# Package 'sqrtn'

March 30, 2019

Type Package
<b>Title</b> Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision
Version 1.0
<b>Date</b> 2019-03-16
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<b>Description</b> Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision, for example 10,000 or bigger.
License GPL ( $>= 2$ )
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $3.2.0$ )
Repository GitHub
NeedsCompilation yes
Encoding UTF-8
<b>Archs</b> i386, x64
sqrtn-package sqrtn
sqrtn-package Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision
Description  Calculate sqrt(n) with very high precision, for example 10,000 or bigger.  Details
Package: sqrtn Type: Package Version: 1.0.1

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sqrtn

An R pacakge to calculate  $\sqrt{n}$  with very high precision.

#### **Description**

Calculate  $\sqrt{n}$  with very high precision. Currenly, we approximate  $\sqrt{n}$  with n<10, that is,  $\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\sqrt{3}$ ,  $\sqrt{5}$ , ,  $\sqrt{6}$ , ,  $\sqrt{7}$  and  $\sqrt{8}$  only. "sqrtn"" implements dramatically fast. It takes only 29 seconds to approximate  $\sqrt{2}$  with 100,000 digits.

#### Usage

```
sqrtn(prec,n=2)
```

### Arguments

prec A non negative integer, which is the precision you want.

n A non negative integer, the default is 2. Currently, we can only approximate  $\sqrt{2}$ .

#### Value

sqrtn The digits of the square root of n, which is a string.

prec The input precision.

## Author(s)

Xu Liu

## **Examples**

```
#Example 1
fit <- sqrtn(100)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 2
fit <- sqrtn(100,3)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 3
fit <- sqrtn(100,5)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)

#Example 4
fit <- sqrtn(100,7)
print(fit$sqrt2,quote=FALSE)</pre>
```

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