Spring 2021 MATH231 Section CDQ Discussion

WF 9-10am This document can be found here.

Contact

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• Office hour: Wed 10-11am

Worksheets

- Should be submitted to Moodle
- 1 submission per group¹
- Groups remain the same until each midterm
- 1st worksheet due on Thursday at 8AM CST ²
- 2nd worksheet due on Saturday at 8AM CST

 $^{^1{\}rm Groups}$ are assigned randomly by Moodle $^2{\rm Central}$ Standard Time

Contents

1	Week 1 Wed	3
2	Week 1 Fri	4
3	Week 2 Wed	4

1 Week 1 Wed

Theorem 1.1 (Fundamental Theorem of Calculus). Ref p.26

Part 1 If f(x) is **continuous** over an interval [a,b], and the function F(x) is defined by

$$F(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t) dt, \quad x \in [a, b]$$

then F'(x) = f(x) over [a, b].

Part 2 If f(x) is **continuous** over an interval [a,b], and F(x) is any antiderivative of f(x) i.e. F'(x) = f(x), then

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x = F(a) - F(b).$$

Example 1.2.

$$g(x) = \int_{a}^{b(x)} f(t) dt$$

Apply chain rule and FTC

$$g(x) = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \int_{c}^{b(x)} f(t) \, \mathrm{d}t = b'(x) f(b(x))$$

2 Week 1 Fri

 Recall

•

$$\frac{d}{dx}\arctan(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

• If u = x + C,

$$\mathrm{d}u = \frac{\mathrm{d}u}{\mathrm{d}x} \, \mathrm{d}x = 1 \cdot \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

• Change of variable, let u = g(x), then

$$\int_a^b f(g(x))g'(x) dx = \int_c^d f(u) du.$$

3 Week 2 Wed

Recall the area between g(x) and f(x) is

$$\int_{a}^{b} g(x) - f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$