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main program
program FEM2D
use quadrature
use ParamModule
use MumpsModule
implicit none
integer :: i,k
double precision :: T0,T2,T3,T4
Type (Param), target::theParam
Type (AIJ), target:: sparse
Type (quad),target::qd
Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
call Initialization (TheParam, "param.dat")
   subroutine Initialization (TheParam, filename)
       use ParamModule
       use quadrature
       implicit none
       Character*(*), INTENT (IN) :: filename
       Integer :: datafile = 1
       Type (Param), target::TheParam
       Type (AIJ), target:: sparse
       Type (quad),target::qd
       Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
       open (datafile,file=filename)
       Call Init (TheParam, datafile, filename)
           subroutine Init (prm,datafile,filename)
               Character*(*), INTENT (IN) :: filename
               Type(Param), INTENT (INOUT) :: prm
               Integer :: datafile ! = 1
               Integer :: i,j,k,m,icounter
                ! domain size
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*) prm%xmin
               read(datafile,*) prm%xmax
               read(datafile,*) prm%ymin
               read(datafile,*) prm%ymax
                ! number of numerical constants
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*)
               read(datafile,*) prm%nbNC
               allocate (prm%NumCst (prm%nbNC))
               do i=1,prm%nbNC
               read(datafile,*) prm%NumCst (i)
               end do
               read(datafile,*) !----!
               read(datafile,*) ! physical constants
               read(datafile,*) !----!
               read(datafile,*) prm%nbPC
               allocate (prm%PhysCst (prm%nbPC))
               do i=1,prm%nbPC
               read(datafile,*) prm%PhysCst (i)
               end do
               prm%h(1) = (prm%xmax-prm%xmin) / dble(prm%numCst(2)-1)
               prm%h(2) = (prm%ymax-prm%ymin) / dble(prm%numCst(3)-1)
                !penalization coefficient
               prm%delta = prm%PhysCst(6) * min (prm%h(1),prm%h(2))
               read(datafile,'(A)') prm%bctop
               read(datafile,'(A)') prm%bcbottom
               read(datafile,'(A)') prm%bcleft
               read(datafile,'(A)') prm%bcright
               !x and y coordinates
               allocate (prm%x(prm%numCst(2)),prm%y(prm%numCst(3)))
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prm%x(1) = prm%xmin
        prm%y(1) = prm%ymin
        do i = 2,prm%NumCst(2)
        prm%x(i) = prm%x(i-1) + prm%h(1)
        end do
        do i = 2,prm%NumCst(3)
        prm%y(i) = prm%y(i-1) + prm%h(2)
        !write (*,*) prm%y(i)
        end do
        !mount/allocate local element coordinates
        prm%neX = prm%NumCst(2) - 1
        prm%neY = prm%NumCst(3) - 1
        prm%Tne = prm%neX*prm%neY
        prm%Tnp = prm%NumCst(2)*prm%NumCst(3)
        !xg and yg coordinates
        allocate (prm%xg(prm%NumCst(2)*prm%NumCst(3)),prm%yg(prm%NumCst(2)*prm%NumCst(3)))
        m = 1
        do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)*prm%NumCst(3)
        prm%xg(i) = prm%x(m)
        \mathsf{m} = \mathsf{m} + \mathsf{1}
        if (m .gt. prm%NumCst(2)) m = 1
        end do
        m = 1
        do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)*prm%NumCst(3)
        prm%yg(i) = prm%y(m)
        if (i .eq. m*prm%NumCst(2)) m = m + 1
        end do
        allocate(prm%leX(prm%neX*prm%neY,prm%numCst(1)))
       allocate(prm%leY(prm%neX*prm%neY,prm%numCst(1)))
        icounter = 1
       do i = 1,prm%Tne
        prm%leX(i,1) = prm%x(icounter)
        prm%leX(i,2) = prm%x(icounter) + prm%h(1)
        prm%leX(i,3) = prm%x(icounter) + prm%h(1)
        prm%leX(i,4) = prm%x(icounter)
        icounter = icounter + 1
        if (icounter .gt. prm%neX) icounter = 1
        end do
        icounter = 1
        j = 1
        k = 1
       do i = 1,prm%Tne
        prm%leY(i,1) = prm%y(j)
        prm%leY(i,2) = prm%y(j)
        prm%leY(i,3) = prm%y(j) + prm%h(2)
        prm%leY(i,4) = prm%y(j) + prm%h(2)
        icounter = icounter + 1
        if (icounter .gt. k*prm%neX) then
            j = j + 1
            k = k + 1
        end if
        end do
       print *,'----'
        print *,'ParamInitialize : done'
        print *,'----'
        end subroutine Init
call LGM (TheParam)
    subroutine LGM (prm)
        implicit none
        Type(Param), INTENT (INOUT) :: prm
        integer :: k,m
                   Map_loc
        allocate (prm%Lgm(prm%neX*prm%neY,prm%numCst(1)))
        prm%Lgm(:,:) = 0
        m = 1
        do k = 1, prm%neX*prm%neY
        if (k .eq. m*prm%neX) then
            prm%Lgm(k,1) = k + (k/prm%neX) - 1
            \mathsf{m} = \mathsf{m} + \mathsf{1}
        else
            prm%Lgm(k,1) = k + (k/prm%neX)
        end if
        prm%Lgm(k,2) = prm%Lgm(k,1) + 1
        prm%Lam(k.3) = prm%Lam(k.2) + prm%NumCst(2)
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prm%Lgm(k,4) = prm%Lgm(k,1) + prm%NumCst(2)
                end do
                end subroutine LGM
        call NBE (TheParam)
            subroutine NBE (prm)
                implicit none
                Type(Param), INTENT (INOUT) :: prm
                integer :: k
                double precision :: left,right,bottom,top
                allocate (prm%Nbe(prm%neX*prm%neY,8))
                prm%Nbe(:,:) = 0
                left = prm%xmin
                right = prm%xmax
                bottom = prm%ymin
                top
                       = prm%ymax
                do k = 1, prm%neX*prm%neY
                    ! Neighbor 1
                    if (prm%leX(k,1).gt.left .AND. prm%leY(k,1).gt.bottom) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,1) = k - (prm%neX + 1)
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 2
                    if (prm%leY(k,1).gt.bottom) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,2) = k - prm%neX
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 3
                    if (prm%leX(k,2).lt.right .AND. prm%leY(k,2).gt.bottom) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,3) = k - (prm%neX - 1)
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 4
                    if (prm%leX(k,2).lt.right) then
                    prm\%Nbe(k,4) = k + 1
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 5
                    if (prm%leY(k,3).lt.top .AND. prm%leX(k,3).lt.right) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,5) = k + (prm%neX + 1)
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 6
                    if (prm%leY(k,3).lt.top) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,6) = k + prm%neX
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 7
                    if (prm%leY(k,4).lt.top .AND. prm%leX(k,4).gt.left) then
                    prm%Nbe(k,7) = k + (prm%neX - 1)
                    end if
                    ! Neighbor 8
                    if (prm%leX(k,1).gt.left) then
                    prm\%Nbe(k,8) = k - 1
                    end if
                end subroutine NBE
        end subroutine Initialization
call Matrix_A (TheParam,qd,bf,sparse)
   subroutine Matrix_A (TheParam,qd,bf,sparse)
       use ParamModule
       use quadrature
        implicit none
       Type (Param),target::theParam
       Type (AIJ), target:: sparse
       Type (quad),target::qd
       Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
       call quad_calc (TheParam,qd)
                                            ! Calling abscissas and weightings
            subroutine quad_calc(par,qd)
                use ParamModule
                implicit none
                type (Param) :: par
                type (quad) :: qd
                integer :: i,j
                    allocate (qd%quad_x0(par%NumCst(4)),qd%quad_w(par%NumCst(4)))
                    ! initialization
                    qd%quad_w = 0D0
                    qd%quad_x0 = 0D0
                    select case (par%NumCst(4))
                    case (1)
                    qd^{\circ}quad_{w}(1) = 1D0
                    case (2)
                    qd%quad w (1) = 1D0
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qd%quad w (2) = 1D0
           qd%quad_x0 (1) = sqrt (1D0/3D0)
           qd%quad_x0(2) = -sqrt(1D0/3D0)
           case (3)
           qd%quad_w (2) = 0.88888888888888888888888888889D0
           qd%quad x0 (1) = 0.774596669241483377035853079956D0
           qd%quad_x0 (3) = -0.774596669241483377035853079956D0
           case (4)
           qd^quad_w(1) = 0.347854845137453857373063949222D0
           qd^quad_w(2) = 0.652145154862546142626936050778D0
           qd^quad_w(3) = 0.652145154862546142626936050778D0
           qd%quad w (4) = 0.347854845137453857373063949222D0
           qd^{quad}x0 (1) = 0.861136311594052575223946488893D0
           qd^quad_x0 (2) = 0.339981043584856264802665759103D0
           qd%quad_x0 (3) = -0.339981043584856264802665759103D0
           qd^quad_x0 (4) = -0.861136311594052575223946488893D0
           case (5)
           qd^quad_w (1) = 0.236926885056189087514264040720D0
           qd^quad_w(2) = 0.478628670499366468041291514836D0
           qd^{quad}w(3) = 0.568888888888888888888888888888889D0
           qd^quad_w (4) = 0.478628670499366468041291514836D0
           qd%quad_w (5) = 0.236926885056189087514264040720D0
           qd%quad x0 (1) = 0.906179845938663992797626878299D0
           qd%quad x0 (2) = 0.538469310105683091036314420700D0
           qd^quad_x0 (4) = -0.538469310105683091036314420700D0
           qd^quad_x0 (5) = -0.906179845938663992797626878299D0
           case (7)
           qd%quad_w (1) = 0.129484966168870D0
           qd%quad_w (2) = 0.279705391489277D0
           qd%quad_w (3) = 0.381830050505119D0
           qd%quad_w (4) = 0.417959183673469D0
           qd%quad_w (5) = 0.381830050505119D0
           qd%quad_w (6) = 0.279705391489277D0
           qd%quad_w (7) = 0.129484966168870D0
           qd%quad_x0(1) = 0.949107912342759D0
           qd%quad_x0(2) = 0.741531185599394D0
           qd%quad_x0(3) = 0.405845151377397D0
           qd%quad_x0 (5) = -0.405845151377397D0
           qd%quad_x0 (6) = -0.741531185599394D0
           qd%quad x0 (7) = -0.949107912342759D0
           end select
       end subroutine quad calc
call calAloc (TheParam,qd,bf)
                                  ! Calculating local mat. entries for every element
   subroutine calAloc(par,qd,bf)
       use ParamModule
       use quadrature
       implicit none
       type (Param) :: par
       type (quad) :: qd
       type (BasFunc) :: bf
       double precision :: F_xy,dx,dy,xr,yr,sr,pi,kxy,xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax,xe,ye
       double precision :: sigma
       integer :: i,j,k,m,n,l,nobs
       double precision, dimension (:),allocatable :: a,b,c,d
       double precision :: eps,diam,conv,diff,wx,wy
       diam = par%PhysCst(7)
       nobs = par%numCst(6)+1
       allocate (bf%Aloc(par%Tne,par%NumCst(1),par%NumCst(1)))
       allocate (bf%f(par%NumCst(1)),bf%dxf(par%NumCst(1)),bf%dyf(par%NumCst(1)))
       allocate (a(nobs),b(nobs),c(nobs),d(nobs))
       eps =( par%xmax - par%xmin) / dble(nobs-1)
       if (nobs .eq. 0) eps = 0D0
       a(:) = 10D0
       do m=1, nobs
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a(m) = par%xmin + m*eps - eps!0.5*eps
        end do
        b = a + 0.5D0*diam*eps
        a = a - 0.5D0*diam*eps
        c = a
        d = b
        do k = 1,par%Tne
        xmin = par%lex(k,1)
        xmax = par%lex(k,2)
        ymin = par%ley(k,1)
        ymax = par%ley(k,4)
        xe = (xmin + xmax) / 2D0
        ye = (ymin + ymax) / 2D0
        dx = xmax - xmin
        dy = ymax - ymin
        wx = 2D0 * ye * (1 - xe**2)!0D0!
        wy = -2D0 * xe * (1 - ye**2) !1D0!
        sigma = 0D0
        do m=1,nobs
        do n=1, nobs
            if (xe.ge.a(m) .AND. xe.le.b(m) .AND. ye.ge.c(n) .AND. ye.le.d(n)) then
                sigma = 1D0 / ( par%delta**3 )
            end if
        end do
        end do
        do m = 1,par%NumCst(1)
        do n = 1,par%NumCst(1)
            bf%Aloc(k,m,n) = 0D0
            do i = 1,par%NumCst(4)
            do j = 1,par%NumCst(4)
                    xr = (dx/2.)*qd%quad_x0(i) + (dx/2.)
                    yr = (dy/2.)*qd%quad_x0(j) + (dy/2.)
                    basis functions
                    bf%f(1) = (1. - xr/dx) * (1. - yr/dy)
                    bf%f(2) = (xr/dx) * (1. - yr/dy)
                    bf%f(3) = (xr/dx) * (yr/dy)
                    bf%f(4) = (1. - xr/dx) * (yr/dy)
                    basis functions derivatives
                    bf%dxf(1) = (-1./dx) + (yr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dyf(1) = (-1./dy) + (xr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dxf(2) = (1./dx) - (yr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dyf(2) = (-xr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dxf(3) = (yr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dyf(3) = (xr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dxf(4) = (-yr/(dx*dy))
                    bf%dyf(4) = (1./dy) - (xr/(dx*dy))
        ! Oscillating functions k(x,y) = \sin(2*pi*x)\sin(2*pi*y)
                     kxy = sin(2*pi*xr)*sin(2*pi*yr)
        conv = (wx * bf%dxf(m) + wy * bf%dyf(m)) * bf%f(n)
        diff = par%PhysCst(8)*( bf%dxf(m)*bf%dxf(n) + bf%dyf(m)*bf%dyf(n) )
        F_xy = diff + conv + (sigma*bf%f(m)*bf%f(n))
        bf%Aloc(k,m,n)=bf%Aloc(k,m,n)+qd%quad_w(i)*qd%quad_w(j)*F_xy*((dx*dy)/4.)
                end do
            end do
            end do
        end do
        end do
        end subroutine calAloc
call GlobalMap (TheParam, sparse) ! Constructing sparse matrix mapping mechanism
    subroutine GlobalMap (par,sparse)
        use ParamModule
        implicit none
        integer :: k,n,m,k1,k2,n1,n2,m1
        type (Param) :: par
        type (AIJ) :: sparse
        sparse%nonzero = 0
        allocate (sparse%GML(par%Tne,par%NumCst(1),par%NumCst(1)))
        sparse%GML(:,:,:) = 0
       do k = 1, par%Tne
        do n = 1, par%NumCst(1)
            do m = 1, par%NumCst(1)
                if (sparse%GML(k,n,m) == 0) then
                sparse%nonzero = sparse%nonzero + 1
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sparse%GML(K,n,m) = sparse%nonzero
               do k1 = 1, 8
                  k2 = par\%Nbe(k,k1)
                  if (k2 /= 0) then
                      n1 = 0
                      m1 = 0
                      do n2 = 1, par%NumCst(1)
                          if (par%Lgm(k,n) == par%Lgm(k2, n2)) then
                          n1 = n2
                          end if
                         if (par%Lgm(k,m) == par%Lgm(k2, n2)) then
                          m1 = n2
                          end if
                      end do
                      if ((n1 /= 0) .AND. (m1 /= 0)) then
                          sparse%GML(k2,n1,m1) = sparse%nonzero
                      end if
                  end if
                  end do
               end if
           end do
       end do
       end do
       end subroutine GlobalMap
call bcond (TheParam, sparse) ! Applying B.C. (calculate ~%Nbc)
   subroutine bcond (prm,sp) ! Reading B.C. values for Lag. multipliers input
       use ParamModule
       implicit none
       type (Param) :: prm
       type (AIJ)
                     :: sp
       integer :: i,j,k,l,m,lt,tn
       character :: d,n
       allocate (prm%tnode(prm%NumCst(2)),prm%bnode(prm%NumCst(2)))
       allocate (prm%lnode(prm%NumCst(3)),prm%rnode(prm%NumCst(3)))
       j = 0
       if (prm%bcleft .eq. 'd')  j = j + prm%NumCst(3)
       if (prm%bcright .eq. 'd') j = j + prm%NumCst(3)
       if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') j = j + prm%NumCst(2)
       prm%Nbc = j !amount of boundary conditioned nodes grossly estimated
       allocate (prm%qbc(prm%Nbc),prm%qbcval(prm%Nbc))
       ! nodes of boundary
       tn = prm%Tnp
       lt = tn - prm%neX
       prm%tnode(:) = 0
       prm%bnode(:) = 0
       prm%lnode(:) = 0
       prm%rnode(:) = 0
       prm%qbc(:) = 0
       prm%qbcval(:)= 0D0
       i = 0
       do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)
           prm%tnode(i) = lt + (i-1)
       end do
       if (prm%bctop .eq. 'd') then
       do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)
           prm%qbc(i) = prm%tnode(i)
           prm%qbcval(i) = prm%PhysCst(1)
           !prm%qbcval(i) = 0D0
                                                                ! QNODE 1
           !prm%qbcval(i) = 0D0
                                                                ! QNODE 2
           !prm%qbcval(i) = ((prm%x(i)-prm%xmin)/(prm%xmax-prm%xmin))
                                                                          ! QNODE 3
           !prm%qbcval(i) = (1D0 - ((prm%x(i)-prm%xmin)/(prm%xmax-prm%xmin))) ! QNODE 4
           !prm%qbcval(i) = sin (3*3.14159265359*prm%xg(i)/prm%xmax) ! FOR CONVERGENCE CHECK
       end do
       j = j + prm%NumCst(2)
       end if
       ! ========== bottom ======== !
       do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)
           prm%bnode(i) = i
       end do
       if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') then
       do i = 1,prm%NumCst(2)
           prm%qbc(j+i) = prm%bnode(i)
           !prm%qbcval(j+i) = (1D0 -((prm%x(i)-prm%xmin)/(prm%xmax-prm%xmin))) ! QNODE 1
           !prm%qbcval(j+i) = ((prm%x(i)-prm%xmin)/(prm%xmax-prm%xmin))
                                                                      ! QNODE 2
           !prm%qbcval(i+i) = 0D0 ! ONODE 3
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prm%qbcval(j+i) = prm%PhysCst(2)
           !prm%qbcval(j+i) = 0D0
                                                                     ! QNODE 4
       end do
       j = j + prm%NumCst(2)
       end if
       do i = 1,prm%NumCst(3)
           k = i * prm%NumCst(2)
           prm%rnode(i) = k
       end do
        ! ============= right ========= !
       if (prm%bcright .eq. 'd') then
       if (prm%bctop .eq. 'd') then
           if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') then
           do i = 2,prm%NumCst(3)-1
               prm%qbc(j+(i-1)) = prm%rnode(i)
               prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = prm%PhysCst(4)
                                                                            ! QNODE 1
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = 0D0
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = (1D0-((prm%y(i)-prm%ymin)/(prm%ymax-prm%ymin))) ! QNODE
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = ((prm%y(i)-prm%ymin)/(prm%ymax-prm%ymin))
                                                                            ! QNODE 4
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = 0D0
           end do
           j = j + prm%NumCst(3)-2
           else
           do i = 1,prm%NumCst(3)-1
               prm%qbc(j+i) = prm%rnode(i)
               prm%qbcval(j+i) = prm%PhysCst(4)
           end do
           j = j + prm%NumCst(3) - 1
           end if
       else if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') then
           do i = 2,prm%NumCst(3)
               prm%qbc(j+(i-1)) = prm%rnode(i)
               prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = prm%PhysCst(4)
           end do
       j = j + prm%NumCst(3) - 1
       end if
       end if
        do i = 1,prm%NumCst(3)
           prm%lnode(i) = prm%rnode(i) - prm%neX
       end do
       if (prm%bcleft .eq. 'd') then
       if (prm%bctop .eq. 'd') then
           if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') then
           ! All dirichlet case !
           do i = 2,prm%NumCst(3)-1
               prm%qbc(j+(i-1)) = prm%lnode(i)
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1))=(1D0-((prm%y(i)-prm%ymin)/(prm%ymax-prm%ymin)))!QNODE1
               prm%qbcval(j+(i-1))=prm%PhysCst(3)
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1))=0D0
                                                                          !ONODE 2
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1))=0D0
                                                                          !QNODE 3
               !prm%qbcval(j+(i-1))=((prm%y(i)-prm%ymin)/(prm%ymax-prm%ymin))
                                                                               !QNODE 4
           end do
           j = j + prm%NumCst(3)-2
           else
           do i = 1,prm%NumCst(3)-1
               prm%qbc(j+i) = prm%lnode(i)
               prm%qbcval(j+i) = prm%PhysCst(3)
           end do
           j = j + prm%NumCst(3) - 1
           end if
       else if (prm%bcbottom .eq. 'd') then
           do i = 2,prm%NumCst(3)
               prm%qbc(j+(i-1)) = prm%lnode(i)
               prm%qbcval(j+(i-1)) = prm%PhysCst(3)
           end do
       j = j + prm%NumCst(3) - 1
       end if
       end if
       prm%Nbc = j ! Number of boundary points with Dirichlet type B.C.
       end subroutine bcond
allocate(sparse%A (sparse%nonzero + 2*TheParam%Nbc)) !Allocating sparse matrix A -
allocate(sparse%IRN(sparse%nonzero + 2*TheParam%Nbc)) ! taking into account the -
allocate(sparse%JCN(sparse%nonzero + 2*Theparam%Nbc)) ! additional B.C. entries.
call assembly (TheParam, sparse, bf) ! Assembling sparse matrix
```

QNODE 3

```
subroutine assembly (par,sparse,bf)
                use ParamModule
                implicit none
                integer :: k,l,m,n
                Type (AIJ), target:: sparse
                Type (param), target:: par
                Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
                do k = 1, par%Tne
                   do n = 1, par%NumCst(1)
                        do m = 1, par%NumCst(1)
                        l = sparse%GML(k,n,m)
                                    = sparse%A(l) + bf%Aloc(k,n,m)
                        sparse%A(l)
                        sparse%IRN(l) = par%Lgm(k,n)
                        sparse%JCN(l) = par%Lgm(k,m)
                        end do
                    end do
                end do
                end subroutine assembly
       call lagmul (TheParam, sparse)
                                           ! Extending sparse matrix with multipliers
            subroutine lagmul (prm,sp)
                ! Extend the global matrix, u matrix and RHS matrix with multipliers
                use ParamModule
                implicit none
                type (Param) :: prm
                type (AIJ) :: sp
                type (BasFunc) :: bf
                integer :: i
                sp%nbdof = prm%Tnp
                sp%nonzero = count (sp%A /= 0D0)
               do i = 1, prm%Nbc
                sp%A(sp%nonzero + i) = 1D0
                sp%IRN(sp%nonzero + i) = prm%qbc(i)
                sp%JCN(sp%nonzero + i) = i + sp%nbdof
                end do
                sp%nonzero = count (sp%A /= 0D0)
               do i = 1, prm%Nbc
                sp%A(sp%nonzero + i) = 1D0
                sp%IRN(sp%nonzero + i) = i + sp%nbdof
                sp%JCN(sp%nonzero + i) = prm%qbc(i)
                end do
                sp%nonzero = count (sp%A /= 0D0)
                end subroutine lagmul
        end subroutine Matrix_A
call RHS (theParam, sparse, qd, bf)
    subroutine RHS (theParam, sparse, qd, bf)
       use ParamModule
       use quadrature
        implicit none
       Type (Param), target::theParam
        Type (AIJ), target:: sparse
       Type (quad),target::qd
       Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
       call calRHSloc (TheParam,qd,bf) ! Local RHS entries for every element
            subroutine calRHSloc (par,qd,bf)
                use ParamModule
                use quadrature
                implicit none
                type (Param)
                              :: par
                type (quad)
                              :: qd
                type (BasFunc) :: bf
                integer
                                :: k,m,i,j
               double precision :: sr,dx,dy,xr,yr,a,b,c,d
                double precision :: xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax,xe,ye,sigma,pi
                pi = 3.14159265359
                allocate (bf%rhsLoc(par%Tne,par%NumCst(1)))
               a = ((par%xmax - par%xmin ) / 3D0) + par%xmin
                b = a + ((par%xmax - par%xmin) / 3D0)
                c = ((par%ymax - par%ymin ) / 3D0) + par%ymin
                d = c + ((par%ymax - par%ymin) / 3D0)
                do k = 1,par%Tne
                xmin = par%lex(k,1)
               xmax = par%lex(k,2)
```

```
ymin = par%ley(k,1)
                ymax = par%ley(k,4)
                xe = (xmin + xmax) / 2D0
                ye = (ymin + ymax) / 2D0
                dx = xmax - xmin
                dy = ymax - ymin
                do m = 1,par%NumCst(1)
                    do i = 1,par%NumCst(4)
                    do j = 1,par%NumCst(4)
                            xr = (dx/2.)*qd%quad_x0(i) + (dx/2.)
                            yr = (dy/2.)*qd%quad_x0(j) + (dy/2.)
                            basis functions
                            bf%f(1) = (1. - xr/dx) * (1. - yr/dy)
                            bf%f(2) = (xr/dx) * (1. - yr/dy)
                            bf%f(3) = (xr/dx) * (yr/dy)
                            bf%f(4) = (1. - xr/dx) * (yr/dy)
                        !sr = sin(0.5*pi*xe)*sin(0.5*pi*ye)
                                                                   !par%PhysCst(5)
                sr = 0
                if(xe.ge.-1.AND.xe.le.1.AND.ye.ge.0.7.AND.ye.le.1) then
                sr = 1D0
                end if
                if(xe.ge.-1.AND.xe.le.1.AND.ye.ge.-1.AND.ye.le.-0.7) then
                sr = 1D0
                end if
                        bf%rhsLoc(k,m)=bf%rhsLoc(k,m)+((dx*dy)/4.)*sr*qd%quad_w(i)*qd%quad_w(j)*bf%f(m)
                    end do
                    end do
                !end if
                end do
                end do
                end subroutine calRHSloc
       call GRHS (sparse,TheParam,bf) ! Global RHS entries
            subroutine GRHS (sparse,par,bf)
                use ParamModule
                implicit none
                Type (AIJ), target
                                       :: sparse
                Type (param), target :: par
                Type (BasFunc), target :: bf
                integer
                                       :: k,m,n,j,i,j1,j2
                allocate(sparse%RHS(par%Tnp + par%Nbc))
                do k = 1, par%Tne
                                                              ! Storing RHS matrix
                do n = 1, par%NumCst(1)
                    m = par%Lgm(k,n)
                        sparse%RHS(m) = sparse%RHS(m) + bf%rhsLoc(k,n)
                end do
                end do
                                                              ! Storing B.C. (Dirichlet) values
                j = par%Tnp
                j1 = par%Nbc
                                                              ! on RHS matrix.
                do i = j+1, j+j1
                i^2 = i - i
                sparse%RHS(i) = par%qbcval(j2)
                end do
                end subroutine GRHS
        end subroutine RHS
call solve(sparse,TheParam)
   subroutine solve (sparse,par)
        use ParamModule
       TYPE(DMUMPS_STRUC) :: id
       TYPE(AIJ),INTENT(INOUT):: sparse
       TYPE(Param), INTENT(INOUT):: par
        integer :: ierr, i
        integer :: m,n
        integer :: j,k,l
       print *, 'calling external MUMPS Solver...'
        ! id\%ICNTL(1) = 0
        ! id\%ICNTL(2) = 0
        ! id%ICNTL(3) = 0
        ! id\%ICNTL(4) = 0
       print *, 'Initializing ...'
        ! initialize mumps
        id\%SYM = 0
        ! Host working
        id%PAR = 1
```

```
call solve(sparse,TheParam)
    subroutine solve (sparse,par)
       use ParamModule
       TYPE(DMUMPS_STRUC) :: id
       TYPE(AIJ), INTENT(INOUT):: sparse
       TYPE(Param), INTENT(INOUT):: par
       integer :: ierr, i
        integer :: m,n
       integer :: j,k,l
       print *, 'calling external MUMPS Solver...'
        ! id\%ICNTL(1) = 0
        ! id%ICNTL(2) = 0
        ! id\%ICNTL(3) = 0
        ! id\%ICNTL(4) = 0
       print *, 'Initializing ...'
        ! initialize mumps
        id\%SYM = 0
       ! Host working
        id%PAR = 1
        ! Initialize an instance of the package
        id\%JOB = -1
       CALL DMUMPS(id)
        id%N = sparse%nbdof + par%Nbc
        id%NZ = sparse%nonzero
       Allocate (id%RHS (sparse%nbdof + par%Nbc))
       Allocate (id%IRN (sparse%nonzero))
       Allocate (id%JCN (sparse%nonzero))
       Allocate (id%A (sparse%nonzero))
       print *, 'Reading the matrix and the RHS...'
        ! mounting sparse matrix values
       do i = 1,sparse%nonzero
            id%A(i) = sparse%A(i)
           id%IRN(i) = sparse%IRN(i)
           id%JCN(i) = sparse%JCN(i)
       end do
       ! mounting rhs matrix values
       do i = 1,sparse%nbdof + par%Nbc
            id%RHS(i) = sparse%RHS(i)
       end do
       print *, 'Solving...'
        id%JOB = 6
        ! upper memory bound for MUMPS
        id%icntl (23) = par%NumCst(5)
        ! id%icntl (6) = 0 ! no permutation
        ! id%icntl (8) = 8 ! no scaling
        ! error analysis
        id\%ICNTL(11) = 1
        !id%ICNTL(11) = 0
       ! scaling provided by user
        ! id%ICNTL(8) = -1
       CALL DMUMPS(id)
        ! write solution
       do i = 1,sparse%nbdof + par%Nbc
            sparse%RHS(i) = id%RHS(i)
       end do
        ! cleanup
       deallocate (id%IRN)
       deallocate (id%JCN)
       deallocate (id%A )
       deallocate (id%RHS)
        print *, 'dumping memory...'
```

```
10\%JUB = -2
       CALL DMUMPS(id)
       end subroutine solve
call reference (theParam, sparse)
   subroutine reference (par,spar)
       use ParamModule
       implicit none
       double precision :: p,pi,a,b
       Type (Param), target :: par
       Type (AIJ), target :: spar
       integer :: i,j
       a = par%xmax
       b = par%ymax
       p = 5
       pi = 3.14159265359
       allocate (par%uex(spar%nbdof))
       do i = 1, spar%nbdof
       par%uex(i) = sin(p*pi*par%xg(i)/a)*sinh(p*pi*par%yg(i)/a)/sinh(p*pi*b/a)
       end do
       call ErrorEst (par,spar)
           subroutine ErrorEst (par,spar)
              use ParamModule
              implicit none
              type (Param), target :: par
              type (AIJ), target :: spar
              integer :: i,j,k
              double precision :: uh,ue,x,uer
              ! L inf Error estimate
              par%uerr = 0D0
              uer = 0D0
              do i = 1, spar%nbdof
              uh = spar%RHS(i)
              ue = par%uex(i)
              x = (abs(uh - ue))**2
              uer = uer + x
              end do
              par%uerr = sqrt(uer)
              end subroutine ErrorEst
       end subroutine reference
call output (TheParam, sparse, bf)
   subroutine output (TheParam, sparse, bf)
       use ParamModule
       implicit none
       integer :: i,k,l,m
       type (param) :: TheParam
       type (AIJ) :: sparse
       type (BasFunc) :: bf
       open(unit = 40, file = 'local_matrix.txt',status = 'unknown')
       open(unit = 60, file = 'ref', form = 'unformatted')
       open(unit = 50, file = 'SOL.tec')
       open(unit = 80, file = 'sparse mat.txt',status = 'unknown')
       open(unit = 90, file = 'EXACT.tec', status = 'unknown')
       ! writing block !
       print *, 'writing results...'
       !write(80,*) '
                          sparse (AIJ) matrix '
       !write (80,*) 'i : A(i) : I(i) : J(i)'
       !write(80,*) '------
       !do l = 1,sparse%nonzero
       ! write (80,'(I10,A,F10.4,I10,I10)') l,' ',sparse%A(l),sparse%IRN(l),sparse%JCN(l)
       !end do
       ! solution
       write(50.*) 'variables = "x"."v"."u"'
```

```
write(50,*) 'zone t ="solution",I=',TheParam%NumCst(2),',J=',TheParam%NumCst(3)
       do i = 1,sparse%nbdof
          write(50,*) TheParam%xg(i),TheParam%yg(i),sparse%RHS(i)
       end do
       close (50)
       write (60) sparse%RHS
       close (60)
       ! exact reference
       !write(90,*) 'variables = "x","y","u"'
       !write(90,*) 'zone t ="solution",I=',TheParam%NumCst(2),',J=',TheParam%NumCst(3)
       !do i = 1,sparse%nbdof
       ! write(90,*) TheParam%xg(i),TheParam%yg(i),sparse%rhs(i)!TheParam%uex(i)
       !end do
       !write(60,*) ' Map_loc '
       !write(60,*) '============
       !do k = 1,TheParam%Tne
       ! write(60,*) k,(TheParam%Lgm(k,l),l = 1,TheParam%NumCst(1))
       !end do
      write(40,*) '============
      write(40,*) 'Local matrix'
      write(40,*) '========'
       do k = 1, TheParam%NumCst(1)
          write(40, '(100000000000000(F20.5))') (bf%Aloc(1,k,l), l = 1,TheParam%NumCst(1))
       end do
      write(40,*) '=======
      write(40,*) 'Local RHS
      write(40,*) '========'
       do k = 1, TheParam%NumCst(1)
          write(40,*) bf%rhsLoc(1,k)
       end do
       !write(40,*) '==========
       !write(40,*) ' GML
       !write(40,*) '===========
       !do k = 1,TheParam%Tne
          do l = 1,TheParam%NumCst(1)
             do m = 1,TheParam%NumCst(1)
               write(40,*) k,l,m,sparse%GML(k,l,m)
             end do
          end do
       !end do
       end subroutine output
write(*,'(A,I10,A,F8.4,A)')'for N=',theParam%Tnp,' and h=',theParam%h(1),''
write(*,'(A,F10.5)')'L2_error=',theParam%uerr
write(*,*) '=======
end program
```