



# I Know What Your Packet Did Last Hop: Using Packet Histories to Troubleshoot Networks

Nikhil Handigol

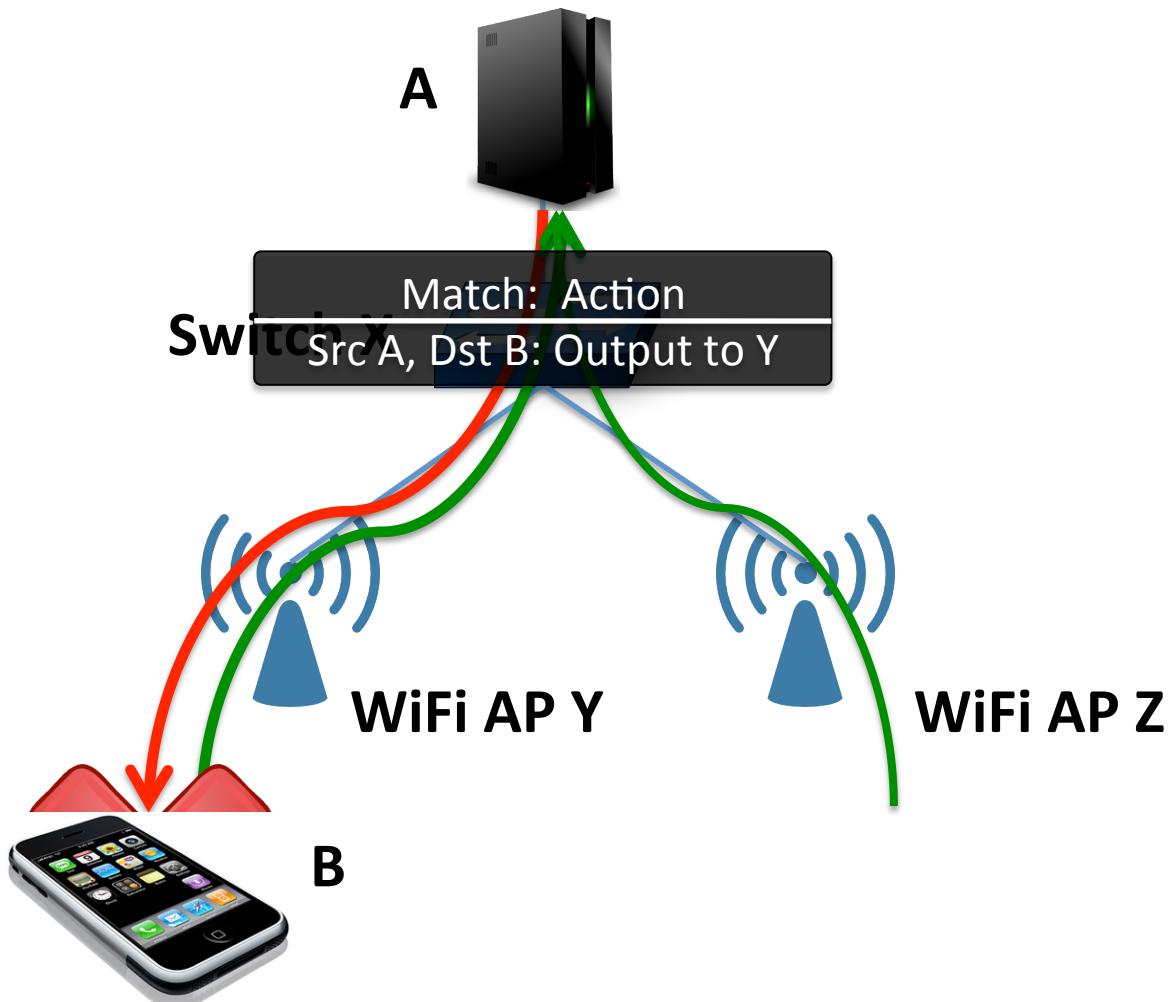
With

Brandon Heller, Vimal Jeyakumar, David Mazières, Nick McKeown

NSDI 2014, Seattle, WA

April 2, 2014

# Bug Story: Incomplete Handover



# Network Outages

## make news headlines

Jul 27, 2012 - 2:32P

Micro  
on ne



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On April 26, 2010, NetSuite suffered a service outage that rendered its cloud-based applications inaccessible to customers worldwide for **30 minutes**... NetSuite blamed a **network issue** for the downtime.

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to be a network-related

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Hosting.com's New Jersey data center was taken down on June 1, 2010, igniting a cloud **outage and connectivity loss for nearly two hours**... Hosting.com said the connectivity loss was due to a **software bug in a Cisco switch** that caused the switch to fail.

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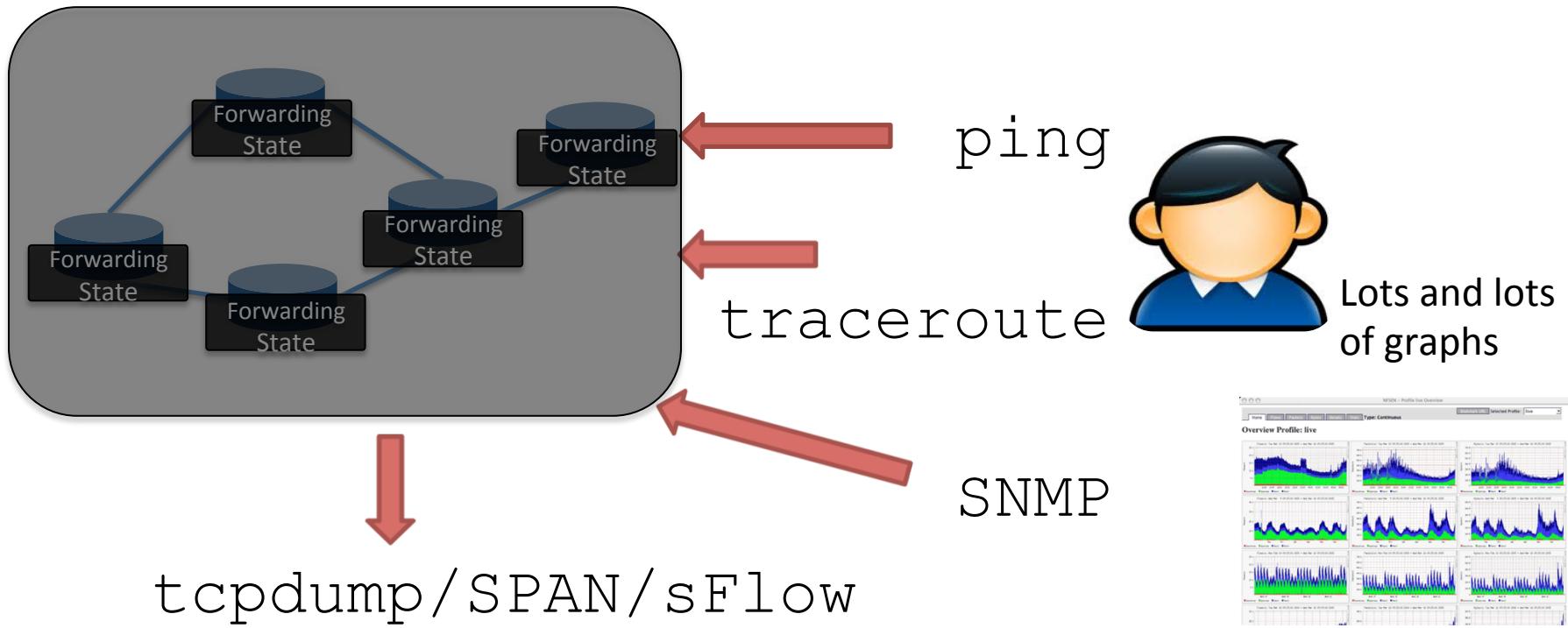
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The Planet was rocked by a pair of network outages that knocked it **off line for about 90 minutes** on May 2, 2010. The outages caused disruptions for **another 90 minutes** the following morning.... Investigation found that the outage was **caused by a fault in a router** in one of the company's data centers.

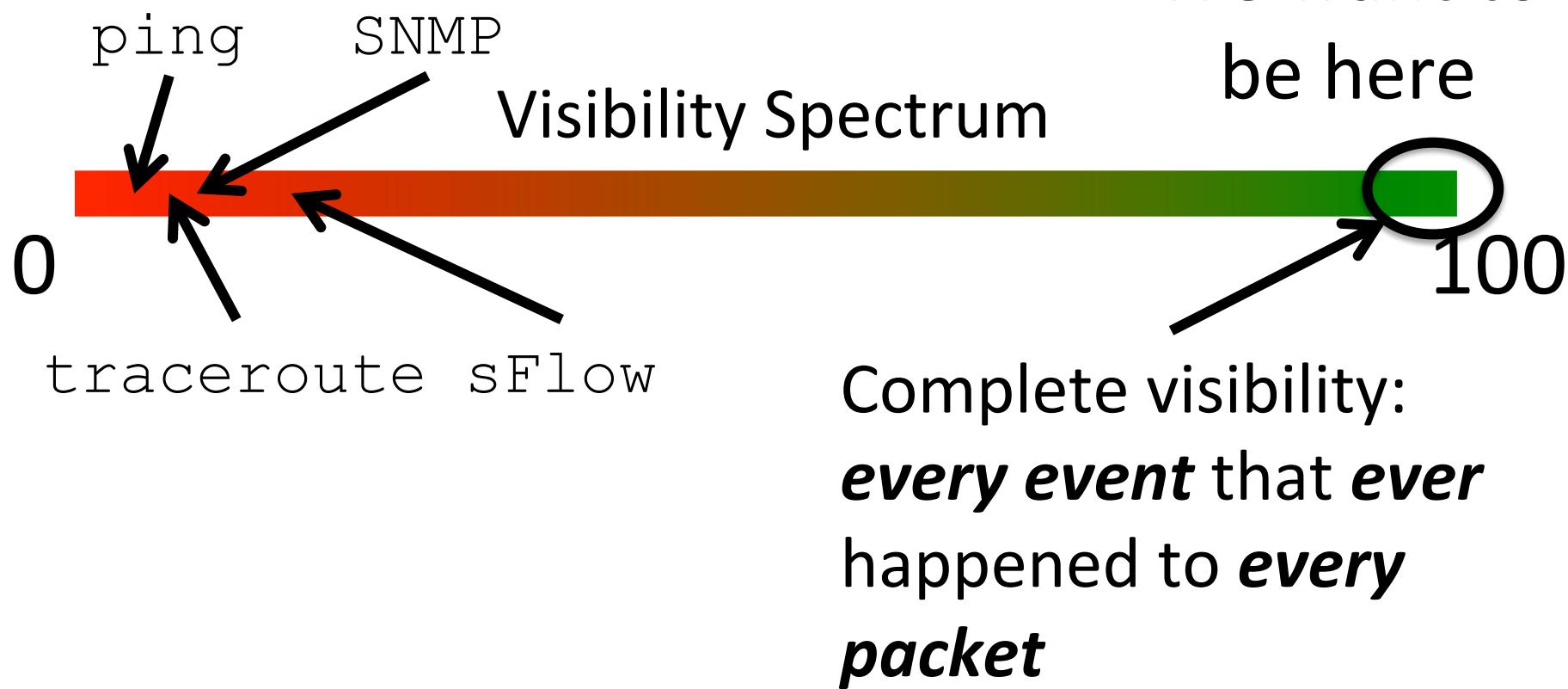
# Troubleshooting Networks is Hard Today



- Tedious and ad hoc
- Requires skill and experience
- Not guaranteed to provide helpful answers

(source: NANOG Survey in “Automatic Test Packet Generation”, Hongyi Zeng, et. al.)

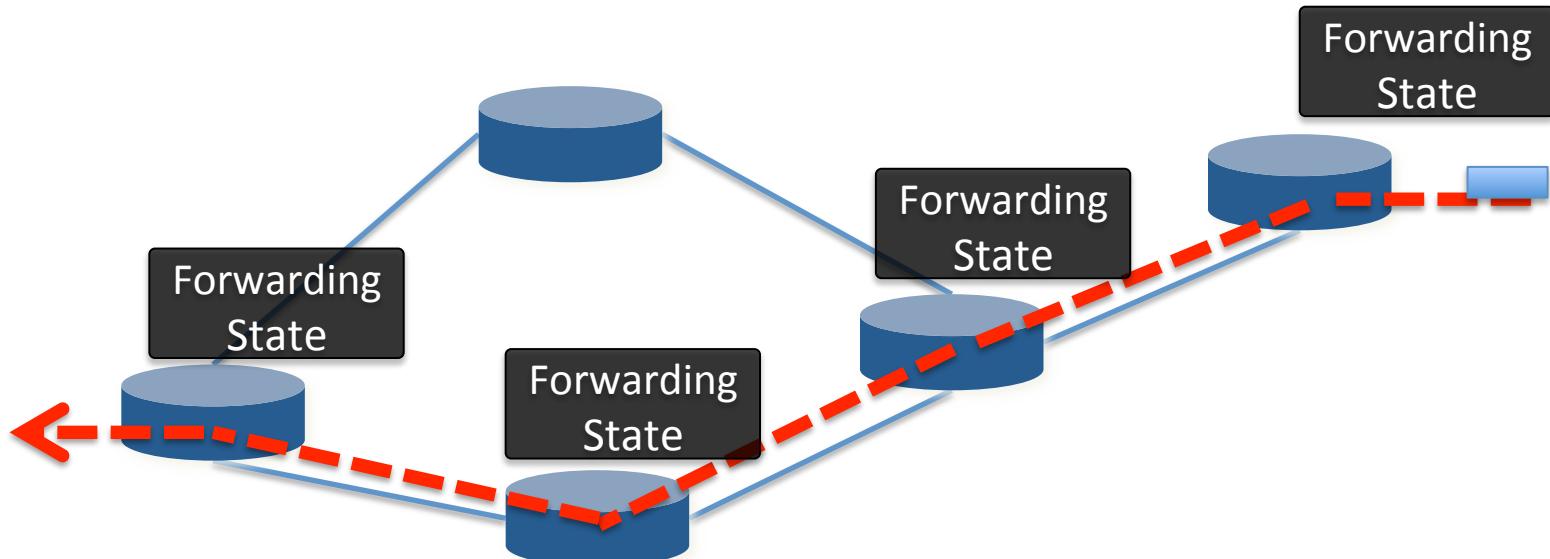
# We want complete network visibility



# Talk Outline

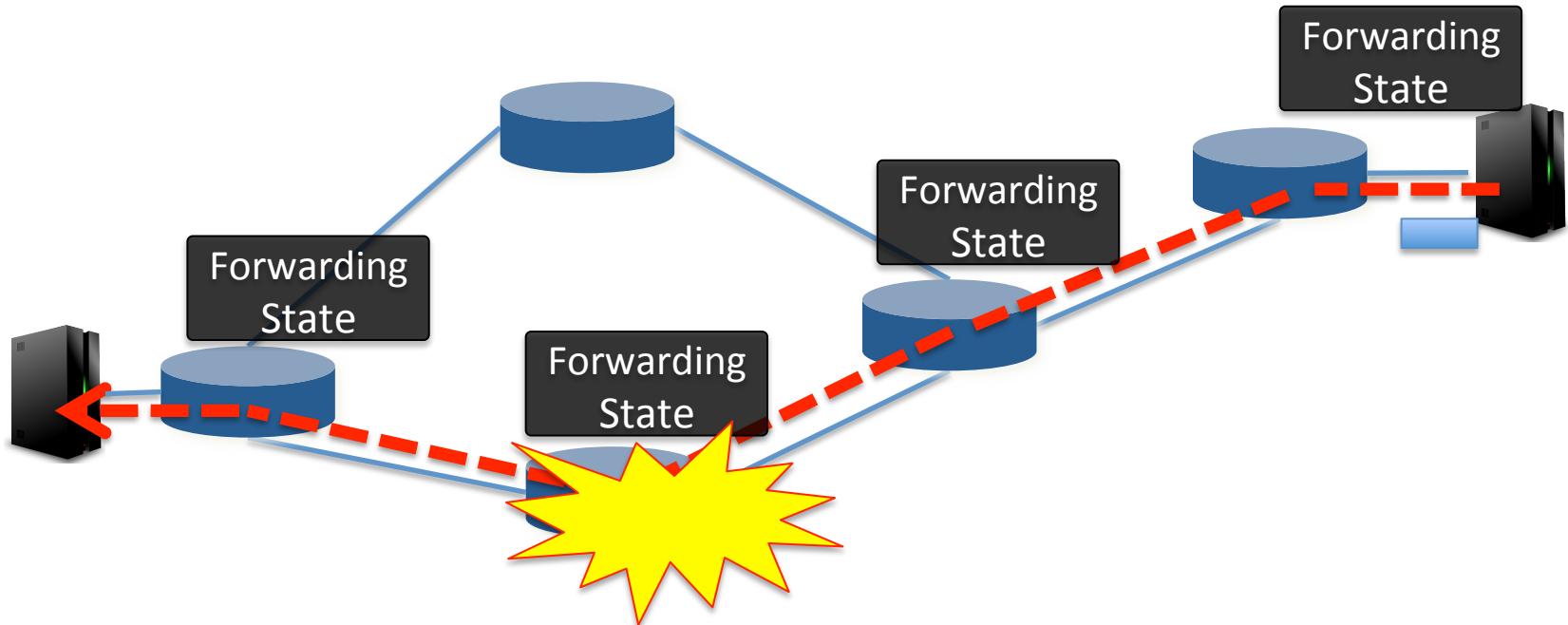
1. How to achieve complete network visibility
  - An abstraction: Packet History
  - A platform: NetSight
2. Why achieving complete visibility is feasible
  - Data compression
  - MapReduce-style scale-out design

# Packet History



Packet history = Path taken by a packet  
+ Header modifications  
+ Switch state encountered

# Our Troubleshooting Workflow

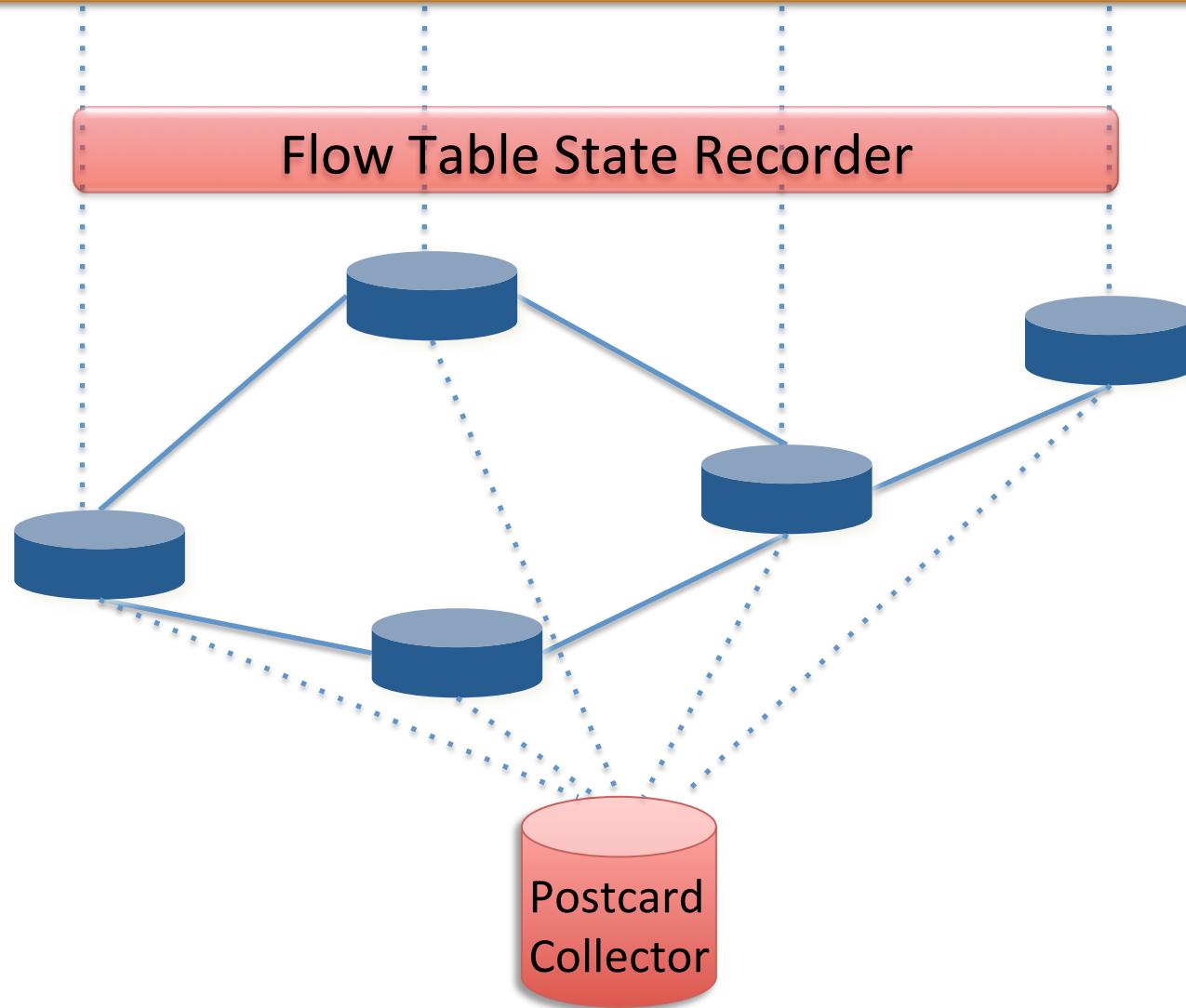


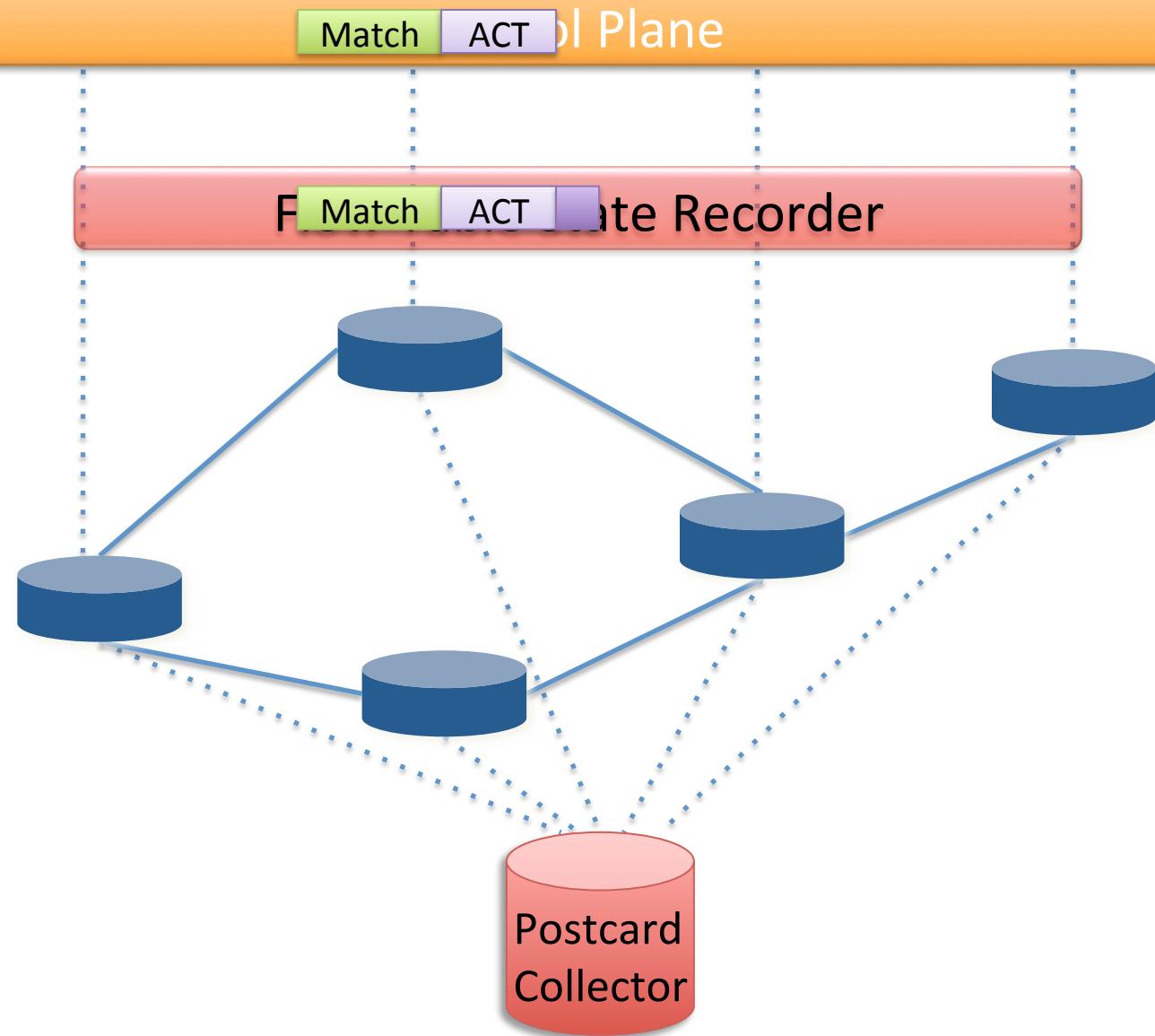
1. Record and store all packet histories
2. Query and use packet histories of errant packets

# NetSight

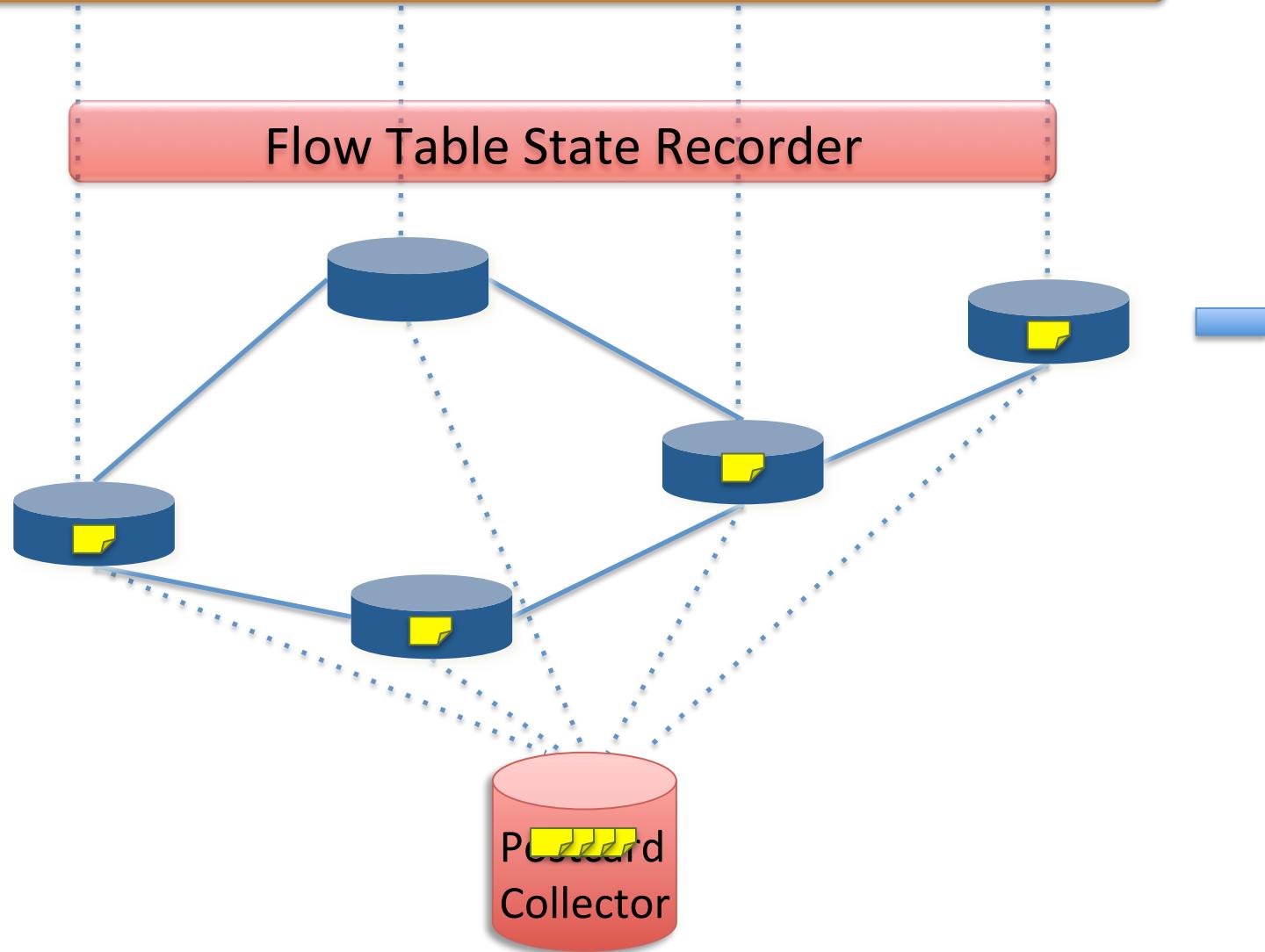
A platform to capture and filter  
packet histories of interest

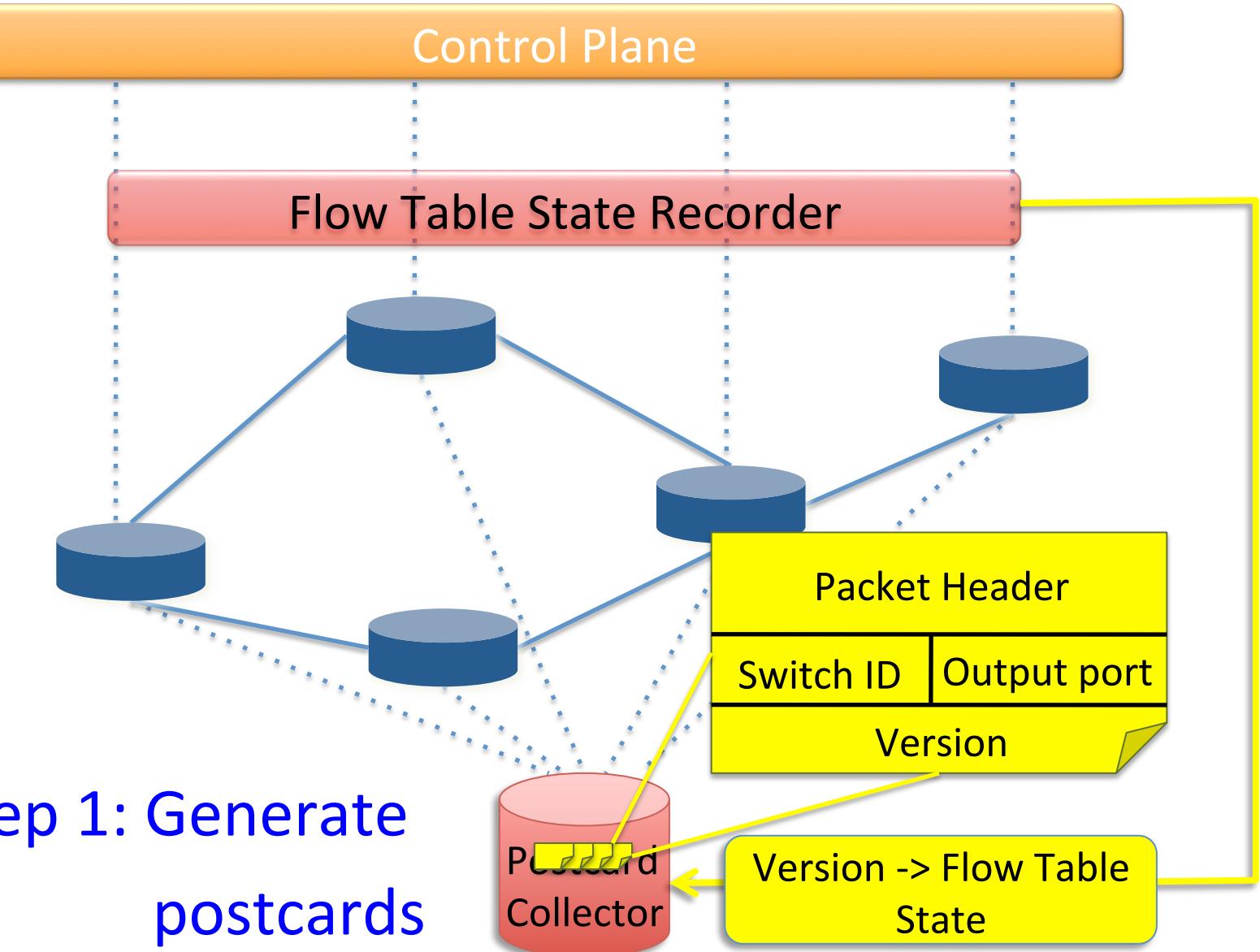
## Control Plane





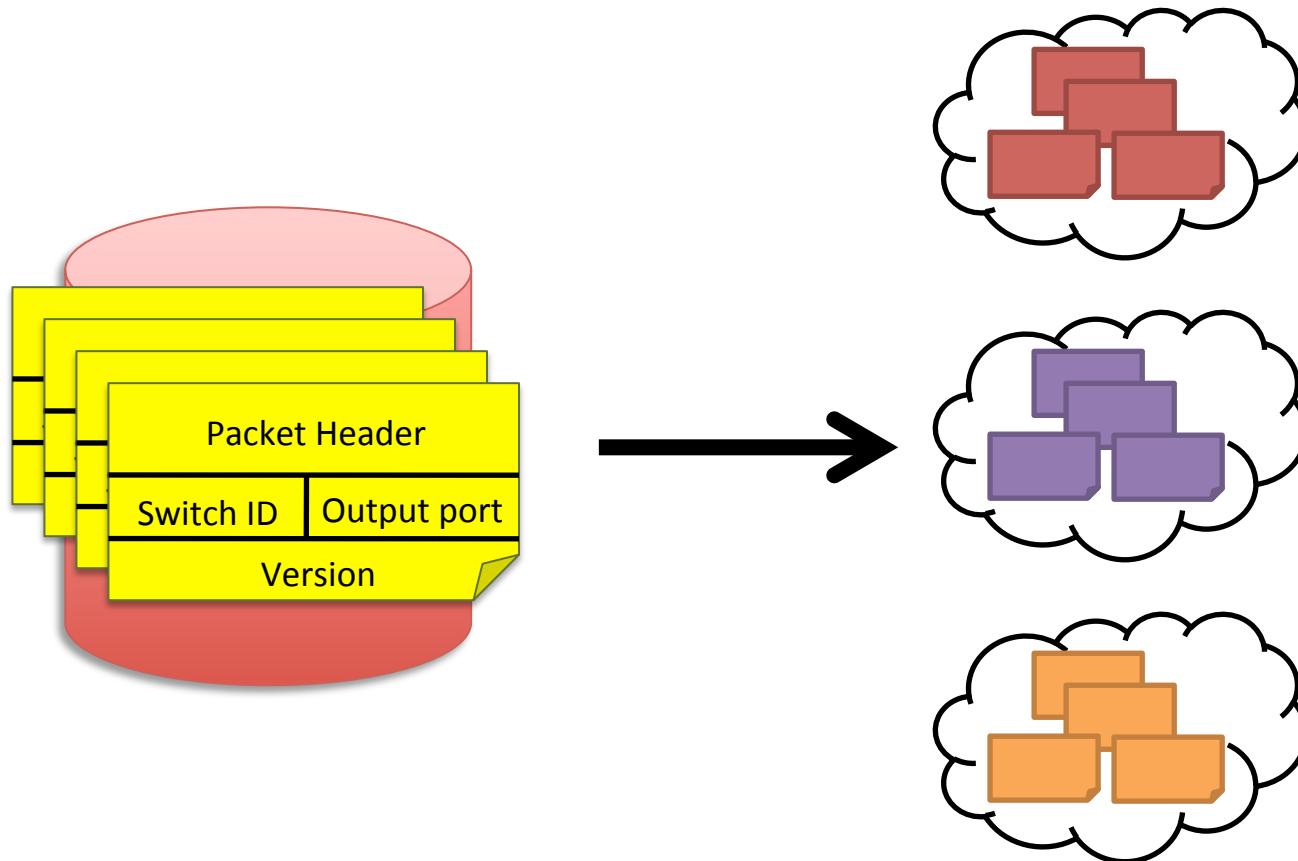
## Control Plane





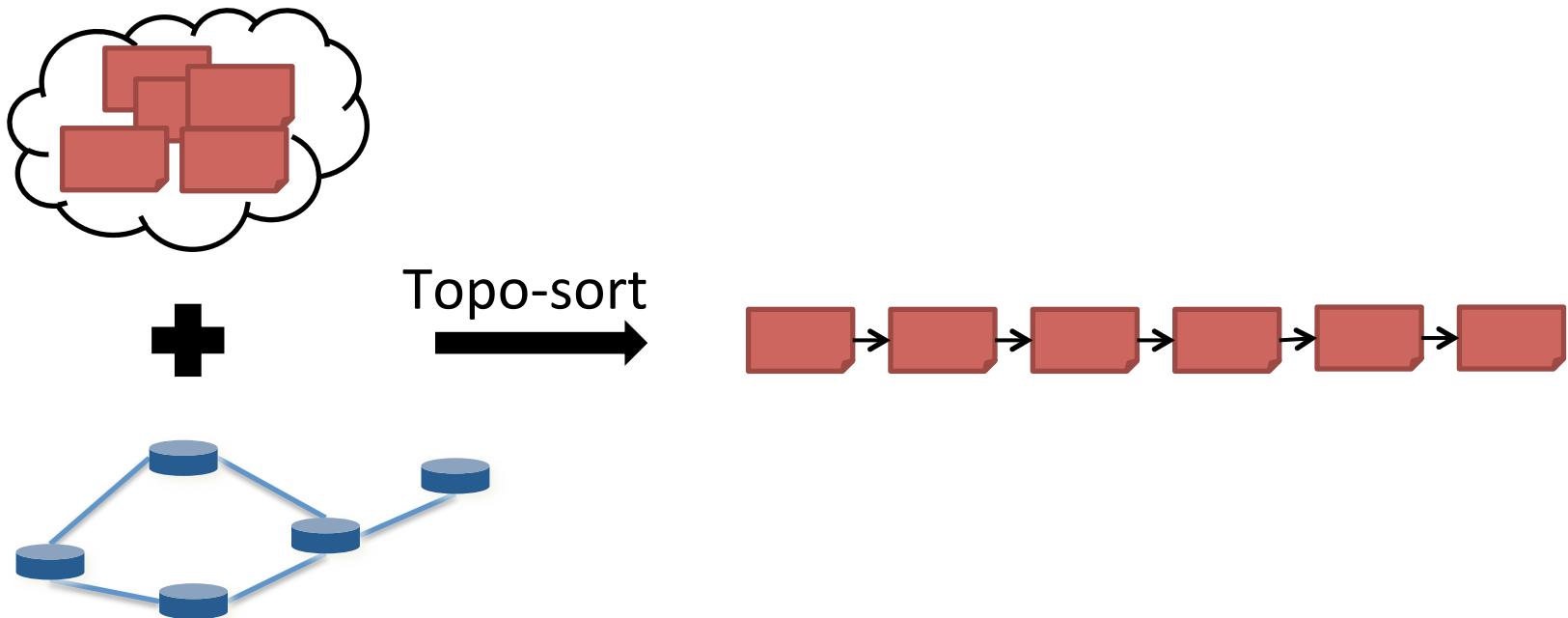
# Reconstructing Packet Histories

Step 2: Group postcards by generating packet

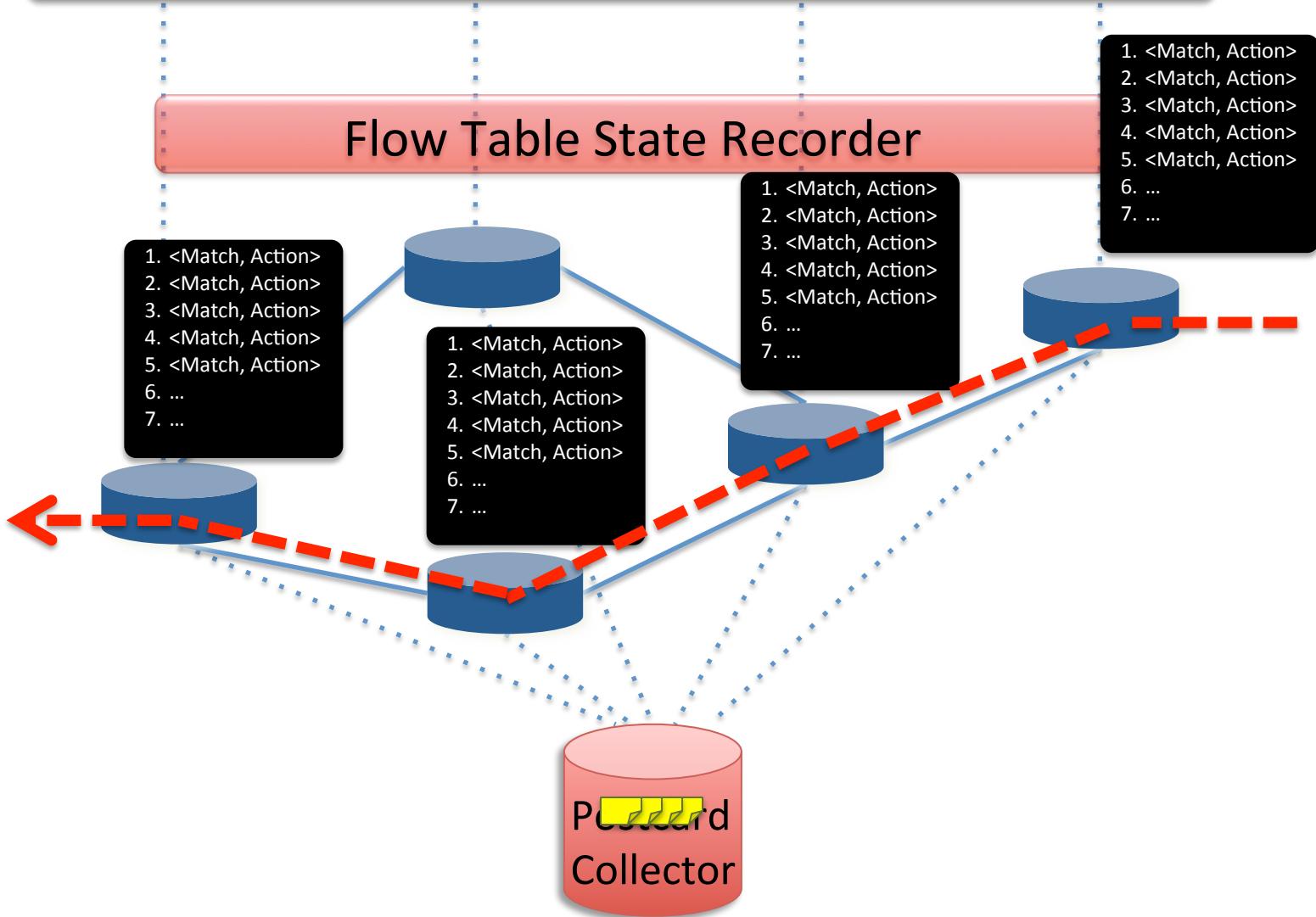


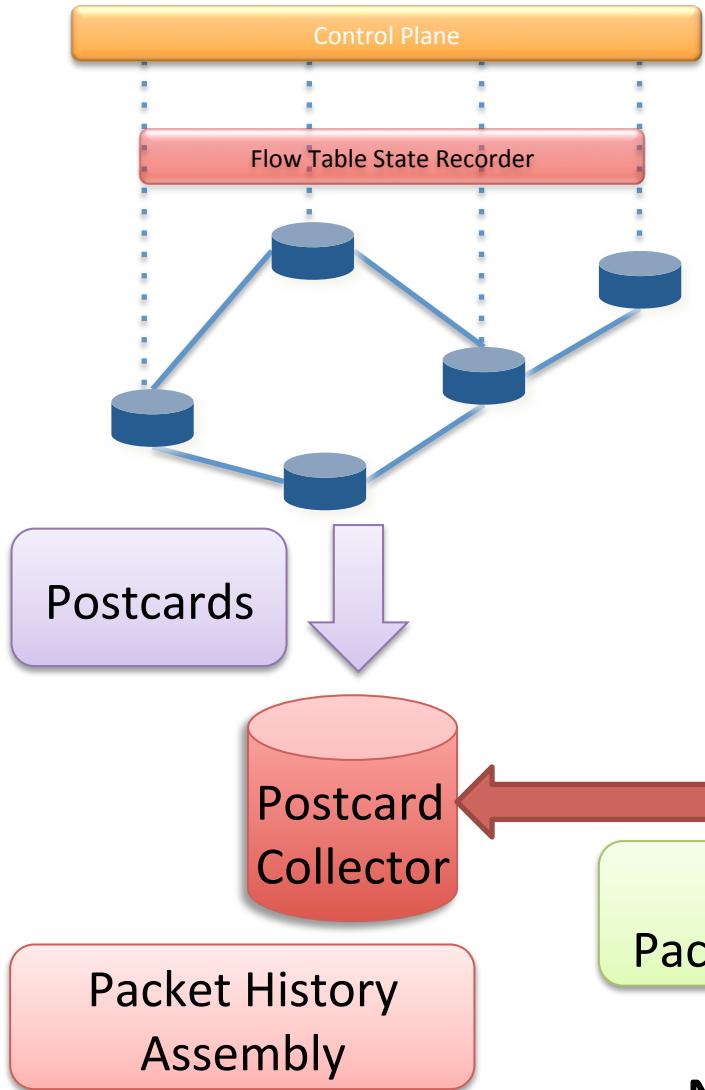
# Reconstructing Packet Histories

Step 3: Sort postcards using topology



# Control Plane



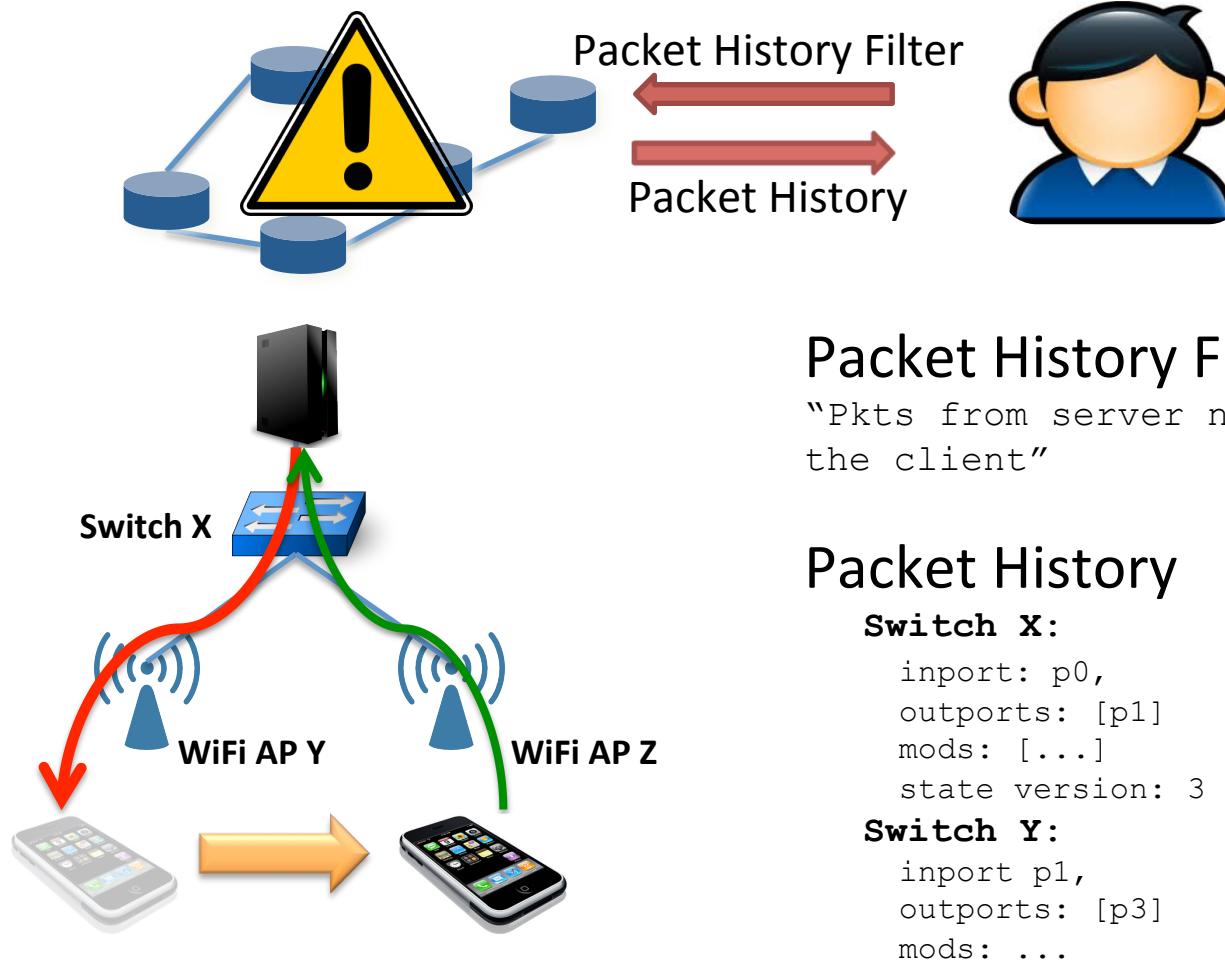


# Troubleshooting Apps

- Reachability errors
- Isolation violation
- Black holes
- Waypoint routing violation

**Packet History Filter:** A regular-expression-like language to specify packet histories of interest

# Bug Story: Incomplete Handover



# Troubleshooting Apps



**ndb:**

Interactive  
network debugger

**nprof:**

Hierarchical  
network profiler

**netwatch:**

Live network  
invariant monitor

**netshark:**

Network-wide  
wireshark

**But will it scale?**

# Why generating postcards for every packet at every hop is crazy!

## Network Overhead

- 64 byte-postcard/pkt/hop
- Stanford Network: 5 hops avg, 1031 byte avg pkt
- 31% extra traffic!

## Processing Overhead

- Packet history assembly and filtering

## Storage Overhead

# Why generating postcards for every packet at every hop is <sup>not</sup><sub>^</sub> crazy!

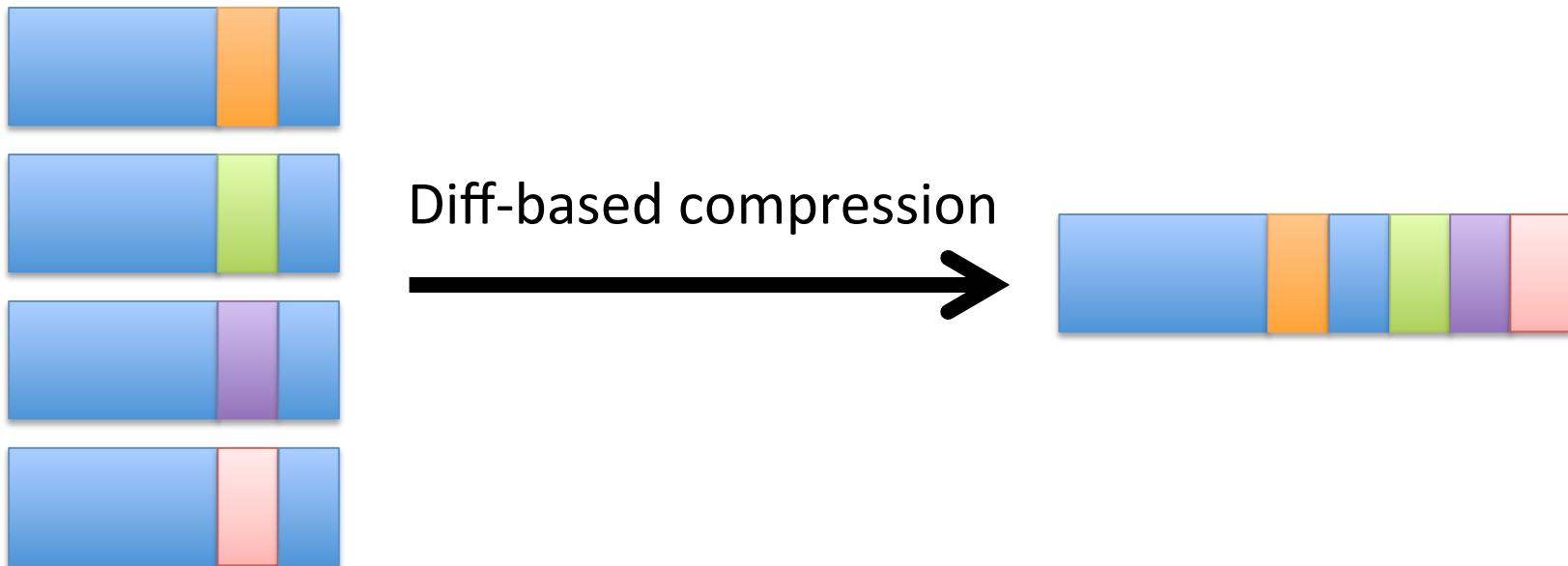
Cost is OK for low-utilization networks

- E.g., test networks, “bring-up phase” networks
- Single server can handle entire Stanford traffic

# Why generating postcards for every packet at every hop is <sup>not</sup><sub>^</sub> crazy!

Huge redundancy in packet header fields

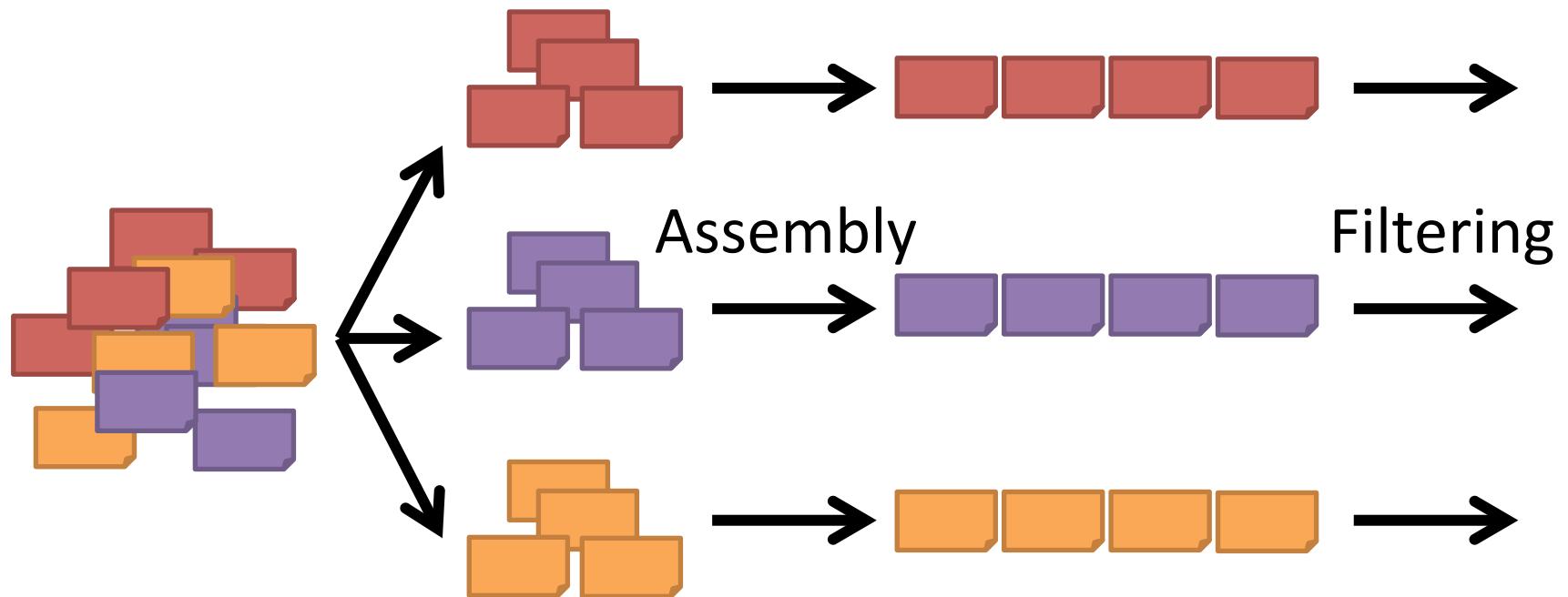
- Only a few fields change – IP ID, TCP seq. no.
- Postcards can be compressed to 10-20 bytes/pkt



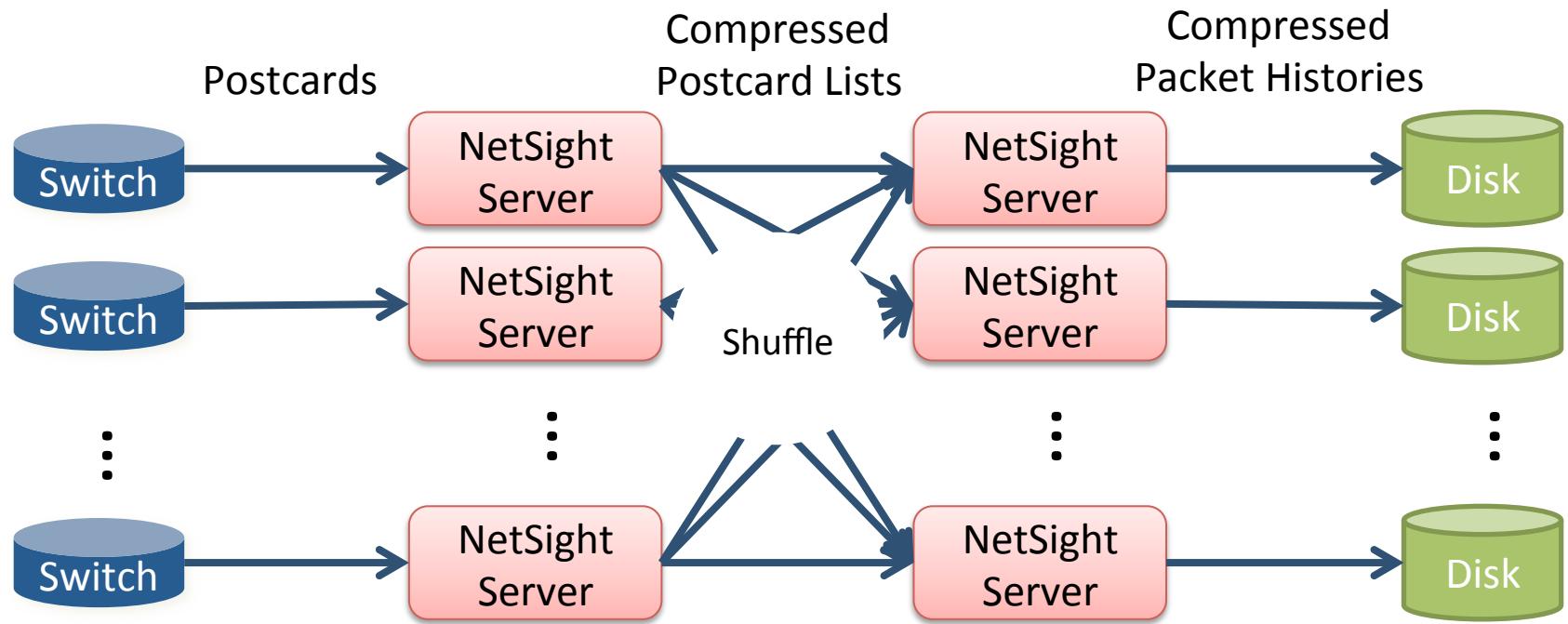
# Why generating postcards for every packet at every hop is <sup>not</sup><sub>^</sub> crazy!

Postcard processing is embarrassingly parallel

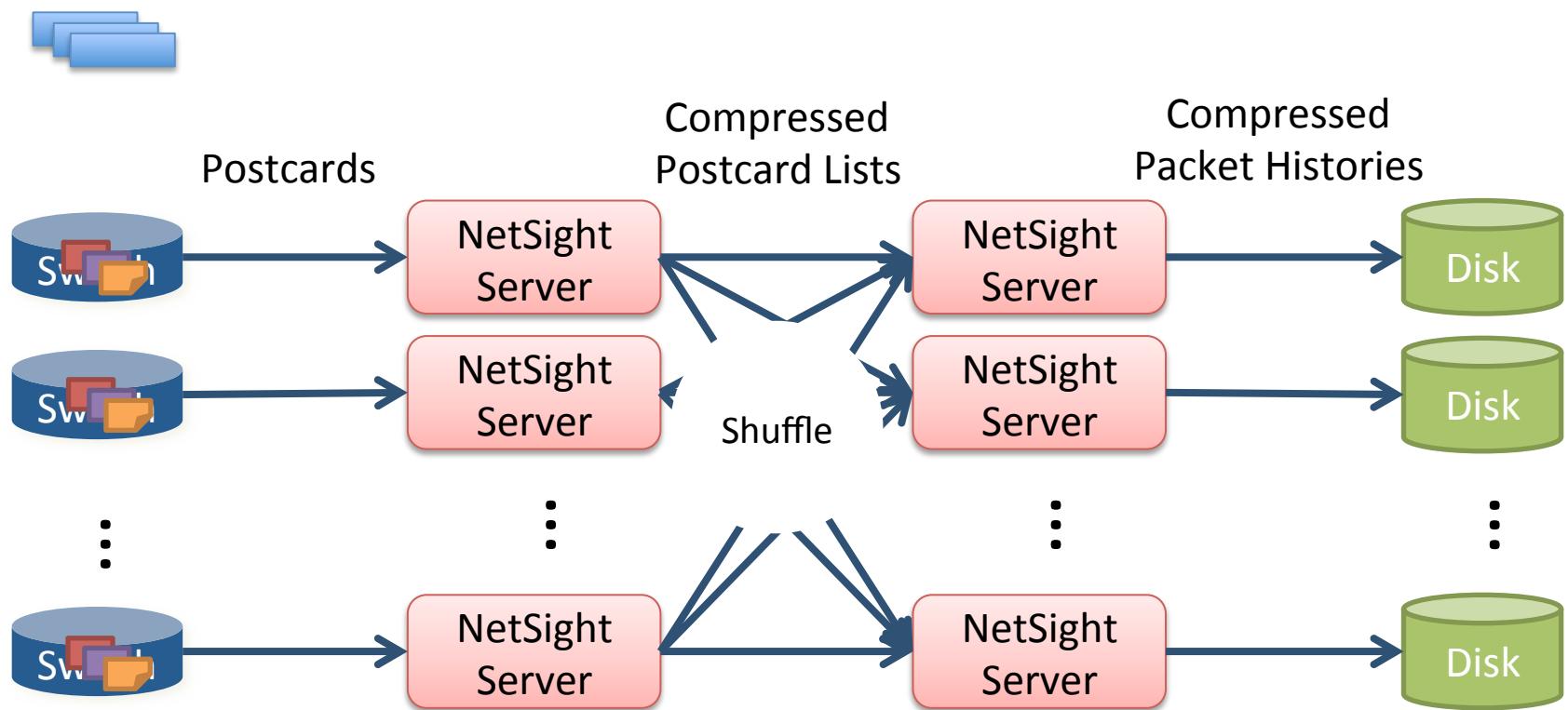
- Each packet history can be processed independent of other packet histories



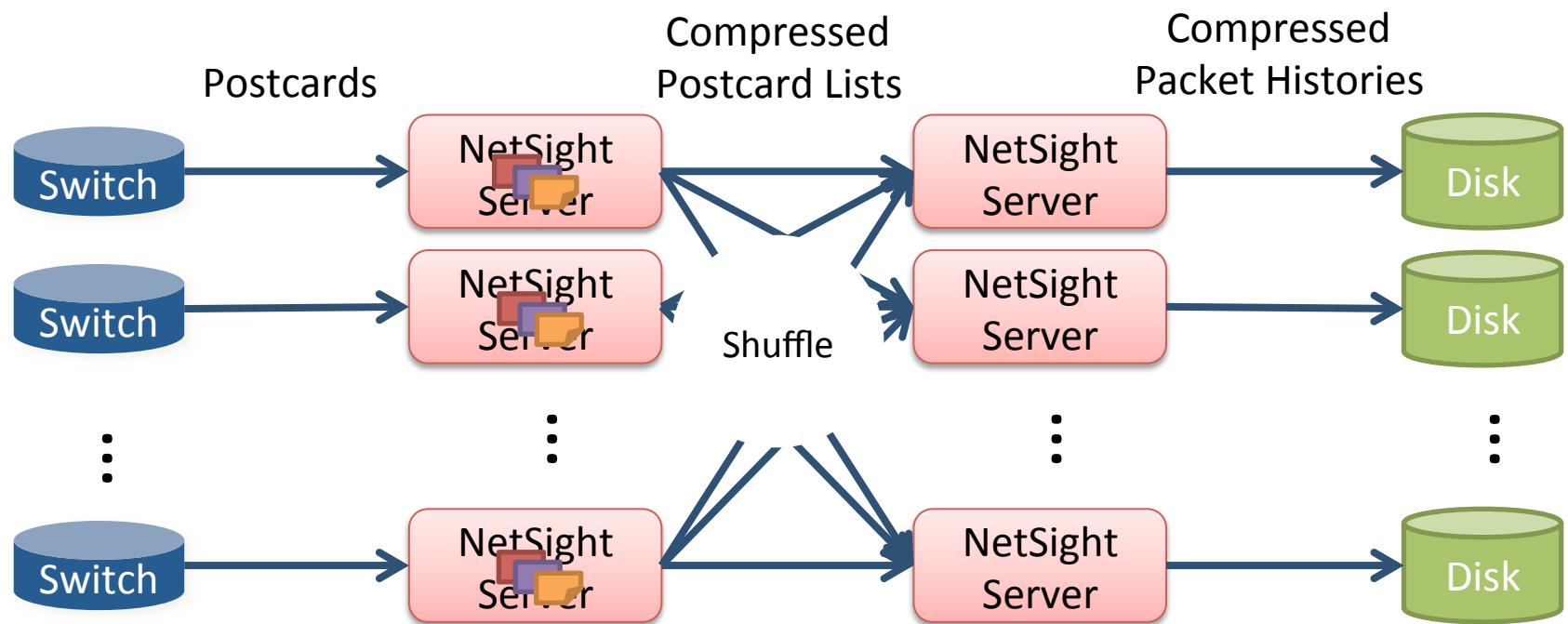
# Scaling NetSight Performance



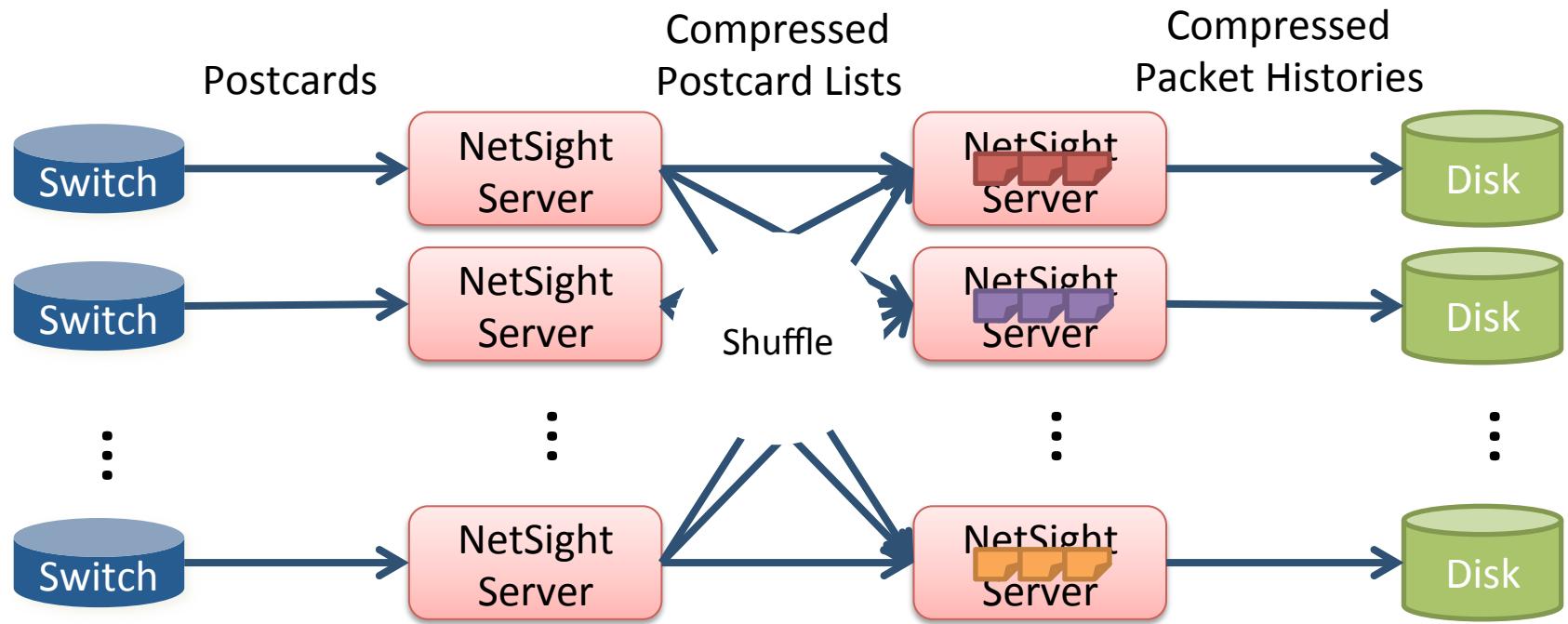
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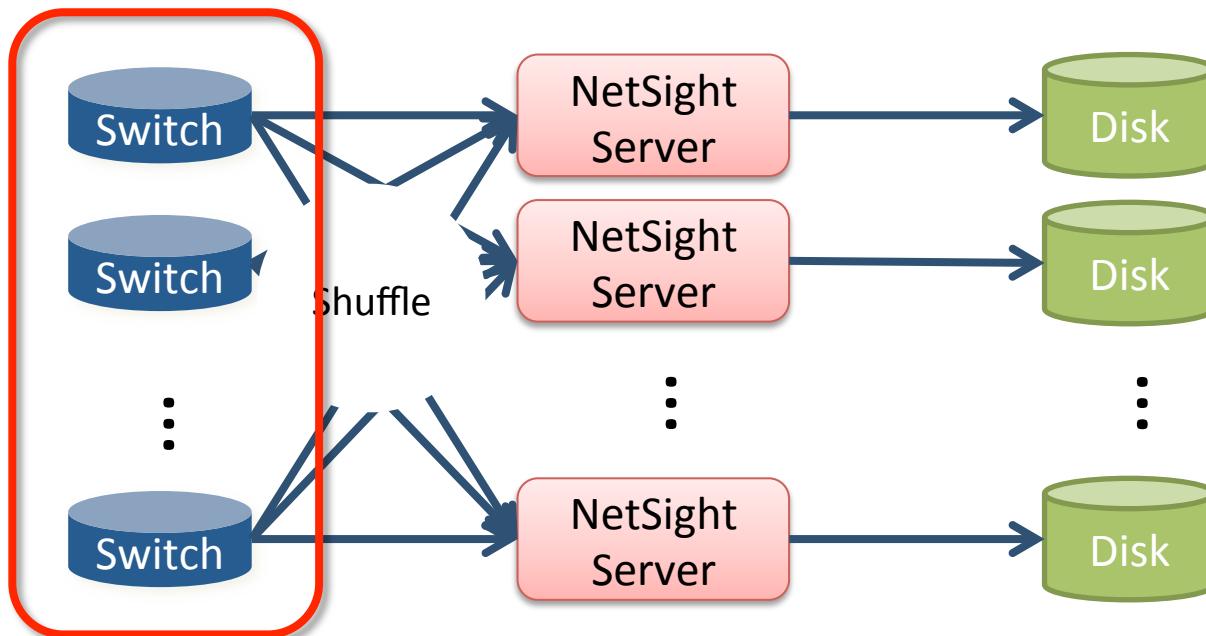
# Scaling NetSight Performance



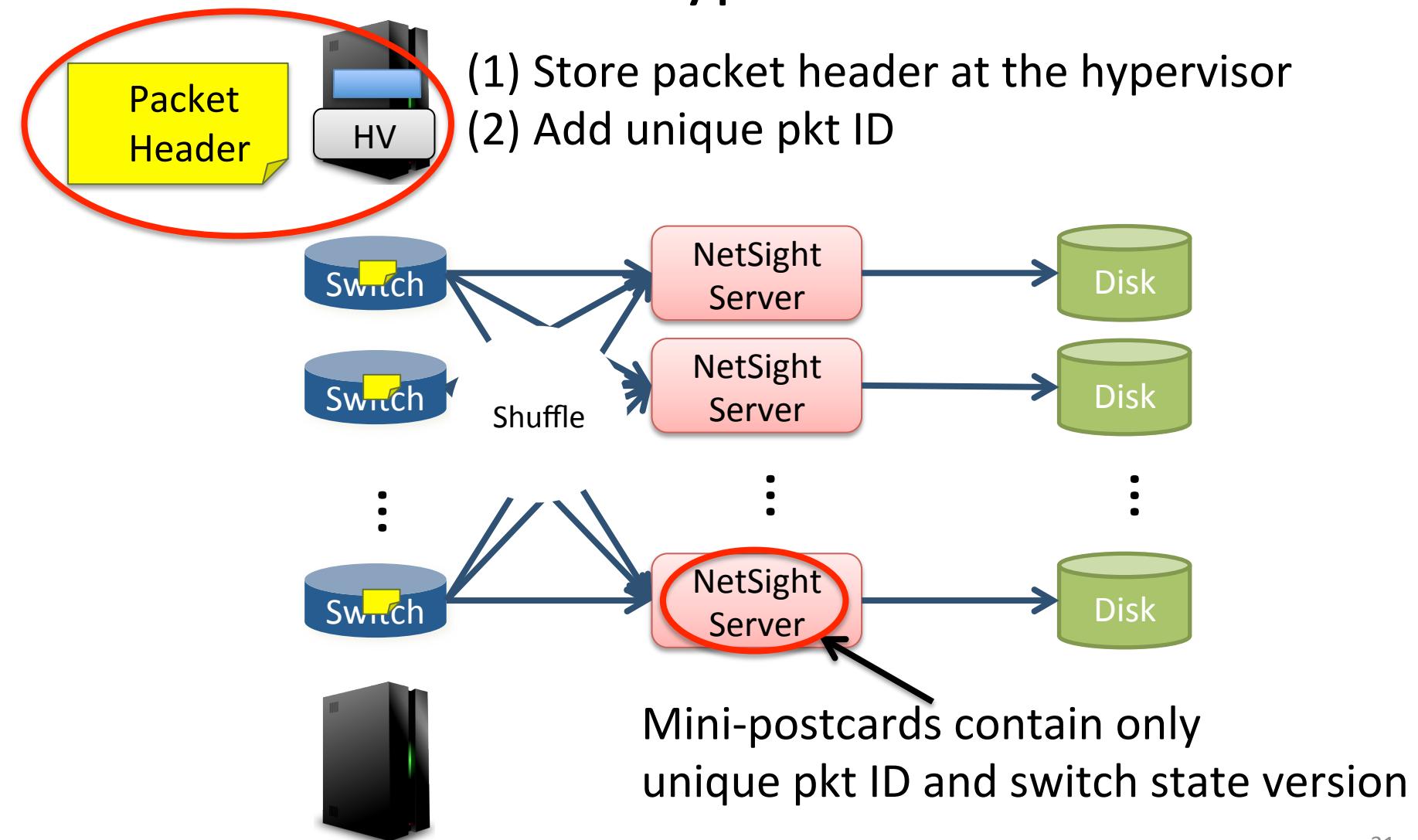
# NetSight Variants

# NetSight-SwitchAssist moves postcard compression to switches

Move postcard compression to switches  
with simple hardware mechanisms



# NetSight-HostAssist exploits visibility from the hypervisor



# Overhead Reduction in NetSight

Basic (naïve) NetSight : 31% extra traffic  
in Stanford backbone network

NetSight Switch-Assist: 7%

NetSight Host-Assist: 3%

# Takeaways

Complete network visibility is possible

- **Packet History:** a powerful troubleshooting abstraction that gives complete visibility
- **NetSight:** a platform to capture and filter packet histories of interest

Complete network visibility is feasible

- It is possible to collect and filter packet histories at scale

# Every I Know What Your Packet Did ~~Last~~ Hop: Using Packet Histories to Troubleshoot Networks

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## NetSight API

### Abstract

The complexity of networks has outpaced our tools to debug them; today, administrators use manual tools to diagnose problems. In this paper, we show how *packet histories*—the full stories of every

1. “Host A cannot talk to B” — where packets from A intended for B are being lost or modified during their journey, even if they pass through the same switch.
2. “I don’t want forwarder X to work, even transient ones. Show me a network that passes the same switch.”



<http://yuba.stanford.edu/netsight>