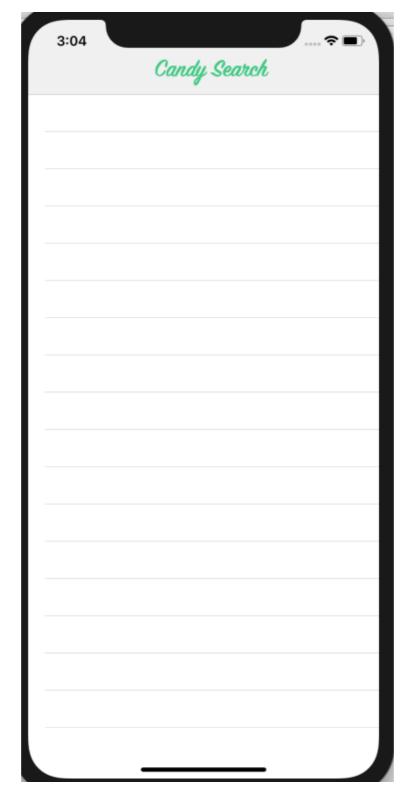
UISearchController Tutorial: Getting Started

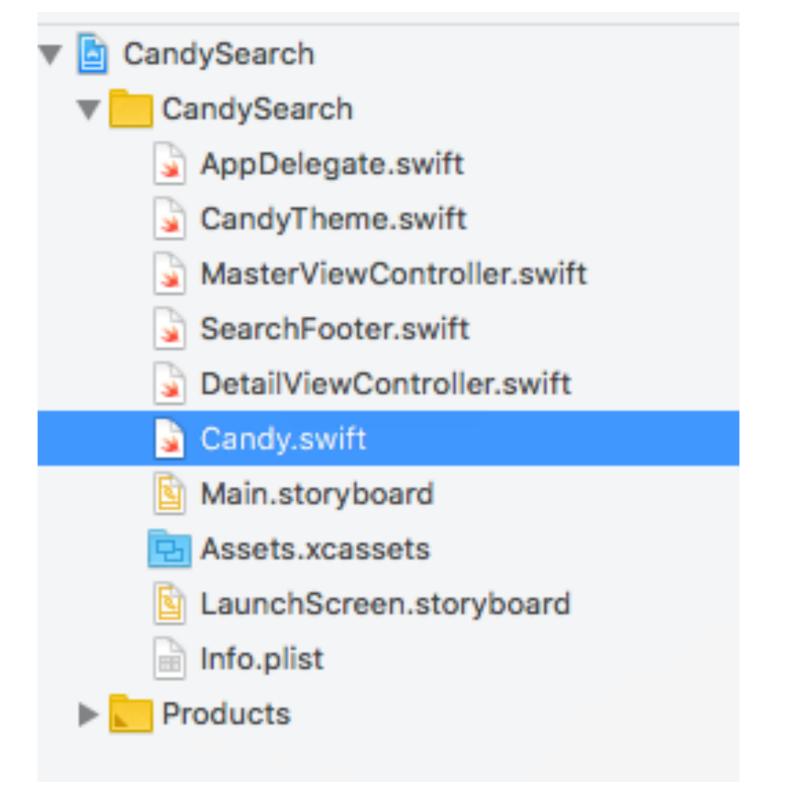
//UISearchController 튜토리얼 Ray Wenderlich 사이트 //https://www.raywenderlich.com/472-uisearchcontroller-tutorial-getting-started 이 UISearchController 자습서에서는 표준 테이블 뷰를 기반으로 검색 가능한 캔디 앱을 작성합니다. <mark>테이블 뷰 검색 기능과 동적 필터링 기능</mark>을 추가하고 선택 사항 인 스코프 바를 추가하여 모든 기능을 활용할 수 UISearchController 있습니다. 결국 앱을 훨씬 더 사용자 친

Getting Started

Download the starter project from the tutorial here and open the project.





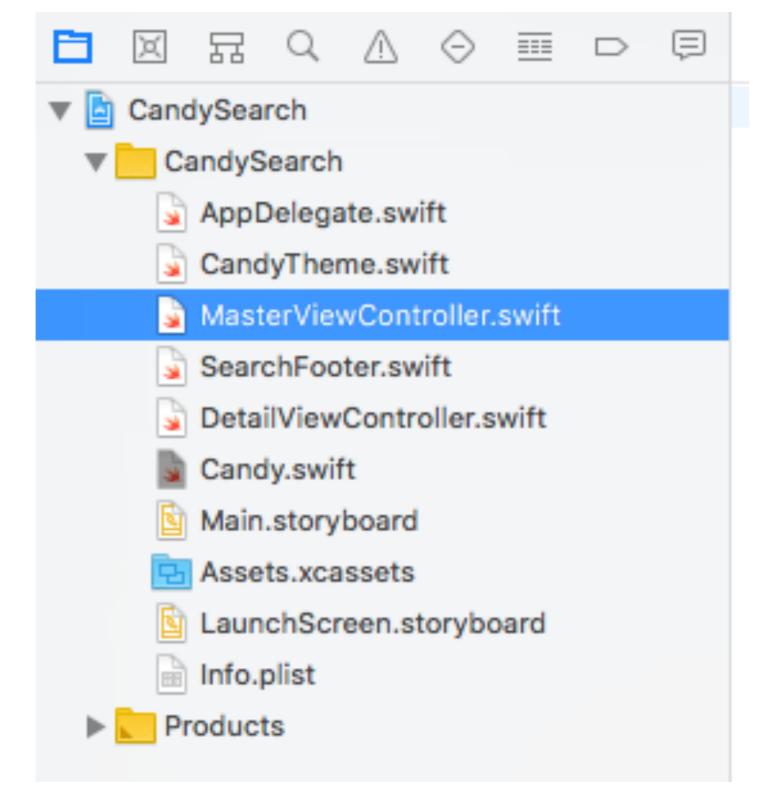


import Foundation

```
//Candy의 각 조각에 대한 정보를 저장하는 구조체
struct Candy {
 let category : String
 let name : String
}
```

테이블 뷰 채우기

MasterViewController.swift를 엽니다.이 candies 속성은 Candy 사용자가 검색 할 수 있는 모든 개체를 관리하는 곳 입니다. 말하자면, 이제는 사탕을 만들 때입니다!



```
// MARK: - View Setup
override func viewDidLoad() {
 super.viewDidLoad()
 candies = [
      Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Chocolate Bar"),
      Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Chocolate Chip"),
      Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Dark Chocolate"),
      Candy(category: "Hard", name: "Lollipop"),
      Candy(category: "Hard", name: "Candy Cane"),
      Candy(category: "Hard", name: "Jaw Breaker"),
      Candy(category:"Other", name:"Caramel"),
      Candy(category: "Other", name: "Sour Chew"),
      Candy(category: "Other", name: "Gummi Bear"),
      Candy(category: "Other", name: "Candy Floss"),
      Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Chocolate Coin"),
      Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Chocolate Egg"),
      Candy(category: "Other", name: "Jelly Beans"),
      Candy(category: "Other", name: "Liquorice"),
      Candy(category: "Hard", name: "Toffee Apple")
```



3:07	🗢 🔳
	Candy Search
Chocolate Bar	
Chocolate Chip	
Dark Chocolate	
Lollipop Hard	
Candy Cane	
Jaw Breaker	
Caramel Other	
Sour Chew Other	
Gummi Bear Other	
Candy Floss Other	
Chocolate Coin	
Chocolate Egg	
Jelly Beans Other	
Liquorice Other	
Toffee Apple Hard	

Chocolate Bar Chocolate



UISearchController 소개

UISearchController 문서 를 보면 꽤 게으르다는 것을 알 수 있습니다. 그것은 전혀 검색 작업을 수행하지 않습니다. 이 클래스는 사용자가 iOS 앱에서 기대하는 표준 인터페이스를 제공하기 만하면됩니다.

```
class MasterViewController: UIViewController, UITableViewDataSource, UITableViewDelegate {
    // MARK: - Properties
    @IBOutlet var tableView: UITableView!
    @IBOutlet var searchFooter: SearchFooter!

var detailViewController: DetailViewController? = nil
    var candies = [Candy]()
    let searchController = UISearchController(searchResultsController: nil)
```

```
}

//클래스 바깥에 extension 추가

extension MasterViewController: UISearchResultsUpdating {

    // MARK: - UISearchResultsUpdating Delegate
    func updateSearchResults(for searchController: UISearchController) {

        // TODO

    }
}
```

```
super.viewDidLoad()

// 검색 컨트롤러를 설정합니다.
searchController.searchResultsUpdater = self
searchController.obscuresBackgroundDuringPresentation = false
searchController.searchBar.placeholder = "Search Candies"
navigationItem.searchController = searchController
```

Candy(category: "Chocolate", name: "Chocolate Bar"),

override func viewDidLoad() {

candies = [

definesPresentationContext = true

```
//사용자가 검색중인 사탕을 보유

var filteredCandies = [Candy]()

var candies = [Candy]()

let searchController = UISearchController(searchResultsController: nil)
```

var detailViewController: DetailViewController? = nil

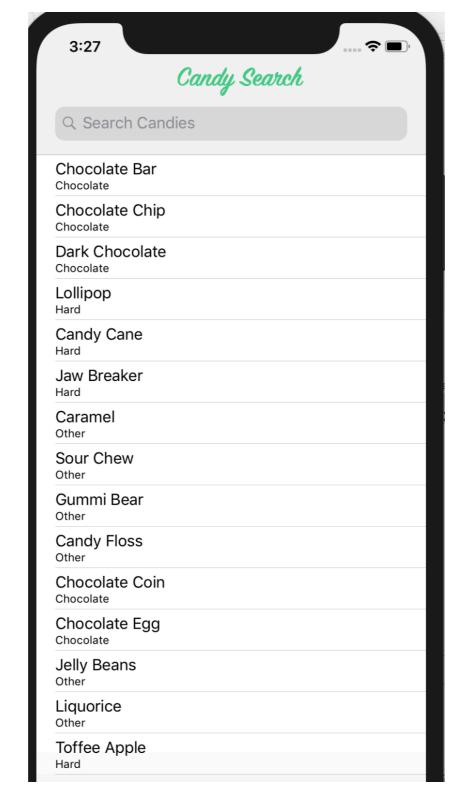
```
// MARK: - Private instance methods
  func searchBarIsEmpty() -> Bool {
      // Returns true if the text is empty or nil
      return searchController.searchBar.text?.isEmpty ?? true
 func filterContentForSearchText(_ searchText: String, scope: String = "All") {
     filteredCandies = candies.filter({( candy : Candy) -> Bool in
          return candy.name.lowercased().contains(searchText.lowercased())
      })
     tableView.reloadData()
// MARK: - View Setup
override func viewDidLoad() {
```

super.viewDidLoad()

```
//클래스 바깥에 extension 추가

extension MasterViewController: UISearchResultsUpdating {
    // MARK: - UISearchResultsUpdating Delegate
    func updateSearchResults(for searchController: UISearchController) {
        //TO DO
        filterContentForSearchText(searchController.searchBar.text!)
    }
```





Updating the Table View

```
func isFiltering() -> Bool {
    return searchController.isActive && !searchBarIsEmpty()
}

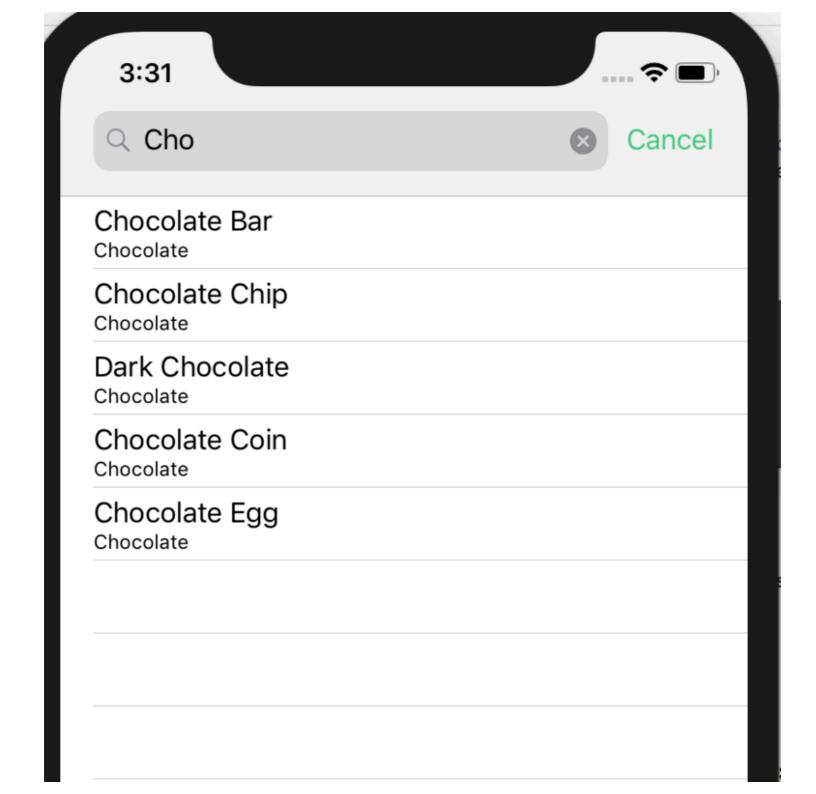
// MARK: - View Setup
override func viewDidLoad() {
    super.viewDidLoad()
```

```
func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection section: Int) -> Int {
   if isFiltering() {
      return filteredCandies.count
   }
   return candies.count
```

```
func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, cellForRowAt indexPath: IndexPath) -> UITableViewCell {
  let cell = tableView.dequeueReusableCell(withIdentifier: "Cell", for: indexPath)

  //let candy = candies[indexPath.row]
  let candy: Candy
  if isFiltering() {
    candy = filteredCandies[indexPath.row]
  } else {
    candy = candies[indexPath.row]
  }
  cell.textLabel!.text = candy.name
  cell.detailTextLabel!.text = candy.category
  return cell
```





Sending Data to a Detail View

```
// MARK: - Segues
override func prepare(for segue: UIStoryboardSegue, sender: Any?) {
 if seque.identifier == "showDetail" {
    if let indexPath = tableView.indexPathForSelectedRow {
     //let candy = candies[indexPath.row]
     let candy: Candy
     if isFiltering() {
          candy = filteredCandies[indexPath.row]
      } else {
          candy = candies[indexPath.row]
      }
      let controller = (segue.destination as! UINavigationController).topViewController as!
          DetailViewController
      controller.detailCandy = candy
      controller.navigationItem.leftBarButtonItem = splitViewController?.displayModeButtonItem
      controller.navigationItem.leftItemsSupplementBackButton = true
```



```
// MARK: - Segues
override func prepare(for segue: UIStoryboardSegue, sender: Any?) {
 if segue.identifier == "showDetail" {
   if let indexPath = tableView.indexPathForSelectedRow {
     //검색한 후에 행을 선택해서 Detail View로 전환할 때 filered Candies에서 선택한 행르 제대로 보여주도록 수정한다.
     //수정하지 않으면 원본 Candy 배열에서 행을 선택해서 보여주므로 잘못된 것이 보인다.
     //let candy = candies[indexPath.row]
     let candy: Candy
     if isFiltering() {
         candy = filteredCandies[indexPath.row]
     } else {
         candy = candies[indexPath.row]
     }
     let controller = (segue.destination as! UINavigationController).topViewController as!
         DetailViewController
     controller.detailCandy = candy
     controller.navigationItem.leftBarButtonItem = splitViewController?.displayModeButtonItem
     controller.navigationItem.leftItemsSupplementBackButton = true
```





Chocolate Bar

Chocolate

Chocolate Chip

Chocolate

Dark Chocolate

Chocolate

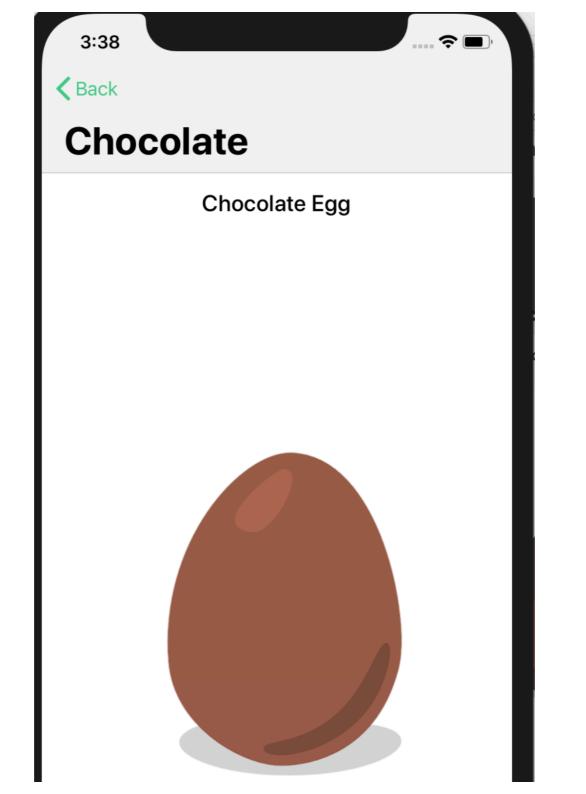
Chocolate Coin

Chocolate

Chocolate Egg

Chocolate

Chocolate Egg Chocolate



Creating a Scope Bar to Filter Results

```
//클래스 바깥에 extension 추가
extension MasterViewController: UISearchResultsUpdating {
    // MARK: - UISearchResultsUpdating Delegate
    func updateSearchResults(for searchController: UISearchController) {
        //TO DO
        filterContentForSearchText(searchController.searchBar.text!)
    }
}
//새로운 extension
extension MasterViewController: UISearchBarDelegate {
    // MARK: - UISearchBar Delegate
    func searchBar(_ searchBar: UISearchBar, selectedScopeButtonIndexDidChange selectedScope: Int) {
        filterContentForSearchText(searchBar.text!, scope: searchBar.scopeButtonTitles!
            [selectedScope])
```

```
func filterContentForSearchText(_ searchText: String, scope: String = "All") {
      filteredCandies = candies.filter({( candy : Candy) -> Bool in
         // return candy.name.lowercased().contains(searchText.lowercased())
          let doesCategoryMatch = (scope == "All") || (candy.category == scope)
          if searchBarIsEmpty() {
              return doesCategoryMatch
          } else {
              return doesCategoryMatch && candy.name.lowercased().contains(searchText.lowercased())
      })
      tableView.reloadData()
  }
  func isFiltering() -> Bool {
      return searchController.isActive && !searchBarIsEmpty()
// MARK: - View Setup
override func viewDidLoad() {
```

```
func isFiltering() -> Bool {
    //return searchController.isActive && !searchBarIsEmpty()

    let searchBarScopeIsFiltering = searchController.searchBar.selectedScopeButtonIndex != 0
    return searchController.isActive && (!searchBarIsEmpty() || searchBarScopeIsFiltering)
}

// MARK: - View Setup

override func viewDidLoad() {
    super.viewDidLoad()
```

```
#같에 extension 추가

extension MasterViewController: UISearchResultsUpdating {

    // MARK: - UISearchResultsUpdating Delegate
    func updateSearchResults(for searchController: UISearchController) {

        //TO DO

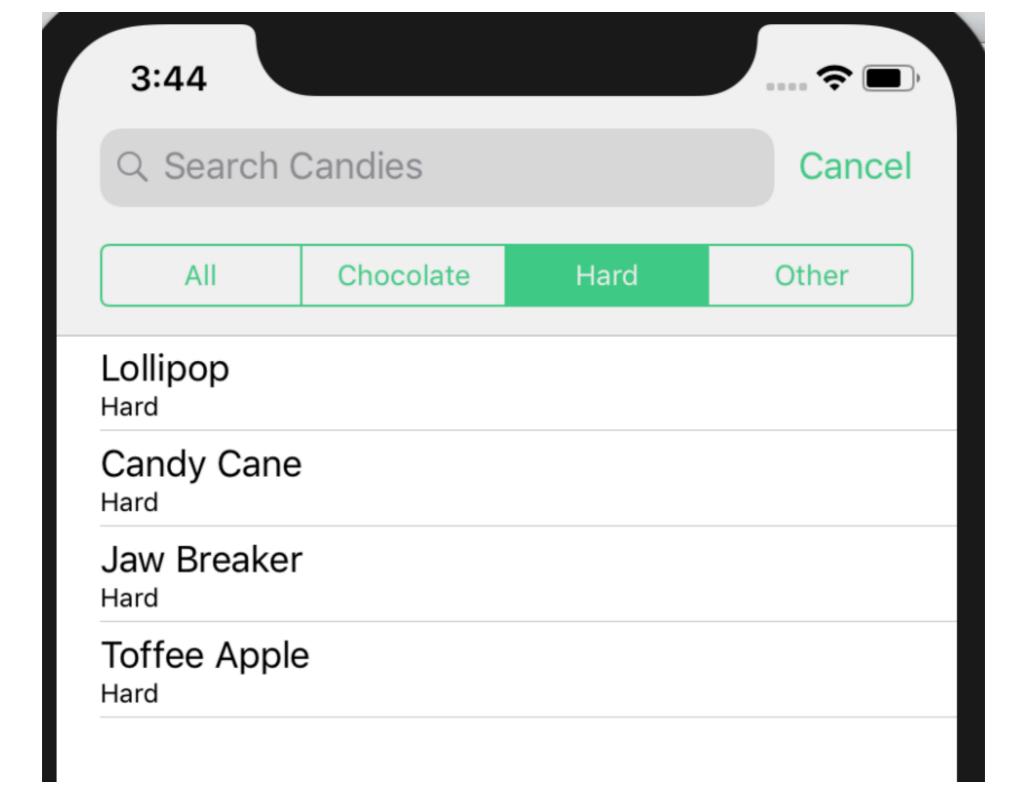
        //filterContentForSearchText(searchController.searchBar.text!)

        let searchBar = searchController.searchBar

        let scope = searchBar.scopeButtonTitles![searchBar.selectedScopeButtonIndex]
        filterContentForSearchText(searchController.searchBar.text!, scope: scope)
}
```

```
override func viewDidLoad() {
  super.viewDidLoad()
  // 검색 컨트롤러를 설정합니다.
  searchController.searchResultsUpdater = self
  searchController.obscuresBackgroundDuringPresentation = false
  searchController.searchBar.placeholder = "Search Candies"
  navigationItem.searchController = searchController
  definesPresentationContext = true
  // Setup the Scope Bar
  searchController.searchBar.scopeButtonTitles = ["All", "Chocolate", "Hard", "Other"]
  searchController.searchBar.delegate = self
  candies = \Gamma
      Candy(category:"Chocolate", name:"Chocolate Bar"),
```





Adding a Results Indicator

```
// Setup the Scope Bar
searchController.searchBar.scopeButtonTitles = ["All", "Chocolate", "Hard", "Other"]
searchController.searchBar.delegate = self
// Setup the search footer
tableView.tableFooterView = searchFooter
candies = [
    Candy(category:"Chocolate", name:"Chocolate Bar"),
```

```
func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection section: Int) -> Int {
   if isFiltering() {
        //return filteredCandies.count
        searchFooter.setIsFilteringToShow(filteredItemCount: filteredCandies.count, of: candies.count)
        return filteredCandies.count
   }
   searchFooter.setNotFiltering()
   return candies.count
}
```



