chapter 2 practice

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

| 1) Inertia is defined as a | | 1) |
|--|--|------------|
| A) force. | B) property of matter. | |
| C) change in motion. | D) none of the above | |
| | | |
| 2) If no external forces act on a moving object, it will | | 2) |
| A) continue moving at the same speed. | | |
| B) move slower and slower until it finally stops. | | |
| C) come to an abrupt halt. | | |
| D) none of the above | | |
| | | |
| 3) A hockey puck sliding across the ice finally comes t | o rest because | 3) |
| A) it seeks its proper and natural state. | | |
| B) of friction. | | |
| C) that's just the way it is. | | |
| | | |
| 4) A hockey puck is set in motion across a frozen pond | | 4) |
| neglected, the force required to keep the puck slidir | | |
| A) equal to its weight. | B) equal to its weight divided by its mass. | |
| C) equal to its mass times its weight. | D) none of the above | |
| ENTATI C | 11 | -\ |
| 5) When no forces act on moving objects their paths an | | 5) |
| A) straight lines. | B) circles. | |
| C) ellipses. | D) all of the above | |
| () TATIL: all a margin at the send of a twin and it (all announced) | incles with 10th estates because the tendence. | |
| 6) Whirl a rock at the end of a string and it follows a confidence of the rock is to | ircular path. If the string breaks, the tendency | 6) |
| A) follow a circular path. | B) slow down. | |
| C) follow a straight-line path. | D) stop. | |
| c) tonow a straight-inte patit. | <i>D)</i> stop. | |
| 7) Which concept is being illustrated when a tableclotl | h is quickly vanked beneath dishes resting on | 7) |
| a table? | it is quickly yanked beneath dishes festing on | <i>'</i>) |
| A) equilibrium B) friction | C) support force D) inertia | |
| 2) meter | e, supportioned 2, meruu | |
| 8) A package falls off a truck that is moving at 30 m/s | Neolecting air resistance, the horizontal | 8) |
| speed of the package just before it hits the ground is | | |
| A) zero. | B) less than 30 m/s but more than zero. | |
| C) about 30 m/s. | D) more than 30 m/s. | |
| | | |
| 9) When a rocket ship gaining speed in outer space ru | ns out of fuel, it | 9) |
| A) gains speed for a short time, then slows down | | <u> </u> |
| B) gains speed for a short time, slows down, and | 5 | |
| C) no longer gains speed. | | |

| 10) A moving van with a stone lightly glued to the midpoint of its ceiling smoothly moves at constant velocity. When the glue gives way, the stone falls and hits the floor A) ahead of the midpoint of the ceiling. B) exactly below the midpoint of the ceiling. C) behind the midpoint of the ceiling. D) none of the above | | | | 10) |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|------|
| • | ing in the aisle of a bus, th | ne driver suddenly make | s a left turn. You lurch to | 11) |
| the right due to A) an unbalanced | d famos | | | |
| · | t force. <mark>7 to keep moving f</mark> orward | I. | | |
| C) an equilibrium | | | | |
| 12) Nellie pulls with a forope is | orce of 50 N on a horizont | cal rope tied to a tree at re | est. The net force on the | 12) |
| A) 50 N and rope | e tension is 0 N. | B) 50 N and rop | e tension is also 50 N. | |
| C) zero and rope | tension is 50 N. | D) zero and rope | e tension is also zero. | |
| 13) When you quickly je | erk a cart forward that has | s a ball resting in the mid | dle, the | 13) |
| A) front of the ca | | - | | |
| B) back of the car | | ا ومدده مع المام و المام ا | 'amound | |
| | e ball rides along in the m ve depending on how qui | | orwaru. | |
| 14) A force is a vector or | uantity hagayes it has had | h | | 14) |
| A) magnitude an | uantity because it has both d direction. | B) mass and vel | ocity. | 14) |
| - U | ection counterparts. | D) speed and dis | 5 | |
| 15) A block pulled to the force of | e left with 15 N and to the | e right with 5 N at the sai | me time experiences a net | 15) |
| A) 5 N. | B) 10 N. | C) 15 N. | D) 20 N. | |
| | 1 1 11 10 27 | | - > | 1.() |
| | ed northward by a 10–N f ultant force has a magnitu | | 5-N force pulls it | 16) |
| A) 0 N. | B) 15 N. | C) 25 N. | D) 150 N. | |
| 17) When a pair of 10-N | I forces act on a box of car | ndy, the net force on the k | pox is | 17) |
| A) zero. | Torono del orra d'on or est | ie.j, uie not lotee on uie . | . 0.7.10 | |
| B) about 14 N. | | | | |
| C) 20 N. | .1 1 | | | |
| D) Any of the abo | ove depending on the dire | ections of forces. | | |
| 18) When Nellie Newto | n hangs by the ends of a r | ope draped over a large | pulley, the tension in each | 18) |
| supporting vertical s | | D) 1. 1 | . 1. | |
| <mark>A) half her weigh</mark> C) twice her weig | | B) equal to her v D) none of the al | | |
| C) twice her weig | <u>51ιι.</u> | ווטוופ טו uie ai | JUVE | |

| 19) If Nellie | e hangs from a horize | ontal bar that is sup | ported by tour vertical ro | opes, the tension in the | 19) |
|-------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| ropes | | - | | | |
| _ | re each half her weig | ght. | B) are each equal t | to her weight. | |
| | dd to equal her weig | • | D) none of the abo | S | |
| | | | | | |
| 20) Suspend | d vour body from a i | pair of vertical ropes | s and the tension in each | rope will be | 20) |
| _ | alf your weight. | · · | B) equal to your w | - | |
| | reater than your wei | ght. | D) none of the abo | 0 | |
| - 7 0 | , | 0 - | , | | |
| 21) Suspend | d vour body from a i | pair of ropes slightly | angled from the vertical | l and the tension in each | 21) |
| rope wi | | of topes singitury | angica from the vertical | tana the tension in each | |
| | qual your weight. | | B) half your weigh | nt. | |
| | reater <mark> than half your</mark> | weight. | D) none of these | | |
| C/ 8 | | | 2) Horse of these | | |
| 22) When N | Jallia Nawton hange | at rest in the middl | e of a clothesline, tension | os will be the same in | 22) |
| | le of the rope when | at lest in the initial | e of a cioulesime, tension | is will be the same in | |
| | ne lengths of each ro | no aro tho samo | | | |
| | ne angles for both sign | | aual | | |
| | ne is in equilibrium. | ies of the tope are c | quai. | | |
| C) 5. | ne is in equilibrium. | | | | |
| 22) The not | force on any object i | n oguilibrium ic | | | 23) |
| A) z | force on any object i | ii equilibrium is | B) equal to its wei | aht | 23) |
| | ess than its weight. | | | gnt. motion is involved. | |
| C) IE | ess than its weight. | | D) Hon-zero when | motion is involved. | |
| 24) Perul an | d Davil maint sisms to | ~~th~~ ~~ ~ ~~ ~ ~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ | Commonad to their surviva | ع ما | 24) |
| | | 0 | . Compared to their weig | ints plus the weight of | 24) |
| | fold, the sum of tens | * * | 0 1 | D) | |
| A) le | ess. | B) the same. | C) greater. | D) zero. | |
| 05\ D 1 | 1D 11 () | · 1 . (1200 N. T. | | | 25) |
| | | _ | e tensions in the support | ing ropes that support | 25) |
| | | 0 | scaffold itself must be | D) 600 N. | |
| A) 3 | 00 N. | B) 400 N. | C) 500 N. | D) 600 N. | |
| 0.6) [7] | | . 6 111 | | | 2.6 |
| | | isect falling downw | ard at constant velocity is | | 26) |
| $\mathbf{A})\mathbf{z}$ | | | B) the weight of the | | |
| C) u | pward air resistance | • | D) none of the abo | ve | |
| | | | | | |
| | port force on a 10-N | | | | 27) |
| | lightly less than 10 N | | B) 10 N. | | |
| C) sl | lightly greater than 1 | .0 N. | D) dependent on t | he position of the book. | |
| | | | | | |
| | - | - | shoulders. Big brother w | veighs 400 N. The | 28) |
| | force supplied by the | ne floor must be | | | |
| , | 50 N. | | B) 400 N. | | |
| C) 5 | 50 N. | | D) more than 550 l | N. | |
| | | | | | |
| _ | port force on a 30-k | g dog sleeping on tl | ne floor is | | 29) |
| | ess than 300 N. | | B) about 300 N. | | |
| C) n | nore than 300 N | | D) nonexistent wh | ile asleen | |

| 30) The force that causes Earth to orbit the Sun is due to gravity, while the force needed to keep | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|-----|
| Earth moving as it circles the Sun is | | | |
| A) inertia. | B) due to | gravity. | |
| C) due to both inertia and gravit | y. D) no force | e at all. | |
| 31) If you toss a coin straight upward w | <u> </u> | | 31) |
| A) as if you were at rest. | B) in front of you. | C) in back of you. | |
| 32) If you toss a coin straight upward in will land | n train that <mark>gains</mark> speed while | e the coin is in the air, the coin | 32) |
| A) as if you were at rest. | B) in front of you. | C) in back of you. | |
| 33) Earth continually moves about 30 ki | © 1 | • | 33) |
| also is moving at 30 km/s. When yo | , 1 | oesn't slam into you because | |
| A) the speeds of you and Earth c | ancel out. | | |
| B) you're moving horizontally ju | ist as fast as the wall. | | |
| C) your upward motion is small | compared with Earth's spee | d. | |
| D) motion of the Sun counteracts | your motion. | | |
| * | J | | |

Answer Key Testname: CHAPTER 2 PRACTCE

- 1) B
- 2) A
- 3) B
- 4) D
- 5) A
- 6) C
- 7) D
- 8) C
- 9) C 10) B
- 11) B
- 12) C
- 13) B
- 14) A
- 15) B
- 16) B
- 17) D
- 18) A
- 19) C
- 20) A
- 21) C
- 22) B
- 23) A
- 24) B
- 25) B
- 26) A
- 27) B
- 28) C
- 29) B
- 30) D
- 31) A
- 32) C 33) B