



# Open-Source Projects: Machine Learning for Transportation Data Imputation and Prediction

 $\label{eq:Research Workshop}$  TRB 103rd Annual Meeting  $\cdot$  Washington, D.C., USA

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#### Open-source & reproducible research:

• GitHub: https://github.com/xinychen

② Slides: https://xinychen.github.io/slides/transdim.pdf

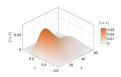
Project website: https://spatiotemporal-data.github.io

#### $\mathsf{ML}\ \mathsf{algorithms}$



transdim
(1.1k stars)

#### Visualization tools



- 1. Storytelling with Data
- 2. Spatiotemporal Traffic Data Modeling
  - Reformulate traffic data imputation
  - Reformulate traffic forecasting
- 3. Python Implementation
  - Tools & packages
  - Traffic data processing
  - Switch from CPU to GPU
- 4. "Sustainable"? Post Something That Matters

# Storytelling with Data

• Uber (hourly) movement speed data



NYC movement

Seattle movement

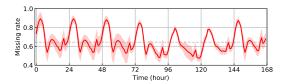
- {road segment, time step (hour), average speed}
- ullet  $Y \in \mathbb{R}^{N imes T}$  with N spatial locations imes T time steps
- Computing hourly speed: Road segments have 5+ unique trips.

Issue: Insufficient sampling of ridesharing vehicles on the road network!

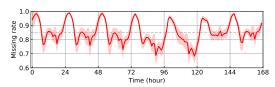
#### Storytelling with Data

#### High-dimensional & sparse

- NYC movement speed data (2019)
  - o 98,210 road segments & 8,760 time steps (hours)
  - o Overall missing rate: 64.43%



- Seattle movement speed data (2019)
  - o 63,490 road segments & 8,760 time steps (hours)
  - o Overall missing rate: 84.95%



# Storytelling with Data

- Data
- Quality
- Sparsity
- Estimation
- Imputation
- Interpolation
- Forecasting

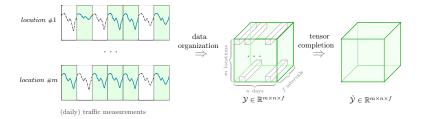
# **Reformulate Traffic Data Imputation**

# Imputing missing traffic data

Represent traffic data as tensors

Tensorization: 
$$Y \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times t} \to \mathcal{Y} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n \times f}$$

w/m locations, n days, and f time intervals per day.



• Tensor completion (Observed index set  $\Omega$ )



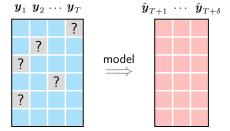
# **Reformulate Traffic Data Imputation**

# **Reformulate Traffic Forecasting**

#### Forecasting urban traffic states with sparse data

• Problem definition ( $\delta$ -step ahead forecasting)

$$\underbrace{\{\boldsymbol{y}_1,\boldsymbol{y}_2,\ldots,\boldsymbol{y}_T\}}_{\text{Current traffic states}} \qquad \underbrace{\{\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_{T+1},\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_{T+2},\ldots,\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_{T+\delta}\}}_{\text{Future traffic states}}$$



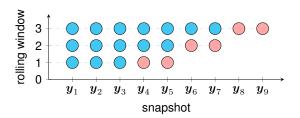
# **Reformulate Traffic Forecasting**

(Rolling) Forecasting urban traffic states with sparse data

```
1st rolling step: \{y_1,y_2,y_3\} 	o \{y_4,y_5\}

2nd rolling step: \{y_1,y_2,y_3,y_4,y_5\} 	o \{y_6,y_7\}

3rd rolling step: \{y_1,y_2,y_3,y_4,y_5,y_6,y_7\} 	o \{y_8,y_9\}
```



#### **TMF**

TMF<sup>1,2</sup> Jupyter Notebook

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>tracebase: https://github.com/xinychen/tracebase

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>tpami

# **Python Implementation**

#### Tools & Packages

Python



**GPU** computing











\*NumPy for GPU

# **Python Implementation**

#### Traffic Data Processing

- Data format: .npz (compressed format)
- Easy to use
  - o Connect with numpy (for CPU)
  - o Connect with cupy (for GPU)

#### NYC Uber movement dataset:

- hourly\_speed\_mat\_2019\_1.npz (91 MB)
  - $\circ$  98210  $\times$  744 matrix
  - o 23,228,581 observations
- hourly\_speed\_mat\_2019\_2.npz (85.2 MB)
  - $\circ$  98210  $\times$  672 matrix
  - o 21,912,460 observations
- hourly\_speed\_mat\_2019\_3.npz (38.1 MB)
  - $\circ$  98210  $\times$  264 matrix
  - o 10,026,045 observations

#### **Python Implementation**

Switch from CPU to GPU

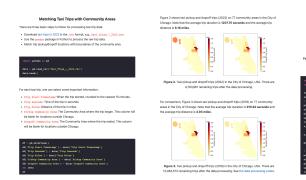


Python implementation of algorithms with the numpy package (Using less packages can improve the reproducibility)
Easy to convert the codes from CPU to GPU

#### **Post Something That Matters**

Post well-documented data processing files (e.g., processing Chicago taxi data)

- Beginners to build coding skills
- Researchers to build research ideas





Source: https://spatiotemporal-data.github.io/Chicago-mobility/taxi-data

# **Post Something That Matters**

Post scientific problems (e.g., spatiotemporal data modeling)

# Optimizing Interpretable Time-Varying Autoregression with Orthogonal Constraints

Generally speaking, any spalaiotemporal data in the form of a matrix can be written as by  $\mathbb{R}^{N \times T}$  with N spalai areas/jocations and T time steps. To discover interprable spatial/temporal patterns, one can build a time-varying autoregression on the time snapshots  $\mathbf{y}_1 \cdot \mathbf{y}_2 \cdot \dots \cdot \mathbf{y}_T \in \mathbb{R}^N$  (Chen et al., 2023). The time-varying coefficients in the autoregression allow one to characterize the time-varying system behavior, but the challenges still remain.

To capture interpretable modes/patterns, one can use tensor factorization formulas to parameterize the coefficients and the optimization problem can be easily built. However, a great challenge would be how to make the modes "more interpretable", specifically, e.g., how to learn orthogonal modes in the modeling process. In this post, we present an optimization problem of the time-varying autoregression with orthogonal constraints as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{\boldsymbol{W},\boldsymbol{G},\boldsymbol{V},\boldsymbol{X}} \ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{t=2}^{T} \left\| \boldsymbol{y}_{t} - \boldsymbol{W} \boldsymbol{G}(\boldsymbol{x}_{t}^{\top} \otimes \boldsymbol{V})^{\top} \boldsymbol{y}_{t-1} \right\|_{2}^{2} \\ & \text{s.t.} \ \begin{cases} \boldsymbol{W}^{\top} \boldsymbol{W} = \boldsymbol{I}_{R} \\ \boldsymbol{V}^{\top} \boldsymbol{V} = \boldsymbol{I}_{R} \\ \boldsymbol{X}^{\top} \boldsymbol{X} = \boldsymbol{I}_{B} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

where  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times R}$  and  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{(T-1) \times R}$  refer to as the spatial modes and the temporal modes, respectively. This model can discover urban mobility transition patterns.

Source: https://spatiotemporal-data.github.io/probs/orth-var

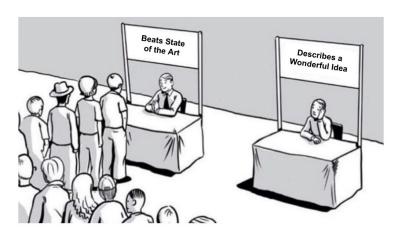
# Why?

#### Academic:

- Sustainable research environment (w.r.t. our team & followers)
- Interact with researchers from different fields
- Provide platform and benchmark for comparison
- Stimulate new algorithmic ideas

#### Industry:

• Solution to ...



Source: Twitter





# Thanks for your attention!

Any Questions?

#### About me:

A Homepage: https://xinychen.github.io

GitHub: https://github.com/xinychen