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Algorithm 1: Naive downhill search
  Input: graph vertices P, directed graph edges E,
          query point Q, search start index v
  Output: nearest neighbour index v
1 for each edge E_i with start vertex P_n do
      u \leftarrow \text{index of end vertex of } E_i
```

if  $distance(Q, P_n) < distance(Q, P_n)$  then

 $v \leftarrow u$ 

return v