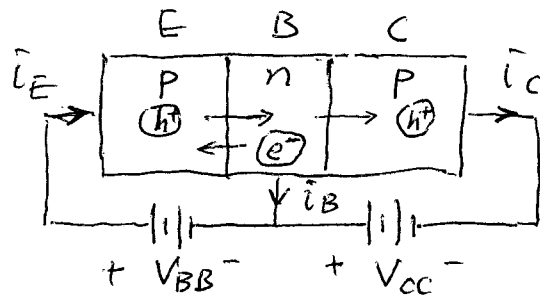


P1

In forward active mode

$$V_{BB} > V_{BE(on)}$$

$$V_{CC} > 0$$

I_E : holes moving from emitter to base

I_C : holes swept from base to collector

I_e : electrons moving from base to emitter.

P2

$$\frac{I_C}{I_B} = 2 < \beta \quad \text{transistor in saturation region}$$

$$V_{CE} = V_{CE(sat)}$$

$$V_{CC} = R_C I_C + V_{CE}$$

$$\rightarrow I_R = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{CE(sat)}}{R_C} = \frac{5 - 0.2}{10 \text{ k}\Omega} = 0.48 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_B = \frac{I_C}{2} = 0.24 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_I = R_B I_B + V_{BE(on)}$$

$$= 20 \text{ k}\Omega \times 0.24 \text{ mA} + 0.7 \text{ V}$$

$$= 5.5 \text{ V}$$

$$P_Q = I_B V_{BE(on)} + I_C V_{CE(sat)}$$

$$= 0.24 \text{ mA} \times 0.7 \text{ V} + 0.48 \text{ mA} \times 0.2 \text{ V}$$

$$= 0.264 \text{ W}$$

P3

$$I_E = I_{E0} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$$

Assume in forward active mode

$$I_B = \frac{I_E}{1+\beta} = \frac{0.5 \text{ mA}}{1+80} = 6.2 \mu\text{A}$$

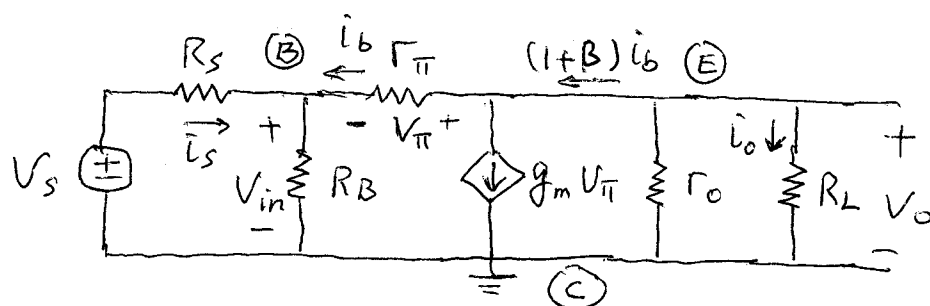
$$\text{KVL: } V^- + V_{EC} = V_{EB(\text{on})} + R_B I_B$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow V_{ECQ} &= -V^- + V_{EB(\text{on})} + R_B I_{BQ} \\ &= -(-5) + 0.7 + 10 \text{ k}\Omega \times 6.2 \mu\text{A} \\ &= 5.762 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

$V_{ECQ} > V_{EC(\text{sat})}$. Yes, in forward active mode

P4

(a)



$$g_m V_\pi = \beta i_b$$

(b) $V_{in} = -V_\pi + V_o$

$$V_\pi = r_\pi i_b$$

$$V_o = -(1+\beta) i_b (r_o \parallel R_L)$$

$$V_{in} = -[r_\pi + (1+\beta) r_o \parallel R_L] i_b$$

$$R_{ib} \equiv \frac{V_{in}}{-i_b} = r_\pi + (1+\beta) r_o \parallel R_L$$

(c) $i_o = i_L = \frac{V_o}{R_L} = -(1+\beta) i_b \frac{r_o}{r_o + R_L}$

$$i_b = -i_s \frac{R_B}{R_B + R_{ib}}$$

$$A_i = \frac{i_o}{i_s} = (1+\beta) \frac{R_B}{R_B + R_{ib}} \cdot \frac{r_o}{r_o + R_L}$$

(d) Emitter follower

$$A_v \lesssim 1 \quad A_i > 1$$

R_i moderate to high R_o small

P5

$$(a) \quad V_{TH} = V^- + (V^+ - V^-) \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

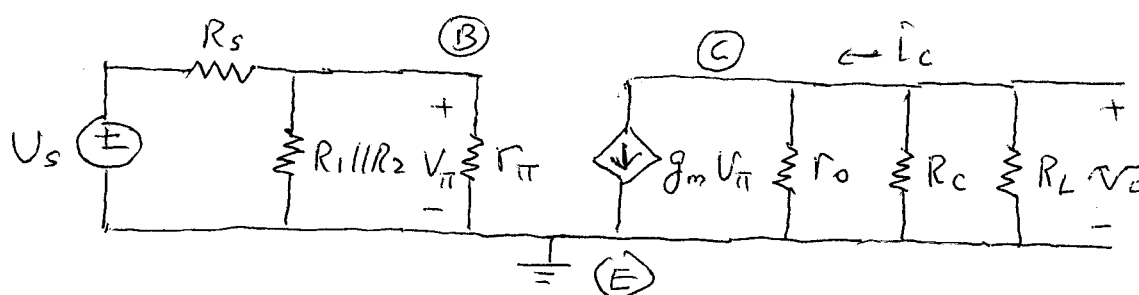
$$R_{TH} = R_1 || R_2$$

$$V_{TH} = R_{TH} I_B + V_{BE(on)} + R_E I_E \quad I_E = (1 + \beta) I_B$$

$$V^+ - V^- = R_C I_C + R_E I_E + V_{CE} \quad I_C = \beta I_B$$

$$\text{DC loadline slope} = - \frac{1}{R_C + \frac{(1 + \beta) R_E}{\beta}}$$

(b)



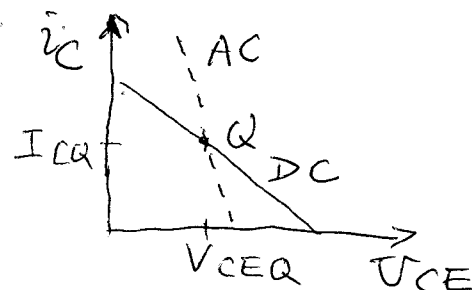
$$r_{\pi} = \frac{V_T}{I_{BQ}}$$

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T}$$

$$r_o = \frac{V_A}{I_{CQ}}$$

(c)

$$V_o = V_{ce} = -i_c (R_C || R_L)$$



(d) $i_c(\min)$ specified

$$\text{Symmetric swing} \rightarrow i_c(\max) = I_{CQ} - i_c(\min)$$

$$\begin{aligned} i_c(\max) &= I_{CQ} + i_c(\max) \\ &= 2 I_{CQ} - i_c(\min) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{CE} = V_{CEQ} + v_{ce} = V_{CEQ} - i_c (R_C || R_L)$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE}(\min) &= V_{CEQ} - i_c(\max) (R_C || R_L) \\ &= V_{CEQ} - [I_{CQ} - i_c(\min)] (R_C || R_L) \end{aligned}$$