A1 Xinwei

Xinwei Liu

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Part 1

```
datjss <- read.csv("C:/Users/DELL/Desktop/lxw/datjss.csv")
datsss <- read.csv("C:/Users/DELL/Desktop/lxw/datsss.csv")
datstu <- read.csv("C:/Users/DELL/Desktop/lxw/datstu.csv")</pre>
```

Exercise 1

```
# Number of students
length(datstu$X)

## [1] 340823

# Number of schools
```

[1] 898

nrow(numberofschools)

numberofschools<-unique(datsss\$schoolcode)
numberofschools<- data.frame(numberofschools)</pre>

```
# Number of programs
length(unique(unlist(datstu[11:16])))
```

[1] 33

```
# Number of choices (school,program)
a<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode1,datstu$choicepgm1)
b<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode2,datstu$choicepgm2)
c<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode3,datstu$choicepgm3)
d<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode4,datstu$choicepgm4)
e<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode5,datstu$choicepgm5)
f<-data.frame(datstu$schoolcode6,datstu$choicepgm6)</pre>
colnames(a) [colnames(a) == "datstu.schoolcode1"] <- "schoolcode"
colnames(b) [colnames(b) == "datstu.schoolcode2"] <- "schoolcode"</pre>
```

```
colnames(b)[colnames(b) == "datstu.choicepgm2"] <- "choicepgm"</pre>
colnames(c)[colnames(c) == "datstu.schoolcode3"] <- "schoolcode"</pre>
colnames(c)[colnames(c) == "datstu.choicepgm3"] <- "choicepgm"</pre>
colnames(d)[colnames(d) == "datstu.schoolcode4"] <- "schoolcode"</pre>
colnames(d)[colnames(d) == "datstu.choicepgm4"] <- "choicepgm"</pre>
colnames(e) [colnames(e) == "datstu.schoolcode5"] <- "schoolcode"</pre>
colnames(e) [colnames(e) == "datstu.choicepgm5"] <- "choicepgm"</pre>
colnames(f)[colnames(f) == "datstu.schoolcode6"] <- "schoolcode"</pre>
colnames(f)[colnames(f) == "datstu.choicepgm6"] <- "choicepgm"</pre>
datachoice <-bind_rows(a,b,c,d,e,f)
numberofchoices <- unique(datachoice)</pre>
datachoice<-datachoice[!(is.na(numberofchoices$schoolcode)),]</pre>
nrow(numberofchoices)
## [1] 3086
# Missing Test score
sum(is.na(datstu$score))
## [1] 179887
# Apply to the same school (different programs)
frame <- data.frame(datstu)</pre>
frame$n = abs(frame$schoolcode1 - frame$schoolcode2) + abs(frame$schoolcode2 -
          frame$schoolcode3) + abs(frame$schoolcode3 - frame$schoolcode4) +
          abs(frame\$schoolcode4 - frame\$schoolcode5) + abs(frame\$schoolcode5 - frame\$schoolcode6)
length(which(frame$n==0))
## [1] 174
## Apply to less than 6 choices
complete6choices <- sum(complete.cases(frame[,5:10]))</pre>
numberofstudents <- complete6choices</pre>
numberofstudents
## [1] 323089
Exercise 2
datsss2<-datsss
datsss2<-datsss2[!(is.na(datsss2$ssslong)),]</pre>
datsss2<-datsss2[,-1]</pre>
datsss2<-as.data.frame(unique(datsss2))</pre>
data2<-merge(x=numberofchoices,y=datsss2,by="schoolcode",all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE)
datstu clear<-datstu
datstu_clear<-datstu_clear[!(is.na(datstu_clear$rankplace)),] #delete observations with missing value i
```

```
for (i in 1:nrow(datstu_clear)){
  if (datstu_clear$rankplace[i]==1){
    datstu_clear$schoolcode[i]<-datstu_clear$schoolcode1[i]</pre>
    datstu_clear$choicepgm[i] < -datstu_clear$choicepgm1[i]
  }
  if (datstu clear$rankplace[i]==2){
    datstu_clear$schoolcode[i]<-datstu_clear$schoolcode2[i]</pre>
    datstu clear$choicepgm[i] < -datstu clear$choicepgm2[i]</pre>
  }
  if (datstu_clear$rankplace[i]==3){
    datstu_clear$schoolcode[i] <-datstu_clear$schoolcode3[i]</pre>
    datstu_clear$choicepgm[i] < -datstu_clear$choicepgm3[i]</pre>
  }
  if (datstu_clear$rankplace[i]==4){
    datstu_clear$schoolcode[i] <-datstu_clear$schoolcode4[i]
    datstu_clear$choicepgm[i] < -datstu_clear$choicepgm4[i]</pre>
  }
  if (datstu_clear$rankplace[i]==5){
    datstu_clear$schoolcode[i] <-datstu_clear$schoolcode5[i]</pre>
    datstu_clear$choicepgm[i] <-datstu_clear$choicepgm5[i]</pre>
  if (datstu_clear$rankplace[i]==6){
    datstu clear$schoolcode[i]<-datstu clear$schoolcode6[i]</pre>
    datstu_clear$choicepgm[i] <-datstu_clear$choicepgm6[i]</pre>
}
datstu_clear<-datstu_clear[!(datstu_clear$rankplace == 99),]</pre>
data2_final<-datstu_clear %>%
  group_by(schoolcode,choicepgm) %>%
  summarise(cutoff=min(score), quality = mean(score), size = n())
## 'summarise()' regrouping output by 'schoolcode' (override with '.groups' argument)
data2_final <-merge(x=data2,y=data2_final,by= c("schoolcode", "choicepgm"))
data2_final[1:20,]
##
      schoolcode
                        choicepgm
                                                                       schoolname
## 1
          100101
                     General Arts
                                            WA SENIOR HIGH/TECHNICAL SCHOOL, WA
          100101 Home Economics
## 2
                                            WA SENIOR HIGH/TECHNICAL SCHOOL, WA
## 3
          100101
                        Technical
                                            WA SENIOR HIGH/TECHNICAL SCHOOL, WA
## 4
          100102
                      Agriculture
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
## 5
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
          100102
                         Business
## 6
          100102
                     General Arts
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
## 7
          100102 General Science
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
## 8
          100102 Home Economics
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
## 9
                                                      WA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WA
          100102
                     Visual Arts
## 10
          100104
                     General Arts LASSIE-TUOLO SNR SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, LASSIE
## 11
          100104 General Science LASSIE-TUOLO SNR SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, LASSIE
          100104 Home Economics LASSIE-TUOLO SNR SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, LASSIE
## 12
          100105
                                                ISLAMIC SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
## 13
                         Business
```

```
ISLAMIC SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
## 14
         100105
                   General Arts
## 15
         100105 Home Economics
                                             ISLAMIC SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
                 Agriculture
## 16
         100106
                                     T. I. AHMADIYYA SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
                                     T. I. AHMADIYYA SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
## 17
         100106
                       Business
                                     T. I. AHMADIYYA SENIOR HIGH. SCHOOL, WA
## 18
         100106
                 General Arts
## 19
         100201
                                           NANDOM SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, NANDOM
                       Business
## 20
         100201
                   General Arts
                                           NANDOM SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, NANDOM
      sssdistrict ssslong
##
                              ssslat cutoff quality size
## 1 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        198 244.3924
## 2 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        199 229.4500
                                                       40
## 3 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        201 235.1020
## 4 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        273 292.5556
                                                       90
## 5 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        283 303.3444
                                                      90
## 6 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        291 311.1111
                                                       90
## 7 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        273 298.4333
                                                       90
## 8 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        262 278.8667
                                                       45
## 9 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        250 275.2000
                                                       45
## 10 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        319 337.4444
                                                       45
## 11 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        313 334.0000
                                                      45
## 12 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        282 309.3556
                                                       45
## 13 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        251 268.0125
                                                      80
## 14 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        258 274.7375
## 15 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        242 258.1625
                                                       80
## 16 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        223 240.6250
                                                       40
## 17 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                                       40
                                        238 253.5000
## 18 Wa Municipal -2.285030 10.03062
                                        248 268.9750
                                                       40
## 19
            Lawra -2.800941 10.54640
                                        288 314.2750
                                                       80
## 20
            Lawra -2.800941 10.54640
                                        319 339.0250
```

Exercise 3

```
data3<-merge(x=datstu_clear,y=data2_final,by= c("schoolcode", "choicepgm"))
data3<-merge(x=data3,y=datjss,by="jssdistrict",all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE)

colnames(data3)[colnames(data3) == "point_x"] <- "jsslong"
colnames(data3)[colnames(data3) == "point_y"] <- "jsslat"

data3$distance<-0

for (i in 1:nrow(data3)){
    data3$distance[i]<-sqrt((69.172 * (data3$ssslong[i]-data3$jsslong[i])*cos(data3$jsslat[i]/57.3))^2 +
} data3$distance[1:20]

## [1] 16.574446 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 14.034819 0.000000
## [8] 0.000000 0.000000 7.719788 46.461827 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
## [15] 7.719788 39.536292 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
## [15] 7.719788 39.536292 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000</pre>
```

Exercise 4

```
# Group by ranked choice
data3<-data3[!(is.na(data3$score)),]</pre>
data3<-data3[!(is.na(data3$distance)),]</pre>
data3 %>%
  group_by(rankplace) %>%
  summarise(cutoff=min(score),quality = mean(score),distance=mean(distance))
## 'summarise()' ungrouping output (override with '.groups' argument)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
   rankplace cutoff quality distance
        <int> <int>
                      <dbl>
##
## 1
           1
                165 312.
                                35.7
## 2
           2 173
                        301.
                                34.3
           3 190
                                28.8
## 3
                        288.
## 4
           4 185 276.
                               23.0
           5 198
## 5
                        253.
                               32.5
           6 158
## 6
                        251.
                               32.0
# Group by quantile
library(cutr)
data3$quantile <- smart_cut(data3$score, 4, "g", output = "numeric")</pre>
data3$quantile <- replace(data3$quantile, data3$quantile==1, "0%-25%")
data3$quantile <- replace(data3$quantile, data3$quantile==2, "25%-50%")
data3$quantile <- replace(data3$quantile, data3$quantile==3, "50%-75%")
data3$quantile <- replace(data3$quantile, data3$quantile==4, "75%-100%")
data3 %>%
 group_by(quantile) %>%
  summarise(cutoff=min(score),quality = mean(score),distance=mean(distance))
## 'summarise()' ungrouping output (override with '.groups' argument)
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
    quantile cutoff quality distance
     <chr>
              <int>
                     <dbl>
                               <dbl>
##
## 1 0%-25%
                                26.3
                158
                       236.
                       271.
                                29.1
## 2 25%-50%
                255
## 3 50%-75%
                288
                       307.
                                31.7
## 4 75%-100%
                329
                                38.5
                       365.
```

Part 2

Exercise 5

```
obs <- 10000
X1 <- runif(obs, max = 3, min = 1)
X2 <- rgamma(obs,3,scale = 2)
X3 <- rbinom(obs,1,0.3)
eps <- rnorm(obs, mean = 2, sd = 1)
Y <- 0.5 + 1.2*X1 - 0.9*X2 + 0.1*X3 + eps
ydum <- ifelse(Y > mean(Y),1,0)
mydata <- data.frame(cbind(Y,ydum,X1,X2,X3,eps))
mydata[1:20,]</pre>
```

```
##
          Y ydum
                  Х1
                         X2 X3
                                   eps
## 1 -1.03725628
             0 2.464190 7.150324 1 1.841006909
## 2 0.04193952
             1 1.343390 4.924866 0 2.362250640
## 3
   1.54868597
             1 1.134259 2.078834 0 1.558526244
## 4 -3.53589999
             0 2.553223 7.049873 0 -0.754882006
## 5
             1 2.246745 2.224293 0 2.492750762
   3.68698095
## 6
  -4.49406098
             0 2.376988 10.210120 0 1.342662089
## 7 -1.74986746
             0 2.398528 6.060867 1 0.226679282
   -1.32948205
## 8
             0 2.751889 7.690726 0 1.789903894
## 9
    ## 10 -2.87941681
             0 1.283462 8.537855 1 2.664498310
## 11 -2.26877678
             0 2.415499 9.477503 1 2.762377038
           0 1.338043 6.246592 0 1.492805808
## 12 -2.02347547
## 18 -0.69165599
             0 1.259008 4.439332 0 1.292933091
## 19 -2.10129647
             0 1.382544 6.757983 1 1.721836238
## 20 0.21694813 1 2.903178 5.062066 1 0.688992991
```

Exercise 6

```
\# Correlation between x1 and y, which is about 0.20 and is very different from 1.2. cor(Y,X1)
```

```
## [1] 0.1928094
```

```
# Regression of Y on X
cons <- matrix(1,10000,1)
X <- matrix(c(X1,X2,X3),10000,3)
X <- cbind(cons,X)

r1<- solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X)%*% Y
r1</pre>
```

```
## [,1]
## [1,] 2.54366291
## [2,] 1.17719261
```

```
## [3,] -0.89885910
## [4,] 0.08465306
# Calculation of standard error
se \leftarrow Y - r1[1]-r1[2]*X1 - r1[3]*X2 - r1[4]*X3
se[1:20]
## [7] -1.7538474 -0.1997700 -2.0109208 0.6557139 0.7783394 -0.5274666
## [19] -0.2826577 -1.2788844
Exercise 7
# Optimizing Probit
X <- cbind(1,X1,X2,X3)</pre>
y <- as.matrix(Y)</pre>
probit.llike <- function(b., y. = ydum, X. = X){</pre>
 phi <- pnorm(X. * * b.)
 phi[phi==1] <- 0.9999 # avoid NaN of log function
 phi[phi==0] <- 0.0001
 f <- sum(y.*log(phi))+sum((1-y.)*log(1-phi))</pre>
 f <- -f
 return(f)
}
result.p <- optim(par = c(0,0,0,0), probit.llike)
result.p$par
## [1] 2.98630678 1.21732085 -0.91596882 0.02728636
# Optimizing Logit
logit.llike <- function(b., y. = ydum, X. = X){</pre>
 gamma <- plogis(X%*%b.)</pre>
 f \leftarrow sum(y.*log(gamma))+sum((1-y.)*log(1-gamma))
 f <- -f
 return(f)
result.1 <- optim(par = c(0,0,0,0), logit.llike)
result.l$par
## [1] 5.37356520 2.17110971 -1.64247065 0.05705816
# Optimizing Linear: same with OLS
result.lp <- lm(ydum~X1+X2+X3)
summary(result.lp)
##
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = ydum \sim X1 + X2 + X3)
##
## Residuals:
##
                  1Q Median
                                    3Q
        Min
                                            Max
## -0.92143 -0.26961 0.06018 0.25194 1.71871
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.8783269 0.0133501
                                      65.792
                                                 <2e-16 ***
## X1
               0.1494790 0.0057293
                                       26.090
                                                 <2e-16 ***
               -0.1039301 0.0009666 -107.519
## X2
                                                 <2e-16 ***
               0.0065142 0.0072436
## X3
                                       0.899
                                                 0.369
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3332 on 9996 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.549, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5489
## F-statistic: 4056 on 3 and 9996 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
Exercise 8
# Compute Marginal Effect of X of probit
probit.ME <- function(df){</pre>
  result <- glm(ydum ~ X1 + X2 + X3, family=binomial(link = "probit"),df)
  ME <- mean(dnorm(X%*%coef(result)))*coef(result)</pre>
  return (ME)
}
probit.ME(mydata)
## (Intercept)
                          X 1
                                       X 2
                                                     Х3
## 0.359008865 0.146424541 -0.110147744 0.003311964
# Compute Marginal Effect of X of Logit
logit.ME <- function(df){</pre>
  result <- glm(ydum ~ X1 + X2 + X3, family=binomial(link = "logit"),df)
  ME <- mean(dlogis(X%*%coef(result)))*coef(result)</pre>
  return(ME)
logit.ME(mydata)
                                                 ХЗ
## (Intercept)
                        X1
                                    X2
## 0.36022085 0.14552408 -0.11009777 0.00383085
# Compute the Standard Error
jacobian <- function(fun,par){</pre>
  d < -1e-8
  par. <- matrix(par,length(par),length(par))</pre>
  J <- (apply(par. + diag(d,length(par)),2,fun)-apply(par.,2,fun))/d</pre>
```

return(J)

}

```
# Compute the Standard Error of ME (Probit)
result.p.glm <- glm(ydum ~ X1 + X2 + X3, family = binomial(link = "probit"), data = mydata)

J <- jacobian(function(result) mean(dnorm(X%*%result))*result, coef(result.p.glm)) # "jacobian" defined
cov_matrixv <- vcov(result.p.glm)
se.p <- sqrt(diag(J%*%cov_matrixv%*%t(J)))
se.p

## [1] 0.0094530062 0.0043103344 0.0004301401 0.0056443212</pre>
```

```
# Compute the Standard Error of ME (Logit)
result.l.glm <- glm(ydum ~ X1 + X2 + X3, family = binomial(link = "logit"), data = mydata)

J <- jacobian(function(result) mean(dlogis(X%*%result))*result, coef(result.l.glm))
cov_matrixv <- vcov(result.l.glm)
se.l <- sqrt(diag(J%*%cov_matrixv%*%t(J)))
se.l</pre>
```

[1] 0.0094551613 0.0043092886 0.0004422671 0.0056511187