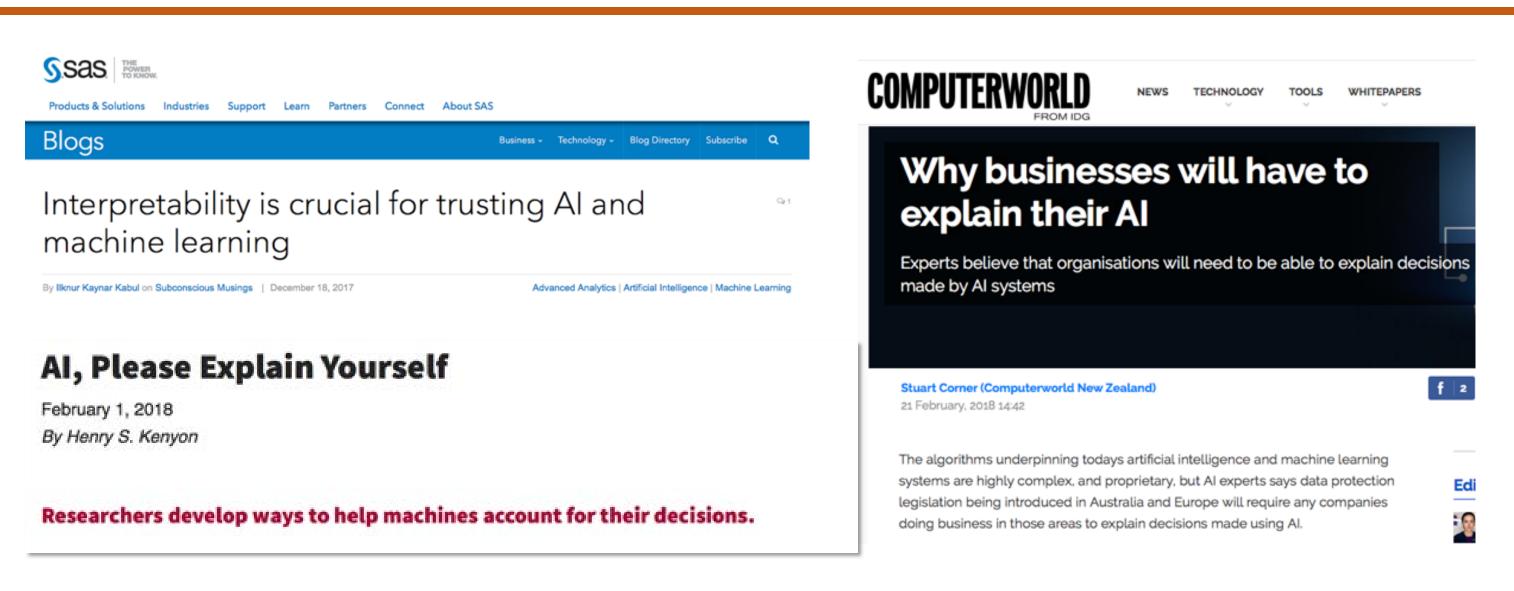


Interpreting Neural Network Judgments via Minimal, Stable, and Symbolic Corrections



Xin Zhang, Armando Solar-Lezama, and Rishabh Singh

Motivation



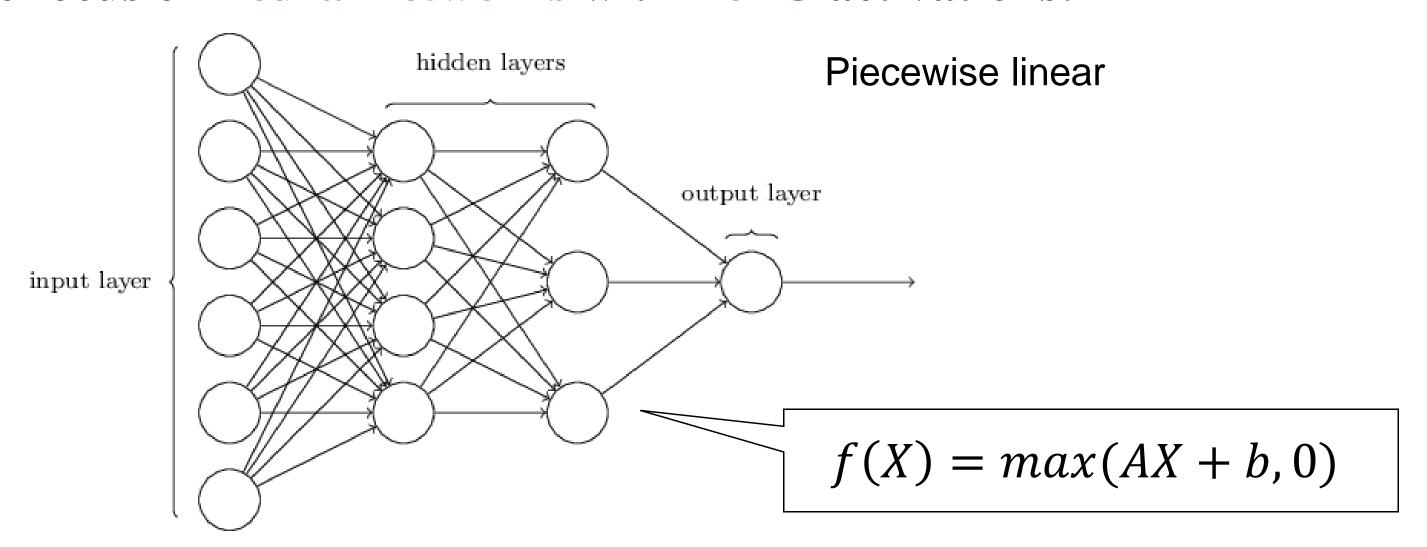


General Data Protection Regulation (enacted 2016, taking effect 2018)

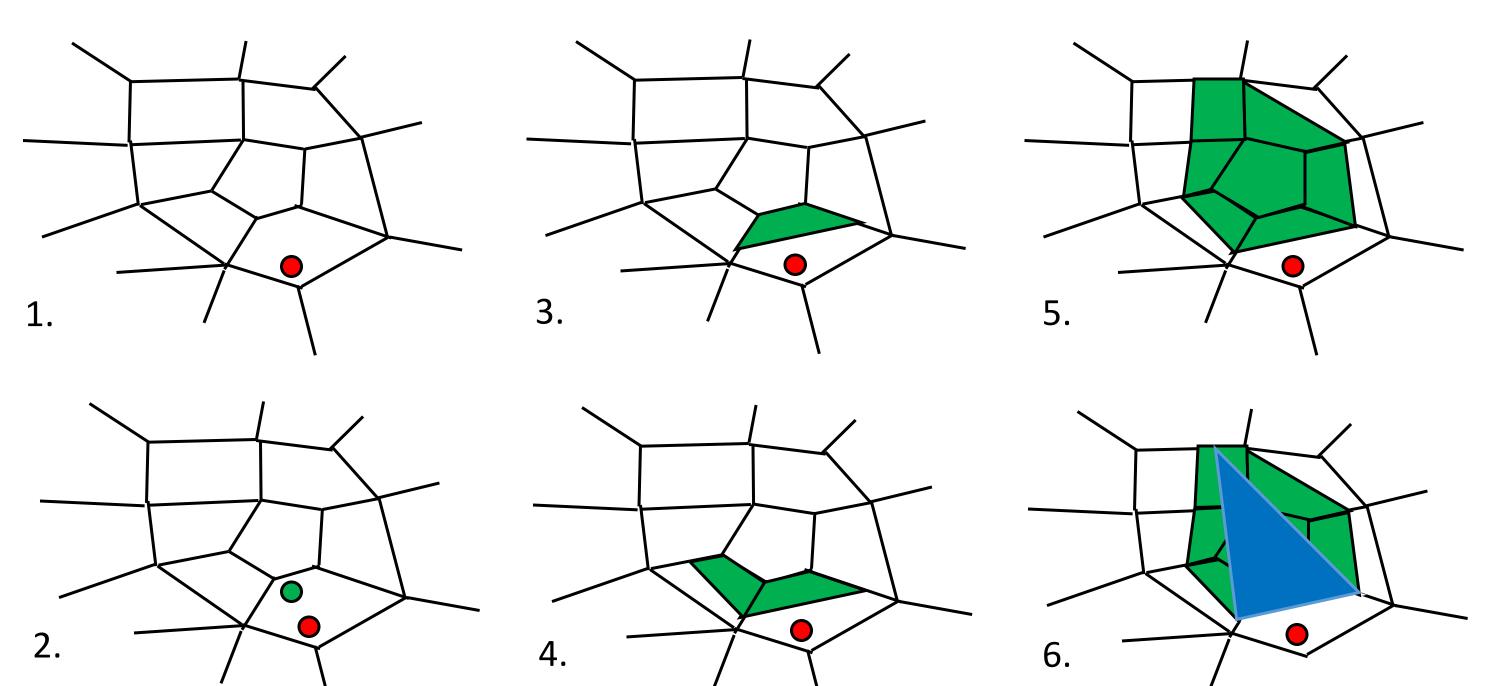
- Grants consumers a "right to explanation"
- Fine for violations: up to 10 million EURO

Algorithm

We focus on neural networks with ReLU activations:



Our algorithm is inspired by concolic testing:



Problem Definition

Judgement Problem: special binary classification problem where one result is more desirable than the other.

Why?

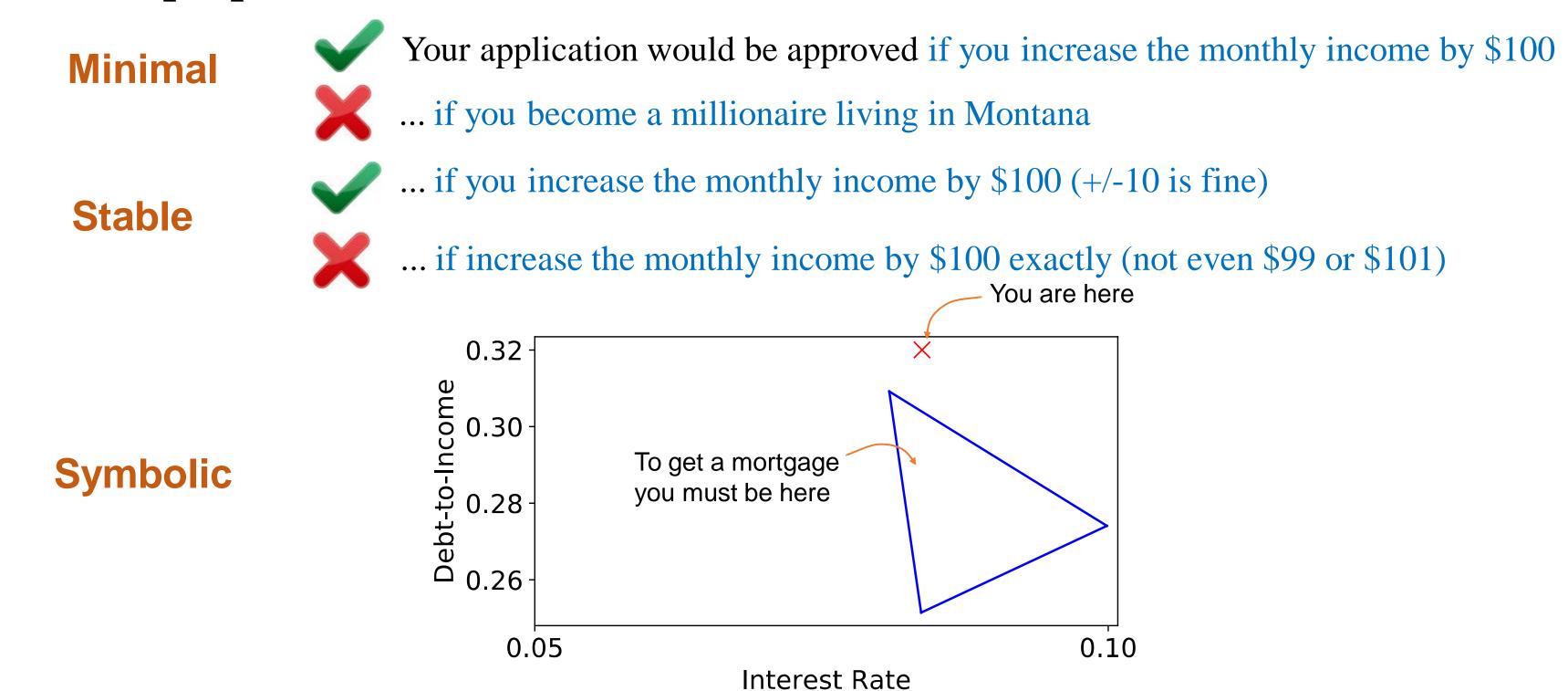


Corrections as interpretations:

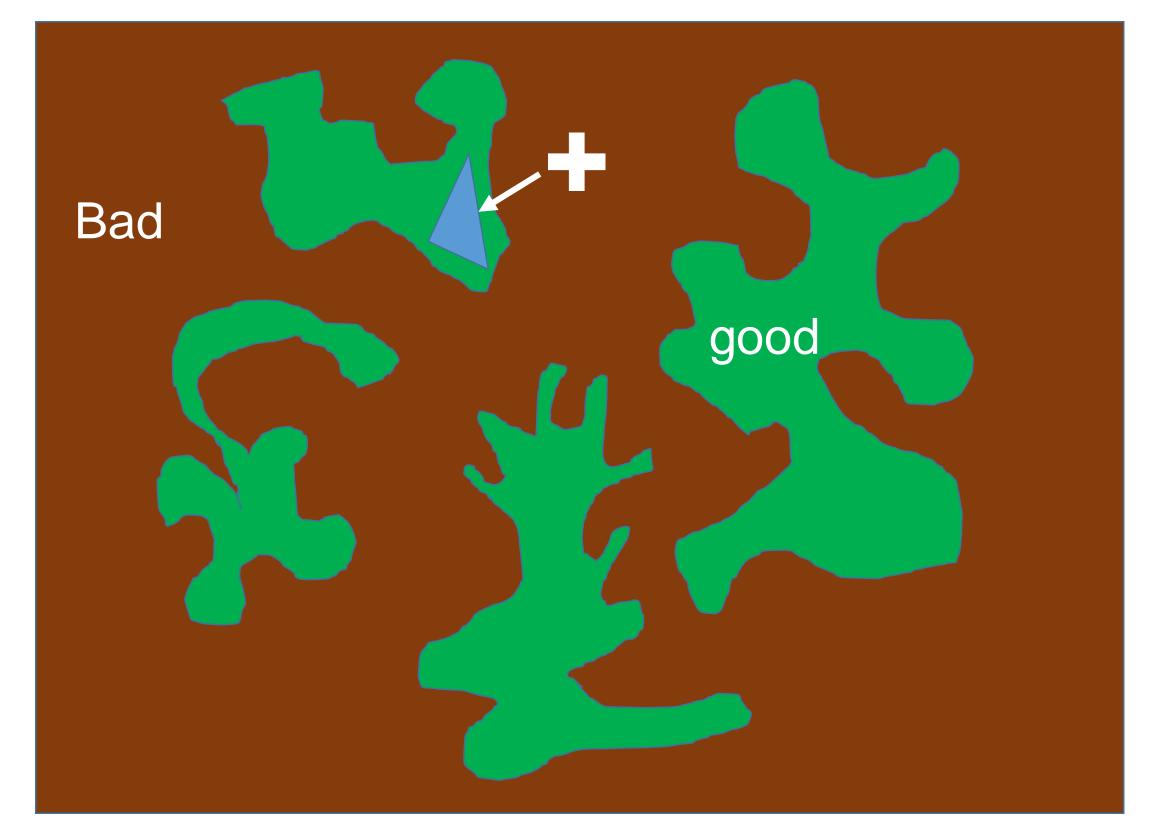
Increase your salary
Ask for less money

Improve your credit score
Look at a different type of house
...

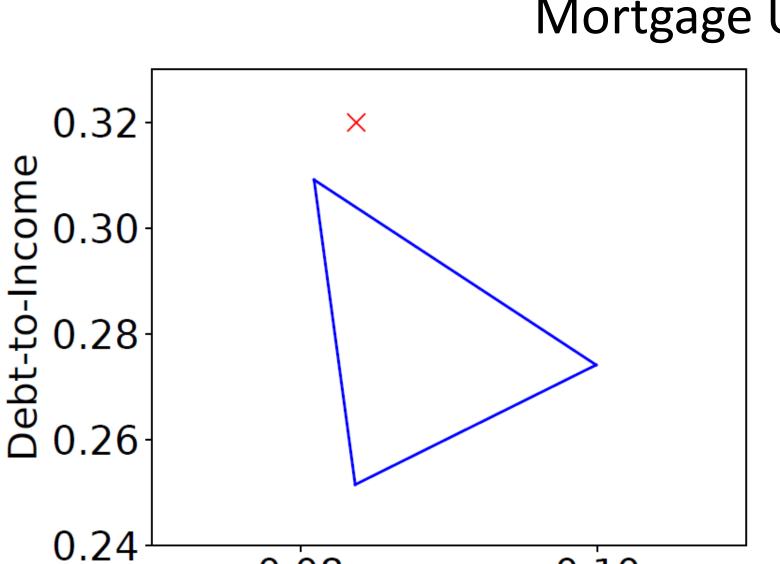
Desired properties of corrections:



Our corrections are sound underapproximations that are local to the input



Experiment Results



Interest Rate

Mortgage Underwriting

with 1000 neurons

Dataset: applications and performance of 36
million single-family loans

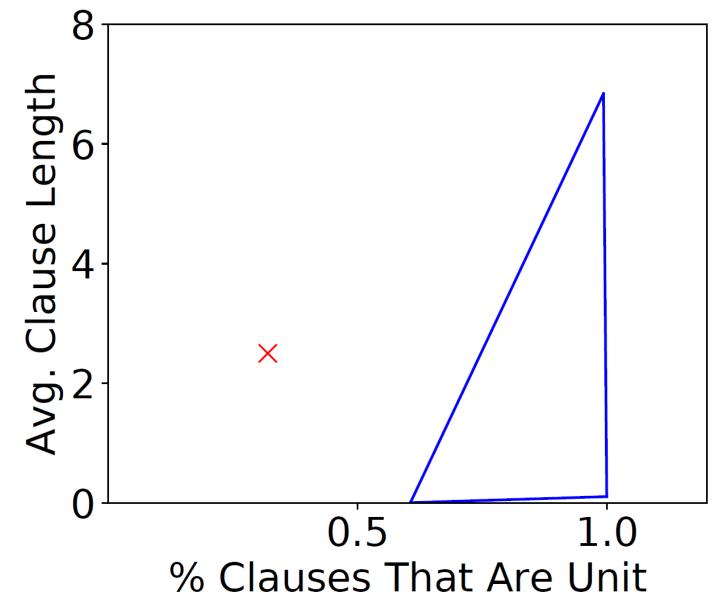
Network structure: 5-layer feedforward network

Explanations: triangles (best 2 features out of 5)

% inputs that our approach was able to generate corrections to: 85%

Average runtime: 20 minutes

Solver Performance Prediction

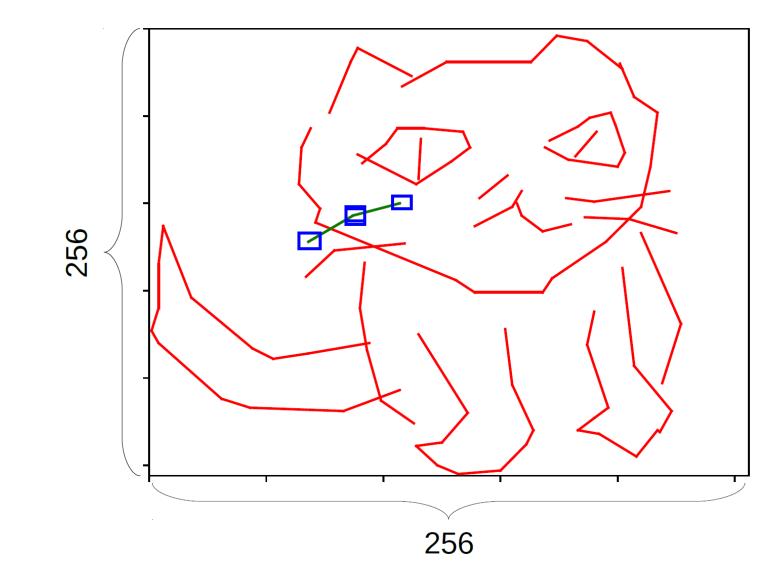


Network structure: 5-layer feedforward network with 800 neurons

Dataset: statistics of 6k first-order theorems and whether they can be solved by a solver Explanations: triangles (best 2 features out of 5)

% inputs that our approach was able to generate corrections to: 81% Average runtime: 2 minutes

Drawing Tutorial



Network structure: convolutional network with 4096 neurons

Dataset: 0.12 million variants of a canonical cat drawing and 0.12 million other cat drawings Explanations: boxes (upto 20 dimensions)

% inputs that our approach was able to generate corrections to: 75%
Average runtime: 13 minutes