

CSCD 210
Lab 3

SPECIFICATIONS

1. The program will compute and display information for a utility company which supplies water to its customers. For a specified customer, the program will compute and display the amount of money which the customer will be billed for water usage during the current billing period.
2. The program will prompt the user to enter three values (in the following order):
 - a. The customer's beginning meter reading (a positive integer value)
 - b. The customer's ending meter reading (a positive integer value)
 - c. The customer's code (a character)

It will then process that customer information and display the results.

3. The program will compute the gallons of water used by the customer during the current billing period.

The meter is read by a representative of the utility company at the start and at the end of the billing period, and the readings are taken from a meter which has nine digits and records tenths of a gallon.

4. The program will compute the amount of money that the customer will be billed, based on the customer's code and water usage, using the following information. NOTE: you must handle both lower and uppercase letters for the code.

Code 'r' (residential):

- \$15.00 base fee plus \$0.0005 per gallon used

Code 'c' (commercial):

- \$1000.00 base fee plus \$0.00002 for each gallon used

Code 'i' (industrial):

- \$1000.00 base fee if usage does not exceed 4 million gallons plus \$0.00002 for each gallon used;
- \$2000.00 base fee if usage exceeds 4 million gallons but does not exceed 10 million gallons plus \$0.00001 for each gallon used;
- \$2500.00 base fee plus \$0.0025 for each additional gallon if usage exceeds 10 million gallons.

5. For each customer, the program will display a summary with the following information:
 - a. The customer's code
 - b. The customer's beginning meter reading
 - c. The customer's ending meter reading
 - d. The gallons of water used by the customer
 - e. The amount of money billed to the customer

All output will be appropriately labeled and formatted.

NOTES

1. As stated above, the meter's dial has nine digits and records tenths of a gallon. For example, assuming that the beginning reading was 444400003 and the ending reading was 444400135, then the customer used 13.2 gallons of water during the billing period.
2. Since the meter's dial only has nine digits, the reading at the end of the billing period may be less than the reading at the beginning of the billing period. For example, assuming that the beginning reading was 999999997 and the ending reading was 000000005, then the customer used 0.8 gallons of water during the billing period.
3. The amount of money billed to a customer should be displayed as a monetary value. That is, it should be displayed with a dollar sign and two fractional digits (for example, \$125.00 or \$43.87). You must use Decimal Format for this.
4. I have provided variable declarations. You must use my variables for input. You can declare additional variables as needed. You can't change my code in any fashion other than to add an import statement(s).
5. Provide at least 9 runs of your program – ensure you are testing all cases including edge cases

TO TURN IN:

A zip file that contains Lab3

- The package code and the java file
- An output file named cscd210lab3out.txt with all of your sample runs

Name the zip file your last name first letter of your first name lab3.zip (Example: steinerslab3.zip)