Homework Assignments

MATH231

Spring 2022

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2	Homework 1	4

Homework 0

Due: Friday, Jan 21 (no need to turn in)

1. Calculating Limits

$$\bullet \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x - 2}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - x^2}{h}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2 + x} \right)$$

2. The Chain Rule

•
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\ln(x+\sin x)$$

•
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\cos(x^2e^x)$$

3. Implicit Differentiation: Solve for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the following implicit function.

•
$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$
, where r is a constant

$$\bullet \ \frac{x+y}{x-y} = x$$

4. Linear Approximations and Differentials: Find the Taylor polynomials of degree two approximating the given function centered at the given point.

•
$$f(x) = \sin(2x)$$
 at $a = \frac{\pi}{2}$

•
$$f(x) = e^x$$
 at $a = 1$

5. Mean Value Theorem: Determine if the Mean Value Theorem can be applied to the following function on the the given closed interval.

2

•
$$f(x) = 3 + \sqrt{x}, x \in [0, 4]$$

•
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x}, x \in [1,3]$$

6. L'Hospital's Rule

$$\bullet \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x}{x^2 + x - 6}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \to \infty} (e^x + x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

•
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x \ln\left(1 + \frac{3}{x}\right)$$

7. The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus: Find the derivative of the following

$$\bullet \int_1^x \frac{1}{t^3 + 1} \, \mathrm{d}t$$

•
$$\int_{1}^{\sqrt{x}} \sin t \, dt$$

$$\bullet \int_{x}^{2x} t^3 dt$$

8. Substitution Rule

$$\bullet \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{0} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - 4x^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\bullet \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\cos(\pi x)}{\sin^2(\pi x)} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

•
$$\int_0^1 xe^{4x^2+3} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Homework 1

Due: Friday, Feb 4, by the end of class

Instructions

- Write down the function u and v which you are using for substitution rule or integration by parts clearly in each problem.
- Note that for indefinite integrals, you need add constants to your final answers.
- 1. Integration by parts (You may also need to use substitution rule.)

$$\bullet \int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

•
$$\int (\ln x)^2 dx$$

•
$$\int \arccos x \, dx$$

•
$$\int e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

2. Trigonometric integration: Evaluate the following integral of the form $\int \sin^n x \cos^m x \, dx$.

4

•
$$\int \cos^4 x \, dx$$

3. Trigonometric substitution

$$\bullet \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\bullet \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{25+x^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\bullet \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

•
$$\int (x-2)^3 \sqrt{5+4x-x^2} \, dx$$