	points	Error description
	points	wrong file name
NAME	10	
СОМ	80	compilation error on a VM
FOL	5	folders inside zip file
gc1	_	
	-5	More reader than writers - gc should be barely active
gc2		
time	-5	timeout (the process run much time the time limit)
max		max is never reached
mem		memory problem
gcp		There is a print inside the critical section in the GC
nogc		There is no GC in the code
ge		Every run of the simulator failed
fail	-20	
		Threads are not joined correctly or some threads are closed badly
tclose	-10	
mwfail		Fail when running with more writers than readers
mrfail		Fail when running with less writers than readers
timeout	-5	
D110		
DNS	_	did not submit
calls		once or twice: didn't check return values of ALL system calls
calls2		repeated: didn't check return values of ALL system calls
errno		once or twice: On an error: print a descriptive error message (string + result of strerror(errno)) and exit.
errno2	-	repeated: On an error: print a descriptive error message (string + result of strerror(errno)) and exit.
perror		do not use perror
nam		wrong name for one of two of the methods
nam2		many method names are wrong
extra		used extra functions of fields besides what was listed in the assignment
access		only the 7 functions listed in the HW assignment are allowed handle the list fields in any way
alloc		unnecesary allocation  List variables should be static inside a struct
stat		List variables should be static inside a struct  didn't set mutevatur to PTHPEAD, MUTEY, PECUPSIVE
recur		didn't set mutexattr to PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE
cond		didn't create condition, or didn't do it correctly
init		didn't initialize the list or did it incorrectly
clear		didn't clear list and free all items before destroying
destroy non		didn't destroy lock or condition
destroy_pop		do not use pop in destroy  error in implementing logic of a list function
implement2		error in implementing logic of a list function
implement2		error in implementing logic of a at least 2 list functions should have a size variable which a function just returns without any lock or iteration and counting
SIZE		
lock		extra lock or extra use of lock
locks		several extra locks
no_lock		missing a lock operation  should maller() the item before graphing the lock. Then add to the list release the lock. There should be a othered conditionally right before or after releasing the lock.
push_head		should malloc() the item before grabbing the lock. Then add to the list, release the lock. There should be a pthread_cond_signal() right before or after releasing the lock
push_head2		made both possible mistakes in push_head error
pop_tail	-5	didn't follow this logic: grab the lock, remove item from list, release lock.

free	-5	didn't free the memory allocated for the item or freed before releasing the lock
empty	-10	When the list is empty, you should pthread_cond_wait() the condition should be in a while loop i.e., {{{ while (list_empty) pthread_cond_wait(&cond,&lock); }}}, it's a mistake to do it with an "if" (or no condition, or no wait()). If yourselease the lock and grab again whenever the list is empty that's also wrong
last_k	-10	shouldn't use pop_tail() directly. This is because the lock should be grabbed once! i.e., this function should grab the lock, remove k items (or less than k if the list has less than k), then release the lock needs to also free the items it removes
timing	-5	push_head() should increase list size by 1 while grabbing the lock. pop_tail() should similarly decrease size by 1. move_last_k() as well, should decrease by k (or to 0 if there are no items). regarding pop/push - don't allocate or free the item within the lock
timing2	-5	repeated the error "timing"
main	-5	main should create all threads, then join them without deadlock. The correct way to do this is not to cancel() threads, but: stop the readers, join() the readers. Stop the GC, join() the GC. stop the writers, join() the writers (it's important to end with stopping the writers). Any other order, or cancel(), most likely causes deadlock (we will only assign the error if it does)
notify	-5	writer threads must notify the GC when the list is large enough, but only then
GC	-5	GC should grab the lock, and cond_wait() while list is less than max (can be <= or <, both ok). Again as pop_tail() the cond_wait() should be wrapped in a while loop, not if, etc. after the while, it should call remove_last_k() and then release the lock, and loop
finish	-10	main should make sure to call destroy on the list only after all threads finished.
deadlock	-5	allowed deadlock, usually by cancelling a thread which might hold the lock, or by joining the writers and then the readers
queue	-5	not OK if the main() adds items to the queue itself
wakeup	-5	readers or writers wakeup the gc more than necessary
wakeup_cond	-5	not OK if the main() calls the list's inner cond_variable
print	-5	missing a print or makes extra print. the GC should log not on every wakeup, but every time it works (i.e., actually removes items) - with a single print. the GC should print OUTSIDE the critical section, i.e., grab the lock, wait/cond until items are found, remove items, release the lock, print
print2	-10	makes more than one extra print