# Set2

# **Function Understanding Tasks**

#### distinct

```
beaver1_unq = distinct(beaver1, day, activ)
```

Function: distinct

Text: Remove duplicate rows on day and activ

- 1. Regarding the operation performed by this function, which of the following statements are correct:
  - a. The function does not affect the number of rows in the input table
  - b. The function does not affect the number of columns in the input table
  - c. There are no cells with the same value in the column day of the table beaver1\_unq
  - d. There may be cells with the same value in the column activ of the table beaver1\_unq
  - e. None of the above is correct

Answer: d

#### filter

```
fish_encounters_filter = filter(fish_encounters, station=="BCW", fish>4850)
```

Function: filter

Text: Keep rows where station is "BCW" and fish > 4850

- 2. Regarding the operation performed by this function, which of the following statements are correct:
  - a. The function does not affect the number of rows in the input table
  - b. The function does not affect the number of columns in the input table
  - c. The values of the column *fish* in the table *fish\_encounters\_filter* are all greater than 4850
  - d. The function means to filter out rows that satisfy any one of the two conditions
  - e. None of the above is correct

Answer: bc

#### select

```
USArrests_select = select(USArrests, -2, -4)
```

Function: select

Text: Delete Assault, Rape

- 3. Regarding the operation performed by this function, which of the following statements are correct:
  - a. Keep columns from 2 to 4
  - b. Delete columns from 2 to 4
  - c. Delete the second and fourth rows
  - d. Delete the second and fourth columns
  - e. None of the above is correct

Answer: d

### merge

```
table_merge = merge(table1, table2, by.x = "country", by.y = "country")
```

Function: merge

Text: Merge table1 and table2 on country==country

- 4. Regarding the operation performed by this function, which of the following statements are correct:
  - a. The number of rows in *table\_merge* is equal to the sum of the number of rows in *table1* and the number of rows in *table2*
  - b. The number of columns in *table\_merge* is equal to the sum of the number of columns in *table1* and the number of columns in *table2*
  - c. Any value of the column *country* in *table\_merge* can be found in the column *country* in *table1* and *table2*
  - d. None of the above is correct

Answer: d

#### gather

```
sleep_gather = gather(sleep, key=name, value=num, extra, group)
```

Function: gather

Text: Convert extra and group into rows

- 5. Regarding the operation performed by this function, which of the following statements are correct:
  - a. The function does not affect the number of rows in the input table
  - b. The table sleep\_gather contains 2 more columns than the table sleep
  - c. The value of the column *name* in the table *sleep\_gather* is either 'extra' or 'group'
  - d. The values of the columns *extra* and *group* in the table *sleep* are used as the value of the column *num* in the table *sleep\_gather*
  - e. None of the above is correct

Answer: cd

## Script Understanding Tasks

repo: baltimore-sun-data/baltimore-police-overtime script: cleaning.R, table: fy2018.csv

```
library(dplyr)

fy2018 <- read.csv('fy2018.csv')

fy_overtime = arrange(fy2018, desc(date))

fy_overtime = distinct(fy_overtime, emplid, name)

fy_overtime = group_by(fy_overtime, emplid)

fy_overtime = mutate(fy_overtime, n = row_number())

overtime.names.2018 = filter(fy_overtime, n == 1)

overtime.names.2018 = select(overtime.names.2018, emplid, name.standardized

fy2018 = merge(fy2018, overtime.names.2018, by = 'emplid', all = T)</pre>
```

#### Functions:

- 1. read.csv
- 2. arrange
- 3. distinct
- 4. group\_by
- 5. mutate
- 6. row\_number
- 7. filter
- 8. select
- 9. merge

### Text:

```
fy2018(L3,115R*24C): Create table from "fy2018.csv"
   fy_overtime(L4,115R*24C): Sort rows by -date in fy2018(L3)
  fy_overtime(L5,11R*2C): Remove duplicate rows on emplid and name in
    fy_overtime(L4)
5
   fy_overtime(L6,11R*2C): Convert fy_overtime(L5) into a grouped table
6
     by emplid
   fy_overtime(L7,11R*3C): Create n from row_number() in fy_overtime(L6)
8
   overtime.names.2018(L8,8R*3C): Keep rows where n is 1 in
     fy_overtime(L7)
   overtime.names.2018(L9_1,8R*2C): Keep emplid and name in
    overtime.names.2018(L8)
   overtime.names.2018(L9_2,8R*2C): Rename name to "name.standardized" in
     overtime.names.2018(L9_1)
14 fy2018(L10,115R*25C): Merge fy2018(L3) and overtime.names.2018(L9_2)
     on emplid==emplid
```

#### Questions:

1. Is overtime.names.2018(L9\_1) created by fy\_overtime(L5) in one or more data transformations?

	b. No
2.	How many data transformations are performed from table fy_overtime(L6) to
	overtime.names.2018(L9_2)?
	a. 2
	b. 3
	c. 4
	d. 5
3.	From fy_overtime(L4) to overtime.names.2018(L8), which columns are created?
	a. date
	b. emplid
	C. name
	d. n
	e. name.standardized
4.	From the beginning of the script execution, which data tables contribute to the
	creation of overtime.names.2018(L8)?
	a. fy_overtime(L4)
	b. fy_overtime(L5)
	c. fy_overtime(L6)
	d. fy_overtime(L7)
	e. overtime.names.2018(L9_2)
5.	Which data tables in the script are used as input tables for data transformations
	more than once (at least twice)?
	a. fy2018(L3)
	b. fy_overtime(L4)
	c. fy_overtime(L6)
	d. overtime.names.2018(L8)
	e. overtime.names.2018(L9_1)
	wers:
1.	
2.	
3.	
	abcd
5.	a
1.	How helpful were those textual/visual descriptions for completing the tasks?
	1 (Not Helpful) 2 3 4 5 6 7 (Extremely Helpful)
2.	How interpretable were those textual/visual descriptions?
	1 (Not Interpretable) 2 3 4 5 6 7 (Extremely Interpretable)

a. Yes