SHIWA Repository User Manual

This manual documents the SHIWA workflow repository. Sections 1-2 describe the key entities, actors and use cases, section 3-7 describe how the provided features can be accessed via the GUI.

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1. Introduction

Background

Researchers of all disciplines, from Life Sciences and Astronomy to Computational Chemistry, create and use ever-increasing amounts of complex data, and rely more and more on compute-intensive modelling, simulation and analysis.

Scientific workflows have become a key paradigm for managing complex tasks and have emerged as a unifying mechanism for handling scientific data. Workflows capture the essence of the scientific process, providing a means to describe it via logical data-or work-flows. Workflows are mapped onto concrete Distributed Computing Infrastructures (DCIs) to perform large-scale experiments.

The learning curve for reusing workflows, however, is still steep because workflows typically have their own user interfaces/APIs, description languages, provenance strategies, and enactment engines, which are not standard and do not interoperable. Workflow integration or reuse therefore is currently impractical, thereby inhibiting the growth in uptake and proliferation of workflows in scientific practice.

Project goal

User communities from all around Europe use many kinds of different workflow languages. Communities develop their workflows using one of the workflow engines. Workflow development, testing and validation is a time consuming process and it requires specific expertise. These limit the number of available workflows, so it is important to reuse them. Workflows developed for one workflow system is normally not compatible with workflows of other workflow systems. In the past if two user communities using different workflow systems wanted to collaborate, they had to create the workflows from scratch to transform them to the desired workflow languages. This situation can be resolved by emerging new workflow interoperability technologies. The goal of SHIWA is to develop such technologies.

According to the new SHIWA technologies publicly available workflows can be used by different research communities working on different workflow systems and are enabled to run on multiple distributed computing infrastructures. As a result workflow communities are not locked anymore in to their selected workflow system and its supported distributed computing infrastructure.

Key Components

SHIWA develops, deploys and operates the SHIWA Simulation Platform to offer users production-level services supporting workflow interoperability. As part of the SHIWA Simulation Platform the SHIWA Repository facilitates publishing and sharing workflows, and the SHIWA Portal enables their actual enactment and execution in all the DCIs available in Europe. Use cases targeting various scientific domains will serve to drive and evaluate this platform from a user's perspective.

Links

The SHIWA homepage is http://www.shiwa-workflow.eu
The SHIWA Simulation platform can be found at http://shiwa-portal.cpc.wmin.ac.uk/liferay-portal-6.0.5
The SHIWA Repository can be found at http://shiwa-repo.cpc.wmin.ac.uk

How to register as a user

All the processes described in this user manual can be performed on the Public page by ant E-Scientist, without the requirement to login. Should you want to register, to enable workflow development, please send an email to <a href="weight:w

2. Entity, Actor & Use-case Specification

2.1 Entity Definitions

Workflow. This entity represents an abstract workflow. It describes the inputs and outputs and explains what the workflow does in an abstract manner, provides example inputs and outputs (configurations), and some further information.

Implementation. This entity represents an implementation of a workflow. It strictly follows the input and output definitions of the workflow and implements the functionality given in the workflow description. It contains or references (via eg. URLs) all the files and also holds dependencies to run the workflow on its associated workflow engine.

Engine. This entity represents a workflow engine that is able to interpret and execute a given implementation.

User. This entity represents a repository user associated with a user role.

Group. This entity grants read/write/download rights to a particular workflow for a set of users (the members of the group).

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Platform. This entity describes in which desktop Grid and/or service Grid environment the implementation can be executed.

Files. This entity contains the files related to workflows and their implementations.

2.2 Actor Definitions

E-scientist. This actor is the consumer of the contents of the repository, i.e. workflow engines and workflows to run their experiments. This actor does not require credentials to login.

Workflow Developer. This actor is the creator and maintainer of the contents of the repository, i.e. workflows and their implementations and configurations.

Repository Administrator. This actor is a system administrator has the highest role among the actors. His task is to maintain the SHIWA repository and to support all other users.

Validator. This actor is a computer scientist who wants to test workflows and implementations created by workflow developers and give feedback. The actor should find non-validated workflows submitted by workflow developers, download packages and sample inputs and attempt to run the workflows and implementations. After successful validation he gives a feedback about the workflows and implementations and makes them available for E-scientists by marking them as validated.

2.3 Repository Model

Users represent all actors (e-scientists, workflow developers, validators and repository administrators) see Figure 1. We distinguish among actors based on their roles and the corresponding access rights. Workflow developers may own workflows and their implementations. E-scientists can browse validated workflows and their validated implementations, download and run them on the SHIWA Simulation Platform.

The repository also enables workflow developers and repository administrator to create and manage groups. Groups support controlled access to workflows and their implementations. Workflows have implementations and attributes.

Implementations have attributes and files. They are also associated with workflow engines.

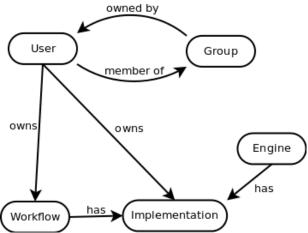


Figure 1: Repository model

2.4 Use Cases

This user manual only covers the use case of the E-scientist. Use cases of all actors can be found in the administrator manual. E-scientist are the consumers of the contents of the repository and can access the following functionality (see Figure 2).

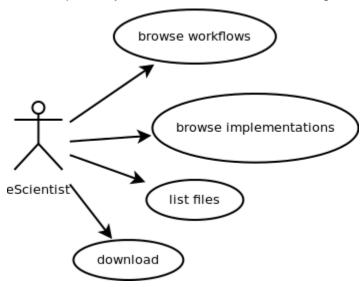


Figure 2: Use Case

- Browse workflows (see section 4. Browse Workflows)
 - Browsing includes searching and listing workflows based on their metadata.
- Browse implementations (see section 5. Browse Implementations)
 - E-scientists can browse implementations of the workflows selected by the "Browse workflows" operation.
- List files (see section 5.1.5 Implementation files & Download)
 - E-scientists can list files belonging to workflow implementations selected by the "Browse implementation" operation.

Download (see sections 4. Browse Workflows and 5. Browse Implementations)
 Users can download workflows and their related entities (implementations,
 configurations and files).

2.5 Implementation Life-cycle

Figure 3 depicts the life-cycle of an implementation

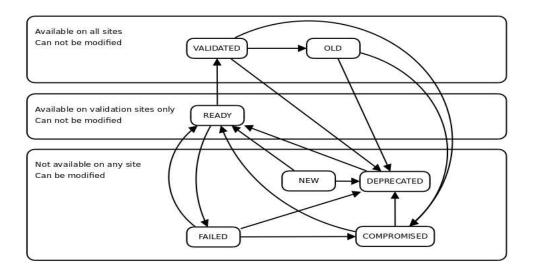


Figure 3: Implementation Life-cycle

3. GUI Structure

Repository features can be accessed using the main menu on the top. The following chapters go through the Workflows and Implementations tabs and describe the provided functionality. Information related to the selected tab is displayed in a table. Rows of a table can be filtered by entering text into the text field below any column title. Actions can be initiated using an "Actions" tab on the right. See illustration in Figure 4. This is the GUI structure of the public view, which can be viewed without any login

This is the GUI structure of the public view, which can be viewed without any login credentials.

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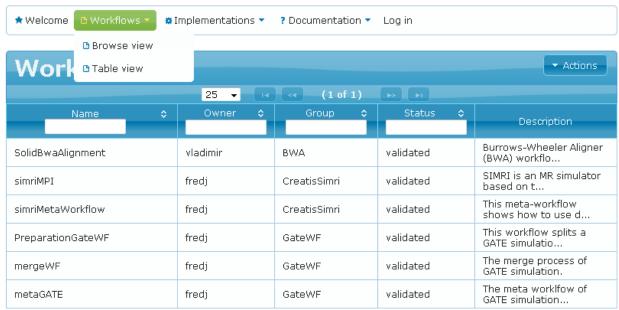


Figure 4 : GUI Structure

4. Browse Workflows

4.1 List and search published workflows

4.1.1 Workflow Browse view

Figure 5 bellow, displays the Workflow Browse view. This view displays most of the information about published workflows and validated implementations in a convenient form.

Inputs, Outputs and Datasets can be expanded, to display more information.

Find Workflows

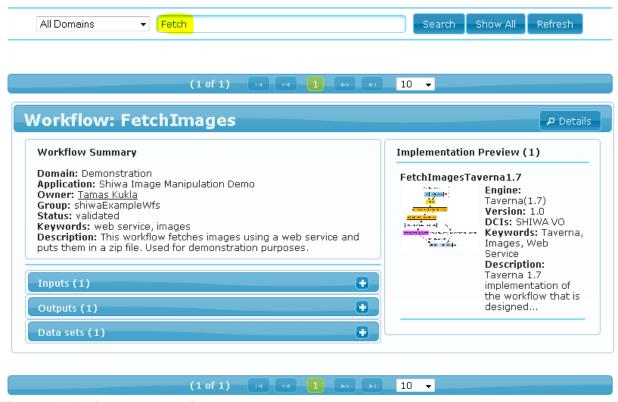


Figure 5: Workflows Browse view

Textual searches in workflow or implementation records can be performed using the search box. These searches can be restricted to domains of research. By clicking the Details button, more information is displayed about the Workflow and its validated implementations.

4.1.2 Workflow Table view (Figure 6)

The Workflows Table view can be used to list and filter published workflows by Name, Owner or Group.

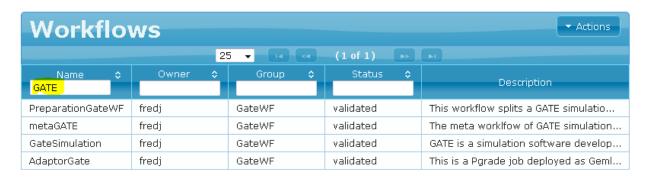


Figure 6: Workflows table view

All available information about workflows and their validated implementations can be viewed by selecting the workflow from this view (see sections 4.1.3 Workflow details (Figure 7), 4.1.4 Workflow Attributes (Figure 8), 4.1.5 Workflow files & Download (Figure 9) and 4.1.6 Workflow Implementations (Figure 10))

4.1.3 Workflow details (Figure 7)

Selected workflow: FetchImages



Figure 7: Workflow details page

4.1.4 Workflow Attributes (Figure 8)

Selected workflow: FetchImages

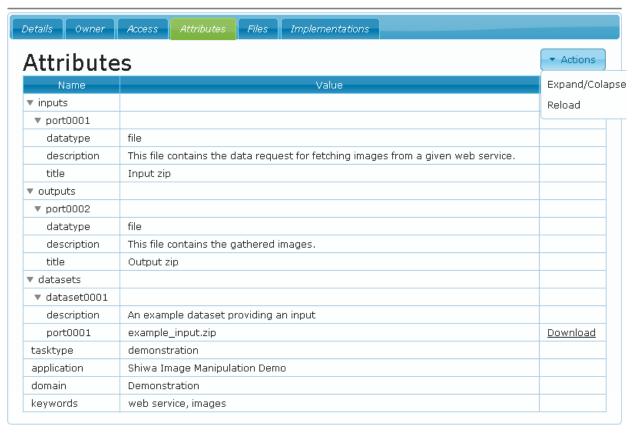


Figure 8: Workflow attributes page

The Expand/Collapse button in the Action control can be used to display all the attributes of the workflow.

Workflow attributes can be listed by clicking on the Attributes tab of a particular Workflow.

Table 1 describes the metadata structure of the attributes, and provides example values Figure 16 presents the Workflow metadata structure. These attributes allow straightforward categorisation of workflows and improve the browsing and search operations significantly. The input and output attributes with their sub-attributes define inputs and outputs of the Workflow. The configuration attribute specifies values of input parameters passed to workflow inputs, and they can also specify example outputs.

Workflow metadata			Example value	Description	Table	Туре	Mapping to SHIWA Desktop
id			1001	workflow identifier v	workflow	int	•
name			Factorial	workflow name	workflow	string	
owner_id			1008	workflow owner id	workflow	int	
group_id			exampleGroup	user group for defining access rights	workflow	int	
group_read			TRUE	whether group members can see wf/impl. data	workflow	bool	
group_download			TRUE	whether group members can download wf/impl. files	workflow	bool	
				whether group members can modify			
group_modify			TRUE	wf/impl. data and upload files	workflow	bool	
				whether registered users can see			
others_read			TRUE	wf/impl. data	workflow	bool	
others_download			TRUE	whether registered users can download wf/impl. files	workflow	bool	
				whether unregistered users can see			
published			TRUE	wf/impl. data and download files	workflow	bool	
created			6/5/2011 13:12	workflow creation time	workflow	timestamp	
modified			6/7/2011 16:59	time of last modification	workflow	timestamp	
				name of the application which the wf is			
application			GATE	part of	workflow_attr.	string	workflow->shiwa:application
description			This workflow	workflow description	workflow_attr.	string	
domain			Mathematics	scientific domain	workflow_attr.	string	workflow->shiwa:domain
keywords			factorial, integer	workflow keywords	workflow_attr.	string	
tasktype			demo	type of task the workflow represents	workflow_attr.	string	workflow->shiwa:tasktype
inputs	\			list of workflow inputs			
	port0001	\		first input port			shiwa:inport
		title	PositiveInteger	name of the port	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:inport->dc:title
		datatype	file	data type of port	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:inport->rdf:datatype
		description	this file contains an integer	port description	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:inport->dc:description
outputs	\			list of output ports			
	file0002	١		first output port			shiwa-outport
		title	Factorial	name of the port	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:outport->dc:title
		datatype	file	data type of port	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:outport->rdf:datatype
			this file contains the				
		description	factorial of the input integer	port description	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:outport->dc:description
configurations	\			List of input/output configurations			
	conf0001	١		First configuration			
		description	This configuration	A description of the configuration	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:configuration->de:description
		port0001	input.dat	example value for port0001	workflow_attr.	string	shiwa:portref->rdf:value
		port0002	output.dat	example value for port0002	workflow attr.	string	shiwa:portref->rdf:value

Table 1: Workflow metadata attributes

4.1.5 Workflow files & Download (Figure 9)

Selected workflow: FetchImages



Figure 9: Workflows files page

Files associated with the abstract workflow definition can be downloaded from this page by right-clicking the files and selecting "Save as" or appropriate, as per your browser.

If files are not permitted to be downloaded, only their names will be displayed, but no live-links for download will be generated.

4.1.6 Workflow Implementations (Figure 10)

Selected workflow: FetchImages



Figure 10: Workflows Implementations page

This lists the implementations of the selected workflow.

Selecting any of the validated implementations will direct you to the Implementation details of that Implementation (see section 5.1.3 Implementations details (Figure 13)).

5. Browse Implementations

5.1 List and search implementations

5.1.1 Implementation Browse view

Figure 11 bellow, displays the Implementation Browse view. This view displays most of the information about validated implementations in a convenient form.

Dependencies and Configurations can be expanded, to display more information.



Figure 11: Browse Implementation view

Textual searches in workflow records can be performed using the search box. These searches can be restricted to specific domains of research.

5.1.2 Implementation Table view

The Implementations Table View can be used to list and filter validated Implementations by Workflow, Engine, Version or DCI.

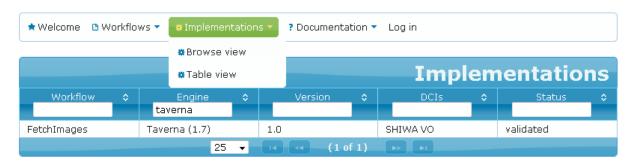


Figure 12: Implementations Table view

All available information about Implementations can be viewed by selecting the Implementation from this view (see 5.1.3 Implementations details (Figure 13), 5.1.4 Implementation Attributes and 5.1.5 Implementation files & Download)

5.1.3 Implementations details (Figure 13)

Workflow: FetchImages Engine: Taverna(1.7) Implementation version: 1.0

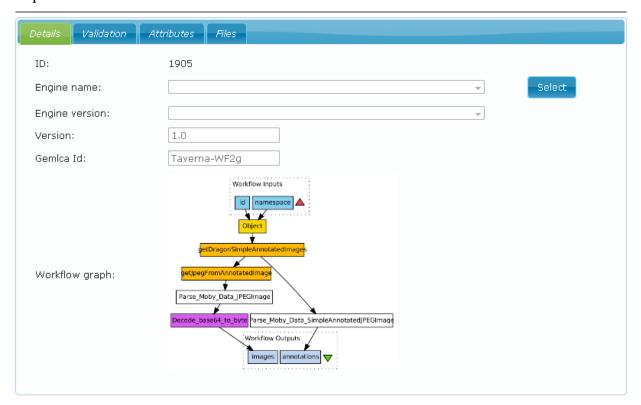


Figure 13: Implementation Details page

The *Validation* tab can be used to see the validation life-cycle status. The *Attributes* tab can be used to open the attributes of the selected Implementation.

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The *Files* tab can be used to list and download files held in the repository for the selected implementation.

5.1.4 Implementation Attributes

Implementation attributes can be opened by clicking on the attributes tab of a given implementation as illustrated in Figure 14. The left column of the attributes table contains attribute names, while the right column contains attribute values.

Similarly to workflows, the metadata template is used to kelp the definition of most common attributes. The three key attributes are: definition, dependencies and configurations. The definition attribute, is the workflow definition file i.e. the executable to be interpreted by the workflow engine. The dependency attribute can be any requirement of the particular implementation. These can include for instance files, executables, libraries or VO memberships required for execution. Configuration attributes resolve these dependencies.

Table 2 describes each attribute and provides example values. Figure 16 illustrates the metadata structure.

Implementation metadata			Example value	Description	Table	Туре	Mapping to SHIWA Desktop
id			1002	implementation identifier	implementation	int	
				identifier of the abstract workflow that			
workflow_id			1001	the impl. implements	implementation	int	
engine_id			1005	workflow engine identifier	implementation	int	
version			1.01	implementation version	implementation	string	
created			6/15/2011 4:12	workflow creation time	implementation	timestamp	workflow->dcterms:created
modified			6/21/2011 11:24	time of last modification	implementation	timestamp	workflow->dcterms:modified
state			VALIDATED	implementation status	implementation	enum	
uuid			1234-1234-1234	uuid of implementation	imp_attr.	string	workflow->dc:identification
title			FetchlmagesTaverna	title of the implementation	imp_attr.	string	workflow->dc:title
description			this implementation is	implementation description	imp_attr.	string	workflow->dc:description
definition			workflow.xml	workflow descriptor file	imp attr.	string	workflow->shiwa:definition
graph			workflow.png	workflow graph screenshot	imp attr.	string	
language			SCUFL	language of the workflow descriptor	imp attr.	string	workflow->shiwa:language
rights			© SHIWA	copyright information	imp_attr.	string	workflow->dc:rights
licence			Demo licence	licence information	imp_attr.	string	workflow->dcterms:licence
11001100			Taverna, Images, Web		1	J	
keywords			Service	keywords used for searching	imp_attr.	string	
KOJ WOJAC				List of dependencies: files needed for	1	J	
				executing factorial.sh. It can be empty			
dependencies	\			in the case of DGs.	imp_attr.		
	dep0001	\		first dependency	imp attr.		shiwa:dependency
	шоросо.	title	Image Service	Title of the first dependency	imp attr.	string	shiwa:dependency->dc:title
	_	uuo	A web service for gathering	This of the mot dependency	imp_attr.	Julia	onwa.acpendency > de.title
		description	images.	Description of first dependency	imp attr.	string	shiwa:dependency->dc:description
	dep0002	\	images.	Description of lifet dependency	imp_attr.	Stillig	shiwa:dependency
	ucpoodz	title	Parameter Mapping	Title of the second dependency	imp_attr.	string	shiwa:dependency->dc:title
	_	uuo	This file maps files of the	Title of the occord dependency	imp_utti.	Julia	Shiwa.acperiacity > ac.titic
		description	input zip to workflow ports.	Description of second dependency	imp attr.	string	shiwa:dependency->dc:description
	+	description	input zip to worknow ports.	List of dependency configurations. A	imp_atti.	Stillig	stilwa.dependency->dc.description
				configuration resolves all			
				dependencies of the executable. It can			
configurations	l,			be empty if no dependencies.	imp ottr		
configurations	conf0001	\		first configuration	imp_attr.	-	
	COLLICOOL		This configuration		imp_attr.	atria a	himanasian da da anintian
	+	description	This configuration	A description of the configuration	imp_attr.	string	shiwa:configuration->de:description
	+	dep0001	http://moby.ucalgary.ca/	to resolve dep0001	imp_attr.	string	shiwa:dependencyref->rdf:value
	1	dep0002	example_params.map	to resolve dep0002	imp_attr.	string	shiwa:dependencyref->rdf:value

Table 2: Implementation metadata attributes

Workflow: FetchImages Engine: Taverna(1.7) Implementation version: 1.0



Figure 14: Implementation attribute table

The definition file can be downloaded from this page by clicking on the *download* livelink.

5.1.5 Implementation files & Download

As with Workflow files, these can be downloaded from the Implementation Files view, by clicking on the respective live-link (see Figure 15).

Workflow: FetchImages Engine: Taverna(1.7) Implementation version: 1.0

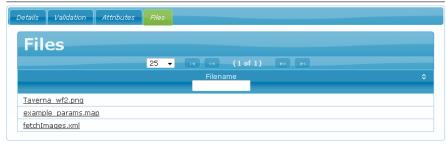


Figure 15: Implementation Files and download

6. Repository metadata graph (Figure 16)

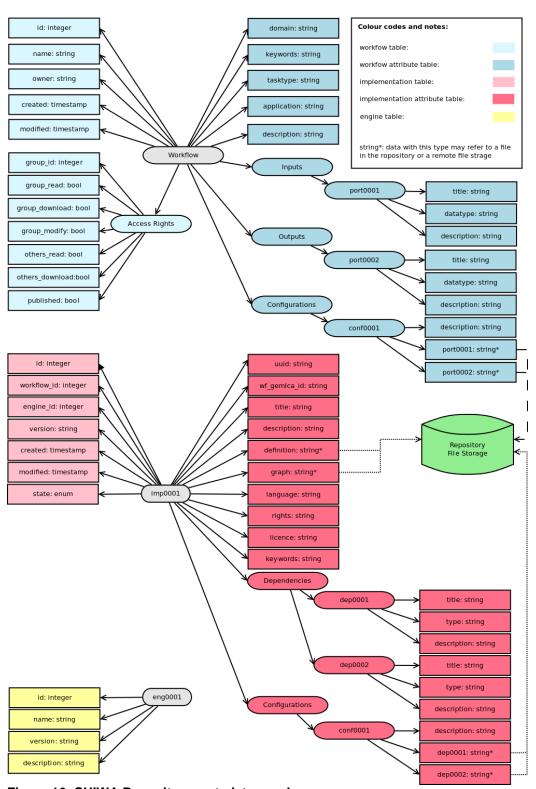


Figure 16: SHIWA Repository metadata graph

7. Limitations

- It is not recommended to open the repository in multiple browser tabs.