RAW/DetNet muti-domain use cases and solution consideration

draft-bernardos-detnet-raw-multidomain-00

IETF 118 – QoS & TE side meeting

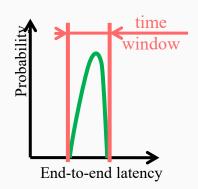
Carlos J. Bernardos

November 2023

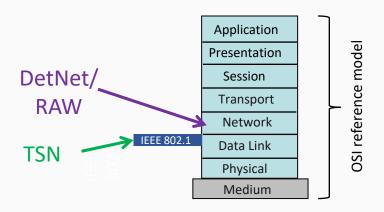


DETERMINISTIC COMMUNICATIONS

- The Right Packet at The Right Time
 - Deterministic data packet delivery
 - Packet delivery within a time window without loss or delay due to congestion or errors



- IEEE 802.1 Time-Sensitive Networking (TSN) at Layer 2 (bridging)
- IETF Deterministic Networking (DetNet) at Layer 3 (IP/MPLS routing)



IETF DetNet WG

The Deterministic Networking (DetNet) Working Group focuses on deterministic data paths that operate over Layer 2 bridged and Layer 3 routed segments, where such paths can provide bounds on latency, loss, and packet delay variation (jitter), and high reliability. The Working Group addresses Layer 3 aspects in support of applications requiring deterministic networking. The Working Group collaborates with IEEE802.1 Time-Sensitive Networking (TSN), which is responsible for Layer 2 operations, to define a **common architecture for both** Layer 2 and Layer 3. Example applications for deterministic networks include professional and home audio/video, multimedia in transportation, engine control systems, and other general industrial and vehicular applications being considered by the IEEE 802.1 TSN Task Group.

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<u>https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/detnet/about</u>

IETF Reliable and Available Wireless (RAW) WG

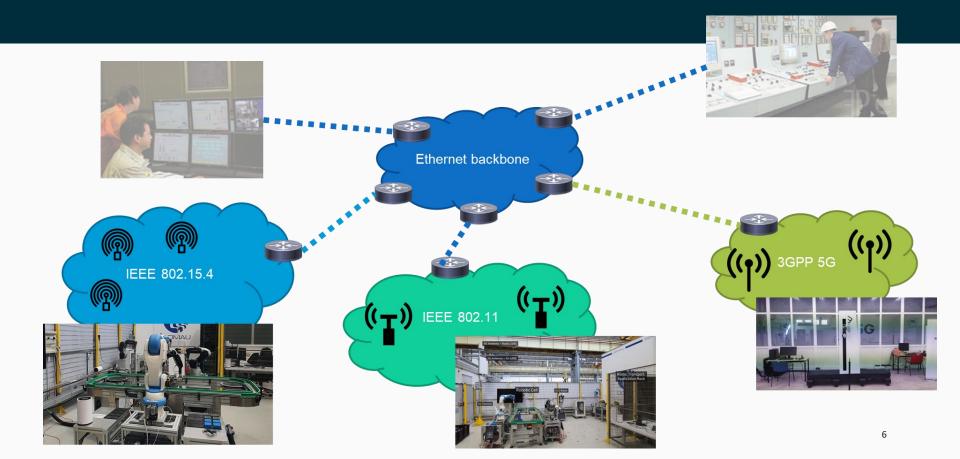
- Dedicated WG established to extend the DetNet concepts to provide high reliability and availability for an IP network utilizing scheduled wireless segments and other wireless media. ... https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/raw/about
- RAW WG has achieved key milestones
- RAW WG is being folded to DetNet WG for wider community work

- <u>RFC 9372</u> L-Band Digital Aeronautical Communications System (LDACS)
- RAW Use Cases with RFC Editor
- RAW Technologies wrapping up
- OAM Features for RAW to be finalized in DetNet WG
- RAW Architecture joint review by RAW and DetNet WGs
- <u>RAW Framework</u> to be done after the architecture

RAW use cases

- Different use cases considered in draft-ietf-raw-use-cases:
 - Aeronautical Communications
 - <u>Amusement Parks</u>
 - Wireless for Industrial Applications
 - Pro Audio and Video
 - Wireless gaming
 - Unmanned Aerial Vehicles and Vehicle-to-Vehicle platooning and control
 - Edge Robotics control
 - Instrumented emergency medical vehicles

Wireless for Industrial Applications



Wireless for Industrial Applications: Specifics

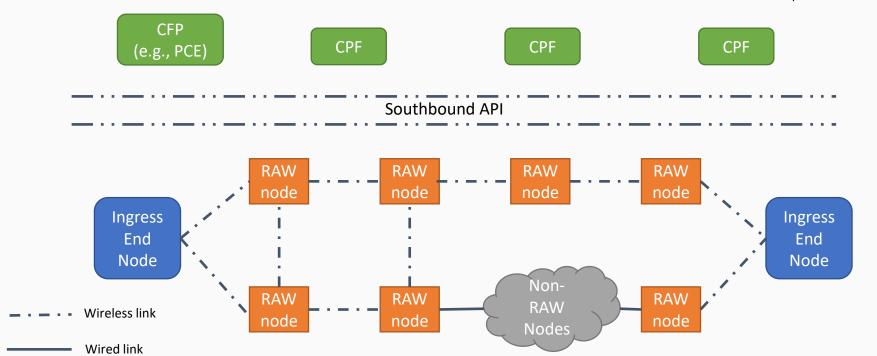
- Heterogeneous technologies
- Multiple simultaneous links
- Variable link conditions (even with low mobility)
- Different needs/traffic types, e.g.:
 - Control loops: reliability is key
 - Monitoring and diagnostics: should not be mixed with previous

Wireless for Industrial Applications: Requirements for RAW

- Solutions should support heterogeneous traffic
 - Capable of transporting both regular (multiplexed) flows and flows requiring predictable behavior
- Solutions should be able to work over multiple wireless access technologies
 - E.g., segment such as Time Slotted Channel Hopping (TSCH) [IEEE 802.15.4] and a backbone segment such as Ethernet

RAW architecture: conceptual model

CFP: Control Plane Function
PCE: Path Computation Eleme

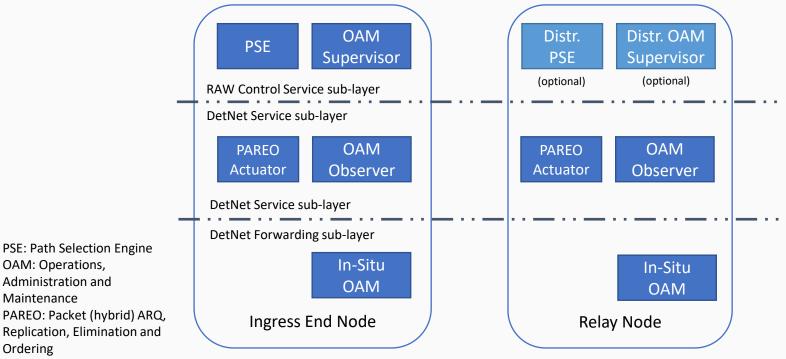


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RAW architecture: RAW and DetNet

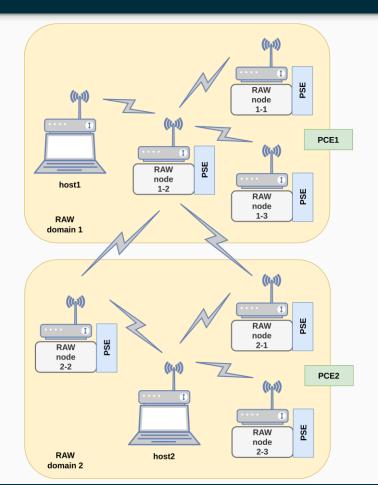
Maintenance

Ordering



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Exemplary scenario and gaps



- Two domains, each one with its own PCE
- Domains might be interconnected via multiple paths
- Multiple gaps:
 - PSE of one domain can not act on the other domains (e.g., no multi-domain OAM solutions yet)
 - Running uncoordinatedly RAW solutions in each domain is not an effective solution
 - PSEs need to have global E2E
 information as well as be capable of running multi-domain OAM
 mechanism

Some proposed extensions (example/initial work)

```
+----+
RAW |P|
                                                    | RAW |P|
Inode ISI
                           IPCE2 |
                                       Inode ISI
                                                    Inode ISI
| 1-2 |E|
                                      | 2-1 |E|
                                                    1 2-2 |E|
+----+-+
                           +---+
1. Path compute reg!
(src=node1-2,
 dst=node2-3, SLA) |
      1 . . . . . . . . . . . > 1
                 |2.Path compute req
                 | (src={node2-1, node2-2},
                 | dst=node2-3)
                 |3.Path compute resp
                 |({tracks2},{links quality})|
4. Path compute resp
({{tracks1},{tracks2}},
PSE={node2-1, node2-2},
 {SLA1,SLA2})
      1<....
      |5.RAW inter-domain path
      | ({{tracks1,tracks2}},{SLA1,SLA2})
                       6.RAW inter-domain path ACK
      |7.RAW OAM(flow/track,SLA1)
                                 7.RAW OAM(flow/track, SLA1) |
 < · · · > | < · · · >
                                        <..>|<..>
                8.RAW OAM (flow/track, metrics)
```



Summary and next steps

- Work presented in the DetNet
 - Previously presented in the RAW WG, with good feedback, but it was early to look on extensions

Please share your comments on the ML!



Acknowledgements

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