$$\epsilon \vdash 1, 2 : (Int * Int) \Rightarrow Int \cap Int$$

Definition 1. (Disjointness) Two sets S and T are *disjoint* if there does not exist an element x, such that $x \in S$ and $x \in T$.

Definition 2. (Disjointness) Two types A and B are *disjoint* if there does not exist an expression e, which is not a merge, such that $\epsilon \vdash e : A', \epsilon \vdash e : B', A' <: A$, and B' <: B.

Definition 3. (Disjointness)
$$A \perp B = \not\exists C.A <: C \land B <: C$$

Two types A and B are *disjoint* if their least common supertype is \top .

$$\alpha <: \alpha \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(x:|\alpha|).x$$

$$\overline{A <: \top} \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(x:|\alpha|).x$$

$$SUBTOP$$

$$\tau_3 <: \tau_1 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C_1 \qquad \tau_2 <: \tau_4 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C_2$$

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \to \tau_4 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(f:|\tau_1 \to \tau_2|).\lambda(x:|\tau_3|).C_2 \ (f \ (C_1 \ x))$$

$$SUBFUN$$

$$\tau_1 <: [\alpha_1/\alpha_2]\tau_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C$$

$$\forall \alpha_1.\tau_1 <: \forall \alpha_2.\tau_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(f:|\forall \alpha_1.\tau_1|).\Lambda\alpha.C \ (f \ \alpha)$$

$$SUBFORALL$$

$$\tau_1 <: \tau_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C_1 \qquad \tau_1 <: \tau_3 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C_2$$

$$\tau_1 <: \tau_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(x:|\tau_1|).(C_1 \ x, C_2 \ x)$$

$$SUBAND$$

$$\tau_1 <: \tau_3 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C$$

$$\tau_1 \cap \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(x:|\tau_1 \cap \tau_2|).C \ (proj_1x)$$

$$SUBAND_1$$

$$\tau_2 <: \tau_3 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} C$$

$$\tau_1 \cap \tau_2 <: \tau_3 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} \lambda(x:|\tau_1 \cap \tau_2|).C \ (proj_2x)$$

$$SUBAND_2$$

$$\frac{A_2 <: A_1 \qquad B_2 <: B_1 \qquad C_1 <: C_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} E \\ (A_1 * B_1) \Rightarrow C_1 <: (A_2 * B_2) \Rightarrow C_2 \xrightarrow{\hookrightarrow} E$$

$$SUBCONSTRAINT$$

 $A <: B \hookrightarrow F$

Figure 2. Subtyping.

Figure 3. Typing.