R_Code_Sample

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I loaded required packages.

```
pkg_list <- c("tidyverse", "assertthat", "here", "stargazer")
lapply(pkg_list, require, character.only = TRUE)</pre>
```

I created different folders to store different results.

```
folder_path <- c("data", "documentation", "proc", "results", "scripts", "latex")

for (folder in folder_path) {
    suppressWarnings(dir.create(here(folder)))
}

results_path <- c("figures", "tables")

for (folder in results_path) {
    suppressWarnings(dir.create(here("results", folder)))
}</pre>
```

I imported two datasets, car_data and market_data.

I merged the two datasets together and fill in the missing values.

```
initial_market_data <- initial_market_data %>%
  mutate(ma_key = case_when(
    ma == "B" ~ "Belgium",
    ma == "F" ~ "France",
    ma == "G" ~ "Germany",
    ma == "I" ~ "Italy",
    ma == "U" ~ "UK"
    ),
    ye = as.numeric(ye)
```

```
initial_car_data <- rename(initial_car_data, ma_key = ma) %>%
  mutate(ye = as.numeric(ye) + 1900)
to_numeric <- c("li1", "li2", "li3", "li", "hp", "qu")
final_data <- inner_join(</pre>
  initial car data,
  initial_market_data,
  by = c("ma_key", "ye")
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    across(
      all_of(to_numeric),
      as.numeric)
  ) %>%
  as_tibble()
nonmiss_avg <- function(data, miss_var, var1, var2, var_avg) {</pre>
    mutate({{miss_var}} := if_else(is.na({{miss_var}}),
                             3* {{var_avg}}-({{var1}} + {{var2}}),
                             {{miss_var}}))
}
final data <- final data %>%
  nonmiss_avg(li3, li1, li2, li) %>%
  nonmiss_avg(li2, li3, li1, li) %>%
  nonmiss_avg(li1, li3, li2, li) %>%
  mutate(li = if_else(is.na(li), (li1 + li2 + li3)/3, li))
non_missing <- final_data %>%
  filter(is.na(li1) | is.na(li2) | is.na(li3) | is.na(li)) %>%
  nrow == 0
assert_that(non_missing)
```

I generated the variables for graph and regressions.

```
predicted_70 <- predict(reg_70, interval = "confidence") %>%
    as_tibble()
predicted_90 <- predict(reg_90, interval = "confidence") %>%
    as_tibble()

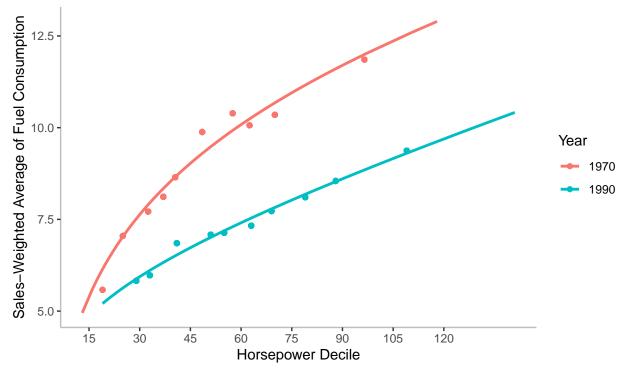
predicted_7090 <- bind_rows(predicted_70, predicted_90)

final_data_7090 <- cbind(final_data_7090, predicted_7090) %>%
    arrange(hp)
```

I generated the graphs.

Relationship between Sales-Weighted Average of

Fuel Consumption and Horsepower in 1970 and 1990



```
ggsave("scatter_fitted.png",
    width = 14,
    height = 7,
    path = here("results", "figures"))
```

The scatterplot plots the sales-weighted average of fuel consumption versus the midpoint each horsepower decile. The fitted curves regress fuel consumption on horsepower and log horsepower, using sales as sample weights.

I generated the regression tables.

Table 1: Regression Results

	Dependent variable: Fuel Consumption	
	1970	1990
Horspower	0.015	0.027***
	(0.011)	(0.008)
Log Horsepower	2.908***	0.947**
	(0.407)	(0.422)
Constant	-2.696**	1.904
	(1.064)	(1.247)
Observations	272	398
\mathbb{R}^2	0.753	0.658
Residual Std. Error	129.530	92.511
F Statistic	410.846***	380.079**
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.05	