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	Math Routines
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	Document Change History		
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2016-11-30	4.3.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Section 2 has been revisited to update Default Error Tracer instead of Development Error tracer. SWS_Mfl_00362 has been updated to provide clarity in requirements. SWS_Mfl_00363 has been modified to provide clear requirements. Updated the parameters in SWS_Mfl_00360 for Mfl_ArcTan2_f32 service to be in sync with standard C library. Updated SWS_Mfl_00122 to provide better clarity on the input parameter limits. Verified that the spec SWS_Mfl_00122 has been updated to provide better clarity on input parameter limits. Updated MFL document to support MISRA 2012 standard. (Removed Reference related to MISRA 2004 from chapter 3.2 ans redundant statements in SWS_Mfl_00809 which already exist in SWS_BSW document and SWS_SRS document) Modified the reference to SRS_BSW_General (SRS_BSW_00437) & (SRS_BSW_00448) for SWS_Mfl_00810 & SWS_Mfl_00822 requirements.



Document Change History		hange History	
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	Document Change History		hange History	
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2014-10-31	4.2.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	Added: New Functions are added to convert values between Float and Integer. (SWS_Mfl_00837, SWS_Mfl_838, SWS_Mfl_840, SWS_Mfl_841 & SWS_Mfl_842) Modified: BSWUML Model was updated for "Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32" & "Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt" functions. (SWS_Mfl_00836 & SWS_Mfl_839) Updated usage of const in a consistent manner.	
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2013-10-31	4.1.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Deprecated: Mfl_DeadTime function Removed: SWS_Mfl_00197 from Mfl_Hypot function Added: SWS_Mfl_00835 for Mfl_RampCalc function, a note for Mfl_RampGetSwitchPos function Modified: Description for Mfl_RampSetParam function, Parameter (in) definition for Mfl_RateLimiter_f32 Editorial changes 	



Document Change History				
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2011-12-22	4.0.3	AUTOSAR Administration	 Removal of 'Accumulator routine' Revised 'Trigonometric routines' names Added 'Median Sort Routines' 	
2010-09-30	3.1.5	AUTOSAR Administration	 Introduction of additional LIMITED Functions for controllers Ramp functions optimised for effective usage Separation of DT1 Type 1 and Type 2 Controller functions Introduction of additional approximative function for calculatio of TeQ 	
2010-02-02	3.1.4	AUTOSAR Administration	Initial Release	



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1 Introduction and functional overview

AUTOSAR Library routines are the part of system services in AUTOSAR architecture & below figure shows position of AUTOSAR library in layered architecture.

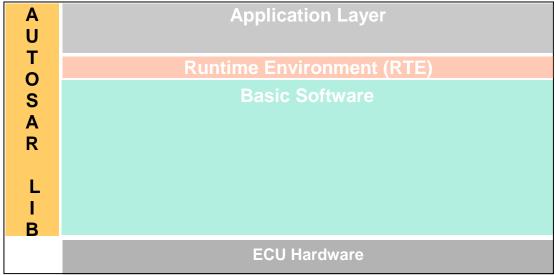


Figure: Layered architecture

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR library dedicated to arithmetic routines for floating point values.

The float math library contains routines addressing the following topics:

- Conversion
- Rounding
- Magnitude and sign
- Limiting
- Logarithms and exponential
- Trigonometric
- Controller routines
- Average
- Array Average
- Hypotenuse
- Ramp routines
- Hysteresis function
- Dead Time
- Debounce
- Ascending Sort Routine
- Descending Sort Routine

All routines are re-entrant. They may be used by multiple runnables at the same time.



2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations, which have a local scope and therefore are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary, must appear in a local glossary.

Abbreviation /	Description:	
Acronym:		
abs	Absolute value	
Lib	Library	
DET	Default Error Tracer	
f32	Mnemonic for the float32, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
Limit	Limitation routine	
max	Maximum	
MFL	Mathematical Floating point Library	
min	Minimum	
Mn	Mnemonic	
s16	Mnemonic for the sint16, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
s32	Mnemonic for the sint32, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
s8	Mnemonic for the sint8, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
u16	Mnemonic for the uint16, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
u32	Mnemonic for the uint32, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
u8	Mnemonic for the uint8, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	
boolean	Boolean data type, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes	



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules, AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture, AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules, AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Specification of ECU Configuration, AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [5] Basic Software Module Description Template, AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [6] Specification of Platform Types, AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes.pdf
- [7] Requirement on Libraries, AUTOSAR SRS Libraries.pdf
- [8] Memory mapping mechanism, AUTOSAR_SRS_MemoryMapping.pdf

3.2 Related standards and norms

[10] ISO/IEC 9899:1990 Programming Language - C



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

No limitations.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.



5 Dependencies to other modules

5.1 File structure

[SWS MfI 00001] [The Mfl module shall provide the following files:

- C files, Mfl_<name>.c used to implement the library. All C files shall be prefixed with 'Mfl_'.
-] (SRS_LIBS_00005)

Implementation & grouping of routines with respect to C files is recommended as per below options and there is no restriction to follow the same.

Option 1 : <Name> can be function name providing one C file per function, eg.: Mfl_Pt1_f32.c etc.

Option 2 : <Name> can have common name of group of functions:

2.1 Group by object family:

eq.:Mfl Pt1.c, Mfl Dt1.c, Mfl Pid.c

2.2 Group by routine family:

eg.: Mfl_Conversion.c, Mfl_Controller.c, Mfl_Limit.c etc.

2.3 Group by method family:

eg.: Mfl_Sin.c, Mfl_Exp.c, Mfl_Arcsin.c, etc.

2.4 Group by other methods: (individual grouping allowed)

Option 3 : <Name> can be removed so that single C file shall contain all Mfl functions, eg.: Mfl.c.

Using above options gives certain flexibility of choosing suitable granularity with reduced number of C files. Linking only on-demand is also possible in case of some options.



6 Requirements traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
SRS_BSW_00003	All software modules shall provide version and identification information	SWS_MfI_00815
SRS_BSW_00007	All Basic SW Modules written in C language shall conform to the MISRA C 2012 Standard.	SWS_MfI_00809
SRS_BSW_00304	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall use the following data types instead of native C data types	SWS_MfI_00812
SRS_BSW_00306	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent	SWS_MfI_00813
SRS_BSW_00318	Each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module file shall provide version numbers in the header file	SWS_MfI_00815
SRS_BSW_00321	The version numbers of AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be enumerated according specific rules	SWS_MfI_00815
SRS_BSW_00348	All AUTOSAR standard types and constants shall be placed and organized in a standard type header file	SWS_MfI_00811
SRS_BSW_00374	All Basic Software Modules shall provide a readable module vendor identification	SWS_MfI_00814
SRS_BSW_00378	AUTOSAR shall provide a boolean type	SWS_MfI_00812
SRS_BSW_00379	All software modules shall provide a module identifier in the header file and in the module XML description file.	SWS_MfI_00814
SRS_BSW_00402	Each module shall provide version information	SWS_MfI_00814
SRS_BSW_00407	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	
SRS_BSW_00411	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall apply a naming rule for enabling/disabling the existence of the API	
SRS_BSW_00437	Memory mapping shall provide the possibility to define RAM segments which are not to be initialized during startup	SWS_Mfl_00810
SRS_BSW_00448	Module SWS shall not contain requirements from Other Modules	SWS_MfI_00822
SRS_LIBS_00001	The functional behavior of each library functions shall not be configurable	SWS_MfI_00818
SRS_LIBS_00002	A library shall be operational before all BSW modules and application SW-Cs	SWS_MfI_00800
SRS_LIBS_00003	A library shall be operational until the shutdown	SWS_MfI_00801
SRS_LIBS_00005	Each library shall provide one header file with its public interface	SWS_MfI_00001
SRS_LIBS_00013	The error cases, resulting in the check at runtime of the value of input parameters, shall be listed in SWS	SWS_MfI_00817, SWS_MfI_00819
SRS_LIBS_00015	It shall be possible to configure the microcontroller so that the library code is shared between all callers	SWS_MfI_00806
SRS_LIBS_00017	Usage of macros should be avoided	SWS_MfI_00807
SRS_LIBS_00018	A library function may only call library functions	SWS_MfI_00808







7 Functional specification

7.1 Error classification

[SWS MfI 00821][

No error classification definition as DET call not supported by library I()

7.2 Error detection

[SWS_MfI_00819] [Error detection: The validity of the parameters passed to library functions must be checked at the application level, there is no error detection or reporting within the library function. The library functions are required return a predefined but mathematically senseless value when they are called with invalid parameters. Warning, this strategy has the unsound consequence of masking errors throughout the software development process. All the invalid input cases shall be listed in the SWS specifying a predefined function return value that is not configurable. This value is dependant of the function and the error case so it is determined case by case.

If values passed to the routines are not valid and out of the function specification, then such error are not detected.] (SRS_LIBS_00013)

E.g. If passed value > 32 for a bit-position

or a negative number of samples of an axis distribution is passed to a routine.

7.3 Error notification

[SWS_Mfl_00817] [The functions shall not call the DET for error notification.] (SRS_LIBS_00013)

7.4 Initialization and shutdown

[SWS_Mfl_00800] [Mfl library shall not require initialization phase. A Library function may be called at the very first step of ECU initialization, e.g. even by the OS or EcuM, thus the library shall be ready.] (SRS_LIBS_00002)

[SWS_Mfl_00801] [Mfl library shall not require a shutdown operation phase.] (SRS_LIBS_00003)

7.5 Using Library API

Mfl API can be directly called from BSW modules or SWC. No port definition is required. It is a pure function call.



The statement 'Mfl.h' shall be placed by the developer or an application code generator but not by the RTE generator

Using a library should be documented. if a BSW module or a SWC uses a Library, the developer should add an Implementation-DependencyOnArtifact in the BSW/SWC template.

minVersion and maxVersion parameters correspond to the supplier version. In case of AUTOSAR library, these parameters may be left empty because a SWC or BSW module may rely on a library behavior, not on a supplier implementation. However, the SWC or BSW modules shall be compatible with the AUTOSAR platform where they are integrated.

7.6 library implementation

[SWS_MfI_00806] The Mfl library shall be implemented in a way that the code can be shared among callers in different memory partitions. | (SRS_LIBS_00015)

[SWS_Mfl_00807] [Usage of macros should be avoided. The function should be declared as function or inline function. Macro #define should not be used.] (SRS_LIBS_00017)

[SWS_Mfl_00808] [A library function shall not call any BSW modules functions, e.g. the DET. A library function can call other library functions. Because a library function shall be re-entrant. But other BSW modules functions may not be re-entrant.] (SRS_LIBS_00018)

[SWS_Mfl_00809] The library, written in C programming language, should conform to the MISRA C Standard. Please refer to SWS_BSW_00115 for more details.

I (SRS BSW 00007)

[SWS_Mfl_00810] [Each AUTOSAR library Module implementation library>*.c and library>*.h shall map their code to memory sections using the AUTOSAR memory mapping mechanism. | (SRS_BSW_00437)

[SWS_Mfl_00811] [Each AUTOSAR library Module implementation library>*.c, that uses AUTOSAR integer data types and/or the standard return, shall include the header file Std_Types.h.] (SRS_BSW_00348)

[SWS_MfI_00812] [All AUTOSAR library Modules should use the AUTOSAR data types (integers, boolean) instead of native C data types, unless this library is clearly identified to be compliant only with a platform.] (SRS_BSW_00304, SRS_BSW_00378)





[SWS_MfI_00813] [All AUTOSAR library Modules should avoid direct use of compiler and platform specific keyword, unless this library is clearly identified to be compliant only with a platform. eg. #pragma, typeof etc.] (SRS_BSW_00306)



8 Routine specification

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter, all types included from the following modules are listed:

Module	Imported Type
Std_Types	boolean, sint8, uint8, sint16, uint16, sint32, uint32, float32

8.2 Type definitions

It is observed that since the sizes of the integer types provided by the C language are implementation-defined, the range of values that may be represented within each of the integer types will vary between implementations.

Thus, in order to improve the portability of the software these types are defined in PlatformTypes.h [AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes]. The following mnemonic are used in the library routine names.

Size	Platform Type	Mnemonic	Range
unsigned 8-Bit	boolean	u8	[TRUE, FALSE]
signed 8-Bit	sint8	s8	[-128, 127]
signed 16-Bit	sint16	s16	[-32768, 32767]
signed 32-Bit	sint32	s32	[-2147483648, 2147483647]
unsigned 8-Bit	uint8	u8	[0, 255]
unsigned 16-Bit	uint16	u16	[0, 65535]
unsigned 32-Bit	uint32	u32	[0, 4294967295]
32-Bit	float32	f32	[-3.4028235E38,
			3.4028235E38]

Table 1: Mnemonic for Base Types

As a convention in the rest of the document:

- mnemonics will be used in the name of the routines (using <InTypeMn1> that means Type Mnemonic for Input 1)
- the real type will be used in the description of the prototypes of the routines (using <InType1> or <OutType>).

Note:

The naming convention for the api's with boolean return type/parameter type is given as _u8 which shall be interpreted as _b. (Boolean)

If there is no boolean data type present in the return type/parameter type then _u8 shall be interpreted as _u8 only.

8.3 Comment about rounding

Two types of rounding can be applied:



Results are 'rounded off', it means:

•	$0 \le X \le 0.5$	rounded to 0
•	$0.5 \le X \le 1$	rounded to 1
•	-0.5 < X <= 0	rounded to 0
•	-1 < X <= -0.5	rounded to -1

Results are rounded towards zero.

- 0 <= X < 1 rounded to 0
- $-1 < X \le 0$ rounded to 0

8.4 Comment about routines optimized for target

The routines described in this library may be realized as regular routines or inline functions. For ROM optimization purposes, it is recommended that the c routines be realized as individual source files so they may be linked in on an as-needed basis.

For example, depending on the target, two types of optimization can be done:

- Some routines can be replaced by another routine using integer promotion.
- Some routines can be replaced by the combination of a limiting routine and a routine with a different signature.



8.5 Routine definitions

8.5.1 Floating point to Fixed-Point Conversion

[SWS_MfI_00005] [

<u></u>	4 1	
Service name:	Mfl_Cvrt_f32_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Mfl_Cvrt_f32_<outtypemn>(float32 ValFloat, sint16 ValFixedExponent)</outtypemn></outtype></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x01 to 0x04	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValFloat	Floating-point quantity to be converted.
Parameters (III).	ValFixedExponent	Exponent of the fixed-point result of the conversion.
Parameters (in-	Parameters (in-None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Returns the integer value of the fixed-point result
Description:	Returns the integer value of the fixed point result of the conversion, determined according to the following equation.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00006][

Result = ValFloat * 2^{ValFixedExponent}

]()

[SWS_MfI_00007][

The return value shall be saturated to the return type boundary values in the event of overflow or underflow.

]()

[SWS MfI 00008][

If it is necessary to round the result of this equation, it is rounded toward zero. I()

Function ID and prototypes

[SWS_MfI_00009][

Function ID[hex]	Function prototype		
0x01	uint16 Mfl_Cvrt_f32_u16(float32, sint16)		
0x02	sint16 Mfl_Cvrt_f32_s16(float32, sint16)		
0x03	uint32 Mfl_Cvrt_f32_u32(float32, sint16)		
0x04	sint32 Mfl_Cvrt_f32_s32(float32, sint16)		

]()

8.5.2 Fixed-Point to Floating-Point Conversion

[SWS_MfI_00010] [

Service name:	Mfl_Cvrt_ <intypemn>_f32</intypemn>	



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Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Cvrt_ <intypemn>_f32(</intypemn>	
	<intype> ValFixedInteger,</intype>	
	sint16 ValFix	edExponent
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x05 to 0x08	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValFixedInteger	Integer value of the fixed-point quantity to be converted
Parameters (m).	ValFixedExponent	Exponent of the fixed-point quantity to be converted.
Parameters (in-	arameters (in-None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	The floating-point result of the conversion.
•	Returns the floating-point result of the conversion, determined according to the	
	following equation.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

]()

[SWS_MfI_00011][
Result = ValFixedInteger * 2^{-ValFixedExponent}]()

Function ID and prototypes

[SWS_MfI_00012] [

Function ID[hex]	Function prototype
0x05	float32 Mfl_Cvrt_u16_f32(uint16, sint16)
0x06	float32 Mfl_Cvrt_s16_f32(sint16, sint16)
0x07	float32 Mfl_Cvrt_u32_f32(uint32, sint16)
0x08	float32 Mfl_Cvrt_s32_f32(sint32, sint16)

]()

8.5.3 Rounding

[SWS_Mfl_00013] [

	- '	
Service name:	Mfl_Trunc_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl Trunc f32(
	float32 ValValue	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x09	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValValue Floating-point operand.	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Truncated value	
Description:	Returns the integer value determined by rounding the argument toward zero.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

]()

For example:

36.56 will be truncated to 36.00



[SWS_MfI_00015] [

Service name:	Mfl_Round_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl Round f32(
	float32 ValValue	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0A	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValValue Floating-point operand.	
Parameters (in-None		
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Rounded value of operand.	
Description:	Returns the integer value determined by rounding the argument toward the near-	
	est whole number.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

]()

For example:

36.56 will be rounded to 37.00

[SWS_MfI_00017][

If the argument is halfway between two integers, it is rounded away from zero. |()

For example:

36.5 will be rounded to 37.00

[SWS_MfI_00018] [

Service name:	Mfl_Ceil_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Ceil_f32(
	float32 ValValue	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValValue Floating-point operand.	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Ceiling of the ValValue.	
Description:	Returns the integer value determined by rounding the argument toward positive	
	infinity.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

l ()

[SWS_MfI_00020] [

Service name:	Mfl_Floor_f32
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Floor_f32(float32 ValValue)
Service ID[hex]:	0x0C
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant





Parameters (in):	ValValue	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Operand rounded to floor.
•	Returns the natural number value determined by rounding the argument toward negative infinity.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

8.5.4 Controller routines

Controller routines includes P, PT1, DT1, PD, I, PI, PID governors used in control system applications. For these controllers, the required parameters are derived using Laplace-Z transformation. The following parameters are required to calculate the new controller output yn and can be represented in the following equation.

In the equation, the following symbols are used

Symbols	Description	
Yn	Actual output to calculate	
Yn-1	Output value, one time step before	
Xn	Actual input, given from the input	
Xn-1	Input, one time step before	
Xn-2	Input, two time steps before	
X1	Input, n-1 time steps before	
X0	Input, n time steps before	
	Controller dependent proportional parameters are used to describe the weight of	
bn	the states.	

8.5.4.1 Structure definitions for controller routines

System parameters are separated from time or time equivalent parameters. The sysparameters grouped controller dependent are in structures Mfl_Param<controller>_Type, whereas the time (equivalent) parameters are asdirectly. Systems states are grouped in а structure Mfl_State<controller>_Type except the actual input value Xn which is assigned directly.

The System parameters, used in the equations are given by:

K : Amplification factor, the description of the semantic is given in

T1 : Decay time constant

Tv : Lead time Tn : Follow-up time

The time & time equivalent parameters in the equation / implementation are given by:

dT : Time step = sampling interval

Analogous to the abbreviations above, the following abbreviations are used in the implementation:

K_<size>, K_C : Amplification factor





T1rec_<size> : Reciprocal delay time constant = 1/T1

Tv_<size>, Tv_C : Lead time

Tnrec $_$ <size>, Tnrec $_$ C : Reciprocal follow-up time = 1/ Tn. dT $_$ <size> : Time step = sampling interval TeQ $_$ <size> : Time equivalent = exp (-dT/ T1).

Herein "<size>" denotes the size of the variable, e.g _f32 stand for a float32 bit variable.

Following C-structures are specially defined for the controller routines.

[SWS MfI 00025] [

<u> </u>					
Name:	Mfl_StatePT	Mfl_StatePT1_Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32 X1 Input value, one time step before				
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before		
Description:	System State	System State Structure for PT1 controller routine			
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h			

() [SWS_MfI_00823] [

Name:	Mfl_StateDT	Mfl_StateDT1Typ1_Type			
Туре:	Structure	Structure			
Element:	float32	float32 X1 Input value, one time step before			
	float32	X2	Input value, two time steps before		
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before		
Description:	System State S	System State Structure for DT1-Type1 controller routine			
Available via:	Mfl.h				

| () [SWS_MfI_00824] [

Name:	Mfl_StateDT1Typ2_Type			
Type:	Structure			
Element:	float32 X1 Input value, one time step before			
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State Structure for DT1-Type2 controller routine			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

() [SWS_MfI_00825] |

Name:	Mfl_StatePD	Mfl_StatePD_Type		
Type:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	float32	float32 X1 Input value, one time step before		
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State S	System State Structure for PD controller routine		
Available via:	Mfl.h			

| () [SWS_MfI_00826] [

Name:	Mfl_ParamPD_Type		
Type:	Structure		
Element:	float32 K_C Amplification factor		
	float32	Tv_C	Lead time
Description:	System and Time equivalent parameter Structure for PD controller routine		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| () [SWS_MfI_00827] [

Name:	Mfl_StateI_Type		
Туре:	Structure		
Element:	float32 X1 Input val		Input value, one time step before
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before
Description:	System State Structure for I controller routine		



Available via:	Mfl.h				
() [SWS_Mfl_	_00828] [
Name:	Mfl_StatePI	Mfl_StatePI_Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	X1	Input value, one time step before		
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before		
Description:	System State S	Structure for PI addi	tive (Type1 and Type 2) controller routine		
Available via:	Mfl.h				
() [SWS_Mfl_	_00829] [
Name:	Mfl_ParamPI	_Туре			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	K_C	Amplification factor		
	float32	Tnrec_C	Reciprocal follow up time (1/Tn)		
Description:			meter Structure for PI additive (<i>Type1 and Type</i>		
	2) controller ro	utine			
Available via:	Mfl.h				
() [SWS_Mfl_					
Name:	Mfl_StatePI	D_Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	Х1	Input value, one time step before		
	float32	Х2	Input value, two time step before		
	float32	Y1	Output value, one time step before		
Description:		Structure for PID ad	ditive (Type1 and Type 2) controller routine		
Available via:	Mfl.h				
()	_00831] [
Name:	Mfl_ParamPI	D_Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	K_C	Amplification factor		
	float32	Tv_C	Lead time		
	float32	Tnrec_C	Reciprocal follow up time (1/Tn)		
Description:			meter Structure for PID additive (Type1 and		
	Type 2) control	ler routine			
Available via:	Mfl.h				
() [SWS_Mfl_					
Name:	Mfl_Limits_	Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	Min_C	Minimum limit value		
	float32	Max_C	Maximum limit value		
Description:	Controller limit	value structure			
Available via:	Mfl.h				

8.5.4.2 Proportional Controller

Proportional component calculates Y(x) = Kp * X.

8.5.4.2.1 'P' Controller

ISWS MfI 000261 [

<u></u>	1
Service name:	Mfl_PCalc

]()



Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PCalc(float32 X_f32, float32* P_pf32, float32 K_f32)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x10			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	X_f32	input value		
Parameters (m).	K_f32	Amplification factor		
Parameters (in-	P_pf32	Pointer to the calculated state		
out):				
Parameters (out):	None	None		
Return value:	None			
Description:	Differential equation:			
	Y = K * X			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00027][

Implemented difference equation:

*P_pf32 = K_f32 * X_f32 |()

8.5.4.2.2 Get 'P' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00030] [

Service name:	Mfl_POut_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl POut f32(
	const float32* P_pf32		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x12		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	P_pf32 Pointer to the calculated state		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 Return 'P' controller output value		
Description:	This routine returns 'P' controllers output value limited by the return data type		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00031][

Output value = *P_pf32

]()

8.5.4.3 Proportional controller with first order time constant

This routine calculates proportional element with first order time constant. Routine Mfl_CalcTeQ_f32, given in 8.5.4.3.3, shall be used for Mfl_PT1Calc function to calculate the time equivalent TeQ_f32.



8.5.4.3.1 'PT1' Controller

[SWS_Mfl_00032] [

Service name:	Mfl_PT1Calc			
Syntax:	void Mfl_PT1Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePT1_Type* State_cpst, float32 K_f32, float32 TeQ_f32)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x1A			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
	X_f32	Input value for the PT1 element		
Parameters (in):	K_f32	Amplification factor		
	TeQ_f32	Time equivalent		
•	State_cpst	Pointer to PT1 state structure		
Out):	Nicon			
	None			
Return value:	None			
Description:	This routine computes PT1 controller output value using below difference equation			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

]()

[SWS_MfI_00033][

Yn= exp(-dT/T1) * Yn-1+ K(1- exp(-dT/T1)) * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

```
Output_value = (TeQ_f32 * State\_cpst->Y1) + K_f32 * (1 - TeQ_f32) * State\_cpst->X1
where TeQ_f32 = exp(-dT/T1)
I()
```

[SWS_MfI_00035][

If (TeQ_f32 = 0) then PT1 controller follows Input value, State_cpst->Y1 = K_f32 * X_f32]()

[SWS_MfI_00036][

calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.3.2 'PT1' Set State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00037] [

Service name:	Mfl_PT1SetState		
Syntax:	void Mfl PT1SetState(
	Mfl_StatePT1_Type* State_cpst,		



	float32 X1_f32,		
	float32 Y1_f32		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x1B		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Paramatara (in)	X1_f32	Initial value for input state	
Parameters (in):	Y1_f32	Initial value for output state	
Parameters (in-	(in-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	None		
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PT1 element.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00038][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1.

State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32

(()

[SWS_MfI_00039][

Initialisation of input state variable X1.

State_cpst-> $X1 = X1_f32$.

]()

8.5.4.3.3 Calculate time equivalent Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00040] [

Mfl_CalcTeQ_f32		
<pre>float32 Mfl_CalcTeQ_f32(float32 T1rec_f32, float32 dT_f32)</pre>		
0x1C		
Synchronous		
Reentrant		
T1rec_f32	Reciprocal delay time	
dT_f32	Sample Time	
None		
None		
float32 Time Equivalent TeQ_f32		
This routine calculates time equivalent factor		
Mfl.h		
	float32 Mfl_Calcs float32 Tlred float32 dT_fs) 0x1C Synchronous Reentrant T1rec_f32 dT_f32 None None float32 This routine calculates	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00041][

 $TeQ_f32 = exp(-T1rec_f32 * dT_f32)$

]()



8.5.4.3.4 Calculate an approximate time equivalent Value

This routine calculates approximate time equivalent and can be realised using inline function

[SWS_MfI_00315] [

24.6_iiii_000 io]		
Service name:	Mfl_CalcTeQApp_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_CalcTeQApp_f32(
	float32 T1r	_
	float32 dT_	f32
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1E	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Paramatara (in)	T1rec_f32	Reciprocal delay time
Parameters (in):	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Time Equivalent TeQApp_f32
Description:	This routine calculates time equivalent factor	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00316][

TeQApp_f32 = 1 - (T1rec_f32 * dT_f32) J()

8.5.4.3.5 Get 'PT1' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00042] [

Service name:	MfI_PT1Out_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl PT1Out f32(
	const Mfl_StatePT1_Type* State_cpst	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1D	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Return 'PT1' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'PT1' controllers output value	
Available via:	Mfl.h	
	<u> </u>	

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00043][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1

|()



8.5.4.4 Differential component with time delay: DT1

This routine calculates differential element with first order time constant. Routine Mfl_CalcTeQ_f32, given in 8.5.4.3.3, shall be used for Mfl_DT1Typ1Calc and Mfl_DT1Typ2Calc functions to calculate the time equivalent TeQ_f32.

8.5.4.4.1 'DT1' Controller - Type1

[SWS MfI 00044] [

[3773 _17111_00044	~J		
Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ1Calc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_DT1Typ1Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StateDT1Typ1_Type* State_cpst, float32 K_f32, float32 TeQ_f32, float32 dT_f32</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x20		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	_	Input value for the DT1 controller Amplification factor Time equivalent Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
Description:	This routine computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation		

I()

[SWS MfI 00045][

 $Yn = \exp(-dT/T1) * Yn-1+ K * (1-\exp(-dT/T1)) * ((Xn-1 - Xn-2) / dT)$

This derives implementation:

```
Output_value = (TeQ_f32 * State\_cpst->Y1) + K_f32 * (1 - TeQ_f32) * ((State\_cpst->X1 - State\_cpst->X2) / dT_f32)
where TeQ_f32 = exp(-dT_f32/T1)
I()
```

[SWS_MfI_00047][

If (TeQ_f32 = 0) then DT1 controller follows Input value, Output_value = K_f32 * (X_f32 - State_cpst->X1) / dT_f32 I()

[SWS_MfI_00048][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()



[SWS_MfI_00049][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2. State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32]()

8.5.4.4.2 'DT1' Controller - Type2

[SWS_MfI_00300] [

[0110 _i1iii_00300	~]		
Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ2Calc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_DT1Typ2Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StateDT1Typ2_Type* State_cpst, float32 K_f32, float32 TeQ_f32, float32 dT_f32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC0		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_f32	Input value for the DT1 controller	
Parameters (in):	K_f32	Amplification factor	
raiailleteis (III).	TeQ_f32	Time equivalent	
	dT_f32	Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| ()

[SWS_MfI_00301][

Yn= exp(-dT/T1) * Yn-1+ K * (1- exp(-dT/T1)) * ((Xn - Xn-1) / dT) This derives implementation: Output_value = (TeQ_f32 * State_cpst->Y1) + K_f32 * (1 - TeQ_f32) * ((X_f32 - State_cpst->X1) / dT_f32) where TeQ_f32 = exp(-dT_f32/T1) |()

[SWS_MfI_00303][

If (TeQ_f32 = 0) then DT1 controller follows Input value, Output_value = K_f32 * (X_f32 - State_cpst->X1) / dT_f32 I()

[SWS_MfI_00304][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value



(()

[SWS_MfI_00305][

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.4.3 Set 'DT1' State Value – Type1

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00050] [

5115_mii_00030]		
Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ1SetState	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_DT1Typ1SetState(Mfl_StateDT1Typ1_Type* State_cpst, float32 X1_f32, float32 X2_f32, float32 Y1_f32</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x22	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X1_f32	Initial value for the input state X1
Parameters (in):	X2_f32	Initial value for the input state X2
	Y1_f32 Initial value for the output state	
Parameters (in- out):	None	
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a DT1 element.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00051][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1.

State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32]()

[SWS_MfI_00052][

Initialisation of input state variables X1 and X2.

State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 State_cpst->X2 = X2_f32 I()

8.5.4.4.4 Set 'DT1' State Value - Type2

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Mfl_00306] [

Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ2SetState	
Syntax:	void Mfl_DT1Typ2SetState(
	Mfl_StateDT1Typ2_Type* State_cpst,	
	float32 X1_f32,	
	float32 Y1_f32	



)	
Service ID[hex]:	0xC1	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	X1_f32	Initial value for the input state
Parameters (m).	Y1_f32	Initial value for the output state
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a DT1 element.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00307][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32]()

[SWS_MfI_00308][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 J()

8.5.4.4.5 Get 'DT1' output - Type1

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00053] [

3442_I4II_00033]		
Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ1Out_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_DT1Typ1Out_f32(
	<pre>const Mfl_StateDT1Typ1_Type* State_cpst)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x23	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Return 'DT1' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'DT1' controller's output value	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00054][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 |()

8.5.4.4.6 Get 'DT1' output – Type2

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Mfl_00310] [



Service name:	Mfl_DT1Typ2Out_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl DT1Typ2Out f32(
	<pre>const Mfl_StateDT1Typ2_Type* State_cpst</pre>	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0xC2	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Return 'DT1' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'DT1' controller's output value	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00311][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 ()

8.5.4.5 Proportional & Differential controller

This routine is a combination of proportional & differential controller.

8.5.4.5.1 PD Controller

[SWS MfI 00055] [

<u> </u>		
Service name:	Mfl_PDCalc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PDCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePD_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPD_Type* Param_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2A	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_f32	Input value for the PD controller
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure
	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes proportional plus derivative controller output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00056][

Yn= K(1+Tv/dT) * Xn- K(Tv/dT) * Xn-1

This derives implementation:



Output_value = (Param_cpst->K_C * (1+ Param_cpst->Tv_C/dT_f32) * X_f32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (Param_cpst->Tv_C/dT_f32) * State_cpst->X1) |()

[SWS_MfI_00057][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value]()

[SWS_MfI_00058][

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.5.2 PD Set State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00059] [

[0110_iiii_00033]		
Service name:	Mfl_PDSetState	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PDSetState(Mfl_StatePD_Type* State_cpst, float32 X1_f32, float32 Y1_f32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	X1_f32	Initial value for input state
	Y1_f32	Initial value for output state
Parameters (in-None		
out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PD element.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00060][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32 J()

[SWS_MfI_00061][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 I()

8.5.4.5.3 Set 'PD' Parameters



This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00062] [

_	T		
Service name:	Mfl_PDSetParam		
Syntax:	void Mfl PDSetParam(
	Mfl ParamPD	Type* Param cpst,	
	float32 K f	- 32,	
	float32 Tv	f32	
)	-	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2C		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	K_f32 Amplification factor		
rarameters (m).	Tv_f32	Lead time	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst Pointer to internal parameter structure		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The routine sets the parameter structure of a PD element.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

1 ()

]()

[SWS_MfI_00063][

Initialisation of amplification factor. Param_cpst->K_C = K_f32

[SWS_MfI_00064][

Initialisation of lead time state variable Param_cpst->Tv_C = Tv_f32]()

8.5.4.5.4 Get 'PD' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00066] [

Service name:	Mfl_PDOut_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl PDOut f32(
	const Mfl_StatePD_Type* State_cpst	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2D	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Return 'PD' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'PD' controllers output value.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()



[SWS_MfI_00067][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 J()

8.5.4.6 Integral component

This routine calculates Integration element.

8.5.4.6.1 'I' Controller

[SWS_MfI_00068] [

<u>, </u>	• •	
Service name:	Mfl_ICalc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_ICalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StateI_Type* State_cpst, float32 K_f32, float32 dT_f32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x30	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_f32	Input value for the 'I' controller
Parameters (in):	K_f32	Amplification factor
	dT_f32 Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	None	
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to state variable.
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes I controller output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

]()

[SWS_MfI_00069][

Yn= Yn-1 + K * dT * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + K_f32 * dT_f32 * State_cpst->X1 |()

[SWS_MfI_00070][

Calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

 $State_cpst->X1 = X_f32$

(()

8.5.4.6.2 'I' Controller with limitation

[SWS_MfI_00320] [



Service name:	Mfl_ILimCalc		
Syntax:	void Mfl_ILimCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StateI_Type* State_cpst, float32 K_f32, const Mfl_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, float32 dT_f32)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x32		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_f32	Input value for the 'I' controller	
Parameters (in):	K_f32	Amplification factor	
rarameters (m).	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
	dT_f32	Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst Pointer to state variable		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine computes I controller output value using differential equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00321][

Yn= Yn-1 + K * dT * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + K_f32 * dT_f32 * State_cpst->X1 J()

[SWS MfI 00322][

Limit output value with maximum and minimum controller limits. If (Output_value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then, Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C If (Output_value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then, Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

1()

[SWS_MfI_00323][

Calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

State_cpst->X1 = X_f32

I()

8.5.4.6.3 Set limits for controllers

[SWS MfI 00324] [

<u>[91190002 </u>	·』
Service name:	Mfl_CtrlSetLimit
Syntax:	void Mfl_CtrlSetLimit(
	float32 Min_f32,
	float32 Max_f32,



	Mfl_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x34	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Min_f32	Minimum limit
Parameters (m).	Max_f32	Maximum limit
Parameters (in-	Limit_cpst Pointer to limit structure	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Update limit structure	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00325][

Update limit structure

Limit_cpst->Min_C = Min_f32

Limit_cpst->Max_C = Max_f32

()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_CtrlSetLimit) is depreciated and will not be supported in fu-

ture release

Replacement routine: Mfl_CtrlSetLimits "

[SWS_MfI_00367] [

<u>[0110_::::::_00001</u>	4		
Service name:	Mfl_CtrlSetLimits		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_CtrlSetLimits(</pre>		
	Mfl_Limits_Type*	Limit_cpst,	
	float32 Min_f32,		
	float32 Max f32		
	_		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC9		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Min_f32	Minimum limit	
rarameters (m).	Max_f32	Maximum limit	
Parameters (in-	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Update limit structure		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
	·		

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00368][

Update limit structure
Limit_cpst->Min_C = Min_f32
Limit_cpst->Max_C = Max_f32

I()

8.5.4.6.4 Set 'I' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.



[SWS_MfI_00071] [

Service name:	Mfl_ISetState	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_ISetState(Mfl_StateI_Type* State_cpst, float32 X1_f32, float32 Y1_f32</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x31	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	X1_f32	Initial value for input state
Parameters (III).	Y1_f32	Initial value for output state
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of an I element.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

]()

[SWS_MfI_00072][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32]()

[SWS_MfI_00073][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 J()

8.5.4.6.5 Get 'I' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00074] [

7770_IIIII_0007-1]			
Service name:	Mfl_IOut_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_IOut	_f32(
	const Mfl_St	ateI_Type* State_cpst	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x33		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst	Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32	Return 'I' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'I' controllers output value.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

]()

[SWS_MfI_00075][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1

]()



8.5.4.7 Proportional & Integral controller

This routine is a combination of Proportional & Integral controller.

8.5.4.7.1 'PI' Controller – Type1 (Implicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00076] [

5VVS_IVITI_UUU76]			
Service name:	Mfl_PITyp1Calc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PITyp1Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x35		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X_f32 Param_cpst dT f32	Input value for the 'PI' controller Pointer to parameter structure Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	None		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to the internal state structure.		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
Λ			

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00077][

Yn= Yn-1+ K * Xn- K * (1 - dT/Tn) * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * X_f32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_f32) * State_cpst->X1)
]()

[SWS_MfI_00078][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value J()

[SWS_MfI_00079][

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.7.2 'PI' Controller – Type1 with limitation (Implicit type)

[SWS MfI 00326] [



Service name:	Mfl_PITyp1LimCalc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PITyp1LimCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, const Mfl_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xC3	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_f32	Input value for the 'PI' controller
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure
r ai ailletei 3 (III).	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure
	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS MfI 00327][

Yn= Yn-1+ K * Xn- K * (1 - dT/Tn) * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * X_f32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_f32) * State_cpst->X1) |()

[SWS_MfI_00328][

Limit output value with maximum and minimum controller limits. If (Output_value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output value = Limit cpst->Min C

If (Output_value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max C

|()

[SWS_MfI_00329][

Calculated Output value shall be stored to State cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS MfI 003301[

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. $State_cpst->X1 = X_f32$ I()



8.5.4.7.3 'PI' Controller – Type2 (Explicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00080] [

Service name:	Mfl_PITyp2Calc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PITyp2Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x36	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_f32	Input value for the 'PI' controller
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure
	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to the internal state structure.	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (explicit type) output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00081][

Yn= Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn) * Xn - K * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_f32) * X_f32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * State_cpst->X1)]()

[SWS_MfI_00082][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_MfI_00083][

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.7.4 'PI' Controller – Type2 with limitation (Explicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00331] [

[-1	
Service name:	Mfl_PITyp2LimCalc	
Syntax:	void Mfl PITyp2LimCalc(
	float32 X f32,	
	Mfl_StatePI_Type* State_cpst,	
	const Mfl ParamPI Type* Param cpst,	
	const Mfl Limits Type* Limit cpst,	



float32 dT_f32		
xC4		
Synchronous		
Reentrant		
X_f32 Input value for the 'PI' controller		
Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
imit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
IT_f32	Sample Time	
State_cpst Pointer to the internal state structure		
None		
None		
This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (explicit type) output		
value using differential equation		
Mfl.h		
	exC4 Synchronous Reentrant C_f32 Param_cpst Limit_cpst IT_f32 State_cpst None None This routine comparatue using different	

I()

[SWS MfI 00332][

Yn= Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn) * Xn - K * Xn-1

This derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_f32) * X_f32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * State_cpst->X1)
]()

[SWS_MfI_00333][

Limit output value with maximum and minimum controller limits.

If (Output_value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output value = Limit cpst->Min C

If (Output_value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

I()

[SWS MfI 00334][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

|()

[SWS_MfI_00335][

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.7.5 Set 'PI' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00084] [

	4 1	
Service name:	Mfl_PISetState	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PISetState(</pre>	
	Mfl StatePI Type* State cpst,	



	float32 X1_f32,	
	float32	Y1_f32
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x37	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Paramatara (in)	X1_f32	Initial value for input state
Parameters (in):	Y1_f32	Initial value for output state
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine initi	alises internal state variables of a PI element.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00085][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32 I()

[SWS_MfI_00086][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 J()

8.5.4.7.6 Set 'PI' Parameters

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00087] [

<u> </u>	4		
Service name:	Mfl_PISetParam		
Syntax:	void Mfl_PISetParam(
		<pre>[_Type* Param_cpst,</pre>	
	float32 K_:	f32,	
	float32 Tn:	cec f32	
)	_	
Service ID[hex]:	0x38		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	K_f32	Amplification factor	
Parameters (III).	Tnrec_f32	Reciprocal follow-up time	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst Pointer to internal parameter structure		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The routine sets the parameter structure of a PI element.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00088][

Initialisation of amplification factor.

Param_cpst->K_ \dot{C} = K_f32



(()

[SWS_MfI_00089][

Initialisation of reciprocal follow up time state variable Param_cpst->Tnrec_C = Tnrec_f32 |()

8.5.4.7.7 Get 'PI' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00090] [

[0110 _i1iii_00030	<u> </u>		
Service name:	MfI_PIOut_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl PIOut f32(
	const Mfl_Sta	atePI_Type* State_cpst	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x39		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 Return 'PI' controller output value		
Description:	This routine returns 'PI' controllers output value.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00091][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1

]()

8.5.4.8 Proportional, Integral & Differential controller

This routine is a combination of Proportional, integral & differential controller

8.5.4.8.1 'PID' Controller - Type1 (Implicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00092] [

> 1 0 - 0 - 1			
Service name:	Mfl_PIDTyp1Calc		
Syntax:	void Mfl PIDTyp1Calc(
	float32 X_f32,		
		pe* State_cpst,	
		nPID_Type* Param_cpst,	
	float32 dT f32		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x3A		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_f32 Input value for the 'PID' controller		
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
	dT_f32	Sample Time	
Parameters (in-	ters (in-None		



out):		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to the internal state structure.	
Return value:	None	
	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00093][

Yn=Yn-1+K*(1+Tv/dT)*Xn-K*(1-dT/Tn+2Tv/dT)*Xn-1+K*(Tv/dT)*Xn-2

This derives implementation:

```
calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + t_val) * X_f32
calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - dT_f32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + 2 * t_val) *
State_cpst->X1
calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3
Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_f32
]()
```

[SWS_MfI_00094][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value J()

[SWS_MfI_00095][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1 Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32 |()

8.5.4.8.2 'PID' Controller – Type1 with limitation (Implicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00340] [

Service name:	Mfl_PIDTyp1LimCalc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PIDTyp1LimCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, const Mfl_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC5		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_f32 Input value for the 'PID' controller		
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst Pointer to parameter structure		
r ai ailletei 3 (III).	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
	dT_f32 Sample Time		
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure	



Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

| ()

[SWS MfI 00341][

Yn=Yn-1+ K * (1 + Tv/dT) * Xn- K *(1 - dT/Tn + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1 + K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2

This derives implementation:

```
calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + t_val) * X_f32
calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - dT_f32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + 2 * t_val) *
State cpst->X1
calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3
Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_f32
|()|
```

[SWS MfI 00342][

Limit output value with maximum and minimum controller limits. If (Output value < Limit cpst->Min C) Then, Output value = Limit cpst->Min C

If (Output_value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output value = Limit cpst->Max C |()|

[SWS MfI 00343][

Calculated Output value shall be stored to State cpst->Y1. State cpst->Y1 = Output value I()

ISWS MfI 003441[

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1 Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State cpst- \times X1 = X f32 |()

8.5.4.8.3 'PID' Controller – Type2 (Explicit type)

[SWS Mfl 00096] [

Service name:	MfI_PIDTyp2Calc
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PIDTyp2Calc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0x3B



Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_f32	Input value for the 'PID' controller	
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
	dT_f32	Sample Time	
Parameters (in-	(in-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	State_cpst Pointer to the internal state structure		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (explicit		
	type) output value using differential equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

I()

[SWS_MfI_00097][

Yn = Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn + Tv/dT) * Xn- K * (1 + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1 + K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2

This derives implementation:

```
calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + dT_f32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + t_val) * X_f32 calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + 2 * t_val) * State_cpst->X1 calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2 Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3 Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_f32 |()
```

[SWS_MfI_00098][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_MfI_00099][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32]()

8.5.4.8.4 'PID' Controller – Type2 with limitation (Explicit type)

[SWS_MfI_00345] [

Service name:	Mfl_PIDTyp2LimCalc
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_PIDTyp2LimCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, const Mfl_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, float32 dT_f32)</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0xC6
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant

Danas (Ca)	X_f32	Input value for the 'PID' controller
	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure
Parameters (in):	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure
	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in-	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (explicit	
	type) output value using differential equation	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00346][

Yn = Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn + Tv/dT) * Xn- K * (1 + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1 + K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2

This derives implementation:

```
calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + dT_f32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + t_val) * X_f32
calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + 2 * t_val) * State_cpst->X1
calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3
Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_f32
]()
```

[SWS_MfI_00347][

Limit output value with maximum and minimum controller limits.

If (Output_value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C

If (Output_value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

I()

[SWS_MfI_00348][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_MfI_00349][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_f32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_f32]()

8.5.4.8.5 Set 'PID' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_MfI_00100] [



Service name:	Mfl_PIDSetState		
Syntax:	void Mfl_PIDSetState(Mfl_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, float32 X1_f32, float32 X2_f32, float32 Y1_f32)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x3C		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X1_f32	Initial value for input state	
Parameters (in):	X2_f32	Initial value for input state	
	Y1_f32	Initial value for output state	
Parameters (in- out):	None		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	None		
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PID element.		
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h	

[SWS_MfI_00101][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_f32]()

[SWS_MfI_00102][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_f32 Initialisation of input state variable X2. State_cpst->X2 = X2_f32 I()

8.5.4.8.6 Set 'PID' Parameters

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS MfI 00103] [

[
Service name:	Mfl_PIDSetParam		
Syntax:	void Mfl PIDSetParam(
	Mfl ParamPI	D Type* Param cpst,	
	float32 K f	32,	
	float32 Tv	f32,	
	float32 Tnr	ec f32	
)	_	
Service ID[hex]:	0x3D		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	K_f32	Amplification factor	
Parameters (in):	Tv_f32	Lead Time	
	Tnrec_f32	Reciprocal follow-up timer	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			



Parameters (out):	Param_cpst	Pointer to internal parameter structure
Return value:	None	
Description:	The routine sets the	parameter structure of a PID element.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

[SWS_MfI_00104][

Initialisation of amplification factor. Param_cpst->K_C = K_f32

1()

[SWS_MfI_00105][

Initialisation of lead time state variable Param_cpst->Tv_C = Tv_f32 J()

[SWS_MfI_00106][

Initialisation of reciprocal follow up time state variable Param_cpst->Tnrec_C = Tnrec_f32 I()

8.5.4.8.7 Get 'PID' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS Mfl 00107] [

	4 1	
Service name:	Mfl_PIDOut_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl PIDOut f32(
	const Mfl_S	tatePID_Type* State_cpst
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x3E	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst	Pointer to state structure
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Return 'PID' controller output value
Description:	This routine returns '	PID' controllers output value.
Available via:	Mfl.h	
	Λ	700000 1014 014/07

[SWS_MfI_00108]

Output value = State_cpst->Y1

(()

8.5.5 Magnitude and Sign

[SWS_MfI_00110] [

[~ <u>1</u>
Service name:	Mfl_Abs_f32
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Abs_f32(float32 ValValue)
Service ID[hex]:	0x40

Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValValue	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Absolute value of operand.
-	Returns the absolute value of the argument (ValAbs), determined according to the following equation.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

[SWS_MfI_00111][

ValAbs = | ValValue |

[SWS_MfI_00112] [

5110_mm_00112]			
Service name:	Mfl_Sign_f32		
Syntax:	sint8 Mfl_S	Sign_f32(
	float32	2 ValValue	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x41		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	ValValue	Floating-point operand.	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	sint8	Integer representing the sign of the operand.	
Description:	Returns the sign of the argument (ValSign), determined according to the following		
	equation.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

]()

[SWS_MfI_00113][

ValSign = 1, ValValue > 0.0 J()

[SWS_MfI_00114][

ValSign = 0, ValValue == 0.0]()

[SWS_MfI_00115][

ValSign = -1, ValValue < 0.0 I()

8.5.6 Limiting

[SWS_Mfl_00116] [

Service name:	Mfl_Max_f32
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Max_f32(
	float32 ValValue1,



	float32 ValValue2	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x45	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Doromotoro (in)	ValValue1	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in):	ValValue2	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Maximum value of two arguments.
Description:	Returns the value of	the larger of the two arguments (ValMax), determined accord-
	ing to the following e	quation.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

[SWS_MfI_00117][

ValMax = ValValue1, ValValue1 ≥ ValValue2 ValMax = ValValue2, ValValue1 < ValValue2 I()

[SWS_MfI_00118] [

<u> </u>		
Service name:	Mfl_Min_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl	Min_f32(
	float32	Value1,
	float32	Value2
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x46	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Doromotoro (in)	Value1	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in):	Value2	Floating-point operand.
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Minimum value of two arguments.
Description:	Returns the value of the smaller of the two arguments (Min), determined according	
-	to the following	equation.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00119][

Min = Value1, Value1 ≤ Value2 Min = Value2, Value1 > Value2 I()

[SWS_MfI_00120] [

<u>[</u>	· 4
Service name:	Mfl_RateLimiter_f32
Syntax:	<pre>float32 Mfl_RateLimiter_f32(float32 newval, float32 oldval, float32 maxdif)</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0x47
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant





Parameters (in):	wval Variable to be limited.		
	ldval Previous value of newval.		
	axdif Absolute maximum difference allowed between previous value (oldval) and the current value (newval).		
Parameters (in-	Parameters (in-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 Limited value.		
Description:	An increasing value and decreasing value is rate limited by maxdif		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

[SWS_MfI_00121][

if (newval > oldval) and ((newval - oldval) > maxdif)
Result = oldval + maxdif
else if (newval < oldval) and ((oldval - newval) > maxdif)

Result = oldval - maxdif

else

Result = newval

]()

[SWS Mfl 00122] [

<u>-1 </u>			
Mfl_Limi	t_f32		
fl	2 Mfl_Limit_f32(oat32 val,		
	oat32 lowLim,		
fl	oat32 upLim		
)			
0x48			
Synchro	Synchronous		
Reentra	nt		
val	Quantity to be bounded.		
lowLim	Lower bound. lowLim shall not be strictly greater than upLim.		
upLim	Upper bound. upLim shall not be strictly lower than lowLim.		
None			
None			
float32	Limited value.		
Returns the bounded value (newVal), determined according to the following equation.			
			Mfl.h
	Mfl_Limi float3 fl fl fl) 0x48 Synchro Reentral val lowLim upLim None float32 Returns tion.		

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00123][

newVal = lowLim, val ≤ lowLim newVal = upLim, val ≥ upLim newVal = val, lowLim < val < upLim]()

8.5.7 Logarithms and Exponentials

[SWS MfI 00130] [

<u></u>	
Service name:	Mfl_Pow_f32



float32 Mfl	Pow f32(
float32	ValBase,	
float32	ValExp	
)		
0x50		
Synchronous		
Reentrant		
ValBase	Base to be raised to an exponent.	
	Valid range:ValBase > 0.0	
ValExp	Exponent by which to raise the base.	
Parameters (in-None		
None		
float32	ValBase raised to ValExp power.	
Returns the ValBase raised to ValExp power, determined according to the follow-		
ing equation.		
Mfl.h		
	float32 float32) 0x50 Synchronous Reentrant ValBase ValExp None None float32 Returns the ValE ing equation.	

[SWS_MfI_00131][$ValResult = ValBase^{ValExp}$ I()

[SWS_MfI_00132][

If ValExp = 0, and ValBase = 0, ValResult = 1, ($0^0 = 1$) If ValBase = 0 and ValExp <> 0, ValResult = 0, ($0^{\text{ValExp}} = 0$) I()

[SWS_MfI_00133][

If ValBase and ValExp are having maximum value of type float32, the return value will be toward positive infinity.

()

[SWS MfI 00135] [

3442_14111_00133]			
Service name:	Mfl_Sqrt_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Sqrt_f32(
	float32 ValValue		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x51		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	ValValue Floating-point operand.		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 Square root of ValValue		
Description:	Returns the square root of the operand (ValSqrt), determined according to the		
	following equation		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

]()

[SWS_MfI_00136][ValSqrt = ValValue^{1/2}



(()

[SWS_MfI_00137][

ValValue shall be passed as positive value. (ValValue ≥ 0)]()

[SWS_Mfl_00140] [

Service name:	Mfl_Exp_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Exp_f32(
	float32 ValValue		
Service ID[hex]:	0x53		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	ValValue Floating-point operand.		
Parameters (in-	Parameters (in-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 e raised to ValValue power		
Description:	Returns the exponential of the operand (ValExp), determined according to the		
	following equation.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

]()

[SWS_MfI_00141][

ValExp = eValValue |()

[SWS_MfI_00142][

ValValue Range shall be [-24PI, +24PI]]()

[SWS_MfI_00145] [

Service name:	Mfl_Log_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Log_f32(float32 ValValue		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x54		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):		Floating-point operand. Valid range: ValValue > 0.0	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32	Natural log of ValValue	
	Returns the natural (base ^{-e}) logarithm of the operand (ValLog), determined according to the following equation.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
		_	

]()

[SWS_MfI_00146][

ValLog = loge(ValValue)



]()

[SWS_MfI_00147][

ValValue shall be passed as > 0 value.]()

8.5.8 Trigonometry

[SWS_Mfl_00150] [

5115_IIII55155]				
Service name:	Mfl_Sin_f32			
Syntax:	float32 Mfl Sin f32(
	float32 val	ue		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x55			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value	angle in radians		
Parameters (in-	None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32	result = sine (value)		
Description:	Calculates the sine of the argument.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

] ()

[SWS_Mfl_00151][

Result: result = sine (value)]()

[SWS_MfI_00152][

Range of value shall be [-24PI, +24PI]]()

[SWS_MfI_00155] [

Service name:	Mfl_Cos_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl Cos f32(
	float32 value		
Service ID[hex]:	0x56		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value angle in radians		
Parameters (in-	Parameters (in-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 result = cosine (value)		
Description:	Calculates the cosine of the argument.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

<u>()</u>



[SWS_MfI_00156][

Result: result = cosine (value)

]()

[SWS_MfI_00157][

Range of value shall be [-24PI, +24PI] ()

[SWS_MfI_00160] [

	• •			
Service name:	Mfl_Tan_f32			
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Tan_f32(
	float32 vai	lue		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x57			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value	angle in radians		
Parameters (in-	None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32	result = tangent(value)		
Description:	Calculates the tangent of the argument.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

]()

[SWS_MfI_00161][

Result: result = tangent(value)

]()

[SWS_MfI_00163][

Range of the value shall be [-24PI, +24PI]

]()

[SWS_MfI_00165] [

	<u>i</u>		
Service name:	Mfl_arcSin_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl arcSin f32(
	float32 value		
Service ID[hex]:	0x58		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value The value whose arc sine is to be returned		
Parameters (in-None			
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	loat32 The arc sine of the argument, in radians		
Description:	Returns the arc sine of an angle, in the range of -pi/2 through pi/2.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
·			

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00167][

If the argument is zero, then the result is a zero.



(()

[SWS_MfI_00168][

Range of the value shall be [-1, +1] I()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_arcSin_f32) is depreciated and will not be supported in fu-

ture release

Replacement routine: Mfl_ArcSin_f32"

[SWS MfI 00350] [

[0110 _11111_00330	<u> </u>			
Service name:	Mfl_ArcSin_f32			
Syntax:	float32 N	Mfl ArcSin f32(
	float	32 value		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0xBC			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	value	value The value whose arc sine is to be returned		
Parameters (in-	None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32	The arc sine of the argument, in radians		
Description:	Returns the arc sine of an angle, in the range of -pi/2 through pi/2.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			
A valiable via.	*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			

]()

[SWS_MfI_00352][

If the argument is zero, then the result is a zero.

]()

[SWS_MfI_00353][

Range of the value shall be [-1, +1] J()

[SWS_MfI_00170] [

Service name:	Mfl_arcCos_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl arcCos f32(
	float32 value		
Service ID[hex]:	0x59		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value The value whose arc cosine is to be returned		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 The arc cosine of the argument, in radians		
Description:	Returns the arc cosine of an angle, in the range of 0.0 through pi.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

()



[SWS_MfI_00172][

Range of the value shall be [-1, +1] J()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_arcCos_f32) is depreciated and will not be supported in fu-

ture release

Replacement routine: Mfl_ArcCos_f32"

[SWS_MfI_00354] [

Service name:	Mfl_ArcCos_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl ArcCos f32(
	float32 value		
Service ID[hex]:	0xBD		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value The value whose arc cosine is to be returned		
Parameters (in-	-None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 The arc cosine of the argument, in radians		
Description:	Returns the arc cosine of an angle, in the range of 0.0 through pi.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00356][

Range of the value shall be [-1, +1] J()

[SWS_MfI_00175] [

Service name:	Mfl_arcTan_f32			
Syntax:	float32 N	Mfl_arcTan_f32(
	float	32 value		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x5A			
Sync/Async:	Synchronou	IS		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	value	value The value whose arc tan is to be returned.		
Parameters (in-	None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32	the arc tan of the argument, in radians		
Description:	Returns the arc tangent of an angle, in the range of -pi/2 through pi/2.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

I()

[SWS_MfI_00177][

If the argument is zero, then the result is a zero with the same sign as the argument. I()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_arcTan_f32) is depreciated and will not be supported in future release



Replacement routine: Mfl_ArcTan_f32"

[SWS_MfI_00357] [

Service name:	Mfl_ArcTan_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl ArcTan f32(
	float	32 value	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xBE		
Sync/Async:	Synchronou	S	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value	value The value whose arc tan is to be returned.	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32	the arc tan of the argument, in radians	
Description:	Returns the arc tangent of an angle, in the range of -pi/2 through pi/2.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00359][

If the argument is zero, then the result is a zero with the same sign as the argument.]()

[SWS_MfI_00180] [

<u>, </u>	4 1		
Service name:	Mfl_arcTan2_f32		
Syntax:	<pre>float32 Mfl_arcTan2_f32(float32 X1_f32, float32 X2 f32</pre>		
)	_	
Service ID[hex]:	0x5B		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X1_f32	Input value 1	
r arameters (m).	X2_f32	Input value 2	
Parameters (in- out):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32	Returns arctan for inputs X1_f32 & X2_f32	
Description:	Returns the arc tangent of an angle, in the range of [-pi to pi]		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

1 ()

[SWS_Mfl_00182][

If the argument is zero, then the result is a zero with the same sign as the argument. I()

[SWS_MfI_00183][

 $Z = X2_f32 / X1_f32$ if (Z > 1) Then Result = Z / (1.0 + (0.28 * Z^2)) if (Z < 1) Then Result = (pi / 2) - (Z / (Z^2 + 0.28))



|()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_arcTan2_f32) is depreciated and will not be supported in

future release

Replacement routine: Mfl_ArcTan2_f32"

[SWS_MfI_00360] [

Service name:	Mfl_ArcTan2_f32		
Syntax:	float32 Mfl float32	float32 Mfl_ArcTan2_f32(
		- ·	
	float32	X	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xBF		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Paramatara (in)	у	y coordinate	
Parameters (in):	х	x coordinate	
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32 Returns arctan for inputs y and x		
Description:	Returns the arc tangent of an angle, in the range of [-pi to pi]		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

I()

[SWS_MfI_00362][

If the x coordinate is zero, then check if(y > 0.0) then Return PI/2 if(y = 0.0) then Return Zero if(y < 0.0) then Return -PI/2 I()

[SWS_MfI_00363][

```
\begin{split} Z &= y \ / \ x \\ &\text{if } (|Z| < 1) \ \text{Then} \\ &\text{Result} = Z \ / \ (1.0 + (0.28 * Z^2)) \\ &\text{if } (x < 0.0f) \ \text{Then} \\ &\text{Result} = (y < 0.0f) \ ? \ \text{Result} - PI : \ \text{Result} + PI \\ &\text{Else} \\ &\text{Result} = (pi \ / \ 2) - (Z \ / \ (Z^2 + 0.28)) \\ &\text{if } (y < 0.0f) \ \text{Result} = \ \text{Result} - PI; \\ &\text{J}() \end{split}
```

8.5.9 Average

[SWS_Mfl_00190] [

<u>[9119_11111_0010</u>	~]
Service name:	Mfl_Average_f32_f32
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Average_f32_f32(
	float32 value1,
	float32 value2



)				
Service ID[hex]:	0x61				
Sync/Async:	Synchronous				
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	value1	Input value1			
Parameters (m).	value2	alue2 Input value2			
Parameters (in-	None				
out):					
Parameters (out):	None				
Return value:	float32	Return value of the function			
Description:	The routine returns	average value.			
Available via:	Mfl.h				

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00191][

Output = (Value1 + Value2) / 2 I()

8.5.10 Array Average

[SWS_MfI_00192] [

<u> 0110_11111_00102</u>	-1			
Service name:	Mfl_ArrayAverage_f32_f32			
Syntax:	<pre>float32 Mfl_ArrayAverage_f32_f32(const float32* Array, uint32 Count)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x65			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Array	Pointer to an array		
i arameters (iii).	Count	Number of array elements		
Parameters (in-	None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32	Return value of the function		
Description:	The routine returns average value of an array.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

1 ()

[SWS_Mfl_00193][

Output = (Array[0] + Array[1]+_ _ Array[N-1]) / N

8.5.11 Hypotenuse

[SWS_MfI_00195] [

<u>[0110_iiiii_0010</u>	≤ <u>]</u>
Service name:	Mfl_Hypot_f32f32_f32
Syntax:	<pre>float32 Mfl_Hypot_f32f32_f32(float32 x_value, float32 y_value)</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0x70
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant



Parameters (in):		First argument Recommended input range: [-24PI, +24PI]
		Second argument Recommended input range [-24PI, +24PI]
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Return value of the function
Description:	This service computes the length of a vector	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

[SWS_Mfl_00196][

This service computes the length of a vector:

Result = square_root (x_value * x_value + y_value * y_value) |()

8.5.12 Ramp routines

In case of a change of the input value, the ramp output value follows the input value with a specified limited slope.

Mfl_ParamRamp_Type and Mfl_StateRamp_Type are the data types for storing ramp parameters. Usage of Switch-Routine and Jump-Routine is optional based on the functionality requirement. Usage of Switch-Routine, Jump-Routine, Calc-Routine and Out-Method have the following precondition concerning the sequence of the calls.

- Mfl_RampCalcSwitch
- Mfl_RampCalcJump
- Mfl_RampCalc
- Mfl_RampOut_f32

Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_MfI_00200] [

Name:	Mfl_ParamRa	Mfl_ParamRamp_Type		
Type:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	float32	float32 SlopePos_f32 Positive slope for ramp in absolute value		
	float32	SlopeNeg_f32	Negative slope for ramp in absolute val-	
			ue	
Description:	Structure defin	Structure definition for Ramp routine		
Available via:	Mfl.h			

l ()

[SWS_MfI_00833] [

Name:	Mfl_StateRa	Mfl_StateRamp_Type			
Type:	Structure	Structure			
Element:	float32	float32 State_f32 State of the ramp			
	sint8	Dir_s8	Ramp direction		
	sint8	Switch_s8	Position of switch		
Description:	Structure defin	Structure definition for Ramp routine			
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h			

]()



8.5.12.1 Ramp routine

[SWS_Mfl_00201] [

<u> 0110_ 0020 </u>	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Mfl_RampCalc	
Syntax:	void Mfl_RampCalc(float32 X_f32, Mfl_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamRamp_Type* Param_cpcst, float32 dT_f32)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x90	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_f32	Target value for the ramp to reach
Parameters (in):	Param_cpcst	Pointer to parameter structure
	dT_f32	Sample Time
Parameters (in-	State_cpst Pointer to state structure	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The ramp output value increases or decreases a value with slope * dT_f32 depending if (State_cpst->State_f32 > X_f32) or (State_cpst->State_f32 < X_f32).	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00835][

If the ramp state State_cpst->State_f32 has reached or crossed the target value X_f32 while the direction of the ramp had been RISING/FALLING, then set State_cpst->State_f32 = X_f32.

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00202][

If ramp direction is rising then ramp increases a value with slope * dT_f32 if (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == RISING) State_cpst->State_f32 = State_cpst->State_f32 + (Param_cpcst->SlopePos_f32 * dT_f32) |

| ()

[SWS MfI 00203][

If ramp direction is falling then ramp decreases a value with slope * dT_f32 if (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == FALLING) State_cpst->State_f32 = State_cpst->State_f32 - (Param_cpcst->SlopeNeg_f32 * dT_f32)]()

[SWS MfI 00204][

Direction of the ramp is stored so that a change of the target can be recognized and the output will follow immediately to the new target value.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 states are: RISING, FALLING, END.

I()

[SWS Mfl 00205][

Comparison of State and Target decides ramp direction.



If(State_cpst->State_f32 > X_f32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = FALLING If(State_cpst->State_f32 < X_f32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = RISING If(State_cpst->State_f32 == X_f32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END]()

8.5.12.2 Ramp Initialisation

ISWS MfI 002081 [

[<u>0110_</u> _00200	2	
Service name:	Mfl_RampInitState	
Syntax:	void Mfl RampInitSta	te(
	Mfl_StateRamp_Ty	pe* State_cpst,
	float32 Val_f32	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x91	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Val_f32	Initial value for state variable
Parameters (in-	State_cpst	Pointer to the state structure
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Initializes the state, direction and switch parameters for the ramp.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00209][

Ramp direction is initialised with END value. User has no possibility to change or modify ramp direction.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END J()

For example:

ramp direction states: RISING = 1, FALLING = -1, END = 0

[SWS_MfI_00275][

Initialisation of state variable State_cpst ->State_f32 = Val_f32 J()

[SWS_MfI_00276][

Initialisation of switch variable. User has no possibility to change or modify switch initialization value.

State_cpst->Switch_s8 = OFF ()

For example:

switch states: TARGET A = 1, TARGET B = -1, OFF = 0

8.5.12.3 Ramp Set Slope

[SWS_MfI_00210] [



Service name:	Mfl_RampSetParam			
Syntax:	void Mfl_RampSetParam(Mfl_ParamRamp_Type* Param_cpst, float32 SlopePosVal_f32, float32 SlopeNegVal_f32)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x92			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	SlopePosVal_f32	Positive slope value		
raiailleters (III).	SlopeNegVal_f32	Negative slope value		
•	None	None		
out):				
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst Pointer to parameter structure			
Return value:	None			
	Sets the slope parameter for the ramp provided by the structure Mfl_ParamRamp_Type.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

[SWS_MfI_00211][

Sets positive and negative ramp slopes.

Param_cpst->SlopePos_f32 = SlopePosVal_f32

Param_cpst->SlopeNeg_f32 = SlopeNegVal_f32

()

8.5.12.4 Ramp Out routine

[SWS_MfI_00212] [

/// 0_mm_002		
Service name:	Mfl_RampOut_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl RampOut f32(
	const Mfl_StateRamp_Type* State_cpcst	
Service ID[hex]:	0x93	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpcst Pointer to the state value	
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32 Internal state of the ramp element	
Description:	Returns the internal state of the ramp element.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

| () |

[SWS_MfI_00213][

Return Value = State_cpcst->State_f32

|()

8.5.12.5 Ramp Jump routine

[SWS_MfI_00214] [

Service name:	Mfl_RampCalcJump	
Syntax:	void Mfl_RampCalcJump(



	float32 X f32,		
	Mfl StateRamp Type* State cpst		
		MII_beacekamp_1ype beace_epse	
Service ID[hex]:	0x94		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X_f32	Target value for ramp to jump	
Parameters (in-	State_cpst	Pointer to the state value	
out):	·		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
	None This routine works in addition to main ramp function Mfl_RampCalc to provide a faster adaption to target value. If ramp is still rising (or falling) and target value is not reached, then input value of ramp jumps to a lower (or higher) value of current ramp state, ramp will jump to that value immediately. This functionality is helpful if input target value of ramp changes its direction often and significantly and ramp should reach target value faster than without that functionality. If the target is reached or the target does not change its direction, the standard behaviour of ramp functionality is untouched. In general, this routine decides whether a jump has to be done or not, if there is a change in the target. After a call to this function, Mfl_RampCalc function shall be called to execute the standard ramp behaviour.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
	· ·		

[SWS_MfI_00215][

If target value changes to a value contrary to current ramp direction and ramp has not reached its old target value then ramp state jumps to new target value immediately.

State_cpst->State_f32 = X_f32 State cpst->Dir s8 = END

Otherwise the previous values of State_cpst->Dir_s8 and State_cpst->State_f32 should be kept.

1()

8.5.12.6 Ramp switch routine

[SWS_MfI_00216] [

Service name:	Mfl_RampC	alcSwitch_f32	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_RampCalcSwitch_f32(float32 Xa_f32, float32 Xb_f32, Mfl_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst, const Mfl_ParamRamp_Type* Param_cpcst, float32 dT_f32)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x95	0x95	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Xa_f32	Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'A'	
	Xb_f32 Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'B'		
negative slope of the ramp			
	dT_f32	Sample Time	



Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to actual value of the ramp
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Returns the actual state of the ramp
Description:	This routine switches ramp between two target values based on the Switch value.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

I()

[SWS_MfI_00217][

Switch decides target to select.

If (State_cpst->Switch_s8 == TARGET_A), target = Xa_f32

If (State_cpst->Switch_s8 == TARGET_B), target = Xb_f32

]()

[SWS_MfI_00218][

State_cpst->Dir_s8 holds direction information Ramp direction status: RISING, FALLING, END I()

[SWS MfI 00219][

If ramp is active then ramp will change to reach selected target with defined slope. if (State cpst->Dir s8 == RISING)

then State_cpst->State_f32 = State_cpst->State_f32 + (Param_cpcst->SlopePos_f32 * dT f32)

else if (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == FALLING)

then State_cpst->State_f32 = State_cpst->State_f32 - (Param_cpcst->SlopeNeg_f32 * dT_f32)

else if (State cpst->Dir s8 == END)

State_cpst->State_f32 = target value which is decided by State_cpst->Switch_s8.]()

[SWS_MfI_00220][

Once ramp value reaches the selected target value, the ramp direction status is switched to END.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 == END ()

[SWS_MfI_00221][

If the ramp has reached its destination and no change of switch occurs, the output value follows the actual target value.

```
If(State_cpst->State_f32 == target value)
Return_value = Xa_f32 (if State_cpst->Switch_s8 is TARGET_A)
Return_value = Xb_f32 (if State_cpst->Switch_s8 is TARGET_B)
I()
```

[SWS MfI 002221[

Calculated ramp value shall be stored to State_cpst->State_f32 variable. I()



Note: "This routine (Mfl_RampCalcSwitch_f32) is depreciated and will not be sup-

ported in future release.

Replacement routine: Mfl_RampCalcSwitch "

[SWS_MfI_00369] [

<u> 0440_ 4 11_00303</u>	<u>'</u>		
Service name:	Mfl_RampCal	Mfl_RampCalcSwitch	
Syntax:	<pre>float32 Mfl_RampCalcSwitch(float32 Xa_f32, float32 Xb_f32, boolean Switch, Mfl_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xCA		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Xa_f32 Xb_f32	Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'A' Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'B'	
r arameters (m).	Switch	Switch to decide target value	
Parameters (in- out):	State_cpst	Pointer to StateRamp structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	float32	Returns the selected target value	
Description:	This routine switches between two target values for a ramp service based on a Switch parameter.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		
	•		

I()

[SWS_MfI_00370][

Parameter Switch decides which target value is selected.

If Switch = TRUE, then Xa_f32 is selected. State_cpst->Switch_s8 is set to TARGET_A Return value = Xa_f32

If Swtich = FALSE, then Xb_f32 is selected. State_cpst->Switch_s8 is set to TARGET_B Return value = Xb_f32 J()

[SWS_MfI_00371][

State cpst->Dir s8 hold direction information

State_cpst->Dir_s8 shall be set to END to reset direction information in case of target switch.

I()

[SWS_MfI_00372][

Mfl_RampCalcSwitch has to be called before Mfl_RampCalc routine]()



8.5.12.7 Get Ramp Switch position

[SWS_MfI_00223] [

Service name:	Mfl_RampGetSwitchPos		
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_RampGe	etSwitchPos(
	const Mfl_Stat	teRamp_Type* State_cpst	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x96		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to the state structure		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean return value TRUE or FALSE		
Description:	Gets the current switch position of ramp switch function.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00224][

Return value = TRUE if Switch position State_cpst->Switch_s8 = TARGET_A
Return value = FALSE if Switch position State_cpst->Switch_s8 = TARGET_B
|()

Note: The function "Mfl_RampGetSwitchPos" should be called only after calling the function "Mfl_RampCalcSwitch" or "Mfl_RampCalc".

8.5.12.8 Check Ramp Activity

[SWS_MfI_00225] [

	5110_IIII_00220]			
Service name:	Mfl_RampCheckActivity			
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_RampCheckActivity(const Mfl StateRamp Type* State cpst			
)	.camp_1ype beate_opst		
Service ID[hex]:	0x97			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to the state structure			
Parameters (in-	<i>n</i> -None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	boolean return value TRUE or FALSE			
Description:	This routine checks the status of the ramp and returns a TRUE if the ramp is active, otherwise it returns FALSE.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00226][

return value = TRUE, if Ramp is active (State_cpst->Dir_s8 != END) return value = FALSE, if Ramp is inactive (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == END)]()



8.5.13 Hysteresis routines

8.5.13.1 Hysteresis center half delta

[SWS_MfI_00236] [

[0440_WIII_00230	<u>'1 </u>		
Service name:	Mfl_HystCenterHalfDelta_f32_u8		
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_HystCenterHalfDelta_f32_u8(float32 X, float32 center, float32 halfDelta, uint8* State)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xA0		
Sync/Async:	Synchron	ous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	center	Center of hysteresis range	
	halfDelta	Half width of hysteresis range	
Parameters (in- out):	State Pointer to state value		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value		
Description:	Hysteresis with center and left and right side halfDelta switching point.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00237][

Return value is TRUE if input is greater then center plus halfDelta switching point. I()

[SWS_MfI_00238][

Return value is FALSE if input is less then center minus halfDelta switching point. I()

[SWS_MfI_00239][

Return value is former state value if input is in the range of halfDelta around the center switching point]()

8.5.13.2 Hysteresis left right

[SWS_MfI_00241] [

<u>,0110002 :</u>	·1
Service name:	Mfl_HystLeftRight_f32_u8
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Mfl_HystLeftRight_f32_u8(float32 X, float32 Lsp, float32 Rsp, uint8* State)</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0xA3



Sync/Async:	Synchron	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentran	t		
	Χ	Input value		
Parameters (in):	Lsp	Left switching point		
	Rsp	Right switching point		
Parameters (in-	State	Pointer to state value		
out):				
Parameters (out):	None	None		
Return value:	boolean Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value			
Description:	Hysteresis with left and right switching point.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00242][

Return value is TRUE if input is greater then right switching point.

]()

[SWS_MfI_00243][

Return value is FALSE if input is less then left switching point.

I()

[SWS_MfI_00244][

Return value is former state value if input is between left and right switching points I()

8.5.13.3 Hysteresis delta right

[SWS_MfI_00246] [

Service name:	Mfl_HystDeltaRight_f32_u8			
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_HystDeltaRight_f32_u8(float32 X, float32 Delta, float32 Rsp, const uint8* State)			
Service ID[hex]:	0xA5			
Sync/Async:	Synchror	nous		
Reentrancy:	Reentran	nt entre		
	Χ	Input value		
Parameters (in):	Delta	Left switching point = rsp - delta		
r ai airietei 3 (iii).	Rsp	Right switching point		
	State	Pointer to state value		
•	-None			
out):				
	None			
		boolean Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value		
Description:	Hysteres	Hysteresis with right switching point and delta to left switching point		
Available via:	Mfl.h			
^				

] ()



[SWS_MfI_00247][

Return value is TRUE if input is greater then right switching point.

]()

[SWS_MfI_00248][

Return value is FALSE if input is less then right switching point minus delta.

[SWS_MfI_00249][

Return value is former state value if input is between right switching points and right minus delta.

(()

8.5.13.4 Hysteresis left delta

[SWS_MfI_00251] [

<u>[3883_IVIII_UUZ3 I</u>	<u> </u>		
Service name:	Mfl_HystLeftDelta_f32_u8		
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_HystLeftDelta_f32_u8(
		pat32 X,	
	flo	pat32 Lsp,	
	flo	pat32 Delta,	
	uir	nt8* State	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xA7		
Sync/Async:	Synchror	nous	
Reentrancy:	Reentran	ıt	
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	Lsp	Left switching point	
	Delta	Right switching point = lsp + delta	
Parameters (in-	State	Pointer to state value	
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value		
Description:	Hysteres	is with left switching point and delta to right switching point.	
Available via:	Mfl.h		

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00252][

Return value is TRUE if input is greater then left switching point plus delta.

]()

[SWS MfI 00253][

Return value is FALSE if input is less then left switching point.

]()

[SWS_MfI_00254][

Return value is former state value if input is between left switching points and left plus delta.



|()

8.5.14 Mfl_DeadTime

[SWS_Mfl_00256] [

<u>[3773_IVIII_UU230</u>	<u>'] </u>			
Service name:	Mfl_DeadTime_f32_f32			
Syntax:	float32 Mfl DeadTime f32 f32(
	float	32 X,		
	float	32 DelayTime,		
	float	32 StepTime,		
	Mfl D	DeadTimeParam Type* Param		
) –	_ 11		
Service ID[hex]:	0xAA			
Sync/Async:	Synchronou	IS		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
	X Input value			
Parameters (in):	DelayTime	Time to be delayed		
	StepTime	Sample time		
Parameters (in-	Param Pointer to parameter structure of type Mfl_DeadTimeParam_Type			
out):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	float32 Returns the actual state of the dead time element as sint16 value			
Description:	This routine returns input value with specified delay time.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			
	•			

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00257][

Buffer data stores input samples hence reproduced output signal will reduce samples in case high delay time.

I()

[SWS_MfI_00258][

Buffer size shall be configured as per the delay time range requirement.

]()

Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_MfI 002591 [

5110_mii_00233]					
Name:	Mfl_DeadTimePa	Mfl_DeadTimeParam_Type			
Туре:	Structure				
Element:	float32	float32 dsintStatic Time since the last pack was written			
	float32	float32 *lszStatic Pointer to actual buffer position			
	float32 *dtbufBegStatic Pointer to begin of buffer				
	float32 *dtbufEndStatic Pointer to end of buffer				
Description:	Structure definition for Dead Time routine				
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h			

] ()

"Note: This routine (Mfl_DeadTime_f32_f32) is depreciated and will not be supported in future release."



8.5.15 Debounce routines

8.5.15.1 Mfl_Debounce

[SWS_MfI_00260] [

[0110 _11111_00200	<u> </u>		
Service name:	Mfl_Debounce_u8_u8		
Syntax:	boolean Mfl_Debounce_u8_u8(boolean X, Mfl_DebounceState_Type* State, const Mfl_DebounceParam_Type* Param, float32 dT)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB0		
Sync/Async:	Synchrono	us	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	Param	Pointer to state structure of type Mfl_DebounceState_Type	
	dΤ	Sample Time	
Parameters (in- out):	State Pointer to structure for debouncing state variables		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean Returns the debounced input value		
Description:	This routine debounces a digital input signal and returns the state of the signal as a boolean value.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| ()

[SWS MfI 00261][

If(X != State->XOId) then check start debouncing. I()

[SWS_MfI_00262][

If transition is from Low to High, then use Param->TimeLowHigh as debouncing time otherwise use Param->TimeHighLow I()

[SWS_MfI_00263][

State->Timer is incremented with sample time for debouncing input signal.

Once reached to the set period, old state is updated with X.

State->Timer += dT;

If(State ->Timer ≥ TimePeriod)

State->XOId = X, and stop the timer, State->Timer = 0

where TimePeriod = Param->TimeLowHigh or Param->TimeHighLow]()

[SWS MfI 00264][

Old value shall be returned as a output value. Current input is stored to old state.

Return value = State->XOld

State -> XOId = X

|()



Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_MfI_00265] [

Name:	Mfl_Debounc	Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
Type:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	float32	TimeHighLow Time for a High to Low transition, given in 10ms steps		
	float32	TimeLowHigh	Time for a Low to High transition, given in 10ms steps	
Description:	Structure defin	Structure definition for Debouncing parameters		
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h		

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00834] [

<u> </u>						
Name:	Mfl_Debound	Mfl_DebounceState_Type				
Type:	Structure	Structure				
Element:	boolean	boolean X01d Old input value from last call				
	float32	float32 Timer Timer for internal state				
Description:	Structure defin	Structure definition for Debouncing state variables				
Available via:	Mfl.h	Mfl.h				

] ()

8.5.15.2 Mfl_DebounceInit

[SWS_MfI_00266] [

	4 1		
Service name:	Mfl_Deb	pounceInit	
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_DebounceInit(Mfl_DebounceState_Type* State, boolean X)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB1		
Sync/Async:	Synchro	onous	
Reentrancy:	Reentra	int	
Parameters (in):	Χ	Initial value for the input state	
Parameters (in- out):	None		
Parameters (out):	State	Pointer to structure for debouncing state variables	
Return value:	None		
Description:	This routine call shall stop the debouncing timer.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

]()

[SWS_MfI_00267][

State->Timer = 0

]()

[SWS_MfI_00268][

Sets the input state to the given init value. State->XOId = X

]()



8.5.15.3 Mfl_DebounceSetParam

[SWS_MfI_00269] [

<u>[0110_11111_00200</u>	1			
Service name:	Mfl_Debounce	eSetparam		
Syntax:	<pre>void Mfl_DebounceSetparam(Mfl_DebounceParam_Type* Param, float32 THighLow, float32 TLowHigh)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0xB2			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	THighLow	Value for TimeHighLow of Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
r ai ainieters (iii).	TLowHigh	FLowHigh Value for TimeLowHigh of Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
Parameters (in-	-None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	Param	Pointer to state structure of type Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
Return value:	None			
Description:	This routine so to high for deb	ets timing parameters, time for high to low transition and time for low bouncing.		
Available via:	Mfl.h			

1 ()

[SWS_MfI_00270][

Param-> TimeHighLow = THighLow Param-> TimeLowHigh = TLowHigh J()

Note: "This routine (Mfl_DebounceSetparam) is depreciated and will not be support-

ed in future release

Replacement routine: Mfl_DebounceSetParam "

ISWS MfI 003651

3442_INIT_00303]				
Service name:	Mfl_Debounce	eSetParam eSetParam		
Syntax:	void Mfl DebounceSetParam(
	Mfl_De	bounceParam_Type* Param,		
	float3	2 THighLow,		
	float3	2 TLowHigh		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0xC8			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	THighLow	Value for TimeHighLow of Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
rarameters (m).	TLowHigh	Value for TimeLowHigh of Mfl_DebounceParam_Type		
Parameters (in-	n- None			
out):				
Parameters (out):	Param Pointer to state structure of type Mfl_DebounceParam_Type			
Return value:	None			
Description:	This routine sets timing parameters, time for high to low transition and time for low			
	to high for debouncing.			
Available via:	Mfl.h			

] ()



[SWS_MfI_00366][

Param-> TimeHighLow = THighLow Param-> TimeLowHigh = TLowHigh J()

8.5.16 Ascending Sort Routine

[SWS Mfl 00271] [

<u> 0027 1</u>	J		
Service name:	Mfl_SortAscend_f32		
Syntax:	void Mfl_SortA	scend_f32(
	float32* A	rray,	
	uint16 Num	1	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB5		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Num	Size of an data array	
Parameters (in-	Array Pointer to an data array		
out):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The sorting algorithm modifies the given input array in ascending order & returns sorted array result via pointer		
Available via:	Mfl.h	•	

]()

Example for signed array:

Input array : float32 Array [5] = {-42.0, -10.0, 88.0, 8.0, 15.0}; Result : Array will be sorted to [-42.0, -10.0, 8.0, 15.0, 88.0]

8.5.17 Descending Sort Routine

[SWS MfI 00273] [

	4 1	
Service name:	Mfl_SortDescend_	<u>f</u> 32
Syntax:	void Mfl_SortDescend_f32(
	float32* <i>I</i>	- ·
	uint16 Nur	n
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0xBA	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Num	Size of an data array
Parameters (in-	Array Pointer to an data array	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The sorting algorithm modifies the given input array in descending order & returns sorted array result via pointer	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

Example for signed array:

Input array : float32 Array [5] = {-42.0, -10.0, 88.0, 8.0, 15.0}; Result : Array will be sorted to [88.0, 15.0, 8.0, -10.0, -42.0]



8.5.18 Median sort routine

[SWS MfI 00285] [

	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Mfl_MedianSort_f32	2_f32
Syntax:	float32 Mfl_Med float32* A: uint8 N	dianSort_f32_f32(rray,
Service ID[hex]:	0xBB	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	N	Size of an array
Parameters (in- out):	Array	Pointer to an array
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Return value of the function
Description:	This routine sorts values of an array in ascending order. Input array passed by the pointer shall have sorted values after this routine call.	
Available via:	Mfl.h	

| () |

For example:

Input array [5] = [42.0, 10.0, 88.0, 8.0, 15.0]

Sorted array[5] = [8.0, 10.0, 15.0, 42.0, 88.0]

[SWS_MfI_00287][

Returns the median value of sorted array in case of N is even.

Result = (Sorted_array[N/2] + Sorted_array[(N/2) - 1]) / 2 |()

For example:

 $Sorted_array[4] = [8.0, 10.0, 15.0, 42.0]$

Result = (15.0 + 10.0) / 2.0 = 12.5

[SWS_MfI_00288][

Returns the median value of sorted array in case of N is odd.

Return_Value = Sorted_array [N/2] = 15

]()

For example:

Sorted_array[5] = [8.0, 10.0, 15.0, 42.0, 88.0]

Result = 15.0

[SWS MfI 00289][

In above calculation, N/2 shall be rounded off towards 0.]()

[SWS MfI 00836] [

Service name:	Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_ <intypemn>_f32</intypemn>	
Syntax:	float32 Mfl IntToFloatCvrt <intypemn> f32(</intypemn>	
	<intype> ValInteger</intype>	



)	
Service ID[hex]:	0xD1 to 0xD6	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValInteger	Integer value to be converted
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	float32	Returns the float value
Description:	Returns the Float value	for the corresponding Integer input.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00837][

The result shall be round ties to even.

1()

Function ID and prototypes

[SWS_MfI_00838][

Function ID[hex]	Function prototype
0xD1	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_u8_f32(uint8)
0xD2	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_s8_f32(sint8)
0xD3	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_u16_f32(uint16)
0xD4	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_s16_f32(sint16)
0xD5	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_u32_f32(uint32)
0xD6	float32 Mfl_IntToFloatCvrt_s32_f32(sint32)

]()

[SWS MfI 00839] [

[0110 _11111_00003	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32	2_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>
Syntax:		patToIntCvrt_f32_ <outtypemn>(</outtypemn>
	float32 ValFl	Loat
Service ID[hex]:	0xCB to 0xD0	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ValFloat	Floating-point value to be converted
Parameters (in-	None	
out):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Returns the integer value
Description:	Returns the Integer val	lue for the corresponding floating point input.
Available via:	Mfl.h	

] ()

[SWS_MfI_00840][

The return value shall be saturated to the return type boundary values in the event of overflow or underflow.

1()



[SWS_MfI_00841][

The result shall be rounded toward zero. I()

[SWS_MfI_00842][

Function ID[hex]	Function prototype
0xCB	uint8 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_u8(float32)
0xCC	sint8 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_s8(float32)
0xCD	uint16 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_u16(float32)
0xCE	sint16 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_s16(float32)
0xCF	uint32 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_u32(float32)
0xD0	sint32 Mfl_FloatToIntCvrt_f32_s32(float32)

1()

8.6 Examples of use of functions

None

8.7 Version API

8.7.1 Mfl_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_MfI_00815] [

Service name:	Mfl_GetVersionInfo		
Syntax:	void Mfl_GetVersionInfo(
	Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo		
	D		
Service ID[hex]:	0xff		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters (in-	None		
out):			
Parameters (out):	versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module. Format according [BSW00321]		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Returns the version information of this library.		
Available via:	Mfl.h		

| (SRS_BSW_00407, SRS_BSW_00003, SRS_BSW_00318, SRS_BSW_00321)

The version information of a BSW module generally contains:

Module Id

Vendor Id

Vendor specific version numbers (SRS_BSW_00407).

[SWS_MfI_00816] [



If source code for caller and callee of Mfl_GetVersionInfo is available, the Mfl library should realize Mfl_GetVersionInfo as a macro defined in the module's header file. J (SRS_BSW_00407, SRS_BSW_00411)

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None

8.9 Scheduled functions

The Mfl library does not have scheduled functions.

8.10 Expected Interfaces

None

8.10.1 Mandatory Interfaces

None

8.10.2 Optional Interfaces

None

8.10.3 Configurable interfaces

None



9 Sequence diagrams

Not applicable.



10 Configuration specification

10.1 Published Information

[SWS_MfI_00814] [The standardized common published parameters as required by SRS_BSW_00402 in the General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3] shall be published within the header file of this module and need to be provided in the BSW Module Description. The according module abbreviation can be found in the List of Basic Software Modules [1].] (SRS_BSW_00402, SRS_BSW_00374, SRS_BSW_00379)

Additional module-specific published parameters are listed below if applicable.

10.2 Configuration option

[SWS_Mfl_00818] [The Mfl library shall not have any configuration options that may affect the functional behavior of the routines. I.e. for a given set of input parameters, the outputs shall be always the same. For example, the returned value in case of error shall not be configurable.] (SRS_LIBS_00001)

However, a library vendor is allowed to add specific configuration options concerning library implementation, e.g. for resources consumption optimization.



11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_MfI_00822][

These requirements are not applicable to this specification. I(SRS_BSW_00448)