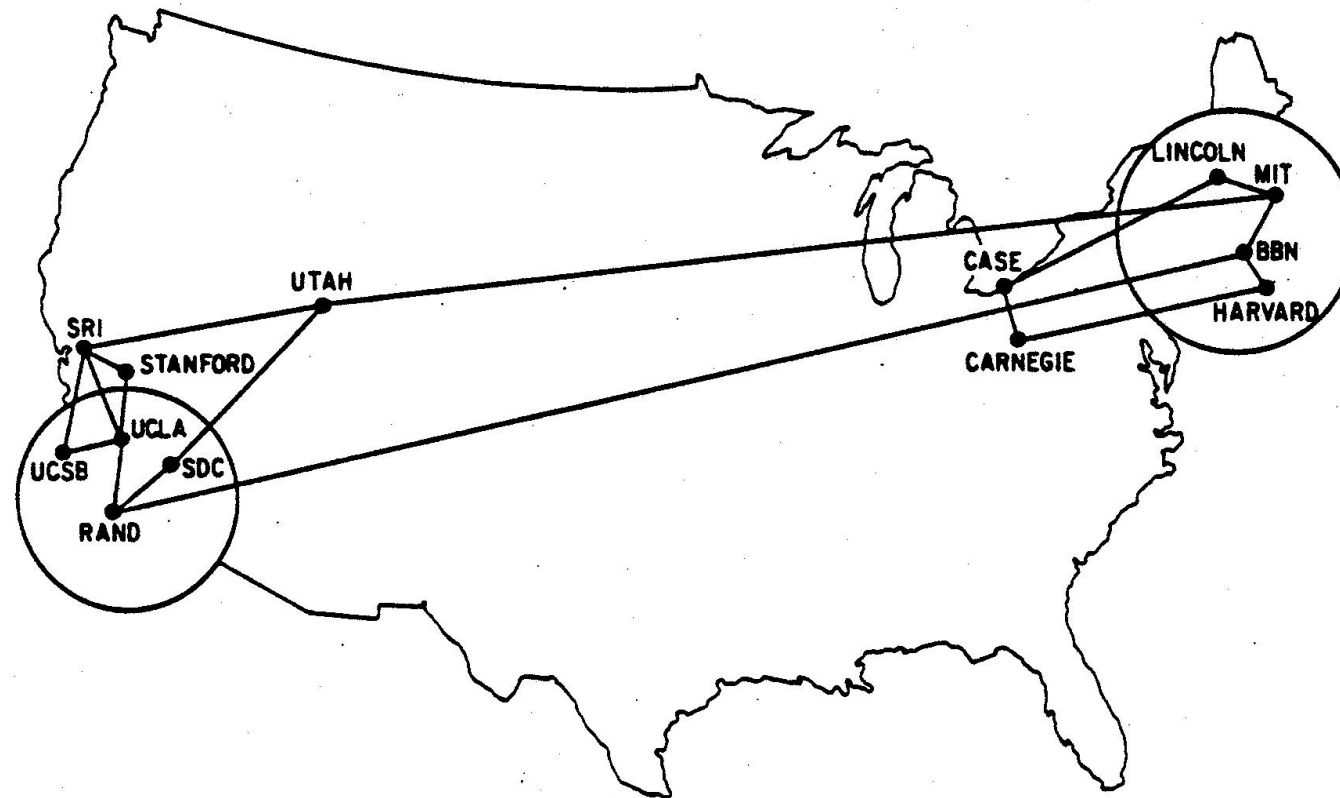


# AN OVERVIEW OF FIREWALLS

---

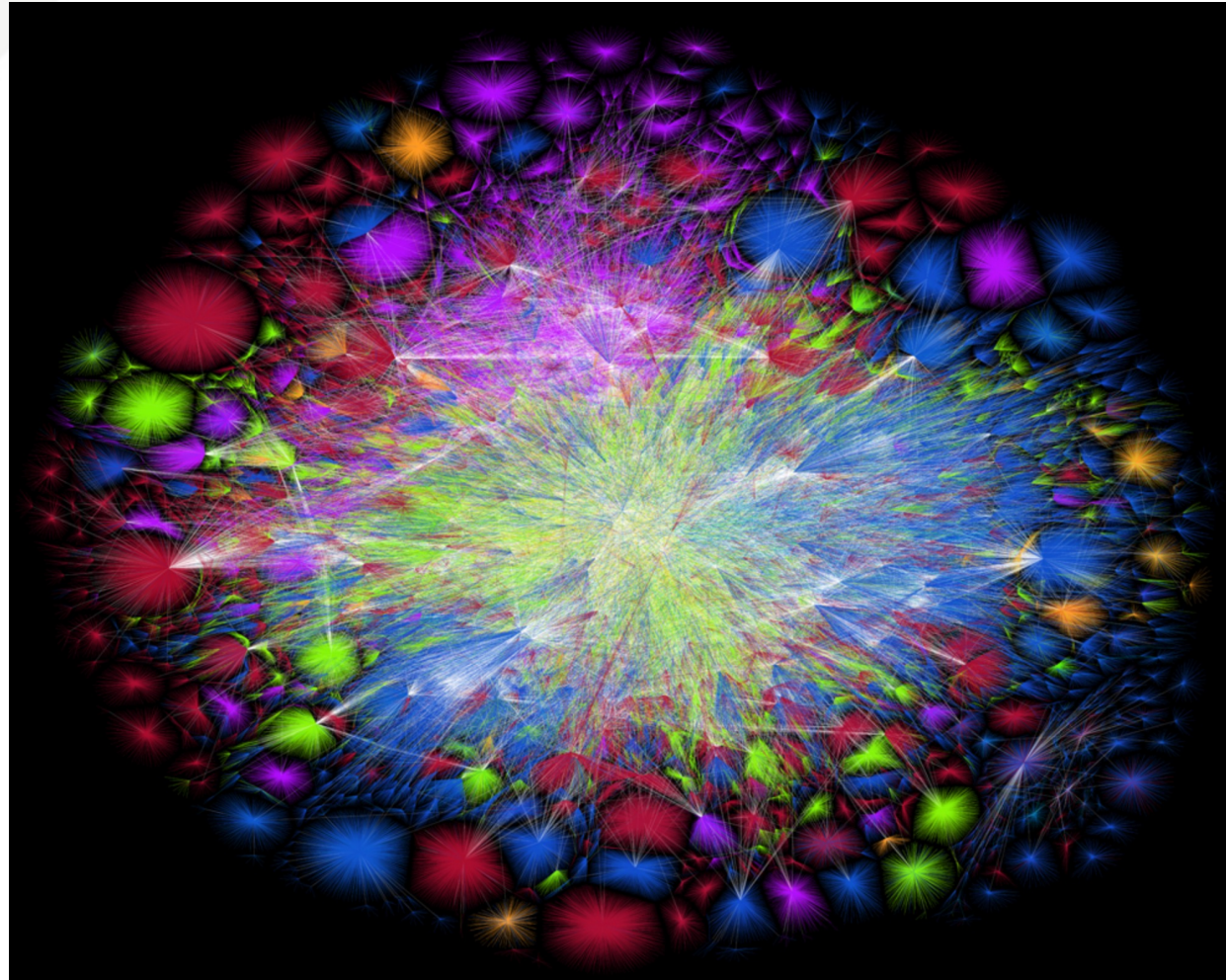
SASHANK NARAIN

# THE INTERNET IN 1970



ARPANET (1970)

# THE INTERNET NOW...

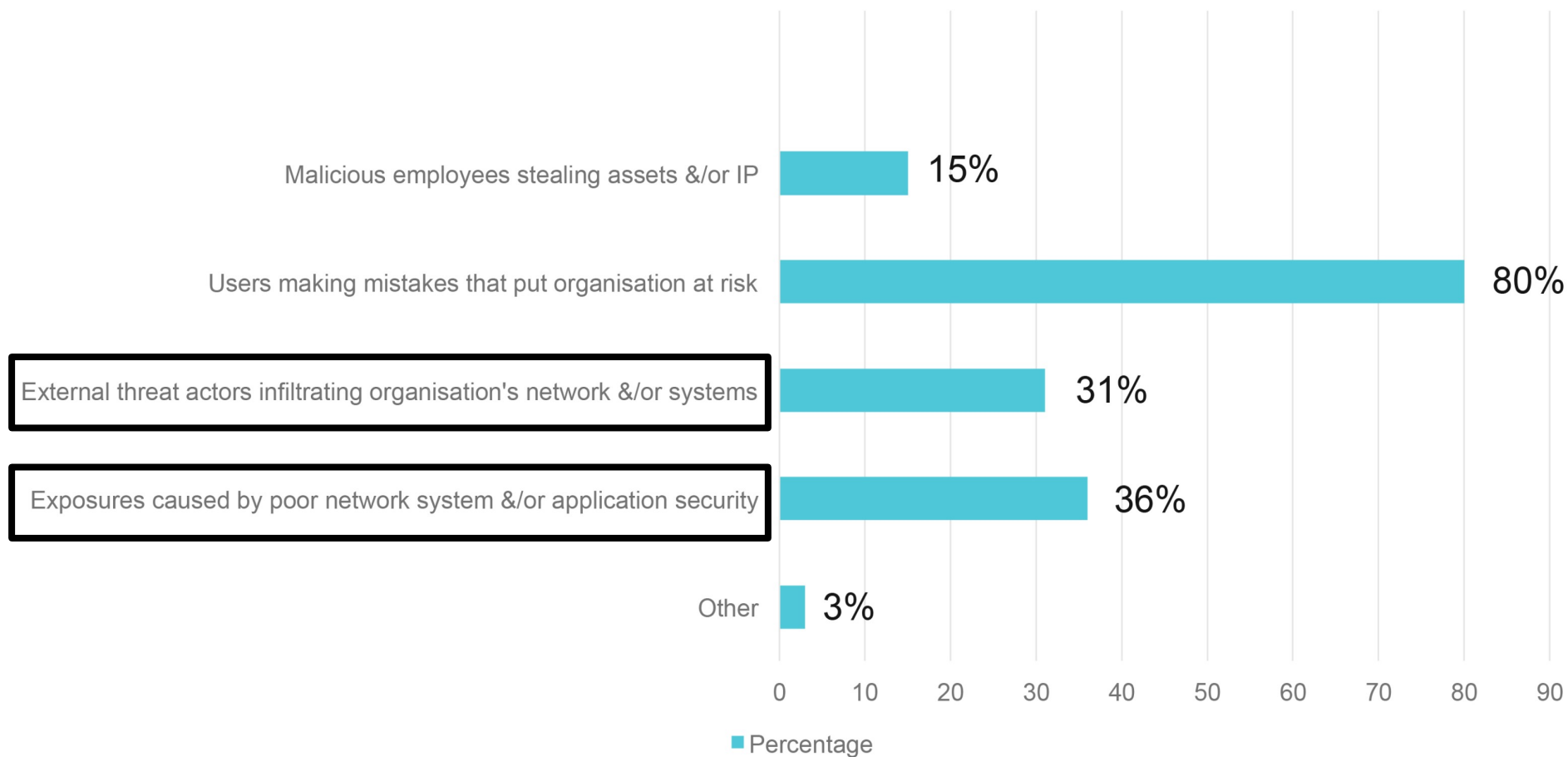


**Map of the Internet in 2020**

Source: Opte Project

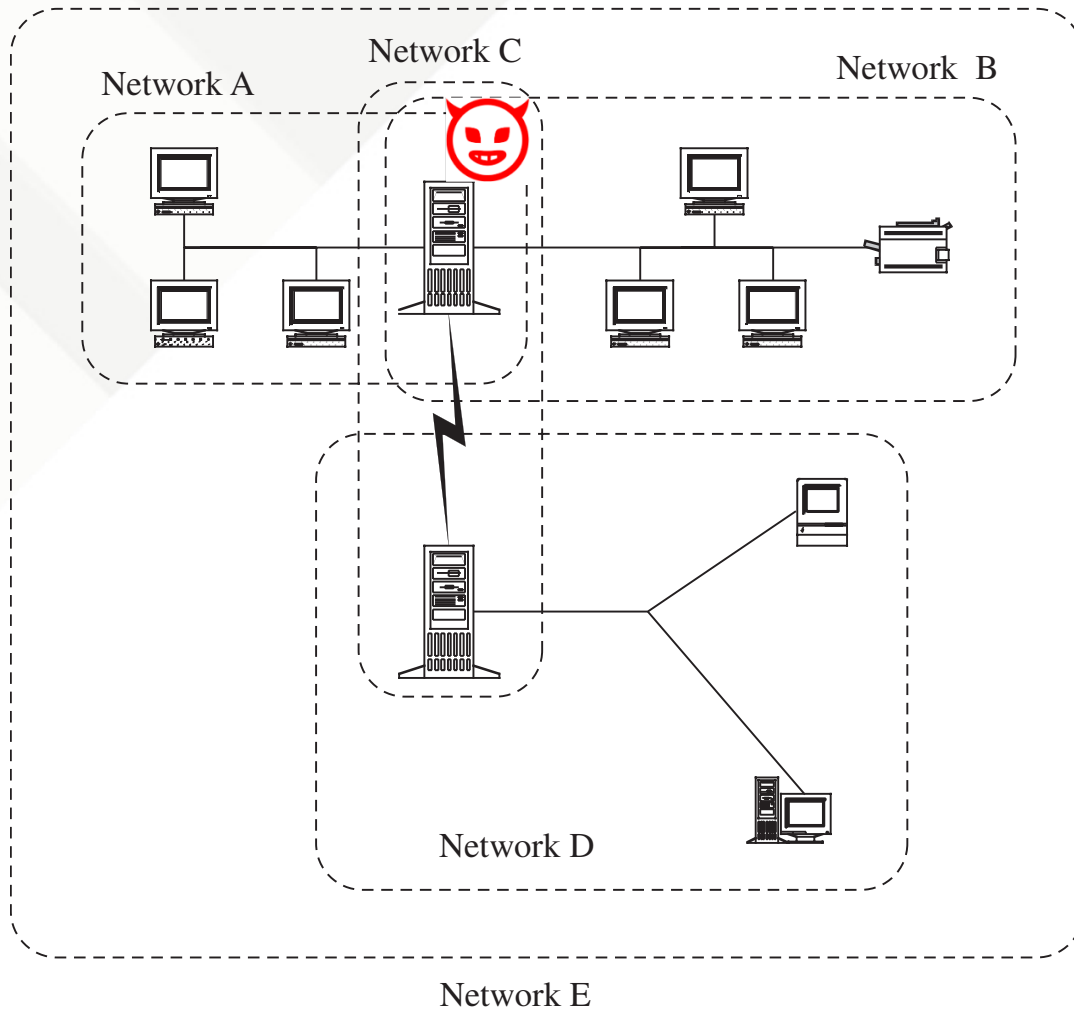
# NETWORKS ARE ALWAYS UNDER THREAT

Cyber security threats leading to security incidents within the past 12 months



Source: SolarWinds

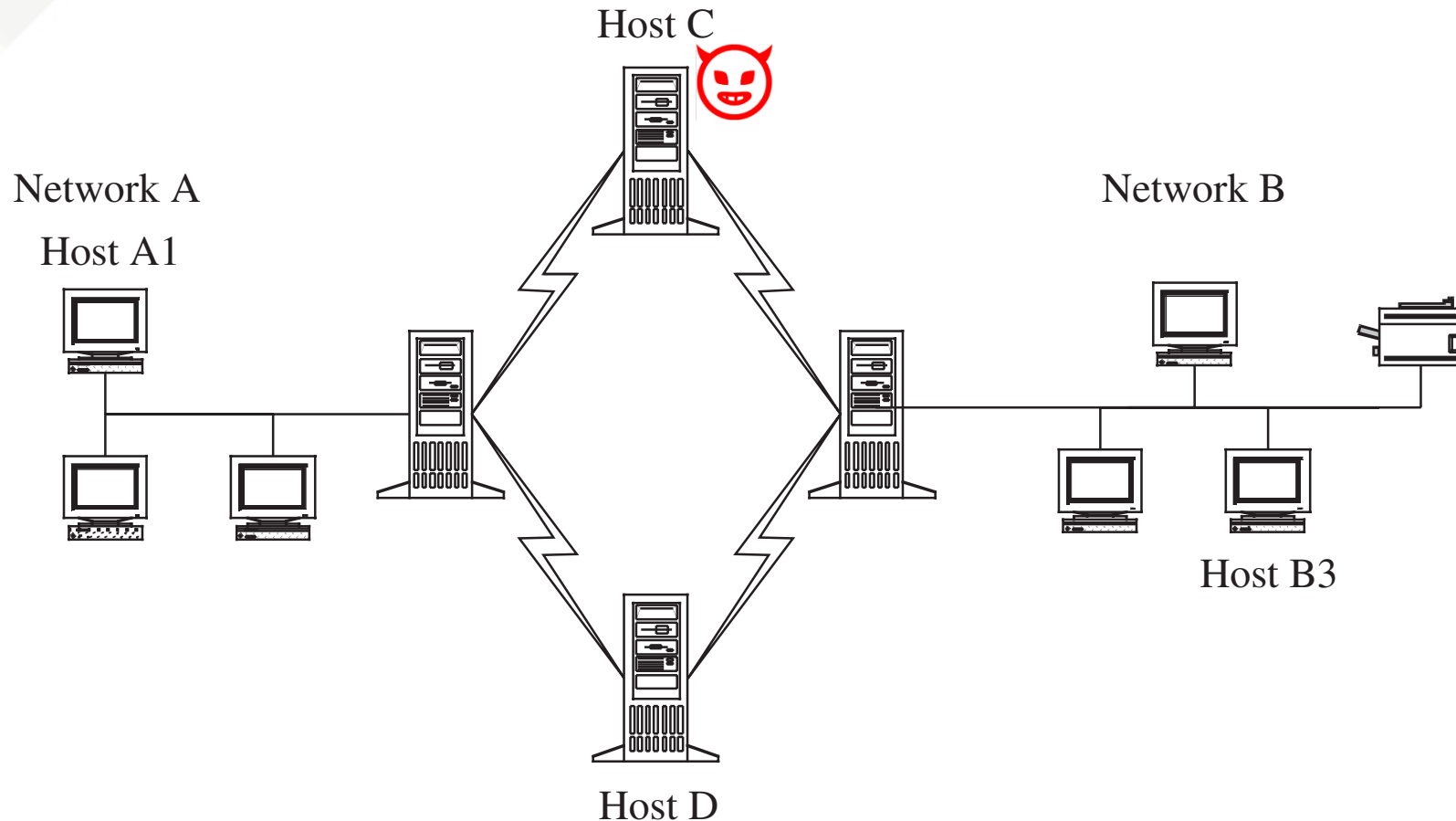
# CAUSES OF NETWORK THREATS - UNKNOWN PERIMETER



- Networks change all the time
  - Large networks are **difficult to manage**
  - **Nodes may be in multiple networks**

# CAUSES OF NETWORK THREATS - UNKNOWN PATH

- There may be **many paths**, including untrustworthy ones, from one node to another



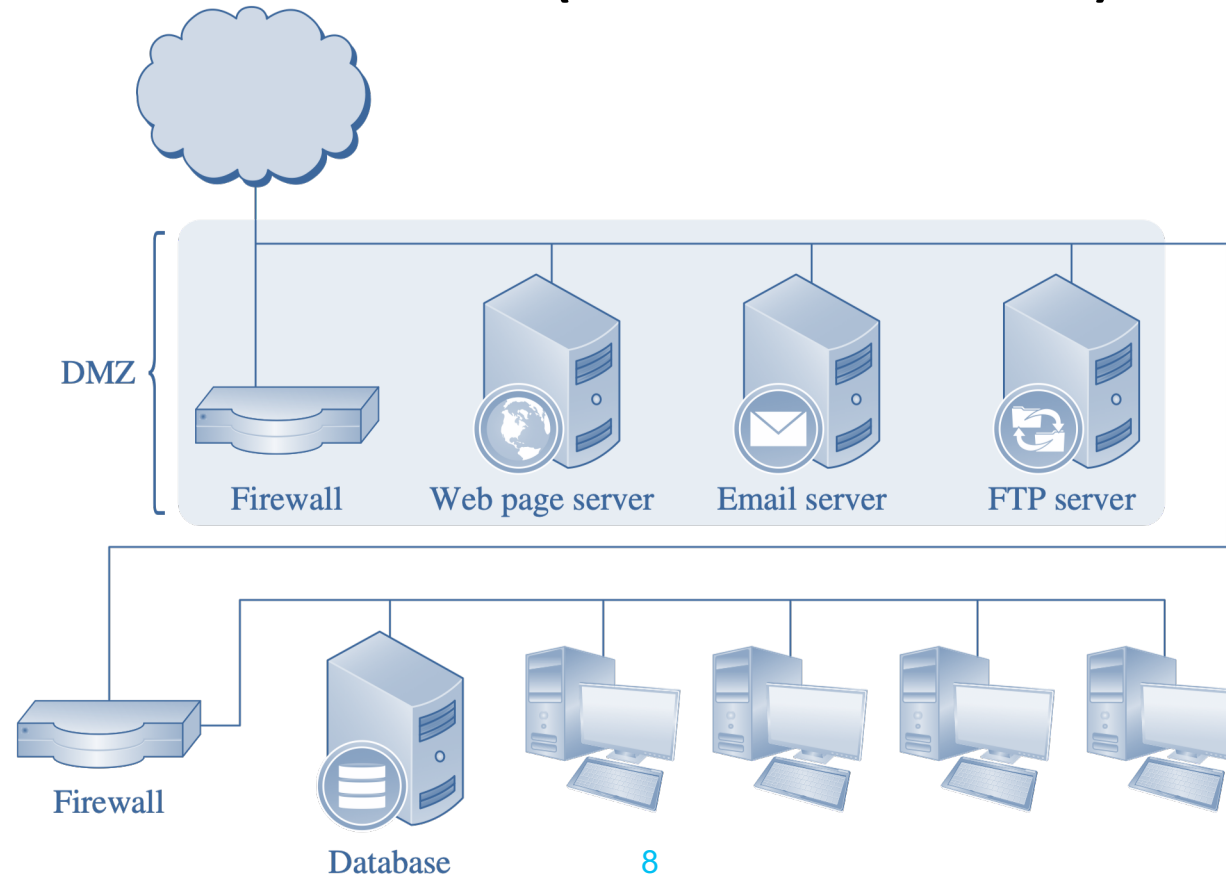
# SCANNING A NETWORK FOR AVAILABLE SERVERS

- **nmap** – Very popular open-source **network scanner**
  - Scan wide-range of devices in the network

## nmap Demo

# PROTECTION FROM NETWORK ATTACKS

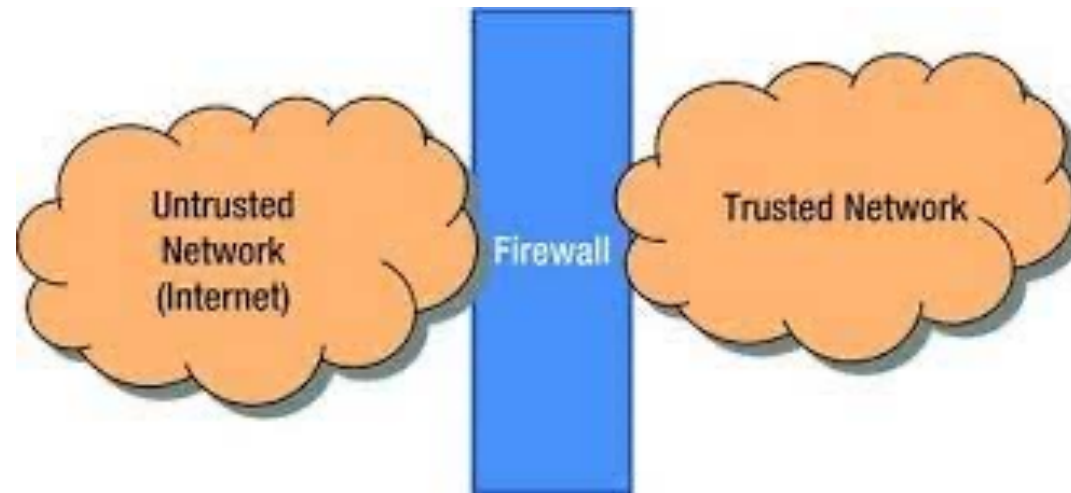
- Put **nodes into zones** based on their sensitivity
- Implement a **firewall for each zone (Network Firewall)**
- Implement a **firewall on each node (Host-based Firewall)**





# WHAT IS A FIREWALL?

- **Firewall** - A device that filters data between a trusted or “inside” network and untrusted or “outside” network
  - Defines a set of rules that determine what can or cannot pass through



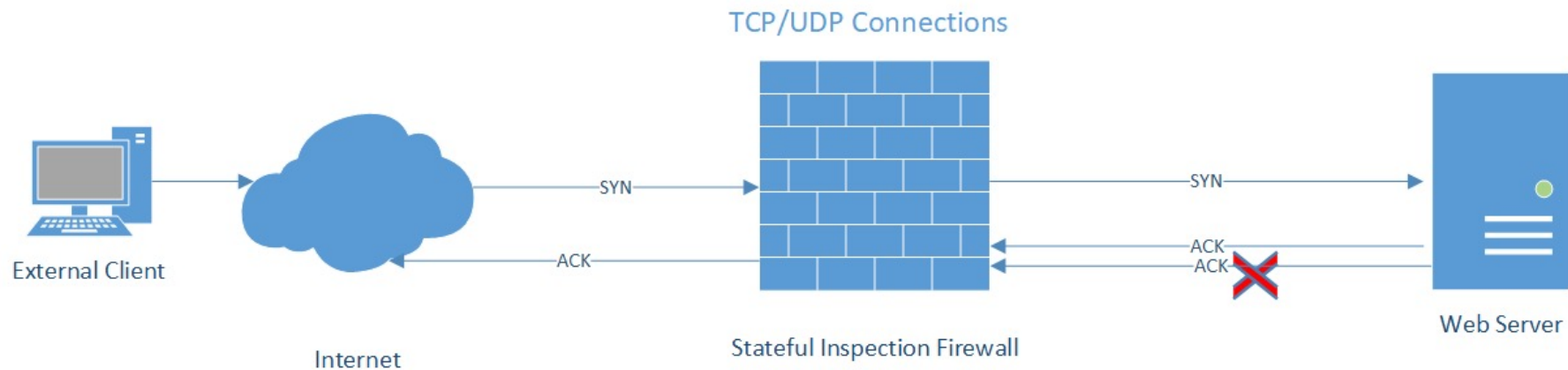
# A REAL-WORLD ANALOGY OF FIREWALLS



Source: <https://www.publicdomainpictures.net/en/view-image.php?image=7785>

# STATEFUL INSPECTION FIREWALL

- **Most common** type of firewall
- Firewall **decisions based on packet type and state information**
  - States: related, established



# EXAMPLE OF A STATEFUL INSPECTION FIREWALL

- Assuming **X** is the IP address of a node

Rule No	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Destination Port	Action
1	TCP	Any	X	22 (SSH)	Allow
2	UDP	X	Any	53 (DNS)	Allow
3	TCP	X	Any	80 (HTTP)	Allow
4	TCP	X	Any	443 (HTTPS)	Allow
5	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

# LINUX UNCOMPLICATED FIREWALL (UFW) EXAMPLE

```
$ ufw default deny incoming
$ ufw default deny outgoing
$ ufw allow in 22/tcp
$ ufw allow out 53/udp
$ ufw allow out 80/tcp
$ ufw allow out 443/tcp
$ ufw enable
```

Rule No	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Destination Port	Action
1	TCP	Any	X	22 (SSH)	Allow
2	UDP	X	Any	53 (DNS)	Allow
3	TCP	X	Any	80 (HTTP)	Allow
4	TCP	X	Any	443 (HTTPS)	Allow
5	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

# LINUX UNCOMPLICATED FIREWALL (UFW) DEMO

## UFW Demo