Package 'sqrtn'

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| Type Package |
|---|
| Title Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision |
| Version 1.0 |
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| Description Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision, for example 10,000 or bigger. |
| License GPL ($>= 2$) |
| Depends R (>= $3.2.0$) |
| Repository GitHub |
| NeedsCompilation yes |
| Encoding UTF-8 |
| Archs i386, x64 |
| sqrtn-package sqrtn |
| sqrtn-package Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision |
| Description Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision, for example 10,000 or bigger. Details |
| Package: sqrtn Type: Package Version: 1.0.1 |

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sqrtn

An R pacakge to calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision.

Description

Calculate \sqrt{n} with very high precision. Currenly, we approximate \sqrt{n} with n<10, that is, $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{5}$, , $\sqrt{6}$, , $\sqrt{7}$ and $\sqrt{8}$ only. "sqrtn"" implements dramatically fast. It takes only 2.57 seconds to approximate $\sqrt{2}$ with 10,000 digits, and 2.98 seconds with 100,000 digits.

Usage

```
sqrtn(prec, n=2)
```

Arguments

prec A non negative integer, which is the precision you want.

n A non negative integer, the default is 2. Currently, we can only approximate $\sqrt{2}$.

Value

sqrtn The digits of the square root of n, which is a string.

prec The input precision.

Author(s)

Xu Liu

Examples

```
#Example 1
fit <- sqrtn(100)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 2
fit <- sqrtn(100,3)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 3
fit <- sqrtn(100,5)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 4
fit <- sqrtn(100,7)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)</pre>
```

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