Types
$$A, B, C, D := \alpha$$
 Type variable T Top type $A \rightarrow B$ Function type $A \cap B$ Intersection t

Figure 1. Syntax.

$$\epsilon \vdash 1, 2 : (Int * Int) \Rightarrow Int \cap Int$$

Definition 1. (Disjointness) Two sets S and T are *disjoint* if there does not exist an element x, such that $x \in S$ and $x \in T$.

Definition 2. (Disjointness) Two types A and B are *disjoint* if there does not exist an expression e, which is not a merge, such that $\epsilon \vdash e : A', \epsilon \vdash e : B', A' <: A, \text{ and } B' <: B.$

Definition 3. (Disjointness) Two types A and B are *disjoint* if their least common supertype is \top .

Figure 2. Subtyping.

Figure 3. Typing.