_Final_Ind	Semi_Place	Semi_Points
BERT_Topic_Label			
Chanting / Hype	0.88	8.32	95.11
Dance & Party	0.78	8.08	102.62
Emotional Breakup	0.61	10.15	96.56
Feminine Power / Diva	0.68	8.38	101.62
Intensity / Passion	0.59	9.64	134.44
Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.78	7.70	129.35
Performance & Confidence	0.43	10.33	100.03
Romantic Loneliness	0.60	9.30	107.65
Seduction & Regret	0.62	9.32	121.71
Self-Love / Creativity	0.69	8.41	141.62

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<Figure size 1200x600 with 0 Axes>



## ✓ Statistical modelling

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# One-hot encode BERT topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Combine with base DataFrame
X_lda = pd.concat([merged_df[["Grand_Final_Ind", "Top 10", "Top 5"]], lda_dummi
X_bert = pd.concat([merged_df[["Grand_Final_Ind", "Top 10", "Top 5"]], bert_dun

# Fill 0 to the missing value
merged_df[["Top 5", "Top 10", "Grand_Final_Ind"]] = merged_df[["Top 5", "Top 10

print(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"].value_counts())
```

```
↔ LDA_Topic_Label
Celebration/Desire      52
Romantic/Intimate      47
Relationship Conflict   46
Fun/Party Anthem       45
Vulnerability/Overcoming 42
Love & Friendship      24
Energetic/Upbeat Chant  22
Journey/Escape         19
Emotional/Inspirational 18
Dreamy/Abstract Imagery 17
Name: count, dtype: int64
```



```

import statsmodels.api as sm
import pandas as pd

# One-hot encode topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
y = merged_df["Top 10"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit Generalized Linear Model with Binomial family
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

print(result.summary())

```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Top 10	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-133
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		267
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		3
No. Iterations:	22	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.07
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-2.0369	0.614	-3.318	0.001
LDA_Celebration/Desire	0.6018	0.708	0.851	0.395
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.8582	0.839	1.023	0.306
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-0.0426	0.969	-0.044	0.965
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-21.5292	1.69e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	0.5054	0.727	0.695	0.487
LDA_Journey/Escape	-21.5292	1.82e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Love & Friendship	-0.3610	0.960	-0.376	0.707
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.3109	0.690	1.901	0.057
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.6487	0.856	-0.758	0.449
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	0.0354	0.777	0.046	0.964

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = lda_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 5"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Top 5	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-83.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		167
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		2
No. Iterations:	23	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.05
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	-3.2189	1.020	-3.156	0.002
LDA_Celebration/Desire	0.7340	1.145	0.641	0.521
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	1.2040	1.268	0.950	0.342
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-21.3472	3.09e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-21.3472	2.79e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	0.8916	1.146	0.778	0.437
LDA_Journey/Escape	-21.3472	3.01e+04	-0.001	0.999
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.0834	1.443	0.058	0.954
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.6607	1.091	1.522	0.128
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.6098	1.436	-0.425	0.671
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	1.2174	1.126	1.082	0.279

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
lda_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = lda_dummies
y = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-221
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		442
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		3
No. Iterations:	4	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.05
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	0.8109	0.425	1.908	0.056
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-0.3409	0.512	-0.666	0.505
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	0.0645	0.681	0.095	0.925
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	-0.3589	0.644	-0.558	0.577
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-0.8109	0.602	-1.347	0.178
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	1.0609	0.611	1.737	0.082
LDA_Journey/Escape	-1.1294	0.630	-1.794	0.073
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.0764	0.618	0.124	0.902
LDA_Relationship Conflict	-0.0850	0.529	-0.161	0.872
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-0.1495	0.525	-0.285	0.776
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-0.6199	0.526	-1.178	0.239

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 10"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
=====				
Dep. Variable:	Top 10	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-132
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		264
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		3
No. Iterations:	22	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.08
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
=====				
	coef	std err	z	P> z
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
const	-2.0369	0.614	-3.318	0.001
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.7019	0.793	0.885	0.376
BERT_Dance & Party	1.0986	0.729	1.507	0.132
BERT_Emootional Breakup	0.3719	0.739	0.503	0.615
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	1.0561	0.778	1.357	0.175
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-21.5292	1.53e+04	-0.001	0.999
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	1.4083	0.754	1.868	0.062
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-0.5281	0.858	-0.616	0.538
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	0.4528	0.726	0.623	0.533
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.6712	0.954	-0.704	0.482
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-1.6007	1.185	-1.351	0.177
=====				

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Top 5"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
=====				
Dep. Variable:	Top 5	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-79.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		159
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		2
No. Iterations:	23	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.07
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
=====				
	coef	std err	z	P> z
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
const	-3.2189	1.020	-3.156	0.002
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.8210	1.259	0.652	0.514
BERT_Dance & Party	1.7525	1.116	1.571	0.116
BERT_Emotional Breakup	0.9163	1.147	0.799	0.424
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	1.7148	1.160	1.478	0.139
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-21.3472	2.52e+04	-0.001	0.999
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	1.9379	1.138	1.703	0.089
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-0.4947	1.437	-0.344	0.731
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	0.1054	1.250	0.084	0.933
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.2151	1.440	-0.149	0.881
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-21.3472	2.1e+04	-0.001	0.999
=====				

```
# One-hot encode LDA topics
bert_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")

# Define predictors and outcome
X = bert_dummies
y = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]

# Add constant and ensure float dtype
X = sm.add_constant(X).astype(float)

# Fit logistic regression model
model = sm.GLM(y, X, family=sm.families.Binomial())
result = model.fit()

# Print statistical summary
print(result.summary())
```

Generalized Linear Model Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Grand_Final_Ind	No. Observations:		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.0
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihood:		-220
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Deviance:		441
Time:	14:17:27	Pearson chi2:		3
No. Iterations:	4	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.05
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	z	P> z
const	0.8109	0.425	1.908	0.056
BERT_Chanting / Hype	1.1350	0.749	1.515	0.130
BERT_Dance & Party	0.4620	0.603	0.766	0.443
BERT_Emoional Breakup	-0.3483	0.526	-0.662	0.508
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-0.0488	0.625	-0.078	0.938
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-0.4362	0.578	-0.755	0.450
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.4700	0.660	0.712	0.477
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-1.0986	0.527	-2.084	0.037
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-0.4232	0.519	-0.816	0.414
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-0.3001	0.560	-0.536	0.592
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	2.078e-15	0.549	3.79e-15	1.000

```
print(X.dtypes)
print(y.dtypes)
```

```
↔ const float64
BERT_Chanting / Hype float64
BERT_Dance & Party float64
BERT_Emotional Breakup float64
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva float64
BERT_Intensity / Passion float64
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant float64
BERT_Performance & Confidence float64
BERT_Romantic Loneliness float64
BERT_Seduction & Regret float64
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity float64
dtype: object
int64
```

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Points"])
```

```
# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype
```

```
# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Points"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```



### OLS Regression Results

=====				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Points	R-squared:		0.
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:		0.
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:		1.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):		0.
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:		-148
No. Observations:	232	AIC:		29
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:		30
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
=====				
	coef	std err	t	P> t
-----				
const	225.7778	34.831	6.482	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-70.7465	43.539	-1.625	0.106
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	16.3889	55.073	0.298	0.766
LDA_Emoional/Inspirational	-60.9596	56.555	-1.078	0.282
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-61.1414	56.555	-1.081	0.281
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-66.9094	42.284	-1.582	0.115
LDA_Journey/Escape	-61.7778	62.793	-0.984	0.326
LDA_Love & Friendship	-78.3072	49.978	-1.567	0.119
LDA_Relationship Conflict	6.3513	43.791	0.145	0.885
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-78.8746	43.791	-1.801	0.073
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-28.3430	46.505	-0.609	0.543
=====				
Omnibus:	48.490	Durbin-Watson:		1.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		73.
Skew:	1.219	Prob(JB):		9.65e
Kurtosis:	4.298	Cond. No.		1
=====				

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X)          # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float)             # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Place"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
```



```
print(model.summary())
```

↔

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-788	
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	16	
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	16	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	10.7222	1.752	6.121	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	3.7778	2.190	1.725	0.086
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-0.7222	2.770	-0.261	0.795
LDA_Emotional/Inspirational	2.2778	2.844	0.801	0.424
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	3.8232	2.844	1.344	0.180
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	3.8304	2.127	1.801	0.073
LDA_Journey/Escape	1.5278	3.158	0.484	0.629
LDA_Love & Friendship	3.6895	2.514	1.468	0.144
LDA_Relationship Conflict	0.5036	2.202	0.229	0.819
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	4.3746	2.202	1.986	0.048
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	2.9734	2.339	1.271	0.205
Omnibus:	43.498	Durbin-Watson:	2.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	9.	
Skew:	-0.007	Prob(JB):	0.00	
Kurtosis:	1.986	Cond. No.	1	

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
```

```
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Place"])
```

```
# One-hot encode BERT topics
```

```
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
```

```
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
```

```
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype
```


```
# Target variable
```

```
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Place"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
```

```
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

 OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Semi_Place	R-squared:	0.
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	2.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-907
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	18
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	18
Df Model:	10		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	7.6000	0.966	7.867	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	1.4217	1.200	1.185	0.237
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-0.3692	1.652	-0.224	0.823
LDA_Emoional/Inspirational	0.9000	1.546	0.582	0.561
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	2.7333	1.430	1.912	0.057
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-0.9056	1.258	-0.720	0.472
LDA_Journey/Escape	4.9625	1.546	3.209	0.001
LDA_Love & Friendship	0.6381	1.430	0.446	0.656
LDA_Relationship Conflict	1.4625	1.289	1.134	0.258
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	2.2372	1.215	1.842	0.067
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	2.6500	1.258	2.107	0.036

Omnibus:	57.401	Durbin-Watson:	2.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	13.
Skew:	0.087	Prob(JB):	0.00
Kurtosis:	1.999	Cond. No.	1

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["LDA_Topic_Label"], prefix="LDA")
X = sm.add_constant(X)          # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float)            # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

↔

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Semi_Points	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-176	
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	35	
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	35	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	151.9600	16.230	9.363	0.000
LDA_Celebration/Desire	-41.6991	20.164	-2.068	0.040
LDA_Dreamy/Abstract Imagery	-5.1908	27.748	-0.187	0.852
LDA_Emoational/Inspirational	-38.3350	25.981	-1.476	0.141
LDA_Energetic/Upbeat Chant	-45.9124	24.021	-1.911	0.057
LDA_Fun/Party Anthem	-19.4600	21.127	-0.921	0.358
LDA_Journey/Escape	-83.0850	25.981	-3.198	0.002
LDA_Love & Friendship	-29.9600	24.021	-1.247	0.213
LDA_Relationship Conflict	-38.0538	21.661	-1.757	0.080
LDA_Romantic/Intimate	-36.7042	20.410	-1.798	0.073
LDA_Vulnerability/Overcoming	-52.5433	21.127	-2.487	0.013
Omnibus:	33.533	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	41.	
Skew:	0.857	Prob(JB):	1.14e	
Kurtosis:	3.551	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X)          # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float)            # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Points"], errors="coerce")

# Fit model
```

```
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

↩

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Points	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-148	
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	29	
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	30	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	225.7778	34.778	6.492	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	-99.0159	47.394	-2.089	0.038
BERT_Dance & Party	-52.8578	45.611	-1.159	0.248
BERT_Emotional Breakup	-80.6667	44.898	-1.797	0.074
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	39.8222	51.584	0.772	0.441
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-49.8403	50.697	-0.983	0.327
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	-2.7190	49.901	-0.054	0.957
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-44.2778	49.183	-0.900	0.369
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-57.0278	44.576	-1.279	0.202
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-37.6278	47.938	-0.785	0.433
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-63.2222	44.898	-1.408	0.160
Omnibus:	45.427	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	66.	
Skew:	1.168	Prob(JB):	2.87e	
Kurtosis:	4.212	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
```

```
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Final_Place"])
```

```
# One-hot encode BERT topics
```

```
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
```

```
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
```

```
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype
```

```
# Target variable
```

```
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Final_Place"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

↔

OLS Regression Results				
Dep. Variable:	Final_Place	R-squared:	0.	
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.	
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.	
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.	
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-787	
No. Observations:	232	AIC:	15	
Df Residuals:	221	BIC:	16	
Df Model:	10			
Covariance Type:	nonrobust			
	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	10.7222	1.745	6.146	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	5.3254	2.378	2.240	0.026
BERT_Dance & Party	1.8778	2.288	0.821	0.413
BERT_Emoional Breakup	4.6852	2.252	2.080	0.039
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-1.2556	2.588	-0.485	0.628
BERT_Intensity / Passion	3.4653	2.543	1.363	0.174
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	2.1601	2.503	0.863	0.389
BERT_Performance & Confidence	1.7222	2.467	0.698	0.486
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	3.3492	2.236	1.498	0.136
BERT_Seduction & Regret	1.5778	2.405	0.656	0.512
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	3.8704	2.252	1.718	0.087
Omnibus:	77.609	Durbin-Watson:	1.	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	12.	
Skew:	-0.013	Prob(JB):	0.00	
Kurtosis:	1.869	Cond. No.	1	

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr


```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Place"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Place"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Show full statistical summary
print(model.summary())
```

 OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Semi_Place	R-squared:	0.
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-915
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	18
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	18
Df Model:	10		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	7.6000	0.991	7.666	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	0.7158	1.509	0.474	0.636
BERT_Dance & Party	0.4833	1.417	0.341	0.733
BERT_Emotional Breakup	2.5471	1.306	1.950	0.052
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	0.7750	1.587	0.488	0.626
BERT_Intensity / Passion	2.0400	1.402	1.455	0.147
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	0.1000	1.487	0.067	0.946
BERT_Performance & Confidence	2.7333	1.270	2.152	0.032
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	1.7000	1.264	1.345	0.180
BERT_Seduction & Regret	1.7226	1.332	1.293	0.197
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	0.8063	1.323	0.609	0.543

Omnibus:	80.228	Durbin-Watson:	2.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	14.
Skew:	0.016	Prob(JB):	0.000
Kurtosis:	1.929	Cond. No.	1

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
# Prepare data: drop missing values
merged_df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Semi_Points"])

# One-hot encode BERT topics
X = pd.get_dummies(merged_df_clean["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="BERT")
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Add intercept term
X = X.astype(float) # Ensure numeric dtype

# Target variable
```


```
y = pd.to_numeric(merged_df_clean["Semi_Points"], errors="coerce")
```

```
# Fit model
```

```
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
```

```
# Show full statistical summary
```

```
print(model.summary())
```

 OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Semi_Points	R-squared:	0.
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.
Date:	Wed, 28 May 2025	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0
Time:	14:17:28	Log-Likelihood:	-176
No. Observations:	305	AIC:	35
Df Residuals:	294	BIC:	35
Df Model:	10		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t
const	151.9600	16.216	9.371	0.000
BERT_Chanting / Hype	-56.8547	24.677	-2.304	0.022
BERT_Dance & Party	-49.3350	23.170	-2.129	0.034
BERT_Emotional Breakup	-55.4012	21.361	-2.594	0.010
BERT_Feminine Power / Diva	-50.3350	25.958	-1.939	0.053
BERT_Intensity / Passion	-17.5200	22.932	-0.764	0.445
BERT_Nonsense / Playful Chant	-22.6100	24.323	-0.930	0.353
BERT_Performance & Confidence	-51.9344	20.773	-2.500	0.013
BERT_Romantic Loneliness	-44.3100	20.671	-2.144	0.033
BERT_Seduction & Regret	-30.2503	21.795	-1.388	0.166
BERT_Self-Love / Creativity	-10.3350	21.642	-0.478	0.633

Omnibus:	29.811	Durbin-Watson:	1.
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	35.
Skew:	0.813	Prob(JB):	1.87e
Kurtosis:	3.393	Cond. No.	1

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is corr

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Clean 'Sex' column
```

```
sex_map = {"F": 0, "M": 1, "Mixed": 2}
```

```
merged_df["Sex_Clean"] = merged_df["Sex"].map(sex_map)
```

```
# Convert 'National_Language_Used' column to int (True/False to 1/0)
```

```
merged_df["National_Language_Used"] = merged_df["National_Language_Used"].astype

# Replace the original column in features list with cleaned version
features_to_test = [
    "Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members",
    "Multiple_Language", "EU", "National_Language_Used", "Sex_Clean"
]

# Drop missing target values
df_clean = merged_df.dropna(subset=["Grand_Final_Ind"])
y = df_clean["Grand_Final_Ind"].astype(int)

for feature in features_to_test:
    X = df_clean[[feature]].copy()

    # Handle categorical variables
    if X[feature].dtype == "object":
        X = pd.get_dummies(X, drop_first=True)

    # Ensure all values are float for statsmodels
    X = X.apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce').fillna(0)
    X = sm.add_constant(X)

    try:
        model = sm.Logit(y, X).fit(displ=False)
        print(f"\n=== Logistic Regression for: {feature} ===")
        print(model.summary())
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"\n[Error fitting model for: {feature}] {e}")
```

```

=====
converged:                True      LL-Null:                -231
Covariance Type:          nonrobust  LLR p-value:           0.09
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025
-----
const          0.5367      0.122      4.410      0.000      0.298
Multiple_Language  0.4850      0.301      1.613      0.107     -0.104
=====
```

=== Logistic Regression for: EU ===

#### Logit Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:      Grand_Final_Ind      No. Observations:
Model:              Logit              Df Residuals:
Method:             MLE               Df Model:
Date:              Wed, 28 May 2025     Pseudo R-squ.:      0.003
Time:              14:17:28            Log-Likelihood:     -230
converged:          True               LL-Null:            -231
Covariance Type:    nonrobust          LLR p-value:         0.1
=====
```



	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.9
const	0.4520	0.171	2.644	0.008	0.117	0.
EU	0.2906	0.225	1.292	0.196	-0.150	0.

=== Logistic Regression for: National\_Language\_Used ===  
 Logit Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:      Grand_Final_Ind    No. Observations:
Model:              Logit              Df Residuals:
Method:             MLE                Df Model:
Date:               Wed, 28 May 2025   Pseudo R-squ.:      0.03
Time:               14:17:28          Log-Likelihood:     -223
converged:          True              LL-Null:           -231
Covariance Type:    nonrobust         LLR p-value:        4.509e
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.
const	0.2955	0.135	2.192	0.028	0.
National_Language_Used	0.9816	0.250	3.934	0.000	0.

=== Logistic Regression for: Sex\_Clean ===  
 Logit Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:      Grand_Final_Ind    No. Observations:
Model:              Logit              Df Residuals:
Method:             MLE                Df Model:
Date:               Wed, 28 May 2025   Pseudo R-squ.:      7.699e
Time:               14:17:28          Log-Likelihood:     -231
converged:          True              LL-Null:           -231
Covariance Type:    nonrobust         LLR p-value:        0.8
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.9
const	0.6438	0.157	4.090	0.000	0.335	0.
Sex_Clean	-0.0309	0.164	-0.189	0.850	-0.351	0.

## ✓ Model Evaluation

# One-hot encode topics and categorical variables

```

topic_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["BERT_Topic_Label"], prefix="Topic")
country_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["Country_Merge"], prefix="Country")
group_dummies = pd.get_dummies(merged_df["Country_Group"], prefix="Group")

```

```
# Define target variable for classification: whether the song reached the Grand  
y_class = merged_df["Grand_Final_Ind"]
```

```
# Use only topic dummy variables as the feature set for modeling  
X_topics = topic_dummies
```

```
# Combine topic and country dummy variables as features  
X_topic_country = pd.concat([topic_dummies, country_dummies], axis=1)
```

```
X_topic_country_artist = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies, # Topic-related features (e.g., LDA or BERT topics)  
    country_dummies, # Country dummy variables  
    group_dummies, # Regional groupings of countries  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members"]]  
, axis=1).astype(float)
```

```
X_topic_country_artist_language = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies,  
    country_dummies,  
    group_dummies,  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Multiple_Language", "Nun  
, axis=1).astype(float)
```

```
X_long = pd.concat([  
    topic_dummies,  
    country_dummies,  
    group_dummies,  
    merged_df[["Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Multiple_Language", "Nun  
, axis=1).astype(float)
```

```

# Define numeric features
numeric_features = merged_df[[
    "Solo_Artist", "Returning_Artist_Ind", "Number of Members",
    "Multiple_Language", "EU", "National_Language_Used", "Sex_Clean"
]]

# Combine all features into design matrix X
X_full = pd.concat([
    topic_dummies,
    country_dummies,
    group_dummies,
    numeric_features,
], axis=1).astype(float)

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score, f1_score

for name, X_variant in [("Topics Only", X_topics), ("Topic+Country", X_topic_cc
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_variant, y_class, tes

    clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42, class_weight="balanced")
    clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)

    print(f"\n=== Classification Report: {name} ===")
    print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

```

```

⇒ accuracy          0.42      72
   macro avg        0.45      72
   weighted avg     0.49      72

```

```

=== Classification Report: Topic+Country ===
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.53         0.40         0.45         25
     1       0.72         0.81         0.76         47

```

```

              accuracy          0.67      72
   macro avg        0.62      72
   weighted avg     0.65      72

```

```

=== Classification Report: Topic+Country+Artist ===
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.53         0.40         0.45         25
     1       0.72         0.81         0.76         47

```

1	0.72	0.81	0.70	47
accuracy			0.67	72
macro avg	0.62	0.60	0.61	72
weighted avg	0.65	0.67	0.65	72

=== Classification Report: Topic+Country+Artist+Language ===

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.61	0.44	0.51	25
1	0.74	0.85	0.79	47
accuracy			0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.65	0.65	72
weighted avg	0.70	0.71	0.69	72

=== Classification Report: Longlist ===

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.62	0.40	0.49	25
1	0.73	0.87	0.80	47
accuracy			0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.64	0.64	72
weighted avg	0.69	0.71	0.69	72

=== Classification Report: full ===

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.64	0.36	0.46	25
1	0.72	0.89	0.80	47
accuracy			0.71	72
macro avg	0.68	0.63	0.63	72
weighted avg	0.70	0.71	0.68	72

