

Application 1 – Corrigé



Application – Régulateur centrifuge

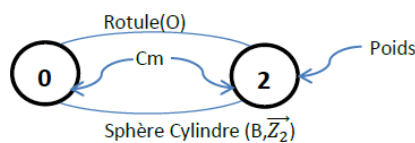
C. Gamelon & P. Dubois

Savoirs et compétences :

- Mod2.C13 : centre d'inertie
- Mod2.C14 : opérateur d'inertie
- Mod2.C15 : matrice d'inertie

Éléments de corrigé:

Question 1:



$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} X_0 \cdot \vec{X}_2 + Y_0 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + Z_0 \cdot \vec{Z}_2 \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_O, \left\{ \begin{matrix} X_B \cdot \vec{X}_2 + Y_B \cdot \vec{Y}_2 \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_B = \left\{ \begin{matrix} X_B \cdot \vec{X}_2 + Y_B \cdot \vec{Y}_2 \\ a(X_B \cdot \vec{Y}_2 - Y_B \cdot \vec{X}_2) \end{matrix} \right\}_O$$

Question 2 :

On isole 2: BAME: Torseurs de 0 → 2 et Cm: $\left\{ \begin{matrix} \vec{0} \\ C_m \cdot \vec{Z} \end{matrix} \right\}_O$; poids: $\left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \cdot g \cdot \vec{Y} \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_G = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \cdot g \cdot \vec{Y} \\ m_2 \cdot g \cdot l_2 \cdot \vec{X} \end{matrix} \right\}_O$

Calcul du torseur cinétique:

$$\{C(2/R)\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \overline{VG \in 2/0} \\ \sigma(G_2, 2/0) \end{matrix} \right\}_G; \overline{VG \in 2/0} = \vec{0}; \sigma(G_2, 2/0) = I(G_2, 2)\overline{\Omega(2/0)} = -D \cdot \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + C \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z}$$

Calcul du torseur dynamique:

$$\{D(2/R)\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \overline{\Gamma G \in 2/0} \\ \delta(G_2, 2/0) \end{matrix} \right\}_G; \overline{\Gamma G \in 2/0} = \vec{0}; \delta(G_2, 2/0) = -D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cdot \vec{X}_2 + C \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z}$$

PFS en O dans la base 2:

$$\text{Sur } \vec{X}_2 : X_O + X_B = 0$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Y}_2 : Y_O + Y_B = 0$$

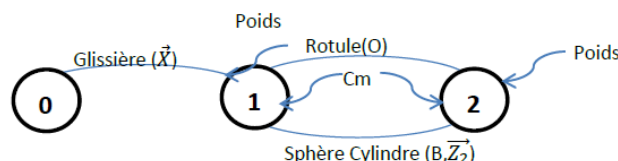
$$\text{Sur } \vec{Z} : Z_O = 0$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{X}_2 : -a \cdot Y_B + m_2 \cdot g \cdot l_2 \cdot \cos(\theta_2) = D \dot{\theta}_2^2$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Y}_2 : a \cdot X_B - m_2 \cdot g \cdot l_2 \cdot \sin(\theta_2) = -D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Z} : C_m = C \ddot{\theta}_2$$

Question 3:



Question 4:

On isole {1+2} BAME: $\left\{ \begin{matrix} Y_{01} \cdot \vec{Y} + Z_{01} \cdot \vec{Z} \\ L_{01} \cdot \vec{X} + M_{01} \cdot \vec{Y} + N_{01} \cdot \vec{Z} \end{matrix} \right\}_O$

$$\{C(1+2/R)\} = \{C(1/R)\} + \{C(2/R)\}$$

$$\{C(1/R)\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_1 \cdot \overrightarrow{V(G \in 1/0)} \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_O = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_1 \cdot \dot{\lambda} \cdot \vec{X} \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_O$$

$$\{C(2/R)\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \overrightarrow{VG \in 2/0} \\ \sigma(G_2, 2/0) \end{matrix} \right\}_G; \overrightarrow{VG \in 2/0} = \dot{\lambda} \cdot \vec{X};$$

$$\overrightarrow{\sigma(G_2; 2/0)} = I(0,2)\overrightarrow{\Omega(2/0)} = -D \cdot \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + C \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z}$$

Torseur dynamique:

$$\{D(1+2/R)\} = \{D(1/R)\} + \{D(2/R)\}$$

$$\{D(2/R)\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} m_2 \overrightarrow{\Gamma G \in 2/0} \\ \delta(G_2, 2/0) \end{matrix} \right\}_G; \overrightarrow{\Gamma G \in 2/0} = \ddot{\lambda} \cdot \vec{X};$$

$$\overrightarrow{\delta(G_2; 2/0)} = -D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cdot \vec{X}_2 + C \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\delta(O; 2/0)} = \overrightarrow{\delta(G_2; 2/0)} + \overrightarrow{OG_2} \wedge m_2 \cdot \overrightarrow{\Gamma(G_2 \in 2/0)}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\delta(O; 2/0)} = -D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cdot \vec{X}_2 + C \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z} + l_2 \cdot \vec{Z} \wedge m_2 \cdot \ddot{\lambda} \cdot \vec{X}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\delta(O; 2/0)} = -D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Y}_2 + D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cdot \vec{X}_2 + C \ddot{\theta}_2 \cdot \vec{Z} + l_2 \cdot m_2 \cdot \ddot{\lambda} \cdot \vec{X}$$

PFS à {1+2}:

$$\text{Sur } \vec{X}_0 : 0 = (m_1 + m_2) \cdot \ddot{\lambda}$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Y}_0 : Y_{01} = m_1 g + m_2 g$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Z} : Z_0 = 0$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{X}_0 : L_{01} = D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos(\theta_2) + D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_2)$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Y}_0 : M_{01} = D \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_2) - D \cdot \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2) + m_2 \cdot l_2 \cdot \ddot{\lambda}$$

$$\text{Sur } \vec{Z} : N_{01} = 0$$

Question 5:

Idem question 4 mais ajouter tous les termes complémentaires.