

# Package ‘FactSum’

April 2, 2019

**Type** Package

**Title** Calculate the factorial of a large integer.

**Version** 1.0

**Date** 2019-03-16

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**Description** Calculate the factorial of a large integer, which may be much greater than the maximum memory of any data type.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.0)

**Repository** GitHub

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Archs** i386, x64

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FactSum-package	<i>Calculate the factorial of a large integer.</i>
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## Description

Calculate the factorial of a large integer, which may be much greater than the maximum memory of any data type.

## Details

Package: FactSum  
 Type: Package  
 Version: 1.0.1  
 Date: 2019-03-16  
 License: GPL ( $\geq 2$ )

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fact	<i>Calculate the factorial of a large integer.</i>
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## Description

Calculate the factorial of a large integer, which may be much greater than the maximum memory of any data type. FactSum implements dramatically fast. It takes only 0.45 seconds to compute 10000! (it approximates  $2.8E+35660$ ), and 0.98 seconds to compute 10000! and  $\text{sum}=1!+2!+3!+\dots+10000!$  simultaneously. It takes only one minute to compute 100000! (it approximates  $2.8E+456574$ ), and less than two minutes to compute 100000! and  $\text{sum}=1!+2!+3!+\dots+100000!$  simultaneously.

## Usage

```
fact(n, is.sum=FALSE)
```

## Arguments

n	A non negative integer.
is.sum	Logical indicating that fact out sum of all factorial, that is $\sum_{i=1}^n i!$ , if is.sum=TRUE, and not if is.sum=FALSE. Default is FALSE.

## Value

fact	The factorial of $n$ , which is a string.
len_fact	The digit of factorial of $n$ , which is a integer.
fact_sum	The sumation of factorial of $n$ , that is $\sum_{i=1}^n i!$ , if is.sum=TRUE, which is a string.
len_fact	The digit of $\sum_{i=1}^n i!$ , which is a integer.
nzeros	The number of zeros in the last, which is a integer.

## Author(s)

Xu Liu

**Examples**

```
#Example 1
fit <- fact(10)
print(fit$fact,quote=FALSE)
fit$len_fact

#Example 2
fit_sum <- fact(20,1)
print(fit$fact,quote=FALSE)
fit$len_fact

print(fit$fact_sum,quote=FALSE)
fit$len_sum
```

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