

# Simultaneous Elicitation of Committee and Voters' Preferences

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# Scenario

**Setting:** Incompletely specified profile and positional scoring rule

(Head of the)  
**Committee**



$$w_1 > w_2 \geq w_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ 1 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ 0 \end{array}$$

**Voters**

Alice Bob Carl



positional  
scoring  
rule



**Goal:** Development of an incremental elicitation protocol based on minimax regret

# Motivation and approach

## Who?

- Imagine to be an *external observer* helping with the voting procedure

## Why?

- Voters: difficult or costly to order *all* alternatives
- Committee: difficult to *specify* a voting rule precisely and abstractly

## How?

- *Minimax regret*: given the current knowledge, the alternatives with the lowest worst-case regret are selected as tied winners

# Related Works

## Incomplete profile

- and known weights: Minimax regret to produce a robust winner approximation (*Lu and Boutilier 2011*, [2]; *Boutilier et al. 2006*, [1])

## Uncertain weights

- and complete profile: dominance relations derived to eliminate alternatives always less preferred than others (*Stein et al. 1994*, [3])
- in positional scoring rules (*Viappiani 2018*, [4])

# Framework

$|N| = n, |A| = m$  voters, alternatives

$\succsim_j^p$  partial preference order of the voter  $j \in N$

$\mathcal{C}_w$  set of linear constraints given by the committee about  $w$

Given complete voters preferences  $v$ , a specific positional scoring rule, defined by a scoring vector  $w$ , attributes a score  $s^{v,w}$  to each alternative

# Framework

## Assumptions

- Voters and committee have true preferences in mind
- The voting rule is a Positional Scoring Rule where the scoring vector  $\mathbf{w} = (w_1, \dots, w_m)$  is a convex sequence of weights and  $w_1 = 1$ ,  $w_m = 0$

# Minimax Regret

$\text{PMR}^{\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})$  is the maximum difference of score between  $x$  and  $y$  under all possible realizations of the full profile *and* weights

$\text{MR}^{\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{x})$  represents the worst case loss: the *maximal regret* between a chosen alternative  $x$  and best real alternative  $y$

**We select the alternative which minimizes the maximal regret**

# Pairwise Max Regret Computation

The computation of  $\text{PMR}^{p,w}(x, y)$  can be seen as a game in which an adversary can both

- **complete the partial profile**



- **choose a feasible weight vector**

$(1, 0, 0)$

in order to maximize the difference of scores



# Question Types

## Questions to the voters

Comparison queries that ask a particular voter to compare two alternatives

$$x \succ_j y \quad ?$$

## Questions to the committee

Queries relating the difference between the importance of consecutive ranks  $r$  and  $r + 1$

$$w_r - w_{r+1} \geq \lambda(w_{r+1} - w_{r+2}) \quad ?$$

# Elicitation strategies

- **Random:** equiprobably draws a question among the set of the possible ones;
- **Extreme completions:** choses the question that reduces the most the uncertainty;
- **Pessimistic:** selects the question that leads to minimal regret in the worst case;
- **Two phase:** it asks a predefined sequence of questions to the committee and then it only asks questions about the voters.

Thank You!



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