

Atomic Types	$T$	$::=$	$A \rightarrow B$ $\top$ $\forall \alpha * B. A$	Function type Top type Universal quantification
Types	$A, B, C, D$	$::=$	$\alpha$ $A \cap B$ $T$	Type variable Intersection type Atomic type
Expressions	$e$	$::=$	$x$ $\top$ $\lambda(x:A). e$ $e_1 e_2$ $\Lambda \alpha * A. e$ $e A$ $e_1, e_2$	Variable Top Lambda Application Big lambda Type application Merge
Contexts	$\Gamma$	$::=$	$\epsilon$ $\Gamma, \alpha * A$ $\Gamma, x:A$	

**Figure 1.** Syntax.

	$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash A \perp B}$
$\frac{\alpha * B \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \alpha \perp B}$	DISJOINTREFL
$\frac{\alpha * A \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash A \perp \alpha}$	DISJOINTSYM
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \perp C \quad \Gamma \vdash B \perp C}{\Gamma \vdash A \& B \perp C}$	DISJOINTSUB1
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \perp B \quad \Gamma \vdash A \perp C}{\Gamma \vdash A \perp B \& C}$	DISJOINTSUB2
$\frac{T_1 \not\prec T_2 \quad T_2 \not\prec T_1}{\Gamma \vdash T_1 \perp T_2}$	DISJOINTATOMIC

**Figure 3.** Disjointness.

$\boxed{A <: B \hookrightarrow F}$	
$\frac{}{\alpha <: \alpha \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: \alpha ). x}$	SUBVAR
$\frac{}{A <: \top \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: A ). ()}$	SUBTOP
$\frac{\tau_3 <: \tau_1 \hookrightarrow C_1 \quad \tau_2 <: \tau_4 \hookrightarrow C_2}{\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \rightarrow \tau_4 \hookrightarrow \lambda(f: \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 ). \lambda(x: \tau_3 ). C_2 (f (C_1 x))}$	SUBFUN
$\frac{\tau_1 <: [\alpha_1/\alpha_2]\tau_2 \hookrightarrow C}{\forall \alpha_1 * \tau_3. \tau_1 <: \forall \alpha_2 * \tau_3. \tau_2 \hookrightarrow \lambda(f: \forall \alpha_1 * \tau_3. \tau_1 ). \Lambda \alpha. C (f \alpha)}$	SUBFORALL
$\frac{\tau_1 <: \tau_2 \hookrightarrow C_1 \quad \tau_1 <: \tau_3 \hookrightarrow C_2}{\tau_1 <: \tau_2 \cap \tau_3 \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: \tau_1 ). (C_1 x, C_2 x)}$	SUBAND
$\frac{\tau_1 <: \tau_3 \hookrightarrow C}{\tau_1 \cap \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: \tau_1 \cap \tau_2 ). C (\text{proj}_1 x)}$	SUBAND1
$\frac{\tau_2 <: \tau_3 \hookrightarrow C}{\tau_1 \cap \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: \tau_1 \cap \tau_2 ). C (\text{proj}_2 x)}$	SUBAND2
$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash e : A \hookrightarrow E}$	
$\frac{x:A \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : A \hookrightarrow x}$	TYVAR
$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \top : \top \hookrightarrow ()}$	TYTOP
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, x:A \vdash e : B \hookrightarrow E}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda(x:A). e : A \rightarrow B \hookrightarrow \lambda(x: A ). E}$	TYLAM
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A_1 \rightarrow A_2 \hookrightarrow E_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : A_3 \hookrightarrow E_2 \quad A_3 <: A_1 \hookrightarrow C}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : A_2 \hookrightarrow E_1 (C E_2)}$	TYAPP
$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha * B \vdash e : A \hookrightarrow E}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda \alpha * B. e : \forall \alpha * B. A \hookrightarrow \Lambda \alpha. E}$	TYBLAM
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall \alpha * C. B \hookrightarrow E \quad \Gamma \vdash A \perp C \quad \Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash e A : [A/\alpha]B \hookrightarrow E [A]}$	TYTAPP
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \hookrightarrow E_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B \hookrightarrow E_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash A \perp B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1, e_2 : A \cap B \hookrightarrow (E_1, E_2)}$	TYMERGE

**Figure 2.** Subtyping.

**Figure 4.** Typing.

$e \vdash 1, 2 : (\text{Int} * \text{Int}) \Rightarrow \text{Int} \cap \text{Int}$

**Definition 1.** (Disjointness) Two sets  $S$  and  $T$  are *disjoint* if there does not exist an element  $x$ , such that  $x \in S$  and  $x \in T$ .

**Definition 2.** (Disjointness) Two types  $A$  and  $B$  are *disjoint* if there does not exist an expression  $e$ , which is not a merge, such that  $e \vdash e : A'$ ,  $e \vdash e : B'$ ,  $A' <: A$ , and  $B' <: B$ .

**Definition 3.** (Disjointness)  $A \perp B = \neg \exists C. A <: C \wedge B <: C$

Two types  $A$  and  $B$  are *disjoint* if their least common supertype is  $\top$ .