Receptive field MuReNN_AP

Definition of the problem

The structure of Murenn_AP:

$$x \xrightarrow{wt} A \xrightarrow{conv1d} B \xrightarrow{iwt} y \tag{1}$$

With:

- x: the input 1d signal
- wt: wavelet transform
- conv1d: random filters with i.i.d. gaussian distributed weights
- iwt: inverse wavelet transform

Assume all the operations are continuous. Denote the input signal at time t as x_t , the center point of the output signal as y_0 , our goal is to calculate the gradient $\frac{\partial y_0}{\partial x_t}$, $\forall t$.

Key points to note:

- 1. Since the conv1d filters are random, the result is a random vector.
- 2. The system is linear, so the result is independent of the values of $\{x_t\}$.

Conclusion

Splitting the system into three operations

1.
$$x \stackrel{wt}{\longrightarrow} A$$
:

$$A_{su} = a(u,s) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) \overline{\psi_s}(t-u) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial a(u,s)}{\partial x(t)} = \overline{\psi_s}(t-u)$$
(2)

2.
$$A \stackrel{conv1d}{\longrightarrow} B$$
:

$$B_{su'} = b(u', s) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} a(u, s) \omega_s(u' - u) du$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial b(u', s)}{\partial a(u, s)} = \omega_s(u' - u)$$
(3)

3.
$$B \xrightarrow{iwt} y$$
:

$$y(u'') = \frac{1}{C_{\psi}} \int_{0}^{s_0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} b(u', s) \psi_s(u'' - u') du' \frac{ds}{s^2}$$

$$y(0) = \frac{1}{C_{\psi}} \int_{0}^{s_0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} b(u', s) \psi_s(0 - u') du' \frac{ds}{s^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial y(0)}{\partial b(u', s)} = \frac{\psi_s(-u')}{s^2}$$

$$(4)$$

According to the chain rule,

$$\frac{\partial y_0}{\partial x_t} = \frac{1}{C_{\psi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{0}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{s^2} \psi_s(-u') \omega_s(u'-u) \overline{\psi_s}(t-u) du du' ds \tag{5}$$

By changing the variable: $au=u-u'\Rightarrow d au=du, t-u=t- au-u'$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial y_0}{\partial x_t} = \frac{1}{C_{\psi}} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{1}{s^2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi_s(-u') \overline{\psi_s}(t - \tau - u') \omega_s(-\tau) du' d\tau ds \tag{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{C_{\psi}} \int_{0}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{s^{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi_{s}(-u') \psi_{s}^{*}(u' + \tau - t) \omega_{s}(-\tau) du' d\tau ds \tag{7}$$

$$=\frac{1}{C_{\psi}}\int_{0}^{+\infty}\frac{1}{s^{2}}\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty}(\psi_{s}*\psi_{s}^{*}(\tau-t))\omega_{s}(-\tau)d\tau ds\tag{8}$$

$$=\frac{1}{C_{\psi}}\int_{0}^{+\infty}\frac{1}{s^{2}}\psi_{s}*\psi_{s}^{*}*\omega_{s}(t)ds\tag{9}$$