

STATS 415

DATA MINING PROJECT

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❏ Goals and Issues

Goal

Propose data mining approaches to predict the success of telemarketing calls for selling bank long-term deposits.

Data Description

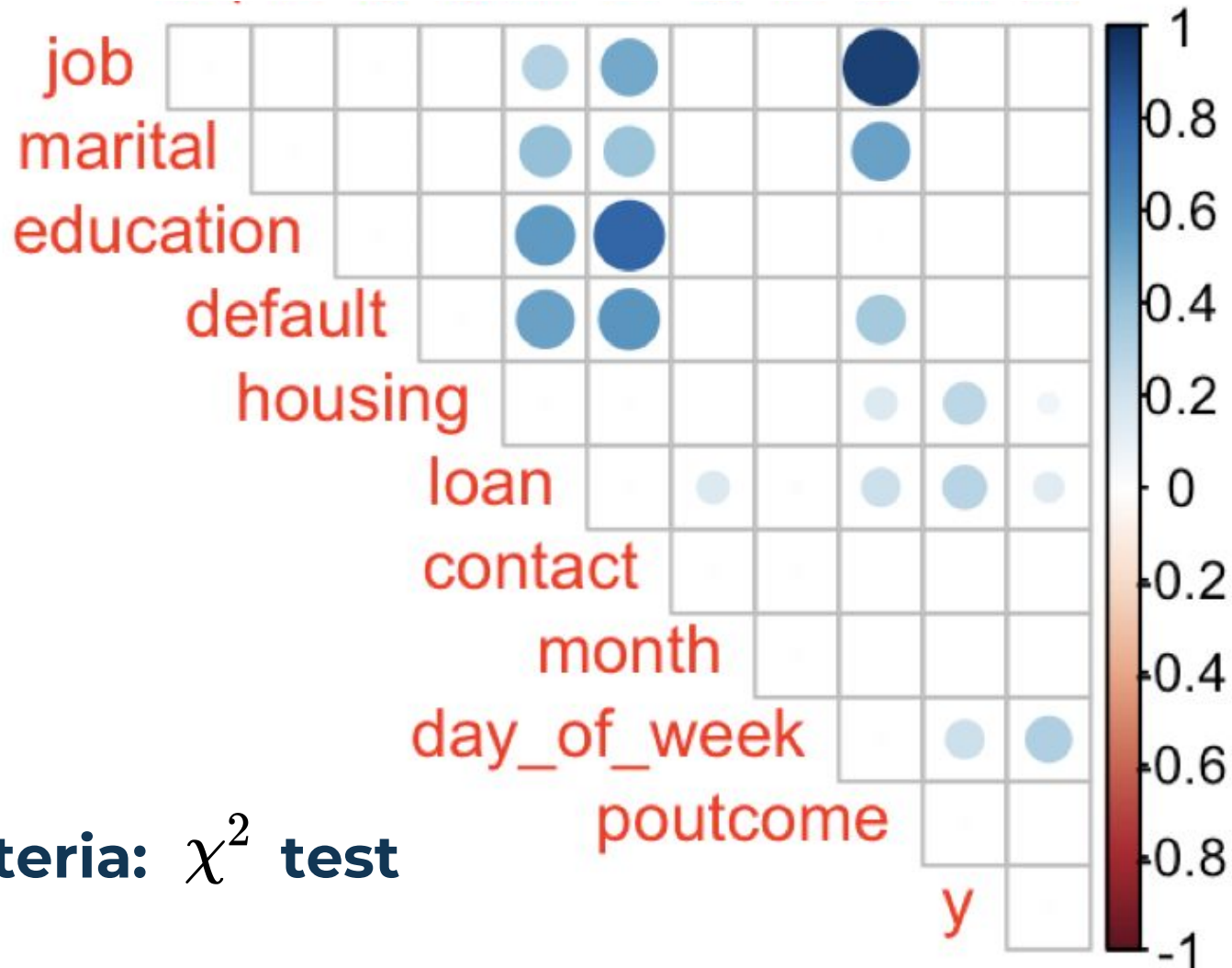
- **20** most relevant features out of **150** selected by S. Moro's^[1, 2] research from 2008 to 2013.
- **7** variables about client data, **8** about contact information with customers, and **5** about social and economic.
- **41,188** valid observations.

[1] S. Moro, P. Cortez and P. Rita. A Data-Driven Approach to Predict the Success of Bank Telemarketing. Decision Support Systems, Elsevier, 62:22-31, June 2014

[2] S. Moro, R. Laureano and P. Cortez. Using Data Mining for Bank Direct Marketing: An Application of the CRISP-DM Methodology. In P. Novais et al. (Eds.), Proceedings of the European Simulation and Modelling Conference - ESM'2011, pp. 117-121, Guimaraes, Portugal, October, 2011

❏ Data Exploration

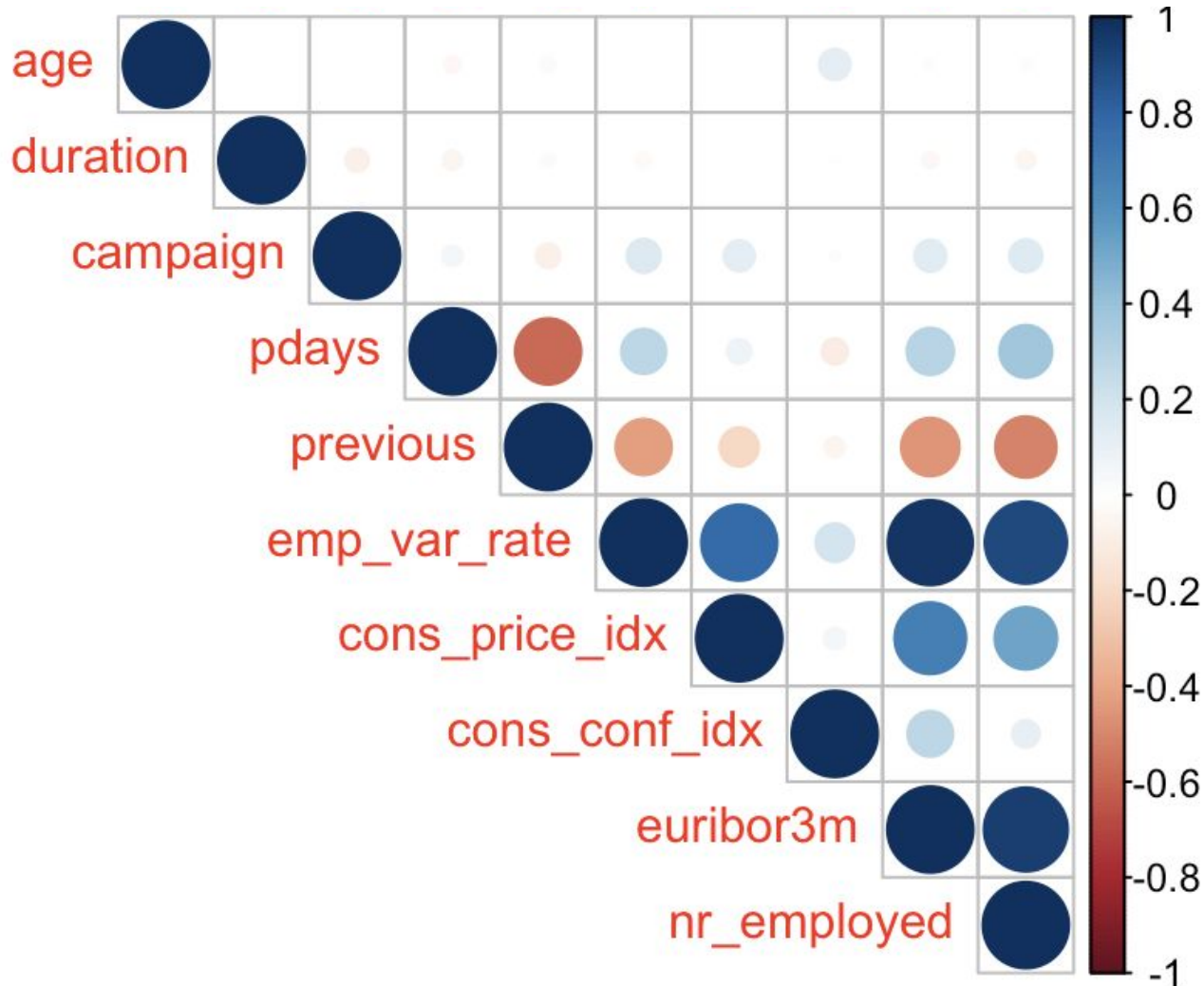
- Correlation (Categorical)



Criteria: χ^2 test

❏ Data Exploration

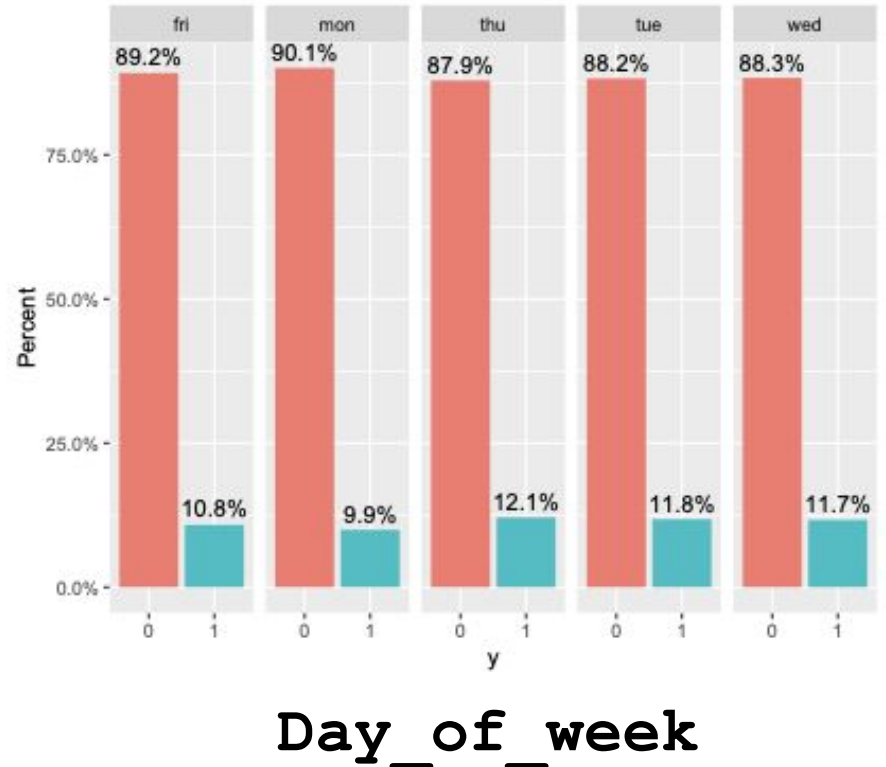
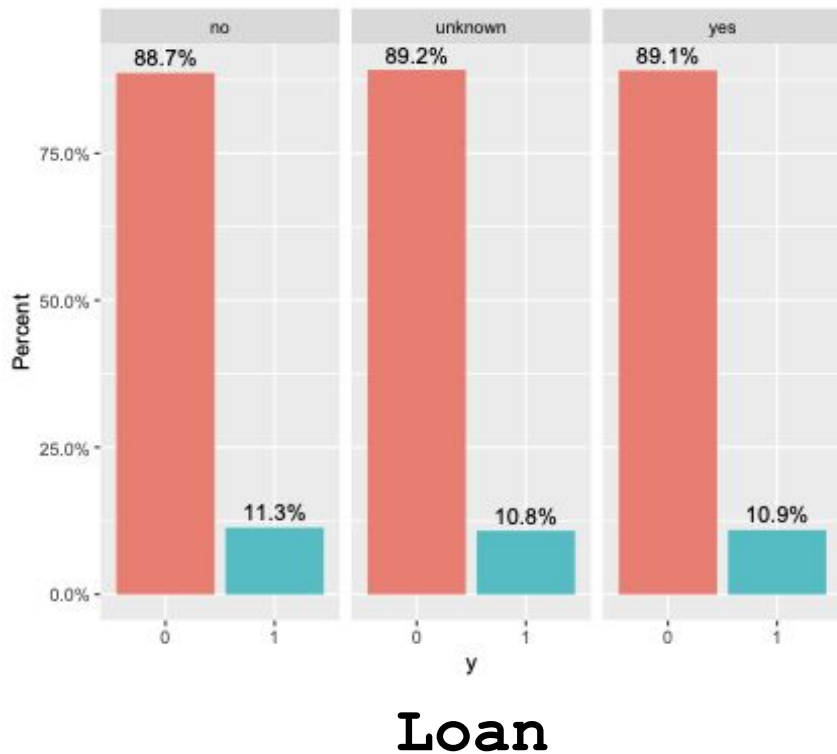
- Correlation (Continuous)



❏ Data Exploration

- Several Histograms

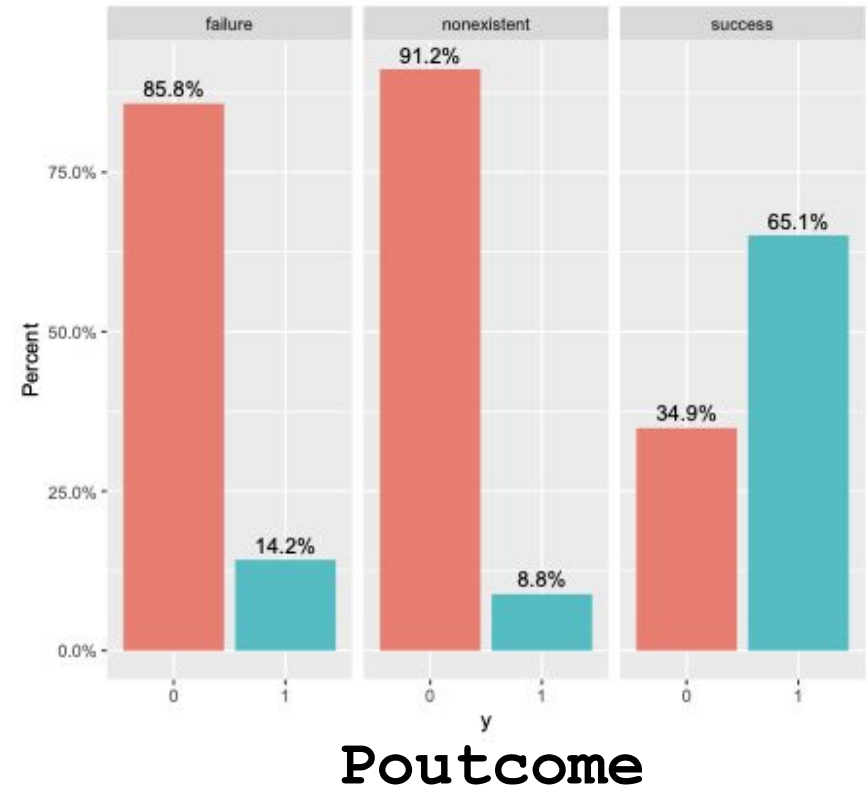
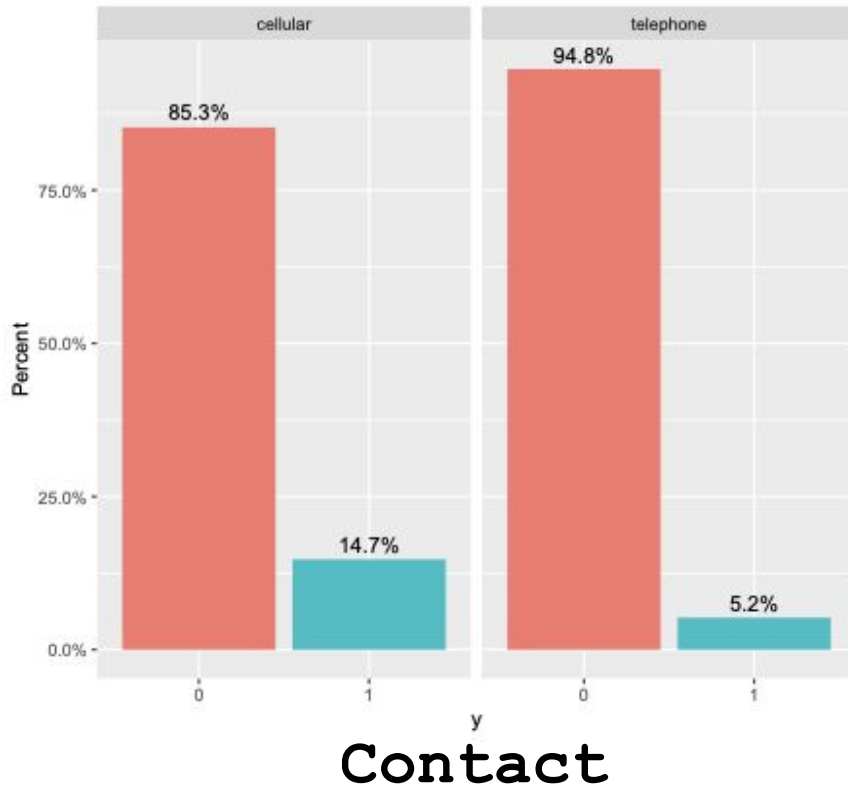
Some predictors might be insignificant.



❏ Data Exploration

- Several Histograms

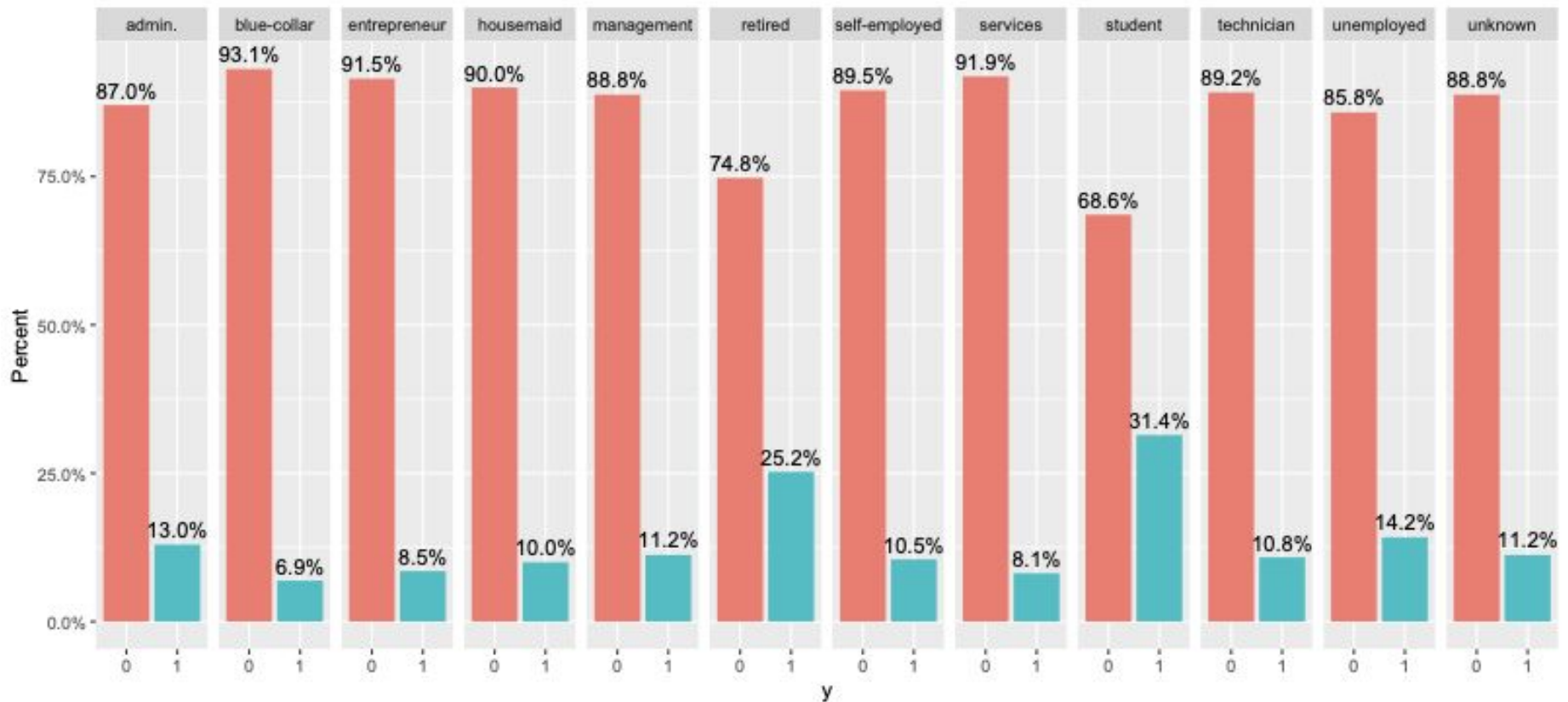
Take out your phone and call the cellualars of the previous buyers!



❏ Data Exploration

- Several Histograms

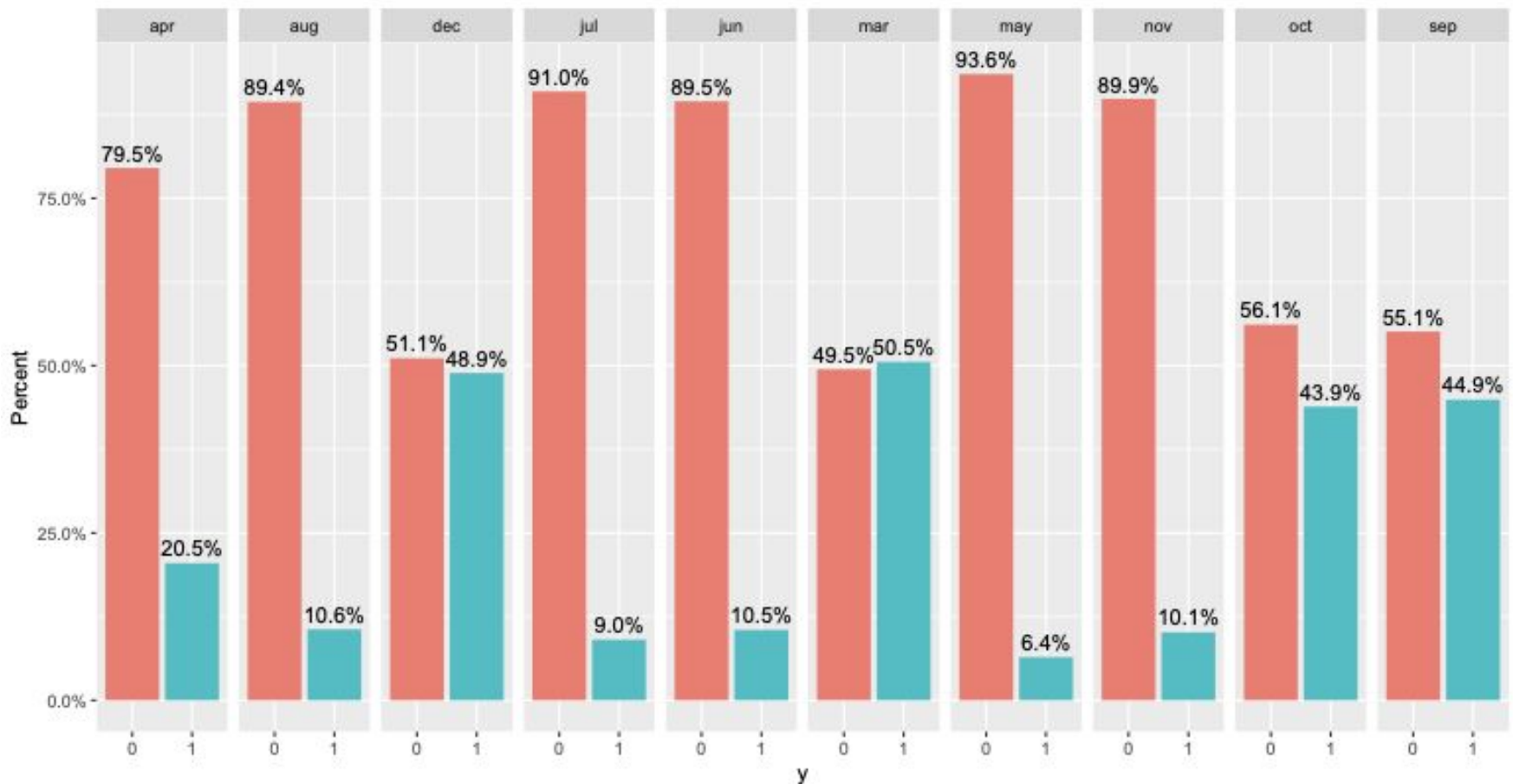
Retired and student are more likely to say ‘yes’.



❏ Data Exploration

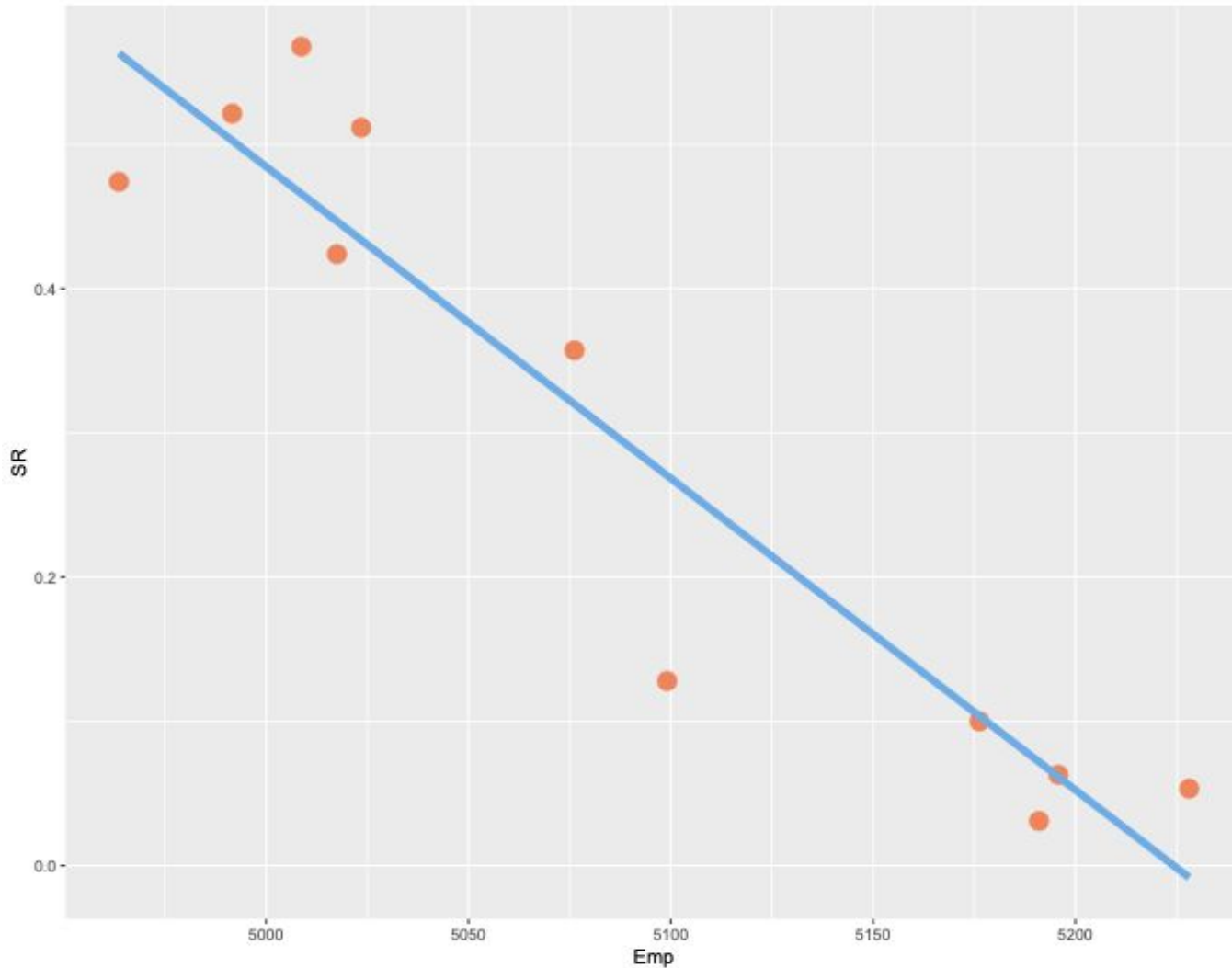
- Several Histograms

The most successful months!



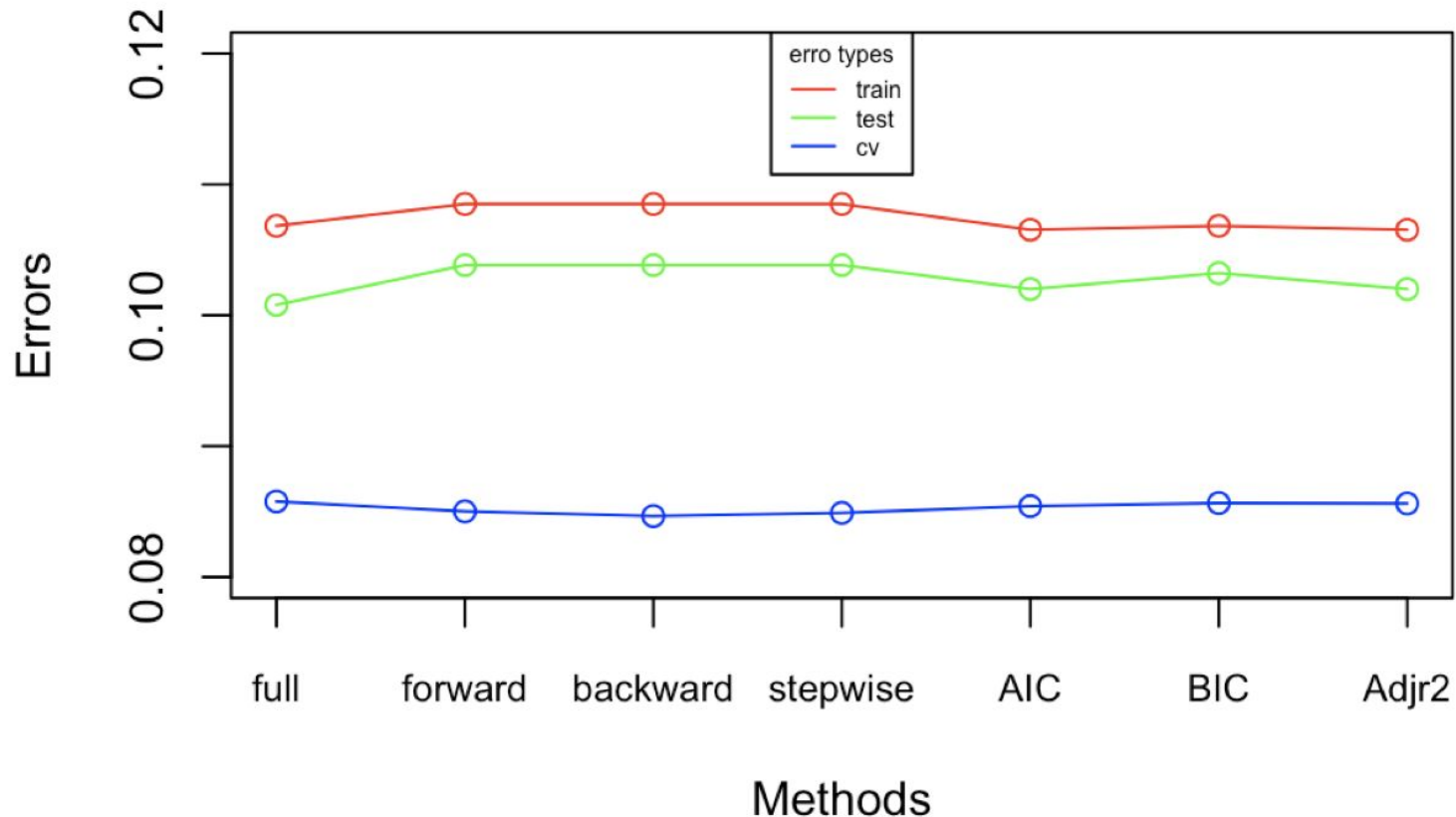
❏ Data Exploration

- Importance of Employment



❏ Classification: Logit

- **Lowest Train Error: AIC**
- **Lowest Test Error: Full**
- **Lowest CV Error: Backwards**
- **Lowest N.O. of predictors: BIC**



❏ Classification: Logit

- **Lowest class error for both train & test: AIC**

Confusion Table:

0 1 class_error

0 5721 613 0.09677929

1 89 **167** 0.34765625

0 1 class_error

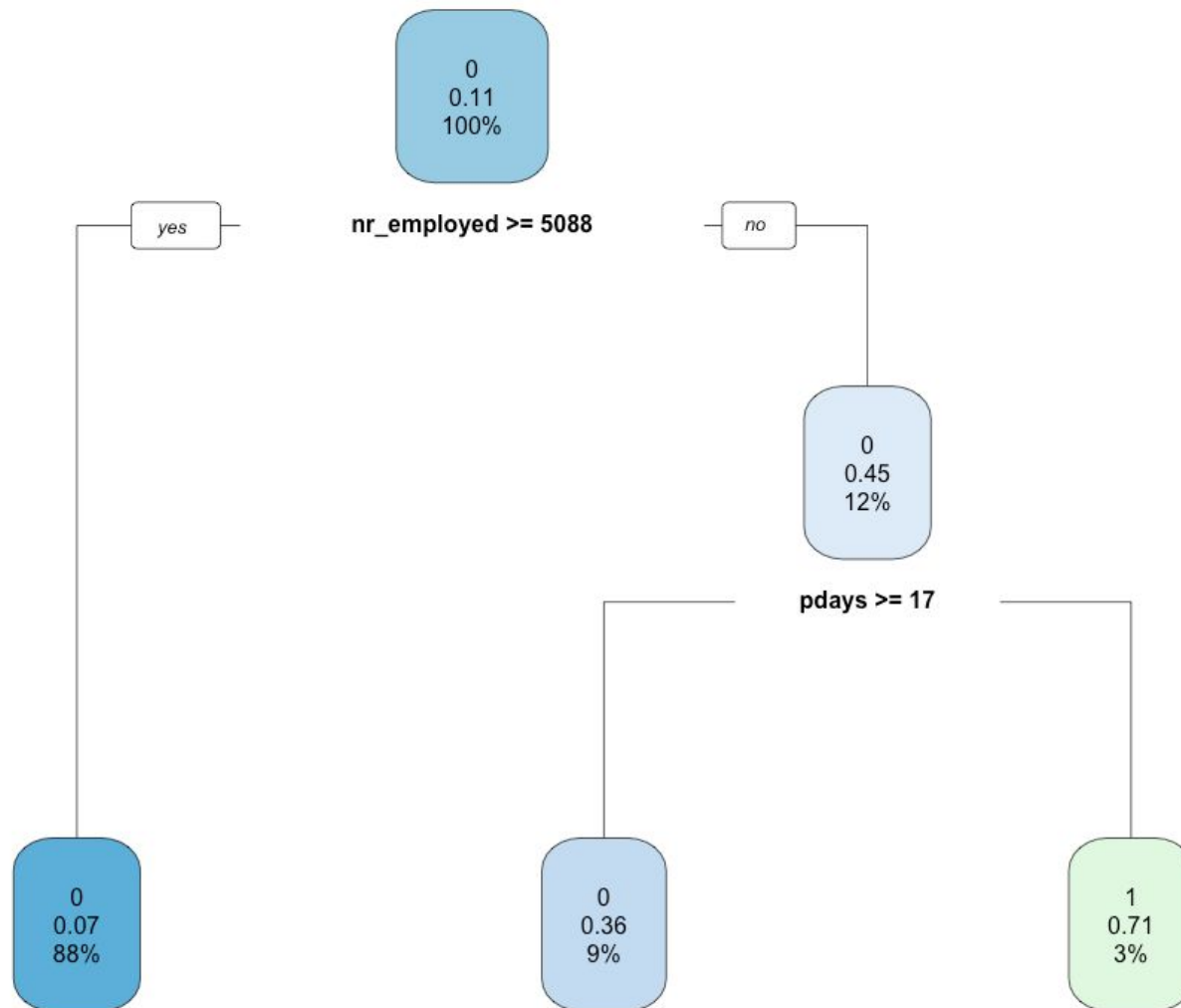
0 1434 141 0.08952381

1 27 **45** 0.37500000

Methods	Full Model	Backwards	AIC	BIC
N.O.	19	10	10	8
7	contact	contact	contact	contact
7	month	month	month	month
7	pdays	pdays	pdays	pdays
7	emp_var_rate	emp_var_rate	emp_var_rate	emp_var_rate
7	cons_price_idx	cons_price_idx	cons_price_idx	cons_price_idx
7	cons_conf_idx	cons_conf_idx	cons_conf_idx	cons_conf_idx
6	campaign	campaign	campaign	
5	poutcome	poutcome		poutcome
4	job		job	job
4	nr_employed	nr_employed		
3	education		education	
3	euribor3m		euribor3m	
2	default	default		
1	age			
1	marital			
1	housing			
1	loan			
1	day_of_week			
1	previous			

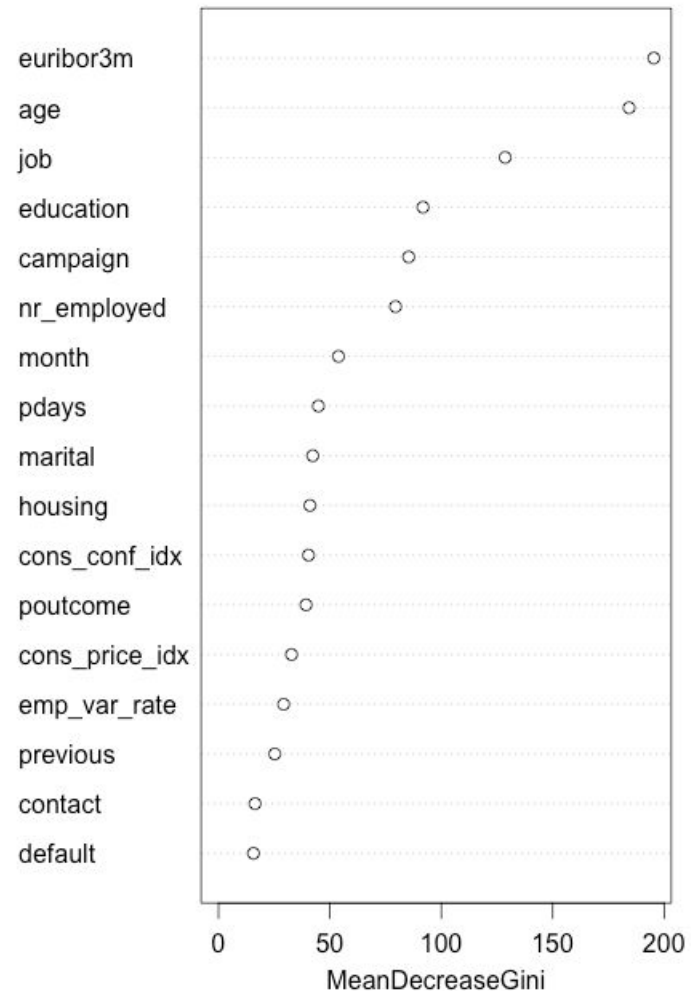
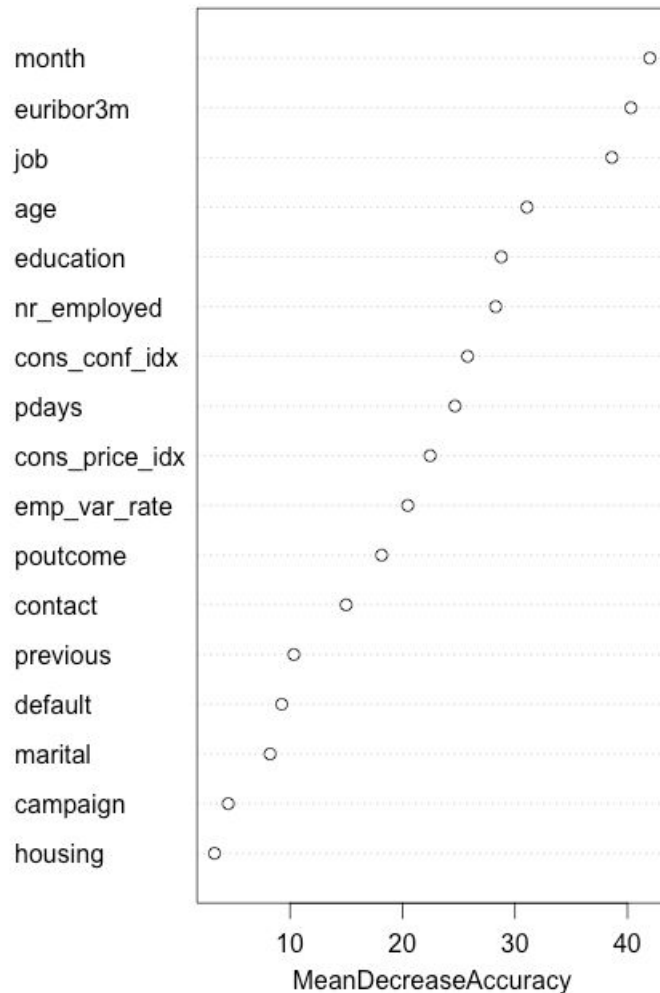
Classification: Tree

- Simple Tree Model (Pruned)



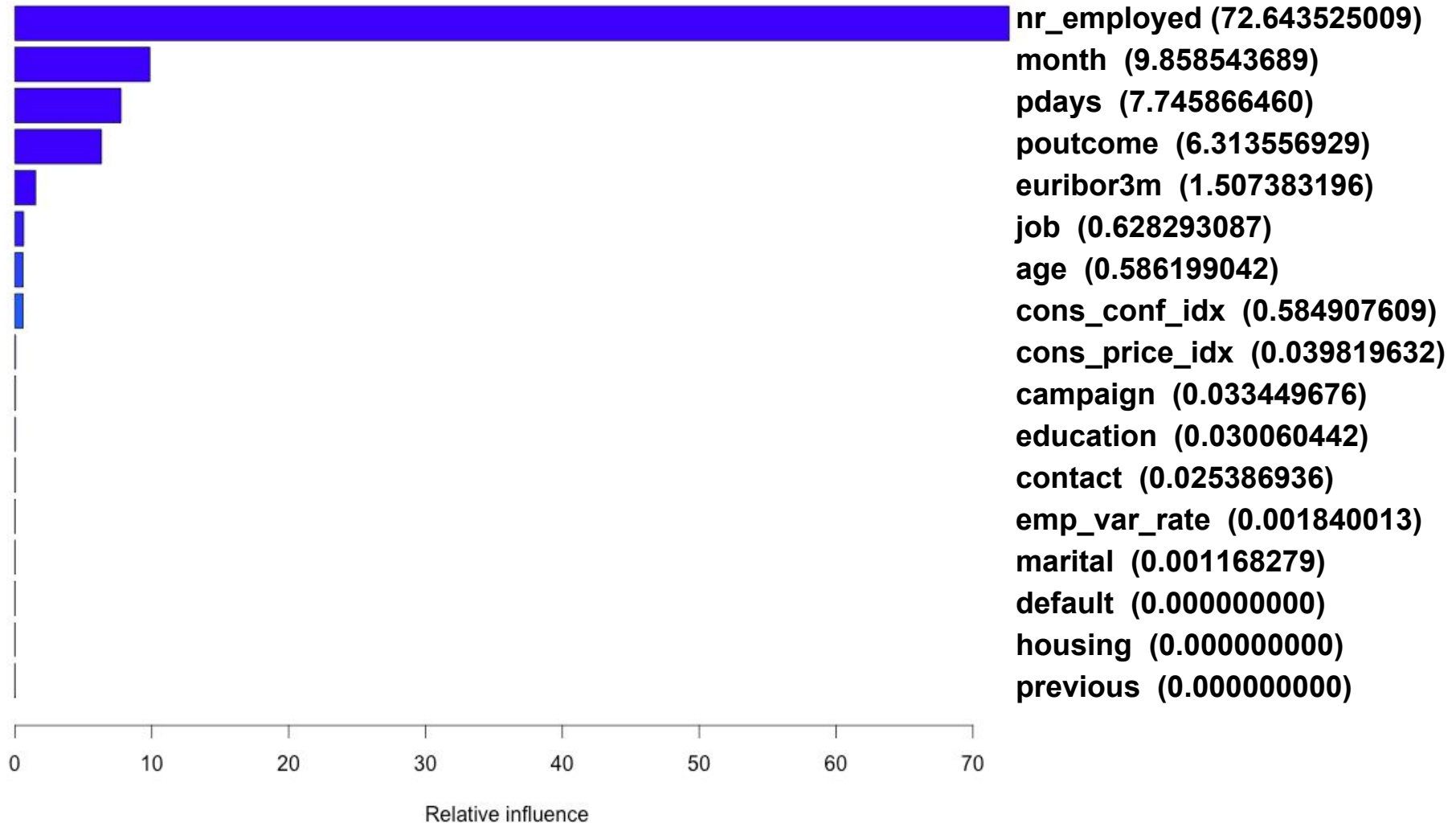
❏ Classification: Tree

- Random Forest



❏ Classification: Tree

- AdaBoost



❏ Classification: Tree

- Comparison and Some Issues

	Simple Tree	Random Forest	AdaBoost
Training	10.75%	11.45%	11.80%
Testing	10.57%	11.06%	11.30%
C.V.	10.67%	-	-

Confusion matrix:

```
0 1 class.error
0 5626 184 0.03166954
1 570 210 0.73076923
```


❏ Classification: SVM

Kernel	Parameters		Test	Class '1' Errors
	Cost	Other		
Linear	1	-	10.40%	81.65%
Polynomial	1	$d = 1$	10.40%	81.65%
Radial	1	$\gamma = 0.06$	9.82%	76.38%

- We will change our classification probability threshold to 0.09.
- Improved SVM model gives 54% class error, which is not bad to predict a rare case.

❏ Conclusion

- Conclusion

Based on train, test, CV errors:

- ❖ Logistic method: AIC is better;
- ❖ Tree method: simple tree is better;
- ❖ SVM method: radial kernel is better.

Given confusion matrix: Logistic is better

- Limitation

Imbalance class problem: where one response class outnumbered the other class.

In our case, people finally agree to buy the product is only 10%.