CH4 Basic Software & Tool



Software and Tool

- Open Source License
- Develop Tool
 - → Geany, gedit, vim
 - \rightarrow Git
 - \rightarrow diff, patch
- Build Code Tool
 - → ARM Toolchain
 - → make
 - → automake, autoconfig



Software and Tool

- Network
 - → nmcli, ethtool, wpa_supplicant
 - → SSH, SSHFS
 - \rightarrow NFS
- Bluetooth
 - → hciconfig, bluetoothctl
- Media Software
 - → gstreamer
 - → ALSA Tool aplay, arecord





Software and Tool

Bus

- → I2C I2cset, i2cget, i2cdump
- → USB Isusb



Package Manage





Debian Package Management

- dpkg : command-line tool for handling packages
- dpkg --help
 - → [CMD] dpkg -i \${PACKAGE_NAME} : install packag
 - → [CMD] dpkg -r \${PACKAGE_NAME} : remove package





Ubuntu Package Management

- apt-get : command-line tool for handling packages
- apt-get --help
 - → [CMD] apt-get update
 - → [CMD] apt-get install \${PACKAGE_NAME}
 - → [CMD] apt-get remove \${PACKAGE_NAME}
 - → [CMD] apt-get autoremove
 - → [CMD] apt-get clean



Editor





Editor

- Geany
 - >> [CMD] sudo apt-get install geany
- Vim
 - >> [CMD] sudo apt-get install vim
- Gedit
 - >> [CMD] sudo apt-get install gedit



Diff Tool





diff and patch

- diff compare files line by line
 - Create a patch file
 - diff -Nuar file_a file_b > c.patch
 - -N, treat absent files as empty
 - -a, --text
 - -u, output NUM (default 3) lines of unified context
 - -r, recursively compare any subdirectories found
- patch apply a diff file to an original
 - apply a patch file
 - patch ./hello_1.c < ./tmp.patch
 - Reverse a patch file
 - patch -R ./hello_1.c < tmp.patch</pre>



Source Code Version Control





Git

- https://git-scm.com/book/zh-tw/v1/
- > 版本控制
- **2**程式回溯
- 查 管理多人共同開發



Makefile





Makefile

- Simplify compile command
- Automation compile, linker program source
- > It can update source in accordance with the dependence



Compile a Hello_World

A B C aarch64-linux-gnu-gcc -o helloworld ./hello.c

A: ARM C Compile

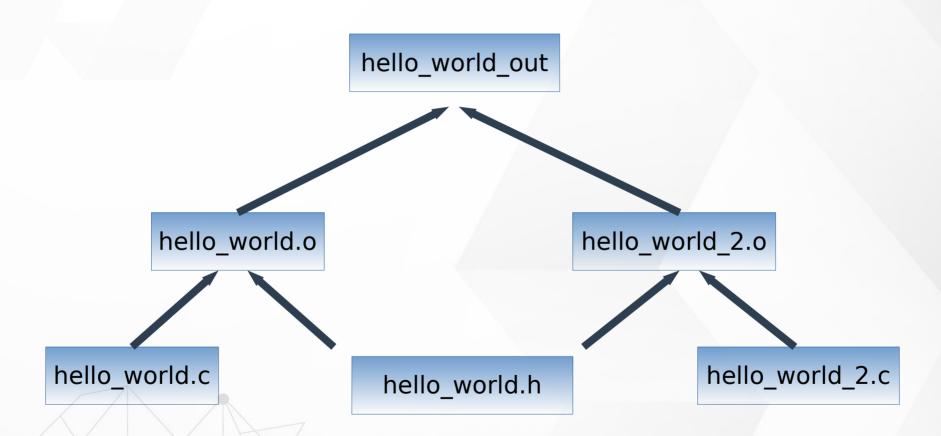
B : ARM C Compile Parameter (Output name)

C: C source code





Another Sample







Compile Another Sample

Step 1 : gcc -c hello_world.c

Step 2 : gcc -c hello_world_2.c

Step 3 : gcc -o hello_world hello_world.o hello_world_2.o





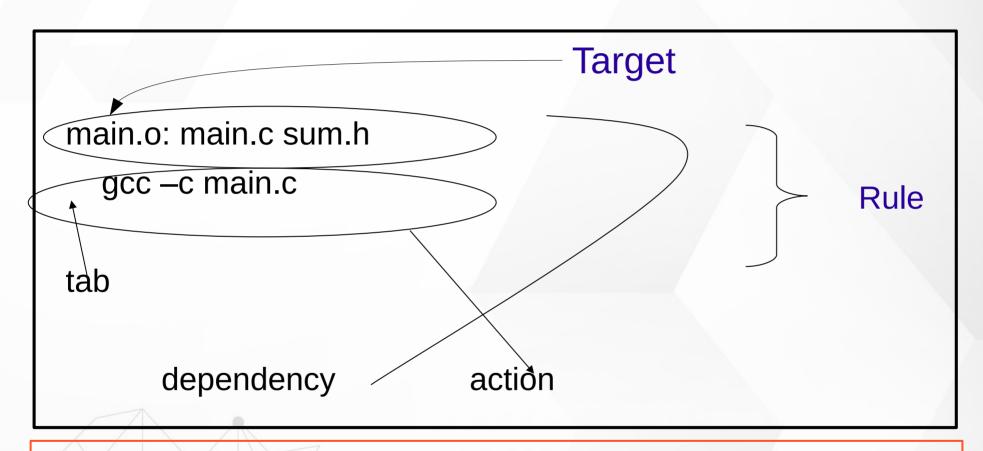
Another Sample - Makefile

```
CC=$(CROSS_COMPILE)gcc
all: hello_world
hello_world: hello_world.o hello_world_2.o
    $(CC) -o hello world hello world.o hello world 2.o
hello world.o: hello_world.c
    $(CC) -c hello_world.c
hello_world_2.o: hello_world_2.c
    $(CC) -c hello_world_2.c
clean:
    rm -r *.o
    rm hello_world
```





Rule Syntax



make 在編譯時,若發現 target 比較新, 也就是 dependencies 都比 target 舊, 那麼將不會重新建立 target,如此可以避免不必要的編譯動作



Rule Syntax

CC=\$(CROSS_COMPILE)gcc CFLAGS=-WI,-Map,out.map -lpthread -lm all: hello_world hello world: hello world.o hello world 2.o \$(CC) -o hello_world hello_world.o hello_world_2.o hello_world.o: hello_world.c \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -c hello world.c hello_world_2.o: hello_world_2.c \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -c hello_world_2.c clean: rm -r *.o rm hello world





hello_world_ex1

```
CC=$(CROSS COMPILE)gcc
AA = '1234' '5678'
AA := 'DDDD'
$(info AA=$(AA))
CFLAGS=-Wl,-Map,out.map -lpthread -lm
all: hello world
hello_world: hello world.o
    $(CC) -o hello world hello world.o
hello_world.o: hello_world.c

→$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c hello_world.c
clean:
    rm - r *.o
    rm hello world
```

: Tab





Assignment Operators

- = 定義一個需做遞迴展開的變數型態
- := 定義一個立即運作的變數型態
- += 將指定值,續加在原變數中
- ?= 如果之前無任何設定該變數,即現在設定, 否則 跳過設定(就是不做任何事)





Assignment Operators Sample 1

AA ='1234' '5678'

 $BB = \$\{AA\}$

AA = '789'

AA += 'ABCDE'

Output

AA='789' 'ABCDE'

BB='789' 'ABCDE'





Assignment Operators Sample 2

AA ='1234' '5678'

 $BB := \${AA}$

AA = '789'

AA += 'ABCDE'

Output

AA='789' 'ABCDE'

BB='1234' '5678'





Assignment Operators Sample 3

AA ='1234' '5678'

 $BB := \${AA}$

AA = '789'

AA ?= 'ABCDE'

Output

AA='789'

BB='1234' '5678'





Command-Line Options

- -C dir, --directory= dir
 - make changes the current working directory to dir before it does anything else. If the command line includes multiple -C options, each directory specified builds on the previous one
- -j [number] , --jobs[= number]
 - Run multiple commands in parallel



Bus Tool





Device Tool

- > Real Time Clock
 - >> hwclock
 - -s, --hctosys
 - -r, --show

- set the system time from the RTC
- display the RTC time

- **USB**
 - Isusb
- Block Device
 - > Isblk
- 12c-tools
 - > 12cdump, i2cdetect, i2cget, i2cset



Media Tool



Gstreamer







Open Source Multimedia Framework

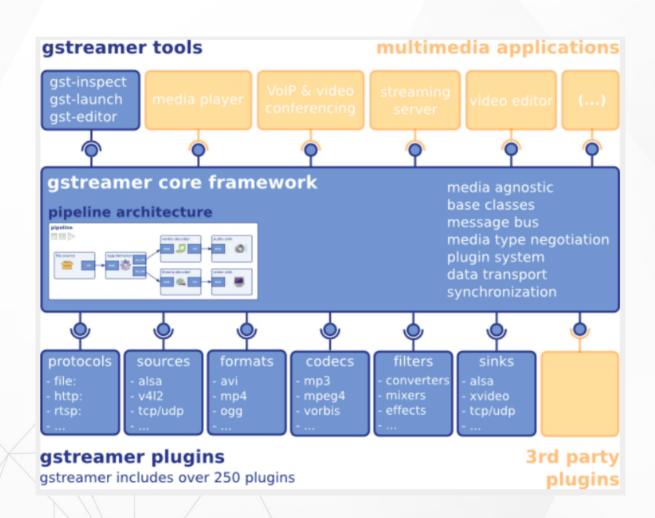
- https://gstreamer.freedesktop.org/
- Documentation
 - **>>**Tutorials







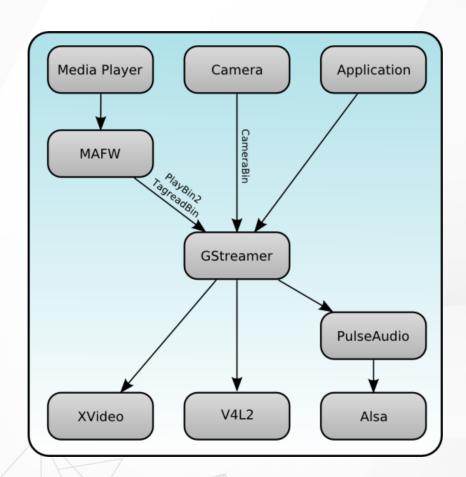
Block Diagram







Block Diagram



http://maemo.org/development/sdks/maemo_5_beta_docs/using_multimedia_components/





Overview

- → GStreamer is a framework for creating streaming media applications
- The framework is based on **plugins** that will provide the various codec and other functionality





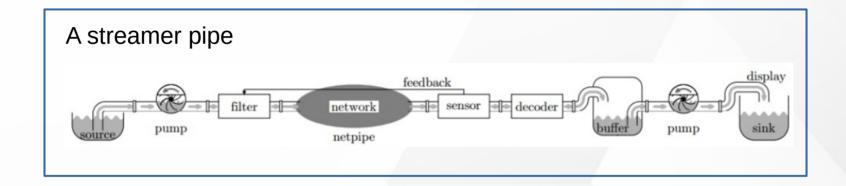
Overview

- St-plugins-base: an essential exemplary set of elements
- Gst-plugins-ugly: a set of good-quality plug-ins that might pose distribution problems





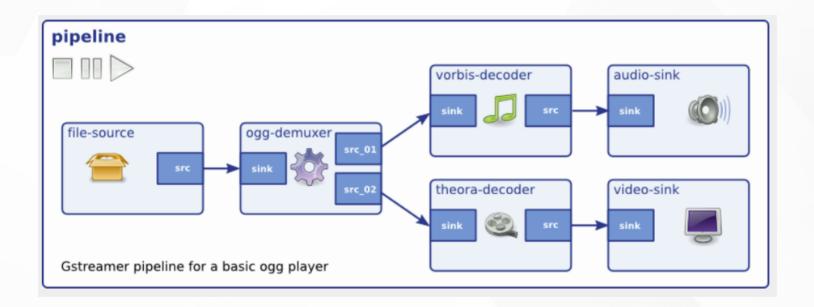
Gstreamer Pipe





Gstreamer Pipe









Gstreamer - Tool

- → Gst-inspect-1.0
 - >> Print supported plug-in
- → Gst-launch-1.0
 - → Gstreamer tester

 →
- **№** Gst-typefind-1.0
 - >> Check file for gstreamer plug-in type





Gstreamer - Tool

- → Gst-inspect-1.0
 - Check what kind of videosink in Rockpi4b
 - gst-inspect-1.0 | grep -i videosink

```
rock@rockpi4b:~$ gst-inspect-1.0 | grep -i videosink debugutilsbad: fakevideosink: Fake Video Sink debugutilsbad: fpsdisplaysink: Measure and show framerate on videosink inter: intervideosink: Internal video sink decklink: decklinkvideosink: Decklink Video Sink autodetect: autovideosink: Auto video sink rock@rockpi4b:~$
```







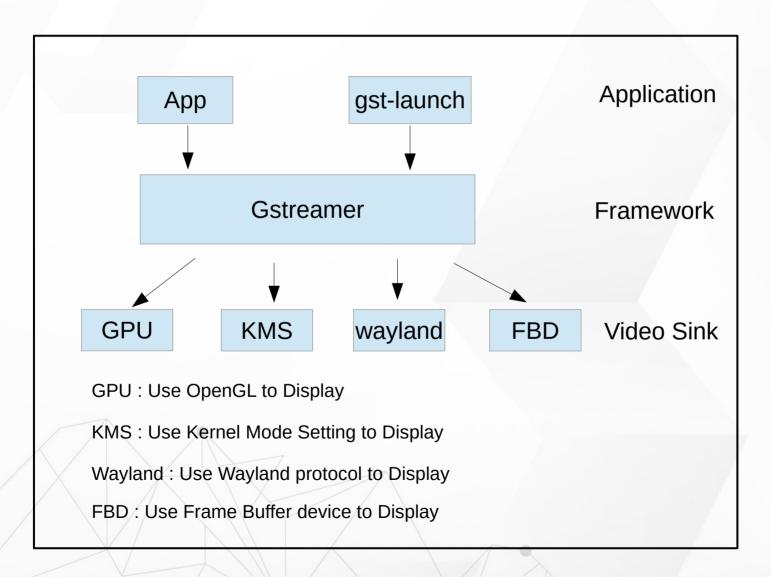
- → Gst-typefind-1.0
 - Check Serenity-DVD-320x240.m4v what kind of file type in gstreamer
 - >> gst-typefind-1.0 ./Serenity-DVD-320x240.m4v

rock@rockpi4b:~\$ gst-typefind-1.0 ./Serenity-DVD-320x240.m4v ./Serenity-DVD-320x240.m4v - video/quicktime, variant=(string)iso



Gstereamer - Video

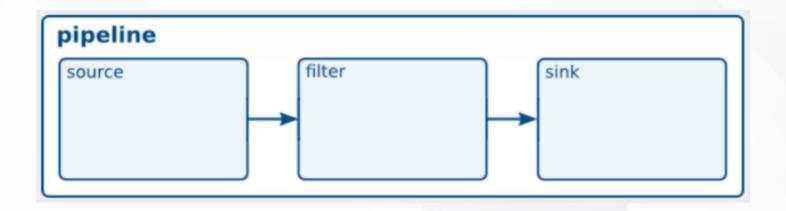








Play Video Test Stream



gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc! video/x-raw, width=1280, height=720! kmssink





Play a H.264 video

gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=/tmp/Serenity-DVD-320x240.m4v!\
decodebin name=dec!\
videoconvert!\
kmssink

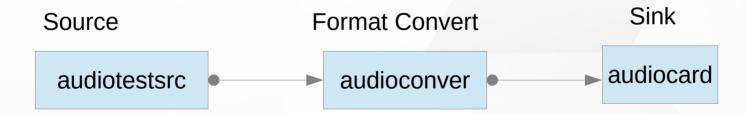






Play a Audio Test

gst-launch-1.0 audiotestsrc! audioconvert! alsasink devicename=rockchipes8316c

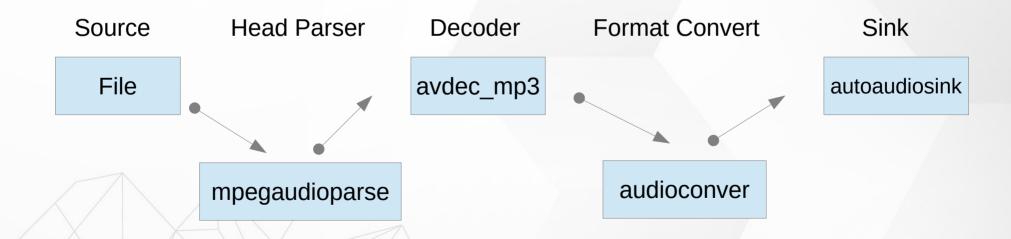






Play a MP3

gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location="/home/cadtc/audio/piano2-CoolEdit.mp3"!\
mpegaudioparse!\
mpg123audiodec!\
audioconvert! autoaudiosink







ALSA Tool

ALSA Utile

- aplay
 - Play a WAV file
- arecord
 - Record a sound
- alsamixer
 - A graph tool for adjusting audio gain
- amixer
 - A console tool for adjusting audio gain





ALSA Tool

ALSA Utile

aplay

- aplay -Dsysdefault:CARD=rockchipes8316c /usr/share/sounds/alsa/Front_Center.wav
- aplay -Dsysdefault:CARD=HDMICODEC /usr/share/sounds/alsa/Front_Center.wav

arecord

arecord -Dhw:0,0 -r 44100 -t wav -f CD -d 5 /tmp/test.wav

alsamixer

alasmixer

amixer

- amixer scontrols | less
- amixer sget 'HP' 0%
- amixer sset 'HP' 0%



WiFi and Network





Network Tool

- ifconfig → Network setting
- ping → Network package test
- iperf3 → perform network throughput tests





WIFI

- NetworkManager Command Line Tool
 - nmcli nmcli
- Show / manipulate wireless devices and their configuration
 - wi 🕥
- >> For connecting to a WPA/WPA2 network
 - >> wpa_supplicant



SSH





SSH

- Secure SHell protocol
- **SSH Client**
- **SSH Server**







SSH

- SSH Client
 - # sudo apt-get install ssh
 - References



NFS





NFS

- Network File System
- NFS Client
- NFS Server





Docker





What is Docker

- https://docs.microsoft.com/zh-tw/dotnet/architecture/containerized-lifecycle/what-is-docker
- **2** 簡單的說

Docker :模擬作業系統的 "User space", 沒有底層

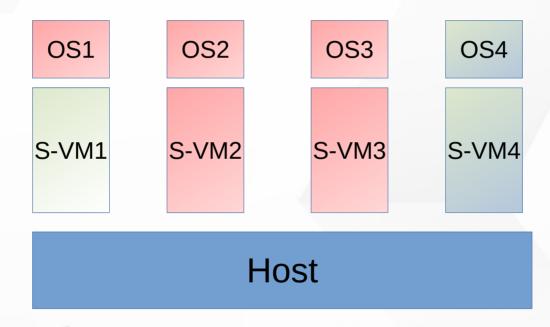
>>VirtualBox : 模擬 整個 作業系統,包含 底層 與 硬體

- 🏊 優點
 - >>對於開發 User space 的程式方便交換環境,快速
- >> 缺點
 - 無法處理底層或是硬體相關部份



What is Docker









Dicker Hub

- https://hub.docker.com/
- https://hub.docker.com/_/ubuntu
- Musical Decker Hub 建立不同版本的 docker image
- ፮ 直接從 Docker Hub 下載需要的新環境

▶例如: Ubuntu 1804







Install a Docker in Ubuntu

- Install docker in Ubuntu
 - >> \$ sudo apt-get install docker
- Docker help
 - >> docker --help





>> Pull a Docker image that in Docker Hub

>>For example : ubuntu 18.04

> \$ docker pull ubuntu:18.04

```
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ dicker images
No command 'dicker' found, did you mean:
Command 'ticker' from package 'ticker' (universe)
 Command 'docker' from package 'docker.io' (universe)
dicker: command not found
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker images
REPOSITORY
                                        IMAGE ID
                                                             CREATED
                                                                                 SIZE
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker pull ubuntu:18.04
18.04: Pulling from library/ubuntu
f08d8e2a3ba1: Extracting [>
                                                                                294.9kB/26.7MB
3baa9cb2483b: Download complete
94e5ff4c0b15: Download complete
1860925334f9: Download complete
```





- Check docker Image in local
 - >> docker images

```
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
ubuntu 18.04 6526a1858e5d 2 weeks ago 64.2MB
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$
```

- start to run docker Image in local
 - 3 docker run --help

Enter docker content

\$\text{docker run --net=host -i -t 6526a1858e5d /bin/bash}

slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~\$ docker run -i -t --net=host 6526a1858e5d /bin/bashroot@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:/# ■





Check docker content with docker command

```
oot@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:/# cat /etc/lsb-release
DISTRIB ID=Ubuntu
DISTRIB RELEASE=18.04
DISTRIB CODENAME=bionic
DISTRIB DESCRIPTION="Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS"
root@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:/#
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker ps --all
CONTAINER ID
266a7067ab0f
                   6526a1858e5d
                                       "/bin/bash"
                                                         About a minute ago Up About a minute
                                                                                                                    vigorous tereshkova
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ cat /etc/lsb-release
DISTRIB_ID=Ubuntu
DISTRIB_RELEASE=16.04
DISTRIB_CODENAME=xenial
DISTRIB_DESCRIPTION="Ubuntu <u>1</u>6.04.4 LTS"
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$
Docker content (ubuntu 18.04)
                                                                            Host (ubuntu 20.04)
```





- > Install package that you want in docker image
 - >> For example
 - \$ apt-get install net-tools

```
root@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:/# apt-get install net-tools
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 5 not upgraded.
Need to get 194 kB of archives.
After this operation, 803 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 net-tools amd64 1.60+git20161<u>116.90da8a0-1ubuntu</u>1 [194 kB]
Fetched 194 kB in 2s (115 kB/s)
debconf: delaying package configuration, since apt-utils is not installed
Selecting previously unselected package net-tools.
(Reading database ... 4046 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../net-tools_1.60+git20161116.90da8a0-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking net-tools (1.60+git20161116.90da8a0-1ubuntu1) ...
Setting up net-tools (1.60+git20161116.90da8a0-1ubuntu1) ...
root@slash-HD631-087CRM:/#
```





- **Commit** a docker content and push it to Docker Hub
 - 1. check which docker content that you want to commit
 - \$ docker ps --all

```
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker ps --all
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
266a7067ab0f 6526a1858e5d "/bin/bash" 16 hours ago Up 12 minutes vigorous_tereshkova
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ |
```

2. check REPOSITORY and TAG of docker image current

```
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
ubuntu 18.04 6526a1858e5d 2 weeks ago 64.2MB
```

- 3. commit docker content
 - \$ docker commit -m "test" 266a7067ab0f ubuntu:18.04

```
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker commit -m "test" 266a7067ab0f ubuntu:18.04
sha256:769ce8b9f38081b4cedf764b51e070ba4032b8146f26cf5c5d6726a3f20b831a
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ rm -rf ./build-fb/^C
slash@slash-HD631-Q87CRM:~$ docker images
REPOSITORY
                    TAG
                                                                                  SIZE
                                                             CREATED
                                         IMAGE ID
ubuntu
                    18.04
                                         769ce8b9f380
                                                             11 seconds ago
                                                                                  94.9MB
ubuntu
                                         6526a1858e5d
                                                              2 weeks ago
                                                                                  64.2MB
                    <none>
```





- > Import a Local Docker Image (Load)
 - [CMD] docker load < docker_image_file.tar</p>
- Save a Local Docker Image (Export)
 - [CMD] docker save \${IMAGE_ID} > docker_image_file.tar





- Delete a docker Content
 - \$ docker ps --all
 - \$ docker rm \${Content ID}
- Delete a docker Image
 - **>>**\$ docker images
 - \$ docker rmi \${IMAGE ID}





A Sample Docker Usage

- docker_info.sh
- Set environment variables
 - > -e --env
 - >-e DISPLAY
- Execute application when login to docker content
 - >>-c --cpu-shares
 - >>-c "\${DOCKER_BUILD_CMD}"
- > Work directory
 - 🥦-w --workdir
 - >-w \${DOCKER_WORKDIR}



A Sample Docker Usage



- Login with user name
 - > -u --user
 - -u \${DOCKER_LOGIN_ID}
- Mount a local disk space in docker content
 - > -v --volume
 - >> v \${LOCAL_FOLDER}:\${DOCKER_FOLDER}
- Allocate a pseudo-TTY
 - > t --tty
- Keep STDIN open even if not attached
 - > -i --interactive

