

Intel® Distribution for GDB* Reference Sheet

Prerequisites

Set your oneAPI environment variables:

```
$ source <ONEAPI_ROOT>/setvars.sh
```

Add the following kernel parameter (typically done by editing `/etc/default/grub` and then running `update-grub`):

```
i915.debug_eu=1
```

Define the following environment variable:

```
$ export ZET_ENABLE_PROGRAM_DEBUGGING=1
```

Finally, check that your user is a member of the linux group that owns the graphics card. [↗](#)

Auto-Attach

Turn the auto-attach feature off, if desired (e.g. if debugging on CPU or FPGA-emu):

```
$ export INTELGT_AUTO_ATTACH_DISABLE=1
```

Turn the feature on:

```
$ unset INTELGT_AUTO_ATTACH_DISABLE
```

Useful GDB Commands

help <cmd>

Print help info about the command `cmd`.

run [arg1, ... argN]

Start the program, optionally with arguments.

break <filename>:<line>

Define a breakpoint at given source file's specified line.

info break

Show the defined breakpoints.

delete <N>

Remove the Nth breakpoint.

watch <exp>

Stop when value of the expression `exp` changes.

step, next

Single-step a source line, stepping into/over func calls.

continue

Continue execution.

print <exp>

Print value of expression `exp`.

backtrace

Show the function call stack.

up, down

Go one level up/down in the function call stack.

disassemble

Disassemble the current function.

info args/locals

Show the arguments/local vars of the current function.

info reg <regname>

Show contents of the specified register.

info inferiors

Display information about the *inferiors*. For GPU offloading, the host process and the GPU devices are each represented by an inferior.

info devices

Display information about the *devices*.

Useful GDB Commands (cont'd)

info threads [-stopped] <ID>

Display information about threads with id `ID`, including their active SIMD lanes. Omit id to display all threads.

Use the `-stopped` flag to limit to stopped threads.

thread <thread_id>:<lane>

Switch context to the SIMD lane `lane` of the specified thread. E.g: `thread 2.6:4`

thread apply <thread_id>:<lane> <cmd>

Apply command `cmd` to the specified lane of the thread. E.g: `'thread apply 2.3:* print element'` prints `element` for each active lane of thread 2.3. Useful for inspecting vectorized values.

x /<format> <addr>

Examine the memory at address `addr` according to `format`. E.g: `'x /i $pc'` shows the instruction pointed to by the program counter. `'x /8wd &count'` shows 8 words in decimal format located at the address of `count`.

set nonstop on/off

Enable/disable the nonstop mode. This command may *not* be used after the program has started.

set scheduler-locking on/step/off

Lock the thread scheduler. Useful to keep the other threads stopped while the current thread is stepping (if set to `step`) or resumed (if `on`) to avoid interference.

maint jit dump <addr> <filename>

Save the JIT'ed objfile that contains address `addr` into the file `filename`. Useful for extracting the SYCL kernel when running on the CPU device.

cond [-force] <N> <exp>

Define the expression `exp` as the condition for breakpoint `N`. Use the optional `-force` flag to force the condition to be defined even when `exp` is invalid for the current locations of the breakpoint. Useful for defining conditions on breakpoints in JIT-produced code.

Notes

Currently only the Level Zero backend supports debug. Workloads submitted to different devices and/or subdevices can be debugged simultaneously. Only one workload at a time can be debugged on a subdevice. Other workloads submitted to the same subdevice need to wait until the subdevice is free again.

The `ZE_AFFINITY_MASK=<device>.<subdevice>` environment variable can be used to limit the devices/subdevices available to the program.

Links

Get Started Guide [↗](#)

Release Notes [↗](#)

oneAPI Programming Guide [↗](#)

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