《数据结构》实验报告

姓名:	高心阳	学号: _	084623237	
班级:	计算机 232	日期:_	2024/9/18	
程序名:	栈和队列应用实验			

一、上机实验的问题和要求:

- 1、编写一个程序,模拟病人(基本信息有就诊号和姓名,其中就诊号每天从1开始累计) 到医院看病,排队看医生的情形。在病人排队的过程中,主要发生两件事。
- 1)、病人挂号,到诊室门口候诊。
- 2)、轮到某个号,该号对应的病人进入诊室就诊。

要求程序采用菜单方式,其选项及功能说明如下:

- 1) 挂号候诊——更新待诊病人信息,新挂号的出现在最后。
- 2) 叫号就诊——输出即将就诊的病人(队列中排最前面的病人)信息,该病人进入诊室就诊,更新待诊病人信息,已就诊的病人不再出现。
- 3) 查询——输出前面需要等的人数。
- 4) 退出——退出运行。
- 2、编写一个程序实现十进制整数转换成其他进制的数。
- 1)提示用户输入待转换十进制整数和待转换的进制数(2-16)。
- 2) 输出转换后的数。
- 3、(选做题)在题 1 中如果每个病人增加一个紧急程度(特别急、一般急、不急)的属性,需要根据病人紧急程度和挂号顺序进行安排,请编程实现。
- 4、将实验报告以自己的学号和姓名命名,提交到教学平台上。

二、算法设计和基本思想描述:

(分析问题中的数据及数据元素之间的关系,确定选择何种逻辑结构;再根据操作特点分析选择何种存储结构,最后再具体分析每个功能,看需要用到哪些基本操作,如何用基本操作组合出该功能。)

LinkQueue.h

- 1.LinkQueue():构造函数,初始化链式队列。
- 2.~LinkQueue(): 析构函数,释放链式队列的内存。
- 3. EnQueue(DataType x): 向队列末尾添加数据元素。
- 4. DeQueue(): 从队列头部删除并返回数据元素。
- 5. GetQueue(): 获取队列头部的元素但不删除。
- 6. Empty(): 检查队列是否为空。

SegStack.h

- 1.SeqStack(): 构造函数,初始化顺序栈。
- 2.~SeqStack(): 析构函数,销毁栈(这里未做具体实现)。
- 3. Push(DataType x): 向栈中添加数据元素。
- 4. Pop(): 弹出并返回栈顶元素。
- 5. GetTop(): 获取栈顶元素但不弹出。
- 6. Empty(): 检查栈是否为空。

LinkPriorityQueue.h

- 1.LinkPriorityQueue(): 构造函数,初始化优先级队列。
- 2. LinkPriorityQueue(const LinkPriorityQueue& other): 拷贝构造函数,用于深拷贝另一

个优先级队列。

- 3.~LinkPriorityQueue(): 析构函数,释放优先级队列的内存。
- 4. Push(DataType x, int priority): 向优先级队列中插入带有优先级的数据元素。
- 5. Pop(): 弹出并返回优先级最高的元素。
- 6.Get(): 获取优先级最高的元素,但不弹出。
- 7. Priority_Get(int priority): 获取指定优先级的元素。
- 8. **ResetPriority(const DataType x, int priority)**: 重设某元素的优先级。
- 9. Empty(): 检查队列是否为空。

三、源程序及注释(代码直接复制到下面,标好文件名):

```
LinkQueue.h
#pragma once
template<class DataType>
struct Node {
    DataType data;
    Node<DataType>* next;
};
template<class DataType>
class LinkQueue {
public:
    LinkQueue();
    ~LinkQueue();
    void EnQueue(DataType x);
    DataType DeQueue();
    DataType GetQueue();
    int Empty();
private:
    Node<DataType>* front, * rear;
};
template < class DataType>
LinkQueue<DataType>::LinkQueue() {
    Node<DataType>* s = NULL;
    s = new Node<DataType>;
    s\rightarrow next = NULL;
    front = rear = s;
template <class DataType>
LinkQueue<DataType>::~LinkQueue() {
    Node<DataType>* p = NULL;
    while (front != NULL) {
```

```
p = front->next;
         delete front;
         front = p;
   }
template<class DataType>
void LinkQueue<DataType>::EnQueue(DataType x) {
    Node<DataType>* p = NULL;
    p = new Node<DataType>;
    p->data = x;
    p->next = NULL;
    rear \rightarrow next = p;
    rear = p;
template<class DataType>
DataType LinkQueue<DataType>::DeQueue() {
    Node<DataType>* p = NULL;
    p = new Node<DataType>;
    DataType x;
    if (rear == front)throw"下溢";
    p = front \rightarrow next;
    x = p \rightarrow data;
    front->next = p->next;
    if (p->next == NULL)
         rear = front;
    delete p;
    return x;
template < class DataType>
DataType LinkQueue<DataType>::GetQueue() {
    if (front == rear) throw"下溢";
    return front->next->data;
template<class DataType>
int LinkQueue<DataType>::Empty() {
    if (front == rear)return 1;
    return 0;
```

```
Sicker.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "LinkQueue.h"
class sicker {
public:
    sicker();
    sicker(int num, char* name);
    sicker(const sicker& other);
    int GetNumber() { return number; }
    char* GetName() { return name; }
private:
    int number;//就诊号
    char* name;//姓名
};
sicker::sicker()
    number = -1;
    char Name[5] = "none";
    name = Name;
sicker::sicker(int num, char* name)
    number = num;
    this->name = name;
sicker::sicker(const sicker& other)
    this->name = other.name;
    this->number = other.number;
int num = 1;//当前挂号量+1
LinkQueue<sicker> SL;
void Register(char* name) {
    sicker* s = new sicker(num, name);
    SL. EnQueue (*s);
    cout << "挂号成功, 您的就诊号为: " << num << endl;
    num++;
void call() {
```

```
sicker s(SL.GetQueue());
   cout << "请" << s. GetNumber() << "号: " << s. GetName() << "就诊。" << endl;
   SL. DeQueue();
int wait_number(int x) {
   sicker shead(SL.GetQueue());
   int count = x - shead.GetNumber();
   return count;
void guahao() {
   system("cls");
   char a[10];
   cout << "请输入姓名: ";
   cin >> a;
   Register(a);
   system("pause");
void Call() {
   call();
   system("pause");
void search() {
   system("cls");
   cout << "请输入就诊号: ";
   int num;
   cin >> num;
   cout << "等待人数: " << wait_number(num) << endl;
   system("pause");
void test() {
   char name1[10] = "张三";
   Register(name1);
   char name2[10] = "李四";
   Register(name2);
   char name3[10] = "王五";
   Register (name3);
   char name4[10] = "赵六";
```

```
Register(name4);
    char name5[10] = "钱七";
    Register(name5);
    cout << "4号前还有: " << wait_number(4) << "人" << endl;
    call();
    cout << "4号前还有: " << wait_number(4) << "人" << endl;
    system("pause");
void menu(bool &IsRun) {
    int input;
    system("cls");
    cout << "------ 菜 单 -------" << endl;
    cout << "1. 患者挂号" << endl;
    cout << "2. 医生叫号" << endl;
    cout << "3. 查询等待人数" << endl;
    cout << "4. 运行测试" << endl;
    cout << "0. 退出系统" << endl;
    cin >> input;
    switch (input)
    {
    case 1:
        guahao();
       break;
    case 2:
       Call();
       break;
    case 3:
        search();
       break;
    case 4:
        test();
        break;
    default:
       IsRun = false;
        break;
    }
int main() {
    bool IsRun = true;
    while (IsRun) {
        menu(IsRun);
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

```
SeqStack.h
#pragma once
const int StackSize = 20;
template<class DataType>
class SeqStack {
public:
    SeqStack();
    ^{\sim}SeqStack() {}
    void Push (DataType x);
    DataType Pop();
    DataType GetTop();
    int Empty();
private:
    DataType data[StackSize];
    int top;
};
template<class DataType>
SeqStack<DataType>::SeqStack() {
    top = -1;
template<class DataType>
void SeqStack<DataType>::Push(DataType x) {
    if (top == StackSize - 1)throw "下溢";
    top++;
    data[top] = x;
template<class DataType>
DataType SeqStack<DataType>::Pop() {
    if (top == -1) throw "下溢";
    DataType x = data[top];
    top--;
    return x;
template<class DataType>
DataType SeqStack<DataType>::GetTop() {
```

```
if (top != -1) {
    return data[top];
}
throw"枝为空";
}

template<class DataType>
int SeqStack<DataType>::Empty() {
    if (top == -1)return 1;
    return 0;
}
```

```
DecimalConvertion.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "SeqStack.h"
void Decimal_Convertion(int number, int decimal) {
    char chars[16] = { '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F' };
    SegStack<char> S;
    while (number != 0) {
         int c = number % decimal;
         S. Push(chars[c]);
         number = number / decimal;
    while (!S. Empty())
         cout << S. Pop();
    cout << endl;</pre>
int main() {
    int number, decimal;
    cin >> number >> decimal;
    Decimal_Convertion(number, decimal);
    return 0;
```

```
LinkPriorityQueue.h

#pragma once

template<class DataType>
struct Node {
   DataType data;
   int priority;
```

```
Node<DataType>* next;
};
template<class DataType>
class LinkPriorityQueue {
public:
    LinkPriorityQueue();
    LinkPriorityQueue(const LinkPriorityQueue& other);
    ~LinkPriorityQueue();
    void Push (DataType x, int priority);
    DataType Pop();
    DataType Get();
    DataType Priority_Get(int priority);
    void ResetPriority(const DataType x, int old_priority, int new_priority);
    int Empty();
    int Length();
    int Priority_Length(int priority);
private:
    Node<DataType>* front, * rear;
};
template<class DataType>
LinkPriorityQueue < DataType >::LinkPriorityQueue ()
    Node<DataType>* p = new Node<DataType>;
    p->next = NULL;
    p-priority = -1;
    front = rear = p;
template<class DataType>
LinkPriorityQueue (const LinkPriorityQueue (const LinkPriorityQueue other)
    this->front = other.front;
    this->rear = other.rear;
template<class DataType>
LinkPriorityQueue \DataType>::~LinkPriorityQueue()
    Node<DataType>* p = new Node<DataType>;
    while (front != NULL) {
         p = front \rightarrow next;
         delete front;
```

```
front = p;
    }
template<class DataType>
void LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Push(DataType x, int priority)
    Node \langle DataType \rangle * q = new Node \langle DataType \rangle \{ x, priority, NULL \};
    Node<DataType>* p = front;
    if (front->next == NULL || priority < front->next->priority) {
         q->next = front->next;
          front->next = q;
         if (rear == front) {
              rear = q;
         }
    }
    else {
         while (p->next != NULL && p->next->priority <= priority) {</pre>
              p = p \rightarrow next;
         q->next = p->next;
         p->next = q;
         if (p->next == NULL)
              rear = q;
    }
template < class DataType>
DataType LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Pop()
    DataType x;
    Node<DataType>* p = NULL;
    p = new Node<DataType>;
    if (rear == front)throw"下溢";
    p = front->next;
    x = p \rightarrow data;
    front \rightarrow next = p \rightarrow next;
    if (p->next == NULL)
         rear = front;
    delete p;
    return x;
template <class DataType>
```

```
DataType LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Get()
    if (front == rear) throw"下溢";
    DataType x = front->next->data;
    return x;
template <class DataType>
DataType LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Priority Get(int priority)
    if (front == rear) throw"下溢";
    Node<DataType>* p = front->next;
    while (p->priority < priority&&p->next!=NULL)
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    if (p->priority > priority||p->next==NULL)throw"不存在该优先级";
    DataType x = p \rightarrow data;
    return x;
template<class DataType>
void LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::ResetPriority(const DataType x, int old_priority, int
new_priority)
    Node<DataType>* p = front->next, * q = NULL;
    while (p->priority < old priority && p != NULL)
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    while (p->data != x && p->priority == old_priority && p != NULL) {
         if (p\rightarrow next\rightarrow data == x)
             q = p;
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    }
    if (p == NULL) throw"下溢";
    if (p->priority != old_priority)throw"下溢";
    delete p;
    Push(x, new_priority);
template <class DataType>
int LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Empty()
    if (front == rear)return 1;
    return 0;
```

```
template < class DataType>
int LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Length()
    int count = 0;
    Node<DataType>* p = front->next;
    while (p != NULL) {
         count++;
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    return count;
template < class DataType>
int LinkPriorityQueue<DataType>::Priority_Length(int priority)
    int count = 0;
    Node<DataType>* p = front->next;
    while (p->priority != priority)
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    while (p->priority == priority) {
         count++;
         p = p \rightarrow next;
    return count;
```

```
Sicker_Ordered.cpp
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
#include "LinkPriorityQueue.h"
/*
```

编写一个程序,模拟病人(基本信息有就诊号和姓名,其中就诊号每天从1 开始累计)到医院看病,排队看医生的情形。在病人排队的过程中,主要发生两件事。

- 1)、病人挂号,到诊室门口候诊。
- 2)、轮到某个号,该号对应的病人进入诊室就诊。

要求程序采用菜单方式,其选项及功能说明如下:

- 1) 挂号候诊——更新待诊病人信息,新挂号的出现在最后。
- 2) 叫号就诊——输出即将就诊的病人(队列中排最前面的病人)信息,该病人进入诊室就诊,更新 待诊病人信息,已就诊的病人不再出现。
- 3) 查询——输出前面需要等的人数。
- 4) 退出——退出运行。

```
*/
class sicker {
public:
    sicker();
    sicker(string num, string name);
    sicker(const sicker& other);
    string GetNumber() { return number; }
    string GetName() { return name; }
private:
    string number;//就诊号
    string name;//姓名
};
sicker::sicker()
    number = "None";
    name = "None";
sicker::sicker(string num, string name)
    this->number = num;
    this->name = name;
sicker::sicker(const sicker& other)
    this->name = other.name;
    this->number = other.number;
const string priority_char[4] = { "","危","急","鲁"};
int num[4] = \{0, 1, 1, 1\};
LinkPriorityQueue<sicker> SL;
void Register(string name, int priority) {
    string number = priority_char[priority];
    number += (char) (num[priority] + (int)('0'));
    num[priority]++;
    sicker s(number, name);
    SL. Push(s, priority);
    cout << "挂号成功, 您的就诊号为: " << number << endl;
void call() {
```

```
sicker s(SL.Get());
    cout << "请" << s.GetNumber() << "号: " << s.GetName() << "就诊。" << endl;
    SL. Pop();
int wait_number(string x) {
    int priority;
    if (x. substr(0, 2) = "危") priority = 1;
    else if (x. substr(0, 2) == "\exists") priority = 2;
    else if (x.substr(0, 2) == "普") priority = 3;
    else throw"就诊号不合法":
    int np = 1, count = 0;
    while (np < priority) {</pre>
        count = SL. Priority Length(np);
        np++;
    int now_num = 0, num = 0;
    for (int i = 2; x[i] != '\0'; i++)
        num = num * 10 + (int)(x[i] - (int)('0'));
    string nx = SL.Priority_Get(priority).GetNumber();
    for (int i = 2; nx[i] != '\0'; i++)
        now_num = now_num * 10 + (int)(nx[i] - (int)('0'));
    count += num - now_num;
    return count;
void guahao() {
    system("cls");
    string name;
    int priority;
    cout << "请输入姓名: ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "请输入紧急程度(1为危重,2为紧急,3为普通):";
    cin >> priority;
    Register(name, priority);
    system("pause");
void Call() {
    call();
    system("pause");
```

```
void search() {
    system("cls");
    cout << "请输入就诊号: ";
   string num;
   cin >> num;
   cout << "等待人数: " << wait_number(num) << endl;
   system("pause");
void test() {
   Register("张三", 1);
   Register("李四", 2);
   Register("王五", 2);
   Register("李六", 3);
   call();
   call();
   Register("赵七", 3);
   Register("钱八", 2);
   Register("孙九", 2);
   cout << "插入危 2 前, 急 3 前面还有: " << wait_number("急 3") << "人" << endl;
   Register("李十", 1);
   cout << "插入危 2 后, 急 3 前面还有: " << wait number ("急 3") << "人" << endl;
   Register("高玖", 2);
   call();
   call();
   Register("顾十", 2);
   Register("夏菲", 3);
   system("pause");
void menu(bool& IsRun, bool clear = true) {
   int input;
   if (clear)system("cls");
   cout << "------ 菜 单 -------" << endl;
   cout << "1. 患者挂号" << endl;
   cout << "2. 医生叫号" << endl;
   cout << "3. 查询等待人数" << endl;
    cout << "4. 运行测试" << endl;
   cout << "0. 退出系统" << endl;
   cin >> input;
   switch (input)
    case 0:
```

```
IsRun = false;
        break;
    case 1:
        guahao();
        break;
    case 2:
        Call();
        break;
    case 3:
        search();
        break:
    case 4:
        test();
        break;
    default:
        system("cls");
        cout << "输入非法,请重新输入: " << endl;
        menu(IsRun, false);
        break;
int main() {
   bool IsRun = true;
    while (IsRun)
       menu(IsRun);
    return 0;
```

四、运行输出结果:

(可以将运行结果抓图贴至此处)

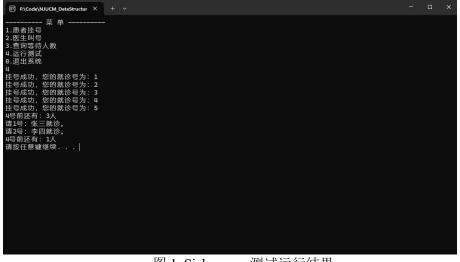


图 1 Sicker.cpp 测试运行结果

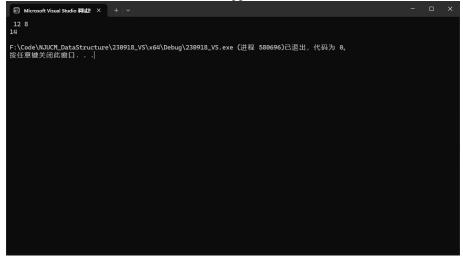


图 2 DecimalConvertion.cpp 运行结果

图 3 Sicker_Ordered.cpp 测试运行结果

五、调试和运行程序过程中产生的问题及采取的措施:

无

六、分析主要算法的时间复杂度,如果可以优化,提出优化 方案:

```
LinkQueue.h
  1. LinkQueue(): O(1)
  2.~LinkQueue(): O(n)
  3. EnQueue(DataType x): O(1)
  4. DeQueue(): O(1)
  5. GetQueue(): O(1)
  6. Empty(): O(1)
SeqStack.h
  1. SeqStack(): O(1)
  2.~SeqStack(): O(1)
  3. Push(DataType x): O(1)
  4. Pop(): O(1)
  5. GetTop(): O(1)
  6. Empty(): O(1)
LinkPriorityQueue.h
  1. LinkPriorityQueue(): O(1)
  2. LinkPriorityQueue(const LinkPriorityQueue& other): O(n)
  3.~LinkPriorityQueue(): O(n)
  4. Push(DataType x, int priority): O(n)
  5. Pop(): O(1)
  6. Get(): O(1)
  7. Priority_Get(int priority): O(n)
  8. ResetPriority(const DataType x, int priority): O(n)
  9. Empty(): O(1)
```

七、对数据结构教学的意见和建议:

无