Homework #3: The Book of Answers - Digital Version

With this digital book of answers, the user can:

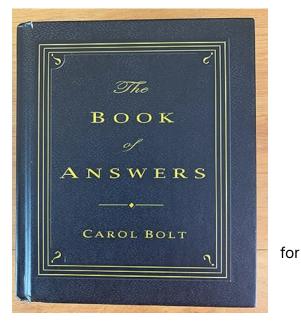
- ❖ Ask a question
- Open to a page randomly
- Receive an answer (You can specify your own answers in the book)

Example:

- The user opens the book
- The digital book of answers prompts the user to ask a question
- The user asks: "Will I change majors?"
- The digital book of answers gives one of the established answers
- The digital book of answers continues to ask the next question until the user closes the book

(picture from Amazon

https://www.amazon.com/Book-Answers-Carol-Bolt/dp/0786865660)



Instructions

In this assignment, you will be writing the *DigitalBookofAnswers* class with the following methods:

- An __init__(self, answers) method: This will initialize a new
 DigitalBookofAnswers class
 - Set the attribute **book_answer_list** to the **answers** argument. This is a list of the possible answers a user could receive from the book.
 - Set the attribute *questions_asked_list* to an empty list, this is used to store the asked questions.
 - Set the attribute **answered_list** to an empty list, this is used to store the indices of the picked answers.
- 2. A __str__(self) method:
 - Returns a string with all of the answers in book_answer_list, separated by dashes:

Follow Your Inner Voice - Stay Positive - Go For It - Believe in Yourself - Stay Open to the Future - Enjoy It

• If **book_answer_list** is empty, return an empty string like "".

- 3. A *check_get_answer(self, question*) method:
 - First, check if the question has been asked before
 - If it has, this method returns a string <u>"I've already answered this question. The answer is: <answer>" with the actual answer to that question. e.g. return "I've already answered this question. The answer is: Follow Your Inner Voice"
 </u>
 - Note: When it is a repeated question, you should not add the index of this answer to the answered_list again.
 - If the question has not been asked before, pick an answer at random from **book_answer_list** and return the answer in a string "<answer>".
 - Add the index of that answer at the end of answered_list
 - Note: You need to add the index of the answer in the book_answer_list to the answered_list here.
 - Hint: Python has a built-in module that you can use to make random numbers: random module
- 4. An *open_book(self)* method: This method controls the book use for the *DigitalBookofAnswers* object
 - If it is a new session, prompt the user to ask a question: "Turn 1 Please enter your question: "
 - If the question input is "<u>Done</u>" (case-sensitive) then print "<u>Goodbye! See you soon</u>." and stop the current loop of question-prompting.
 - Otherwise, add the question to the questions_asked_list and use the check_get_answer() method to generate an answer. The steps are below:
 - Print out the answer
 - Add the question at the end of questions_asked_list
 - Prompts the user to ask the next question. The turn number in this string should be updated: "<u>Turn <turn_number> - Please enter your</u> question:"
 - *Hint:* You can use the length of *questions_asked_list* to get what the next turn number should be
- 5. An *answer_log(self)* method: This method prints out the answers
 - Using the **answered_list** to count how many times each answer is given to unique questions.
 - - **Note:** <answer> in this list should all be lowercase.
 - The returned list should be sorted based on the number_of_times each answer is given to unique questions (starting from the most frequently given one). If several answers have the same number_of_times, the sequence does not matter.
 - *Hint:* You can use *.sort()* if you are more familiar with list
 - If there are no answers in **answered_list**, it will print "Empty" (case-sensitive) and return an empty list.

- 6. A **main()** function:
 - Create the *DigitalBookofAnswers* object and pass in a list of possible answers as *book answer list*. For example:
 - Follow Your Inner Voice
 - Stay Positive
 - o Go For It
 - o Believe in Yourself
 - Stay Open to the Future
 - Enjoy It
 - Initiate the book using the open_book() method
 - Shows the output of the **answer_log()** method in the terminal screen

Given the example possible answers, here are two sample outputs from the main method: Note: As the answers are picked randomly, your output might be different from the sample outputs.

```
Turn 1 - Please enter your question: Done Goodbye! See you soon.
Empty
[]
```

In this example,

- There are no actual questions asked, so the **answered_list** is empty, so it prints out "Empty"
- It also returns an empty list as the output of the *answer_log(self)* method.
- This output is shown in the terminal screen following the requirement in the **main()** function.

```
Turn 1 - Please enter your question: Should I have sushi now?
Follow Your Inner Voice
Turn 2 - Please enter your question: Should I have sushi now?
I've already ansered this question. The answer is: Follow Your Inner Voice
Turn 3 - Please enter your question: Should I have sushi now?
I've already ansered this question. The answer is: Follow Your Inner Voice
Turn 4 - Please enter your question: Should I go to park now?
Go For It
Turn 5 - Please enter your question: I am lost
Enjoy It
Turn 6 - Please enter your question: Should I sleep now?
Go For It
Turn 7 - Please enter your question: Done
Goodbye! See you soon.
['2 - go for it', '1 - follow your inner voice', '1 - enjoy it', '0 - stay positive',
'0 - stay open to the future', '0 - believe in yourself']
```

In this example,

- The same question (Turn 1 to Turn 3) is asked three times, so the second two
 answers included "I've already answered this question. The answer is:" and only the
 first answer turn is included in answered_list, and used when counting the
 frequency of answers used for unique questions.
- Turn 4: a new question with a new answer
- Turn 5: a new question with a new answer
- Turn 6: a new question with an answer appeared for a different question before
 (Turn 4). The index of this answer in the book_answer_list needs to be added to
 answered_list as it is responding to a new unique question.
- The user entered <u>Done</u> at Turn 7, so it prints "<u>Goodbye! See you soon.</u>"
- It then shows the frequency information for each answer in a sorted list: starting with the one that is used twice to answer unique questions (Turn 4 and Turn 6), followed by the one that is used once to answer a unique question (Turn 1), and the remaining replies.

Grading Rubric - Total of 60 Points

- 5 points: the __init__ method sets the object's book_answer_list,
 questions_asked_list, and answered_list correctly to the passed arguments, sets both
 the object's questions_asked_list and answered_list attributes to an empty list.
- 5 points: the __*str*__ method
 - 3 points When book_answer_list is not empty, return a string with all the possible answers in book_answer_list separated by dashes:
 - "Follow Your Inner Voice-Stay Positive"
 - o 2 points Otherwise, return an empty string like ""
- 5 points: the **check_get_answer** method returns <u>"I've already answered this question.</u>

 <u>The answer is: <answer>" if the question has already been asked</u>
- 5 points: the check_get_answer method adds the index of the answer to the answered_list
- 5 points: If it is a new session, the *open_book* method prompts the user to ask a question: "Turn 1 Please enter your question: "
- 5 points: the *open_book* method continually prompts the user for a question, using the prompt "<u>Turn <turn_number> Please enter your question:</u> " as long as they don't input "Done"
- 5 points: the *open_book* method adds the questions to *questions_asked_list*
- 5 points: the *open_book* method uses the **check_get_answer()** method to correctly get the answer
- 5 points: **answer_log** returns a formatted list with the information for each of the answers from **answered_list**, <answer> in this list should all be lowercase.
- 5 points: **answer_log** sorts the returned answer_log correctly
- 2 points: **answer_log** returns an empty list if there are no answers in **answered_list.**
- 2 points: **book answer list** is properly defined and used in the **main()** function
- 2 points: the *DigitalBookofAnswers* object is properly defined and used in the *main()* function
- 2 points: the **open_book** method is used correctly in the **main()** function
- 2 points: the **answer_log** method is used and displayed correctly in the **main()** function

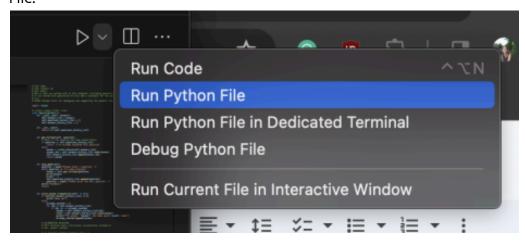
Extra Credit: 6 points

Create a **my_test()** function that creates a DigitalBookofAnswers object and tests each of the possible outcomes.

- 1 point: Correct output from *answer_log* when no questions have been asked.
- 2 points: Correct behavior from *answer_log* when *answers_list* is ['Stay Positive', 'Go For It', 'Enjoy It'] and *answered_list* (store the indices of the picked answers) is [2, 1, 2]
 - Hint: you can modify the value of attributes on a class that's already been created. For example, if your *DigitalBookofAnswers* object is called, you can make *answered_list* equal to an empty list by setting *DigitalBookofAnswers*.answered_list = □
- 1 point: Correct prompt from *open_book* to ask the first question "<u>Turn 1</u>-Please enter your question: "
- 1 point: Correct output from *check_get_answer* when the same question is asked twice.

Running Your Code:

If you are having trouble running your code / interacting with the program in VSCode, click the arrow in the top right corner of your VSCode window. Then, hit "Run Python File."



Submission instructions:

Follow the instructions on Canvas to submit your git repo link by the due date and time.