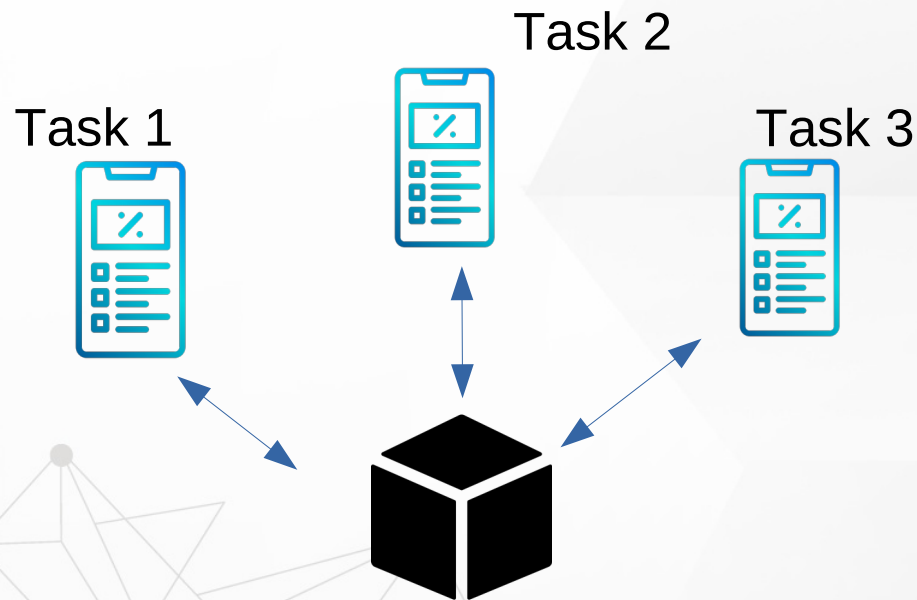


# CH9 Linux Device Driver

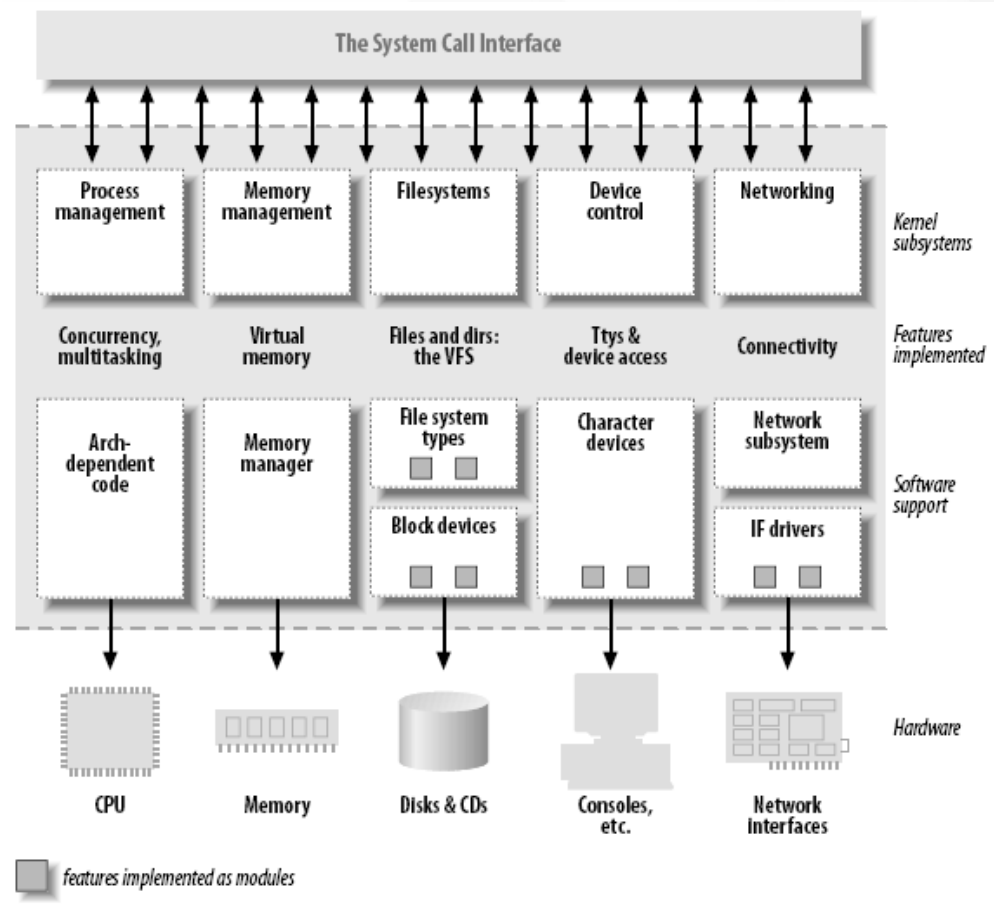
# Introduction

## Device drivers

- Black boxes to hide details of hardware devices
- Use standardized calls



# Kernel Modularization





# Example

- [CMD] make
- [CMD] sudo insmod simple.ko
- [CMD] dmesg | tail
- [CMD] lsmod | grep simple
- [CMD] sudo rmmod simple



# Classes of Devices Driver



## Char module

- simple
- access stream of bytes



## Block module

- block and char devices differ only in the way data is managed internally by the kernel

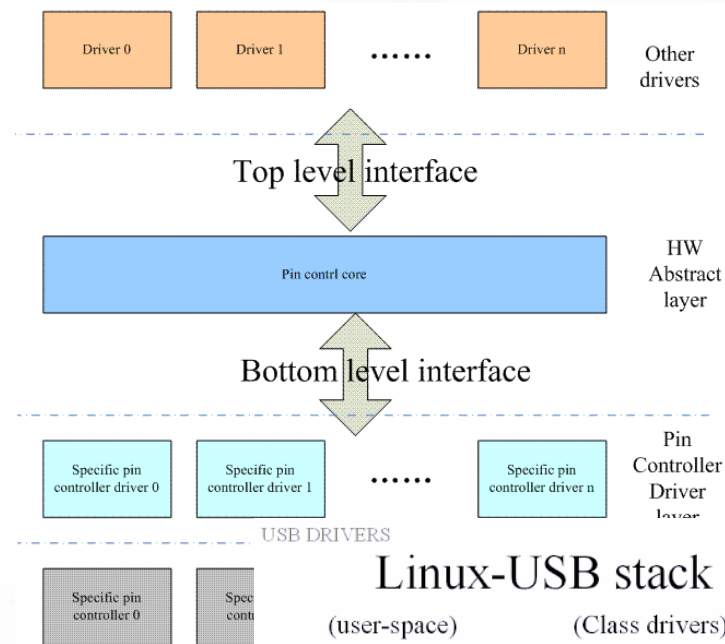


## Network module

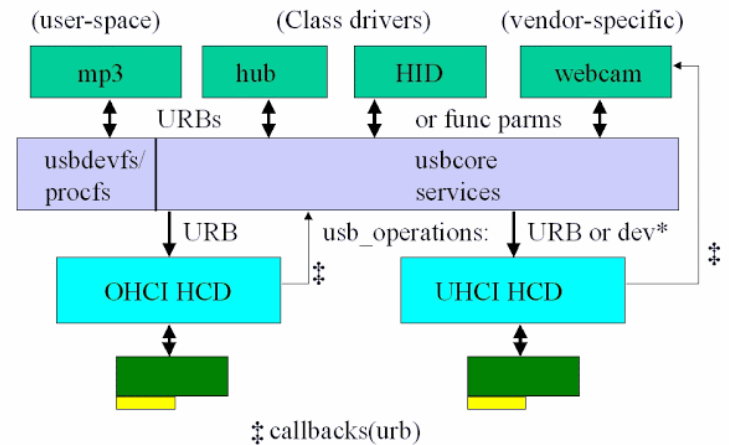
- Manage network data packets

# Subsystem

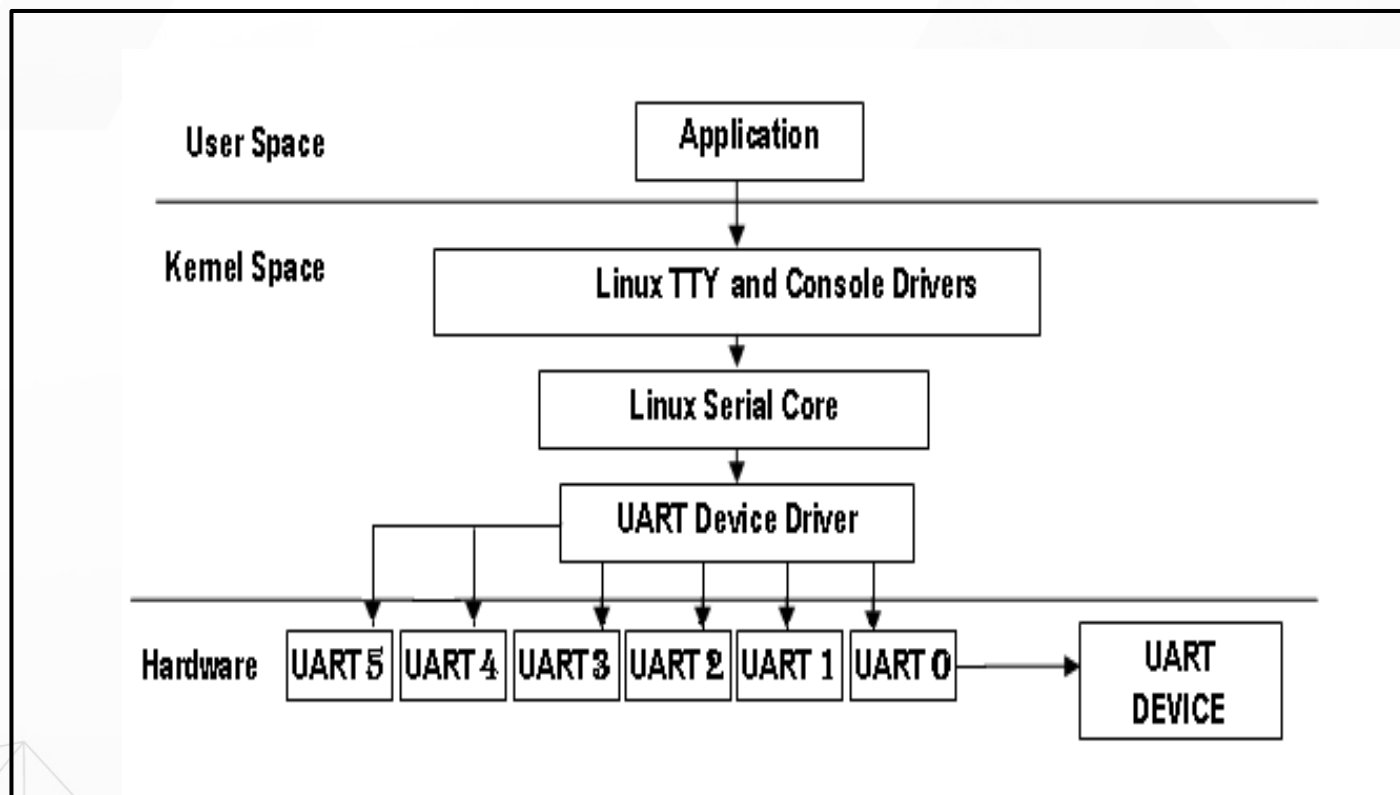
- ▶ DRM Subsystem
- ▶ GPIO Subsystem
- ▶ I2C Subsystem
- ▶ SPI Subsystem
- ▶ MTD Subsystem



## Linux-USB stack architecture



# TTY Sub-system





# Where are Modules in Kernel

➤ `${KERNEL}/drivers`

→ `${KERNEL}/drivers/chars`

→ `${KERNEL}/drivers/i2c`

→ `${KERNEL}/drivers/gpio`





# Linux Kernel Configure

## ➤ Kernel build configure

➤ `${KERNEL}/.config`

## ➤ Kconfig

➤ `${KERNEL}/drivers/chars/Kconfig`

➤ `[CMD] make menuconfig`

# Build Modules

## ➤ Build modules

→ [CMD] make modules

## ➤ Add install patch

→ [CMD] export **INSTALL\_MOD\_PATH**=../modules

## ➤ Install module to INSTALL\_MOD\_PATH

→ [CMD] make modules\_install

→ Installs all modules in /lib/modules/<version>



# Module Deploy



## modules\_install

- `modules.alias` : Module aliases for module loading utilities.
- `modules.dep` : Module dependencies
- `modules.symbols` : Tells which module a given symbol

# Install Module

## ▶ Install module

- `$ modprob ${module_name}`
- `$ insmode ${module_name}`

## ▶ Remove module

- `$ modprob -r ${module_name}`
- `$ rmmod`



# modprobe depmod

## modprobe

→ /lib/modules/'uname -r'

## depmod

→ creates a list of module dependencies /lib/modules/version